
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that safeguarding,
2 enhancing, and prioritizing the mental health of the people is
3 essential not only for the well-being of individuals but also
4 for the broader public interest. Protection of mental health
5 contributes to a healthier, more resilient society, benefiting
6 all members of the community.

7 The legislature recognizes that there is a growing demand
8 for mental health care services, particularly on the neighbor
9 islands and in rural and underserved areas. Despite this need,
10 the current shortage of mental health professionals and services
11 fails to meet the increasing demand, leaving countless
12 individuals without the critical care they deserve. This lack
13 of access disproportionately affects vulnerable populations,
14 such as the elderly, those with mobility challenges, and youth
15 who face identity-based harassment or rejection.

16 The legislature also finds reports of neighbor island
17 communities experiencing a critical lack of access to care for



1 the mental and physical well-being of vulnerable members of the
2 LGBTQ+ community, particularly youth, who face alarmingly high
3 rates of suicide attempts. Accessing mental health care
4 services provided by licensed psychologists is crucial to
5 providing essential care and ultimately lowering the suicide
6 rates within this vulnerable population.

7 The legislature further finds that over forty states have
8 already joined the psychology interjurisdictional compact to
9 address similar issues of access. Participating in this compact
10 will enable vulnerable kamaaina to return home without risking
11 the loss of critical relationships with long time therapists and
12 counselors and help Hawaii meet the growing demand for mental
13 health care needs by reducing barriers for mental health
14 professionals to practice and providing residents with access to
15 a broader pool of qualified mental health professionals through
16 telepsychology and temporary in-person services.

17 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:

- 18 (1) Adopt the psychology interjurisdictional compact to
19 regulate the day-to-day practice of telepsychology by
20 psychologists across state boundaries in the
21 performance of their psychological practice; and



(2) Require the department of commerce and consumer affairs to adopt rules to implement and administer the compact.

SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

"CHAPTER

PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT

§ -1. **Short title.** This chapter may be cited as the psychology interjurisdictional compact.

§ -2. **Terms and provisions of compact; authorization; governor.** The legislature hereby authorizes the governor to enter into a compact on behalf of the State of Hawaii with any other state legally joining therein, in the form substantially as follows:

PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT (PSYPACT)

ARTICLE I

PURPOSE

Whereas, states license psychologists, in order to protect the public through verification of education, training and



1 experience and ensure accountability for professional practice;
2 and

3 Whereas, this compact is intended to regulate the day to
4 day practice of telepsychology (i.e., the provision of
5 psychological services using telecommunication technologies) by
6 psychologists across state boundaries in the performance of
7 their psychological practice as assigned by an appropriate
8 authority; and

9 Whereas, this compact is intended to regulate the temporary
10 in-person, face-to-face practice of psychology by psychologists
11 across state boundaries for thirty days within a calendar year
12 in the performance of their psychological practice as assigned
13 by an appropriate authority; and

14 Whereas, this compact is intended to authorize state
15 psychology regulatory authorities to afford legal recognition,
16 in a manner consistent with the terms of the compact, to
17 psychologists licensed in another state; and

18 Whereas, this compact recognizes that states have a vested
19 interest in protecting the public's health and safety through
20 their licensing and regulation of psychologists and that such
21 state regulation will best protect public health and safety; and



1 Whereas, this compact does not apply when a psychologist is
2 licensed in both the home and receiving states; and

3 Whereas, this compact does not apply to permanent
4 in-person, face-to-face practice, it does allow for
5 authorization of temporary psychological practice.

6 Consistent with these principles, this compact is designed
7 to achieve the following purposes and objectives:

8 (1) Increase public access to professional psychological
9 services by allowing for telepsychological practice
10 across state lines as well as temporary in-person,
11 face-to-face services into a state which the
12 psychologist is not licensed to practice psychology;

13 (2) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's
14 health and safety, especially client/patient safety;

15 (3) Encourage the cooperation of compact states in the
16 areas of psychology licensure and regulation;

17 (4) Facilitate the exchange of information between compact
18 states regarding psychologist licensure, adverse
19 actions and disciplinary history;

20 (5) Promote compliance with the laws governing
21 psychological practice in each compact state; and



1 (6) Invest all compact states with the authority to hold
2 licensed psychologists accountable through the mutual
3 recognition of compact state licenses.

