
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO DUE PROCESS FOR ESTABLISHING PERSONAL LIABILITY FOR
TAX.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that under the general
2 excise tax law, the State may collect unpaid liability for tax
3 against responsible persons associated with an entity whose tax
4 is unpaid. However, there is no clear process for adjudicating
5 disputes between the department of taxation and a person
6 allegedly responsible for the tax. The department of taxation
7 has taken the position that the disputed tax must be paid under
8 protest for there to be any judicial review. However, this may
9 not be a viable alternative for a taxpayer alleged to have
10 personal liability because of a minuscule interest in a company
11 with a large amount of unpaid taxes.

12 Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to apply the normal
13 tax dispute resolution processes to a responsible person
14 determination, thereby affording an alleged responsible person
15 the same due process provided to others who are assessed taxes.



1 SECTION 2. Section 237-41.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 "**§237-41.5 Certain amounts held in trust; liability of key**
4 **individuals.** (a) There shall be personal liability for the
5 taxes imposed under this chapter as provided in this section for
6 the following amounts of gross income or gross proceeds:

7 (1) Any amount collected as a recovery of the taxpayer's
8 liability under this chapter, where the amount is
9 passed on as the tax owed by the taxpayer under this
10 chapter for the transaction and is separately stated
11 or accounted for in a receipt, contract, invoice,
12 billing, or other evidence of the business activity;
13 or

14 (2) An amount equal to the tax liability under this
15 chapter on a transaction where a taxpayer does not
16 separately state or account for the amount as a tax
17 recovery as provided in paragraph (1). For purposes
18 of this paragraph, the amount of the imputed tax
19 liability is the result of multiplying the gross
20 income or gross proceeds received in the transaction
21 by the tax rate.



1 The amounts under paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be held in trust
2 for the benefit of the State and for payment to the State in the
3 manner and at the time required by this chapter.

4 (b) The personal liability under this section applies to
5 any officer, member, manager, or other person having control or
6 supervision over amounts of gross proceeds or gross income
7 collected to pay the general excise tax and held in trust under
8 subsection (a), or who is charged with the responsibility for
9 the filing of returns or the payment of general excise tax on
10 gross income or gross proceeds collected and held in trust under
11 subsection (a). The person shall be personally liable for any
12 unpaid taxes and interest and penalties on those taxes, if such
13 officer or other person wilfully fails to pay or to cause to be
14 paid any taxes due from the taxpayer pursuant to this chapter.

15 This subsection shall not apply to any officer, manager, or
16 other person having control or supervision over amounts of gross
17 proceeds or gross income collected to pay the general excise tax
18 and held in trust under subsection (a), or who is charged with
19 the responsibility for the filing of returns or the payment of
20 general excise tax on gross income or gross proceeds collected



1 and held in trust under subsection (a) for a nonprofit
2 organization.

3 For purposes of this subsection:

4 "Nonprofit organization" means a corporate entity,
5 association, or other duly chartered entity that is registered
6 with the State and is exempt from the application of this
7 chapter pursuant to section 237-23(a)(3), (4), (5), (6), or (7).

8 "Wilfully fails to pay or to cause to be paid" shall be
9 construed in accordance with judicial interpretations given to
10 similar provisions of the Internal Revenue Code; consistent
11 therewith, the term "wilfully" shall mean a voluntary,
12 intentional violation of a known legal duty.

13 (c) An officer, member, manager, or other responsible
14 person shall be liable only for general excise taxes on gross
15 income or gross proceeds collected, plus interest and penalties
16 on those taxes, that became due during the period the person had
17 control, supervision, responsibility, or a duty to act for the
18 taxpayer as described in subsection (b) of this section.

19 (d) Persons liable under subsection (b) are exempt from
20 liability when nonpayment of the general excise tax on gross



1 income or gross proceeds held in trust is for good cause as
2 determined by the director.

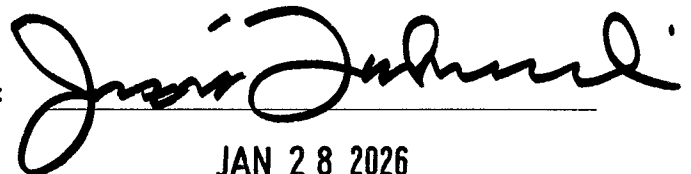
3 (e) The voluntary or involuntary dissolution of the
4 taxpayer or the withdrawal or surrender of its right to engage
5 in business in this State shall not discharge the liability
6 hereby imposed.

7 (f) A determination that a person is liable for the unpaid
8 taxes of another under this section shall be an assessment to
9 which section 237-36 shall apply and from which a person
10 aggrieved may appeal under section 237-42."

11 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.

12 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

13 INTRODUCED BY:


JAN 28 2026



H.B. NO. 2578

Report Title:

General Excise Tax; Personal Liability; Due Process; Appeals

Description:

Provides that a determination of personal liability for another person's unpaid taxes is an assessment subject to the due process procedures and appeals available for other assessments.

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