

JAN 28 2026

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO LIBERTY AND JUSTICE DAY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the Declaration of
2 Independence proclaims as self-evident that all people are
3 endowed with unalienable rights, including rights to life,
4 liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. These rights are
5 manifest in the Bill of Rights enshrined in the United States
6 Constitution.

7 To secure these rights, governments derive their just
8 powers from the consent of the governed. Whenever any form of
9 government becomes destructive toward these ends, it is the
10 right and the duty of the people to alter or abolish that form
11 of government and to provide new guards for their future
12 security.

13 The legislature finds that constitutional rights and
14 democracy are eroded when government power goes unchecked or
15 without accountability. Ensuring liberty and justice requires
16 eternal vigilance and the reaffirmation of consent by the people
17 freely exercising the rights that the United States Constitution



1 guarantees to them, especially the right to protest when a
2 government attempts to curtail those constitutionally guaranteed
3 rights.

4 The legislature finds that there is a long history of
5 government-sponsored abuses and usurpations of power afflicting
6 the rights of the people. These abuses and usurpations have
7 only been corrected when the government has been held to
8 account.

9 On March 5, 1770, government soldiers fired into a crowd of
10 people in Boston, killing five individuals and catalyzing
11 widespread protests that led to the American Revolution,
12 Declaration of Independence, and the enumeration of rights, due
13 process, justice, and checks and balances being enshrined in the
14 United States Constitution.

15 Numerous incidents of government violence, injustice, and
16 oppression have occurred since that time, including such notable
17 examples as the forced internment of Japanese Americans during
18 World War II, the intimidation and arrest of civil rights
19 advocates, shootings of protesting college students at Kent
20 state university, the unjustified use of force by law
21 enforcement officers throughout the country, and, more recently,



1 the arrest or deportation of citizens and immigrants without due
2 process, and acts of unjustified violence by federal agents and
3 agencies without, independent investigation or an ability to
4 bring these agents and agencies to account.

5 The legislature finds that establishing a day of liberty
6 and justice will serve as a solemn reminder that the
7 preservation of freedom requires continued vigilance against the
8 abuse of government authority, particularly when directed at
9 people engaging in civic participation or dissent. This
10 observance would recognize that the exercise of constitutional
11 rights, especially speech, protest, and assembly, must never be
12 met with violence, repression, or punishment by the government.

13 The legislature further finds that Liberty and Justice Day
14 would serve as a memorial to all those who have suffered or died
15 as a result of government-sponsored violence, injustice, and
16 oppression. Its observance would also acknowledge that when a
17 government violates constitutional rights and is not held
18 accountable, the harm is not only personal and tragic but also
19 corrosive to democracy itself. Finally, Liberty and Justice Day
20 would reaffirm the duty of a free people to ensure that no
21 person is deprived of the unalienable rights guaranteed to them



1 by the United States Constitution, and that those responsible
2 for violating those rights must be held to account.

3 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to establish
4 Liberty and Justice Day, to be recognized on March 5 of every
5 year.

6 SECTION 2. Chapter 8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
7 by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to
8 read as follows:

9 "§8- **Liberty and Justice Day.** March 5 of every year
10 shall be known and designated as "Liberty and Justice Day";
11 provided that this day is not and shall not be construed to be a
12 state holiday. The day shall be commemorated to reaffirm the
13 duty of a free people to ensure that no person is deprived of
14 the unalienable rights guaranteed to them by the United States
15 Constitution and that anyone responsible for violating those
16 rights is held to account; and to honor and remember those who
17 have suffered or whose lives were lost as a result of
18 government-sponsored violence, injustice, or oppression."

19 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.



S.B. NO. 3250

1 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'Cen', written over a horizontal line.

S.B. NO. 3250

Report Title:

Liberty and Justice Day; Day of Observance; March 5

Description:

Designates March 5 of every year as Liberty and Justice Day.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