4 **ARTICLE II**

5 **DEFINITIONS**

6 "Adverse action" means any action taken by a state
7 psychology regulatory authority which finds a violation of a
8 statute or regulation that is identified by the state psychology
9 regulatory authority as discipline and is a matter of public
10 record.

11 "Association of state and provincial psychology boards"
12 means the recognized membership organization composed of state
13 and provincial psychology regulatory authorities responsible for
14 the licensure and registration of psychologists throughout the
15 United States and Canada.

16 "Authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology"
17 means a licensed psychologist's authority to practice
18 telepsychology, within the limits authorized under this compact,
19 in another compact state.

20 "Bylaws" means those bylaws established by the psychology
21 interjurisdictional compact commission pursuant to article X for



1 its governance, or for directing and controlling its actions and
2 conduct.

3 "Client/patient" means the recipient of psychological
4 services, whether psychological services are delivered in the
5 context of health care, corporate, supervision, and/or
6 consulting services.

7 "Commissioner" means the voting representative appointed by
8 each state psychology regulatory authority pursuant to article
9 X.

10 "Compact state" means a state, the District of Columbia, or
11 United States territory that has enacted this compact
12 legislation and that has not withdrawn pursuant to article XIII,
13 subsection (c) or been terminated pursuant to article XII,
14 subsection (b).

15 "Coordinated licensure information system" or "coordinated
16 database" means an integrated process for collecting, storing,
17 and sharing information on psychologists' licensure and
18 enforcement activities related to psychology licensure laws,
19 which is administered by the recognized membership organization
20 composed of state and provincial psychology regulatory
21 authorities.



1 "Confidentiality" means the principle that data or
2 information is not made available or disclosed to unauthorized
3 persons and/or processes.

4 "Day" means any part of a day in which psychological work
5 is performed.

6 "Distant state" means the compact state where a
7 psychologist is physically present (not through the use of
8 telecommunications technologies), to provide temporary
9 in-person, face-to-face psychological services.

10 "E.Passport" means a certificate issued by the association
11 of state and provincial psychology boards that promotes the
12 standardization in the criteria of interjurisdictional
13 telepsychology practice and facilitates the process for licensed
14 psychologists to provide telepsychological services across state
15 lines.

16 "Executive board" means a group of directors elected or
17 appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to
18 them by, the commission.

19 "Home state" means a compact state where a psychologist is
20 licensed to practice psychology. If the psychologist is
21 licensed in more than one compact state and is practicing under



1 the authorization to practice interjurisdictional
2 telepsychology, the home state is the compact state where the
3 psychologist is physically present when the telepsychological
4 services are delivered. If the psychologist is licensed in more
5 than one compact state and is practicing under the temporary
6 authorization to practice, the home state is any compact state
7 where the psychologist is licensed.

8 "Identity history summary" means a summary of information
9 retained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or other
10 designee with similar authority, in connection with arrests and,
11 in some instances, federal employment, naturalization, or
12 military service.

13 "In-person, face-to-face" means interactions in which the
14 psychologist and the client/patient are in the same physical
15 space and which does not include interactions that may occur
16 through the use of telecommunication technologies.

17 "Interjurisdictional practice certificate" or "IPC" means a
18 certificate issued by the association of state and provincial
19 psychology boards that grants temporary authority to practice
20 based on notification to the state psychology regulatory



1 authority of intention to practice temporarily, and verification
2 of one's qualifications for such practice.

3 "License" means authorization by a state psychology
4 regulatory authority to engage in the independent practice of
5 psychology, which would be unlawful without the authorization.

6 "Non-compact state" means any state which is not at the
7 time a compact state.

