

JAN 23 2026

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO STATE WATER CODE PENALTIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that in 1987, the state
2 water code was adopted to protect the precious water resources
3 of the State. To better enable the department of land and
4 natural resources and commission on water resource management to
5 carry out that mission, the legislature further finds that the
6 water code's penalties and fines must be amended and increased
7 to serve as an effective deterrence to violators.

8 The legislature additionally finds that increasing
9 potential fines for water code violations will also:

- 10 (1) Help to preserve water resources by ensuring the
11 sustainable management and conservation of limited
12 water resources for future generations, particularly
13 in areas facing over-extraction or misuse;
- 14 (2) Protect the ecosystems by safeguarding wetlands,
15 rivers, and aquifers that depend on healthy water
16 systems to maintain biodiversity and environmental
17 balance;



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- 1 (3) Promote public health and safety by preventing
2 contamination of drinking water supplies and reducing
3 health risks associated with waterborne diseases and
4 pollutants;
- 5 (4) Promote climate change resilience by regulating water
6 usage and protecting vulnerable water sources to
7 address challenges posed by prolonged droughts,
8 erratic rainfall, and rising sea levels;
- 9 (5) Promote economic stability by helping to avoid
10 economic losses in agriculture, tourism, and other
11 industries that rely heavily on consistent and clean
12 water supplies;
- 13 (6) Promote enforcement of equity and justice to ensure
14 fair access to water resources for all, including
15 marginalized communities that may be
16 disproportionately affected by water scarcity or poor
17 water management;
- 18 (7) Increase accountability for violations to deter
19 illegal activities such as unauthorized diversions,
20 pollution, or overuse of water resources by imposing
21 stricter penalties and fines; and



1 (8) Increase compliance with federal and state mandates to
2 meet legal obligations under federal or state
3 environmental protection laws, ensuring alignment with
4 broader water management and conservation goals.

5 The purpose of this Act is to:

6 (1) Ensure that all violators of the state water code are
7 held accountable for their violations by adding a
8 minimum penalty and amending the maximum penalty, with
9 scheduled incremental increases, per violation of the
10 state water code and clarifying what constitutes a
11 separate offense; and

12 (2) Require the commission on water resources management
13 to consider certain factors when imposing penalties.

14 SECTION 2. Section 174C-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15 amended to read as follows:

16 "**§174C-15 Penalties and common law remedies.** (a) The
17 commission may enforce its rules and orders adopted pursuant to
18 this chapter by suit for injunction or for damages or both.

19 (b) Any person who ~~violates any~~:

20 (1) Violates any provision of this chapter ~~[, or any]~~;



- 1 (2) Violates any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter[7
2 may];
- 3 (3) Violates any order of the commission regarding the
4 enforcement or application of any provision of this
5 chapter or rule adopted under this chapter;
- 6 (4) Fails to obtain a permit when a permit is required
7 under this chapter;
- 8 (5) Fails to comply with permit conditions; or
- 9 (6) Fails to comply with standardized water audit
10 requirements pursuant to Act 169, Session Laws of
11 Hawaii 2016,
- 12 shall be subject to a fine imposed by the commission. [~~Such~~
13 ~~fine shall not exceed \$5,000. For a continuing offense, each~~
14 ~~day during which the offense is committed is a separate~~
15 ~~violation.]~~ Each day that a violation exists or continues to
16 exist may be considered a separate offense. Penalties for
17 continuing violations shall be assessed from the earliest known
18 date of the violation. The earliest known date of violation
19 shall be determined by the commission by a preponderance of the
20 evidence; provided that if the earliest known date cannot be
21 determined by a preponderance of the evidence, penalties for



1 continuing violations shall be assessed from the earliest date
2 the commission is made aware of the violation.

3 (c) A fine imposed pursuant to this section shall not be
4 less than \$50 and shall not exceed:

5 (1) \$5,000 per violation; provided that the commission has
6 fined the violator within the five years preceding the
7 violation; provided further that the violation does
8 not cause harm to other water users, the environment,
9 or water source; or

10 (2) Except as provided by subsection (g), \$25,000 per
11 violation; provided that the commission has fined the
12 violator within the five years preceding the
13 violation; provided further that the violation causes
14 harm to other water users, the environment, or water
15 source.

16 (d) When imposing a fine, the commission shall consider
17 the following factors, including but not limited to:

18 (1) The nature, circumstances, extent, gravity, and
19 history of the violation and of any prior violations;

20 (2) The economic benefit to the violator, or anticipated
21 by the violator, resulting from the violation;



- 1 (3) The opportunity, difficulty, and history of corrective
- 2 action;
- 3 (4) The violator's good faith efforts to comply;
- 4 (5) The violator's degree of culpability;
- 5 (6) The quantity of water affected by the violation,
- 6 including the quantity of water unlawfully diverted,
- 7 wasted, or contaminated;
- 8 (7) The potential or actual harm to other water users, the
- 9 environment, or water source caused by the violation;
- 10 and
- 11 (8) Any other matters as justice may require.

12 [~~e~~] (e) No provision of this chapter shall bar the right
13 of any injured person to seek other legal or equitable relief
14 against a violator of this chapter.

15 [~~d~~] (f) Except as otherwise provided by law, the
16 commission or its authorized representative by proper delegation
17 may set, charge, and collect administrative fines [~~e~~]; may
18 bring legal action to recover administrative fees and costs as
19 documented by receipts or affidavit, including attorneys' fees
20 and costs; [~~e~~] and may bring legal action to recover
21 administrative fines, fees, and costs, including attorneys' fees



1 and costs, or payment for damages resulting from a violation of
2 this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter.

3 (g) The maximum fine per violation pursuant to subsection
4 (c)(2) shall increase to:

5 (1) \$30,000 beginning January 1, 2030;

6 (2) \$35,000 beginning January 1, 2035;

7 (3) \$40,000 beginning January 1, 2040; and

8 (4) \$45,000 beginning January 1, 2045."

9 SECTION 3. If any provision of this Act, or the
10 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
11 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
12 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
13 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
14 of this Act are severable.

15 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
16 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
17 begun before its effective date.

18 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
19 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.



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1 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2026.

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INTRODUCED BY: _____

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'C. W.', is written over a horizontal line.

S.B. NO. 3004

Report Title:

CWRM; State Water Code; Penalties

Description:

Adds a minimum penalty and maximum penalty per violation of the State Water Code and authorizes the Commission on Water Resource Management to consider each day that a violation exists or continues to exist a separate offense. Establishes factors the CWRM must consider when determining the amount of the penalty. Increases maximum fines, for violations that cause harm, every five years from 2030 to 2045.

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