
A BILL FOR AN ACT

PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE VI, SECTION 3, OF THE HAWAII STATE CONSTITUTION TO INCREASE THE MANDATORY RETIREMENT AGE FOR STATE JUSTICES AND JUDGES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to propose an
2 amendment to article VI, section 3, of the Hawaii State
3 Constitution to increase the mandatory retirement age for
4 justices and judges to the age of seventy-five years.

5 SECTION 2. Article 6, section 3, of the Constitution of
6 the State of Hawaii is amended to read as follows:

7 **"APPOINTMENT OF JUSTICES AND JUDGES**

8 **Section 3.** The governor, with the consent of the senate,
9 shall fill a vacancy in the office of the chief justice, supreme
10 court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts by
11 appointing a person from a list of not less than four, and not
12 more than six nominees for the vacancy presented to the governor
13 by the judicial selection commission.

14 If the governor fails to make any appointment within thirty
15 days of presentation, or within ten days of the senate's
16 rejection of any previous appointment, the appointment shall be



1 made by the judicial selection commission from the list with the
2 consent of the senate. If the senate fails to reject any
3 appointment within thirty days thereof, the senate shall be
4 deemed to have consented to that appointment. If the senate
5 rejects any appointment, the governor shall make another
6 appointment from the list within ten days thereof. The same
7 appointment and consent procedure shall be followed until a
8 valid appointment has been made, or failing this, the judicial
9 selection commission shall make the appointment from the list,
10 without senate consent.

11 The chief justice, with the consent of the senate, shall
12 fill a vacancy in the district courts by appointing a person
13 from a list of not less than four and not more than six nominees
14 for the vacancy presented to the chief justice by the judicial
15 selection commission. If the chief justice fails to make any
16 appointment within thirty days of presentation, or within ten
17 days of the senate's rejection of any previous appointment, the
18 appointment shall be made by the judicial selection commission
19 from the list with the consent of the senate. If the senate
20 fails to reject any appointment within thirty days thereof, the
21 senate shall be deemed to have consented to that appointment.



1 If the senate rejects any appointment, the chief justice shall
2 make another appointment from the list within ten days thereof.
3 The same appointment and consent procedure shall be followed
4 until a valid appointment has been made, or failing this, the
5 judicial selection commission shall make the appointment from
6 the list, without senate consent. The chief justice shall
7 appoint per diem district court judges as provided by law.

8 The judicial selection commission shall disclose to the
9 public the list of nominees for each vacancy concurrently with
10 the presentation of each list to the governor or the chief
11 justice, as applicable.

12 **QUALIFICATIONS FOR APPOINTMENT**

13 Justices and judges shall be residents and citizens of the
14 State and of the United States, and licensed to practice law by
15 the supreme court. A justice of the supreme court, judge of the
16 intermediate appellate court and judge of the circuit court
17 shall have been so licensed for a period of not less than ten
18 years preceding nomination. A judge of the district court shall
19 have been so licensed for a period of not less than five years
20 preceding nomination.



1 No justice or judge shall, during the term of office,
2 engage in the practice of law, or run for or hold any other
3 office or position of profit under the United States, the State
4 or its political subdivisions.

TENURE; RETIREMENT

6 The term of office of justices and judges of the supreme
7 court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts shall be
8 ten years. Judges of district courts shall hold office for the
9 periods as provided by law. At least six months before the
10 expiration of a justice's or judge's term of office, every
11 justice and judge shall petition the judicial selection
12 commission to be retained in office or shall inform the
13 commission of an intention to retire. If the judicial selection
14 commission determines that the justice or judge should be
15 retained in office, the commission shall renew the term of
16 office of the justice or judge for the period provided by this
17 section or by law.

18 Justices and judges shall be retired upon attaining the age
19 of [seventy] seventy-five years. They shall be included in any
20 retirement law of the State."



1 SECTION 3. The question to be printed on the ballot shall
2 be as follows:

3 "Shall the mandatory retirement age for all state court
4 justices and judges be increased from seventy to
5 seventy-five years of age?"

6 SECTION 4. Constitutional material to be repealed is
7 bracketed and stricken. New constitutional material is
8 underscored.

9 SECTION 5. This amendment shall take effect upon
10 compliance with article XVII, section 3, of the Constitution of
11 the State of Hawaii.

12

INTRODUCED BY: Karl Rhoek



S.B. NO. 2152

Report Title:

Constitutional Amendment; Judges; Mandatory Retirement Age

Description:

Proposes a constitutional amendment to increase the mandatory retirement age for justices and judges from seventy to seventy-five years of age.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