8 "Psychologist" means an individual licensed for the
9 independent practice of psychology.

10 "Psychology interjurisdictional compact commission" or
11 "commission" means the national administration of which all
12 compact states are members.

13 "Receiving state" means a compact state where the
14 client/patient is physically located when the telepsychological
15 services are delivered.

16 "Rule" means a written statement by the psychology
17 interjurisdictional compact commission promulgated pursuant to
18 article XI of the compact that is of general applicability,
19 implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of
20 the compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice
21 requirement of the commission and has the force and effect of



1 statutory law in a compact state, and includes the amendment,
2 repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.

3 "Significant investigatory information" means

4 (1) Investigative information that a state psychology
5 regulatory authority, after a preliminary inquiry that
6 includes notification and an opportunity to respond if
7 required by state law, has reason to believe, if
8 proven true, would indicate more than a violation of
9 state statute or ethics code that would be considered
10 more substantial than minor infraction; or

11 (2) Investigative information that indicates that the
12 psychologist represents an immediate threat to public
13 health and safety regardless of whether the
14 psychologist has been notified and/or had an
15 opportunity to respond.

16 "State" means a state, commonwealth, territory, or
17 possession of the United States, the District of Columbia.

18 "State psychology regulatory authority" means the board,
19 office or other agency with the legislative mandate to license
20 and regulate the practice of psychology.



1 "Telepsychology" means the provision of psychological
2 services using telecommunication technologies.

3 "Temporary authorization to practice" means a licensed
4 psychologist's authority to conduct temporary in-person, face-
5 to-face practice, within the limits authorized under this
6 compact, in another compact state.

7 "Temporary in-person, face-to-face practice" means where a
8 psychologist is physically present (not through the use of
9 telecommunications technologies), in the distant state to
10 provide for the practice of psychology for thirty days within a
11 calendar year and based on notification to the distant state.

12 ARTICLE III

13 HOME STATE LICENSURE

14 (a) The home state shall be a compact state where a
15 psychologist is licensed to practice psychology.

16 (b) A psychologist may hold one or more compact state
17 licenses at a time. If the psychologist is licensed in more
18 than one compact state, the home state is the compact state
19 where the psychologist is physically present when the services
20 are delivered as authorized by the authority to practice



1 interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms of this
2 compact.

3 (c) Any compact state may require a psychologist not
4 previously licensed in a compact state to obtain and retain a
5 license to be authorized to practice in the compact state under
6 circumstances not authorized by the authority to practice
7 interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms of this
8 compact.

9 (d) Any compact state may require a psychologist to obtain
10 and retain a license to be authorized to practice in a compact
11 state under circumstances not authorized by temporary
12 authorization to practice under the terms of this compact.

13 (e) A home state's license authorizes a psychologist to
14 practice in a receiving state under the authority to practice
15 interjurisdictional telepsychology only if the compact state:

16 (1) Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active
17 E.Passport;

18 (2) Has a mechanism in place for receiving and
19 investigating complaints about licensed individuals;

20 (3) Notifies the commission, in compliance with the terms
21 herein, of any adverse action or significant



1 investigatory information regarding a licensed
2 individual;

3 (4) Requires an identity history summary of all applicants
4 at initial licensure, including the use of the results
5 of fingerprints or other biometric data checks
6 compliant with the requirements of the Federal Bureau
7 of Investigation, or other designee with similar
8 authority, no later than ten years after activation of
9 the compact; and

10 (5) Complies with the bylaws and rules of the commission.

11 (f) A home state's license grants temporary authorization
12 to practice to a psychologist in a distant state only if the
13 compact state:

14 (1) Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active
15 IPC;

16 (2) Has a mechanism in place for receiving and
17 investigating complaints about licensed individuals;

18 (3) Notifies the commission, in compliance with the terms
19 herein, of any adverse action or significant
20 investigatory information regarding a licensed
21 individual;



(4) Requires an identity history summary of all applicants at initial licensure, including the use of the results of fingerprints or other biometric data checks compliant with the requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or other designee with similar authority, no later than ten years after activation of the compact; and

(5) Complies with the bylaws and rules of the commission.

