
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH INSURANCE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds recent changes to
2 medicaid eligibility and redetermination processes made at the
3 federal level will cause a significant number of residents of
4 the State to lose their medicaid health insurance coverage. An
5 estimated thirty-five thousand undocumented immigrants who
6 reside in Hawaii will lose medicaid coverage on October 1, 2026.
7 Additionally, after that date, around thirty thousand enrollees
8 will be subject to a new community engagement requirement where
9 residents would need to show eighty hours a month of work,
10 ccmunity service, or other eligibility activities at the time
11 their benefit eligibility is redetermined or their benefits will
12 be revoked. Federal changes are now also mandating that
13 redetermination for medicaid be every six months instead of
14 annually, potentially resulting in some eligible residents
15 failing to re-enroll due to a lack of complete paperwork or loss
16 of eligibility.



1 The legislature also finds that it is important to provide
2 insurance coverage to those who lose medicaid coverage to ensure
3 these individuals can still access health care and to reduce the
4 financial strain on health care providers who might otherwise
5 provide unpaid emergency services. Providing this coverage
6 while also maximizing the health services available to Hawaii
7 residents and minimizing state expenditures will require a
8 multi-pronged approach. The legislature notes that any programs
9 offered must be unrelated to the existing Hawaii Prepaid Health
10 Care Act in order to maintain its existing federal preemption
11 under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

12 First, barriers to maintaining enrollment in medicaid
13 should be reduced by simplifying the application and
14 reenrollment process, including documentation of eligibility.
15 In addition, residents who are otherwise eligible for medicaid
16 should be connected with opportunities that will enable them to
17 meet work and community engagement requirements.

18 The second approach is to leverage available federal
19 subsidies in the form of advanced premium tax credits in the
20 federally facilitated marketplace to assist individuals who
21 qualify. These tax credits are only available to people whose



1 household income is less than four hundred per cent of the
2 federal poverty level and for plans that are not categorized as
3 catastrophic plans. Advanced premium tax credits are not
4 available to undocumented immigrants or to those who lose
5 medicaid coverage due to failure to document sufficient work or
6 community engagement hours. The legislature notes that while
7 the federally facilitated marketplace enrollment period is
8 limited to November 1 to January 15 each year, losing medicaid
9 or employer-sponsored health insurance is considered a household
10 change, which qualifies the resident for a special enrollment
11 period for marketplace coverage.

12 The legislature further finds that the advanced premium tax
13 credits are still unaffordable to low-income residents. As
14 such, the department of human services and med-QUEST can expand
15 the existing state-funded premium assistance program, which
16 currently serves immigrants. The existing subsidies are about
17 \$1,328 annually per person and enable beneficiaries to enroll in
18 the federally facilitated marketplace silver level plans, which
19 provide robust health services.

20 Finally, those who do not qualify for the advanced premium
21 tax credits may enroll in a less expensive high-deductible plan



1 that disincentivizes them from seeking health care services. A
2 state-funded subsidy for preventive services paired with a high-
3 deductible plan may offer an affordable and flexible coverage
4 option.

5 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to establish a
6 three-year health coverage continuity pilot program within the
7 department of human services, in consultation with the
8 department of commerce and consumer affairs, to provide two
9 options for individuals in the State who lose their medicaid
10 insurance coverage and do not qualify for employer-sponsored
11 insurance under the Hawaii Prepaid Health Care Act:

- 12 (1) The option to enroll in federally facilitated
13 marketplace silver level plans for persons who qualify
14 for federal advanced premium tax credits; and
- 15 (2) An annual subsidy for persons who do not qualify for
16 federal advanced premium tax credits and have acquired
17 a high-deductible health plan to be used to cover the
18 cost of preventive care.

19 SECTION 2. (a) There is established a three-year health
20 coverage continuity pilot program to be administered by the
21 department of human services in consultation with the department



1 of commerce and consumer affairs. The purpose of the pilot
2 program shall be to assist individuals who have lost their
3 medicaid insurance coverage, and do not qualify for employer-
4 sponsored insurance under the Hawaii Prepaid Health Care Act,
5 through the following two avenues:

6 (1) For persons who have lost their medicaid coverage but
7 qualify for federal advanced premium tax credits: the
8 ability to enroll in federally facilitated marketplace
9 silver level plans. The assistance shall be in an
10 amount that covers the difference between the cost of
11 the silver level plans and what the individuals are
12 able to afford; and

13 (2) For persons who have lost their medicaid coverage, do
14 not qualify for federal advanced premium tax credits,
15 and have acquired a high-deductible health plan: an
16 annual state subsidy of \$1,000 for preventive care.

17 (b) The department shall:

18 (1) Target individuals who have lost medicaid coverage and
19 do not qualify for coverage under the Hawaii prepaid
20 health care act, including but not limited to:

21 (A) Seasonal or agricultural workers;



6 (f) The department shall apply for any federal subsidies,
7 matching funds, or waivers, including but not limited to waivers
8 under section 1332 of the Affordable Care Act, and section 1115
9 of the Social Security Act of 1935, as applicable, to carry out
10 the pilot program.

11 (g) The department shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter
12 91 necessary for the purposes of the pilot program.

13 (h) The department shall submit a report to the
14 legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of
15 the 2027, 2028, and 2029 regular sessions. Each report shall
16 include the following:

- 17 (1) Enrollment data;
- 18 (2) Health outcomes;
- 19 (3) Fiscal impact;
- 20 (4) Program sustainability; and
- 21 (5) Proposed legislation.



3 (j) For the purposes of this Act:

4 "Affordable Care Act" means the federal Patient Protection
5 and Affordable Care Act of 2010, public law 111-148, as amended.

6 "Department" means the department of human services.

7 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000, and
8 shall be repealed on June 30, 2029.



Report Title:

DHS; DCCA; Health Coverage Continuity Pilot Program; Medicaid; Subsidies; Waivers; Vouchers; Portability; Reports

Description:

Establishes a three-year Health Coverage Continuity Pilot Program within the Department of Human Services, in consultation with the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, to assist individuals who have lost Medicaid health insurance coverage and lack access to other health insurance options. Authorizes the Department of Human Services to contract with a nonprofit health insurer or community-based organization to operate the Pilot Program under certain circumstances. Authorizes the Department of Human Services to issue premium subsidies in certain circumstances. Requires reports to the Legislature. Repeals 6/30/2029. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

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