ARTICLE IV

COMPACT PRIVILEGE TO PRACTICE TELEPSYCHOLOGY

(a) Compact states shall recognize the right of a psychologist, licensed in a compact state in conformance with article III, to practice telepsychology in other compact states (receiving states) in which the psychologist is not licensed, under the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology as provided in the compact.

(b) To exercise the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology under the terms and provisions of this compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a compact state shall:



1 (1) Hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute
2 of higher education that was, at the time the degree
3 was awarded:

4 (A) Regionally accredited by an accrediting body
5 recognized by the United States Department of
6 Education to grant graduate degrees, or
7 authorized by Provincial Statute or Royal Charter
8 to grant doctoral degrees; or

9 (B) A foreign college or university deemed to be
10 equivalent to subparagraph (A) above by a foreign
11 credential evaluation service that is a member of
12 the National Association of Credential Evaluation
13 Services or by a recognized foreign credential
14 evaluation service;

15 (2) Hold a graduate degree in psychology that meets the
16 following criteria:

17 (A) The program, wherever it may be administratively
18 housed, shall be clearly identified and labeled
19 as a psychology program. Such a program must
20 specify in pertinent institutional catalogues and



1 brochures its intent to educate and train
2 professional psychologists;

3 (B) The psychology program must stand as a
4 recognizable, coherent, organizational entity
5 within the institution;

6 (C) There shall be a clear authority and primary
7 responsibility for the core and specialty areas
8 whether or not the program cuts across
9 administrative lines;

10 (D) The program shall consist of an integrated,
11 organized sequence of study;

12 (E) There shall be an identifiable psychology faculty
13 sufficient in size and breadth to carry out its
14 responsibilities;

15 (F) The designated director of the program shall be a
16 psychologist and a member of the core faculty;

17 (G) The program shall have an identifiable body of
18 students who are matriculated in that program for
19 a degree;



1 (H) The program shall include supervised practicum,
2 internship, or field training appropriate to the
3 practice of psychology;

4 (I) The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three
5 academic years of full-time graduate study for
6 doctoral degree and a minimum of one academic
7 year of full-time graduate study for master's
8 degree; and

9 (J) The program shall include an acceptable residency
10 as defined by the rules of the commission;

11 (3) Possess a current, full and unrestricted license to
12 practice psychology in a home state that is a compact
13 state;

14 (4) Have no history of adverse action that violates the
15 rules of the commission;

16 (5) Have no criminal record history reported on an
17 identity history summary that violates the rules of
18 the commission;

19 (6) Possess a current, active E.Passport;

20 (7) Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended
21 practice, conformity with standards of practice,



1 competence in telepsychology technology; criminal
2 background; and knowledge and adherence to legal
3 requirements in the home and receiving states, and
4 provide a release of information to allow for primary
5 source verification in a manner specified by the
6 commission; and

7 (8) Meet other criteria as defined by the rules of the
8 commission.

9 (c) The home state maintains authority over the license of
10 any psychologist practicing into a receiving state under the
11 authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology.

12 (d) A psychologist practicing into a receiving state under
13 the authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology
14 shall be subject to the receiving state's scope of practice. A
15 receiving state may, in accordance with that state's due process
16 law, limit or revoke a psychologist's authority to practice
17 interjurisdictional telepsychology in the receiving state and
18 may take any other necessary actions under the receiving state's
19 applicable law to protect the health and safety of the receiving
20 state's citizens. If a receiving state takes action, the state
21 shall promptly notify the home state and the commission.



1 (e) If a psychologist's license in any home state, another
2 compact state, or any authority to practice interjurisdictional
3 telepsychology in any receiving state, is restricted, suspended,
4 or otherwise limited, the E.Passport shall be revoked and
5 therefore the psychologist shall not be eligible to practice
6 telepsychology in a compact state under the authority to
7 practice interjurisdictional telepsychology.

8 **ARTICLE V**

9 **COMPACT TEMPORARY AUTHORIZATION TO PRACTICE**

10 (a) Compact states shall also recognize the right of a
11 psychologist, licensed in a compact state in conformance with
12 article III, to practice temporarily in other compact states
13 (distant states) in which the psychologist is not licensed, as
14 provided in the compact.

15 (b) To exercise the temporary authorization to practice
16 under the terms and provisions of this compact, a psychologist
17 licensed to practice in a compact state shall:

- 18 (1) Hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute
19 of higher education that was, at the time the degree
20 was awarded:



1 (A) Regionally accredited by an accrediting body
2 recognized by the United States Department of
3 Education to grant graduate degrees, or
4 authorized by Provincial Statute or Royal Charter
5 to grant doctoral degrees; or

6 (B) A foreign college or university deemed to be
7 equivalent to subparagraph (A) above by a foreign
8 credential evaluation service that is a member of
9 the National Association of Credential Evaluation
10 Services or by a recognized foreign credential
11 evaluation service;

12 (2) Hold a graduate degree in psychology that meets the
13 following criteria:

14 (A) The program, wherever it may be administratively
15 housed, shall be clearly identified and labeled
16 as a psychology program. Such a program shall
17 specify in pertinent institutional catalogues and
18 brochures its intent to educate and train
19 professional psychologists;



- 1 (B) The psychology program shall stand as a
2 recognizable, coherent, organizational entity
3 within the institution;
- 4 (C) There shall be a clear authority and primary
5 responsibility for the core and specialty areas
6 whether or not the program cuts across
7 administrative lines;
- 8 (D) The program shall consist of an integrated,
9 organized sequence of study;
- 10 (E) There shall be an identifiable psychology faculty
11 sufficient in size and breadth to carry out its
12 responsibilities;
- 13 (F) The designated director of the program shall be a
14 psychologist and a member of the core faculty;
- 15 (G) The program shall have an identifiable body of
16 students who are matriculated in that program for
17 a degree;
- 18 (H) The program shall include supervised practicum,
19 internship, or field training appropriate to the
20 practice of psychology;



1 (I) The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three
2 academic years of full-time graduate study for
3 doctoral degrees and a minimum of one academic
4 year of full-time graduate study for master's
5 degrees; and

6 (J) The program includes an acceptable residency as
7 defined by the rules of the commission;

8 (3) Possess a current, full and unrestricted license to
9 practice psychology in a home state that is a compact
10 state;

11 (4) Have no history of adverse action that violates the
12 rules of the commission;

13 (5) Have no criminal record history that violates the
14 rules of the commission;

15 (6) Possess a current, active IPC;

16 (7) Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended
17 practice and work experience and provide a release of
18 information to allow for primary source verification
19 in a manner specified by the commission; and

20 (8) Meet other criteria as defined by the rules of the
21 commission.



1 (c) A psychologist practicing into a distant state under
2 the temporary authorization to practice shall practice within
3 the scope of practice authorized by the distant state.

4 (d) A psychologist practicing into a distant state under
5 the temporary authorization to practice shall be subject to the
6 distant state's authority and law. A distant state may, in
7 accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a
8 psychologist's temporary authorization to practice in the
9 distant state and may take any other necessary actions under the
10 distant state's applicable law to protect the health and safety
11 of the distant state's citizens. If a distant state takes
12 action, the state shall promptly notify the home state and the
13 commission.

14 (e) If a psychologist's license in any home state, another
15 compact state, or any temporary authorization to practice in any
16 distant state, is restricted, suspended, or otherwise limited,
17 the IPC shall be revoked and therefore the psychologist shall
18 not be eligible to practice in a compact state under the
19 temporary authorization to practice.

20 **ARTICLE VI**

21 **CONDITIONS OF TELEPSYCHOLOGY PRACTICE IN A RECEIVING STATE**



1 A psychologist may practice in a receiving state under the
2 authority to practice interjurisdictional telepsychology only in
3 the performance of the scope of practice for psychology as
4 assigned by an appropriate state psychology regulatory
5 authority, as defined in the rules of the commission and under
6 the following circumstances:

7 (1) The psychologist initiates a client/patient contact in
8 a home state via telecommunications technologies with
9 a client/patient in a receiving state; and

10 (2) Other conditions regarding telepsychology as
11 determined by rules promulgated by the commission.

12 ARTICLE VII

13 ADVERSE ACTIONS

14 (a) A home state shall have the power to impose adverse
15 action against a psychologist's license issued by the home
16 state. A distant state shall have the power to take adverse
17 action on a psychologist's temporary authorization to practice
18 within that distant state.

19 (b) A receiving state may take adverse action on a
20 psychologist's authority to practice interjurisdictional
21 telepsychology within that receiving state. A home state may



1 take adverse action against a psychologist based on an adverse
2 action taken by a distant state regarding temporary in-person,
3 face-to-face practice.

4 (c) If a home state takes adverse action against a
5 psychologist's license, that psychologist's authority to
6 practice interjurisdictional telepsychology shall be terminated
7 and the E.Passport is revoked. Furthermore, that psychologist's
8 temporary authorization to practice shall be terminated and the
9 IPC is revoked and;

10 (1) All home state disciplinary orders that impose adverse
11 action shall be reported to the commission in
12 accordance with the rules promulgated by the
13 commission. A compact state shall report adverse
14 actions in accordance with the rules of the
15 commission;

16 (2) In the event discipline is reported on a psychologist,
17 the psychologist shall not be eligible for
18 telepsychology or temporary in-person, face-to-face
19 practice in accordance with the rules of the
20 commission; and



1 (3) Other actions may be imposed as determined by the
2 rules promulgated by the commission.

3 (d) A home state's psychology regulatory authority shall
4 investigate and take appropriate action with respect to reported
5 inappropriate conduct engaged in by a licensee that occurred in
6 a receiving state as it would if such conduct had been engaged
7 in by a licensee within the home state. In such cases, the home
8 state's law shall control in determining any adverse action
9 against a psychologist's license.

10 (e) A distant state's psychology regulatory authority
11 shall investigate and take appropriate action with respect to
12 reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a psychologist
13 practicing under temporary authorization to practice that
14 occurred in that distant state as it would if such conduct had
15 been engaged in by a licensee within the home state. In such
16 cases, the distant state's law shall control in determining any
17 adverse action against a psychologist's temporary authorization
18 to practice.

19 (f) Nothing in this compact shall override a compact
20 state's decision that a psychologist's participation in an
21 alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse action and



1 that such participation shall remain non-public if required by
2 the compact state's law. Compact states shall require
3 psychologists who enter any alternative programs to not provide
4 telepsychology services under the authority to practice
5 interjurisdictional telepsychology or provide temporary
6 psychological services under the temporary authorization to
7 practice in any other compact state during the term of the
8 alternative program.

9 (g) No other judicial or administrative remedies shall be
10 available to a psychologist in the event a compact state imposes
11 an adverse action pursuant to subsection (c).

12 ARTICLE VIII

13 ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES INVESTED IN A COMPACT STATE'S PSYCHOLOGY 14 REGULATORY AUTHORITY

15 (a) In addition to any other powers granted under state
16 law, a compact state's psychology regulatory authority shall
17 have the authority under this compact to:

18 (1) Issue subpoenas, for both hearings and investigations,
19 which require the attendance and testimony of
20 witnesses and the production of evidence. Subpoenas
21 issued by a compact state's psychology regulatory



1 authority for the attendance and testimony of
2 witnesses and/or the production of evidence from
3 another compact state shall be enforced in the latter
4 state by any court of competent jurisdiction according
5 to that court's practice and procedure in considering
6 subpoenas issued in its own proceedings. The issuing
7 state psychology regulatory authority shall pay any
8 witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees
9 required by the service statutes of the state where
10 the witnesses and/or evidence are located; and

11 (2) Issue cease and desist and/or injunctive relief orders
12 to revoke a psychologist's authority to practice
13 interjurisdictional telepsychology and/or temporary
14 authorization to practice.

15 (b) During the course of any investigation, a psychologist
16 may not change the psychologist's home state licensure. A home
17 state psychology regulatory authority is authorized to complete
18 any pending investigations of a psychologist and to take any
19 actions appropriate under its law. The home state psychology
20 regulatory authority shall promptly report the conclusions of
21 such investigations to the commission. Once an investigation



1 has been completed, and pending the outcome of said
2 investigation, the psychologist may change the psychologist's
3 home state licensure. The commission shall promptly notify the
4 new home state of any such decisions as provided in the rules of
5 the commission. All information provided to the commission or
6 distributed by compact states pursuant to the psychologist shall
7 be confidential, filed under seal and used for investigatory or
8 disciplinary matters. The commission may create additional
9 rules for mandated or discretionary sharing of information by
10 compact states.

11 **ARTICLE IX**

12 **COORDINATED LICENSURE INFORMATION SYSTEM**

13 (a) The commission shall provide for the development and
14 maintenance of a coordinated licensure information system and
15 reporting system containing licensure and disciplinary action
16 information on all psychologists and individuals to whom this
17 compact is applicable in all compact states as defined by the
18 rules of the commission.

19 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to
20 the contrary, a compact state shall submit a uniform data set to



1 the coordinated database on all licensees as required by the
2 rules of the commission, including:

- 3 (1) Identifying information;
- 4 (2) Licensure data;
- 5 (3) Significant investigatory information;
- 6 (4) Adverse actions against a psychologist's license;
- 7 (5) An indicator that a psychologist's authority to
8 practice interjurisdictional telepsychology and/or
9 temporary authorization to practice is revoked;
- 10 (6) Non-confidential information related to alternative
11 program participation information;
- 12 (7) Any denial of application for licensure, and the
13 reasons for such denial; and
- 14 (8) Other information which may facilitate the
15 administration of this compact, as determined by the
16 rules of the commission.

17 (c) The coordinated database administrator shall promptly
18 notify all compact states of any adverse action taken against,
19 or significant investigative information on, any licensee in a
20 compact state.



1 (d) Compact states reporting information to the
2 coordinated database may designate information that shall not be
3 shared with the public without the express permission of the
4 compact state reporting the information.

5 (e) Any information submitted to the coordinated database
6 that is subsequently required to be expunged by the law of the
7 compact state reporting the information shall be removed from
8 the coordinated database.

9 **ARTICLE X**

10 **ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT**

11 **COMMISSION**

12 (a) The compact states hereby create and establish a joint
13 public agency known as the psychology interjurisdictional
14 compact commission:

15 (1) The commission is a body politic and an
16 instrumentality of the compact states;

17 (2) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against
18 the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively
19 in a court of competent jurisdiction where the
20 principal office of the commission is located. The
21 commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses



1 to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in
2 alternative dispute resolution proceedings; and

3 (3) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a
4 waiver of sovereign immunity.

5 (b) Membership, voting, and meetings:

6 (1) The commission shall consist of one voting
7 representative appointed by each compact state who
8 shall serve as that state's commissioner. The state
9 psychology regulatory authority shall appoint its
10 delegate. This delegate shall be empowered to act on
11 behalf of the compact state. This delegate shall be
12 limited to:

13 (A) The executive director, executive secretary or
14 similar executive;

15 (B) The current member of the state psychology
16 regulatory authority of a compact state; or

17 (C) A designee empowered with the appropriate
18 delegate authority to act on behalf of the
19 compact state;

20 (2) Any commissioner may be removed or suspended from
21 office as provided by the law of the state from which



1 the commissioner is appointed. Any vacancy occurring
2 in the commission shall be filled in accordance with
3 the laws of the compact state in which the vacancy
4 exists;

5 (3) Each commissioner shall be entitled to one vote with
6 regard to the promulgation of rules and creation of
7 bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to
8 participate in the business and affairs of the
9 commission. A commissioner shall vote in person or by
10 such other means as provided in the bylaws. The
11 bylaws may provide for commissioners' participation in
12 meetings by telephone or other means of communication;

13 (4) The commission shall meet at least once during each
14 calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as
15 set forth in the bylaws;

16 (5) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public
17 notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner
18 as required under the rulemaking provisions in article
19 XI;

20 (6) The commission may convene in a closed, non-public
21 meeting if the commission must discuss:



- 1 (A) Non-compliance of a compact state with its
2 obligations under the compact;
- 3 (B) The employment, compensation, discipline or other
4 personnel matters, practices, or procedures
5 related to specific employees or other matters
6 related to the commission's internal personnel
7 practices and procedures;
- 8 (C) Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated
9 litigation against the commission;
- 10 (D) Negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale
11 of goods, services, or real estate;
- 12 (E) Accusation against any person of a crime or
13 formally censuring any person;
- 14 (F) Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or
15 financial information that is privileged or
16 confidential;
- 17 (G) Disclosure of information of a personal nature
18 where disclosure would constitute a clearly
19 unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- 20 (H) Disclosure of investigatory records compiled for
21 law enforcement purposes;



(I) Disclosure of information related to any investigatory reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the commission or other committee charged with responsibility for investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the compact; or

(J) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and state statute; and

(7) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this subsection, the commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision. The commission shall keep minutes which fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, of any person participating in the meeting, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in the minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject



1 to release only by a majority vote of the commission
2 or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

3 (c) The commission shall, by a majority vote of the
4 commissioners, prescribe bylaws and/or rules to govern its
5 conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the
6 purposes and exercise the powers of the compact, including but
7 not limited to:

8 (1) Establishing the fiscal year of the commission;

9 (2) Providing reasonable standards and procedures:

10 (A) For the establishment and meetings of other
11 committees; and

12 (B) Governing any general or specific delegation of
13 any authority or function of the commission;

14 (3) Providing reasonable procedures for calling and
15 conducting meetings of the commission, ensuring
16 reasonable advance notice of all meetings and
17 providing an opportunity for attendance of such
18 meetings by interested parties, with enumerated
19 exceptions designed to protect the public's interest,
20 the privacy of individuals of such proceedings, and
21 proprietary information, including trade secrets. The



1 commission may meet in closed session only after a
2 majority of the commissioners vote to close a meeting
3 to the public in whole or in part. As soon as
4 practicable, the commission shall make public a copy
5 of the vote to close the meeting revealing the vote of
6 each commissioner with no proxy votes allowed;

7 (4) Establishing the titles, duties, and authority of
8 officers and reasonable procedures for the election of
9 the officers of the commission;

10 (5) Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the
11 establishment of the personnel policies and programs
12 of the commission. Notwithstanding any civil service
13 or other similar law of any compact state, the bylaws
14 shall exclusively govern the personnel policies and
15 programs of the commission;

16 (6) Promulgating a code of ethics to address permissible
17 and prohibited activities of commission members and
18 employees;

19 (7) Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of
20 the commission and the equitable disposition of any
21 surplus funds that may exist after the termination of



1 the compact after the payment and/or reserving of all
2 of its debts and obligations;

3 (8) The commission shall publish its bylaws in a
4 convenient form and file a copy thereof and a copy of
5 any amendment thereto with the appropriate agency or
6 officer in each of the compact states;

7 (9) The commission shall maintain its financial records in
8 accordance with the bylaws; and

9 (10) The commission shall meet and take such actions as are
10 consistent with the provisions of this compact and the
11 bylaws.

12 (d) The commission shall have the following powers:

13 (1) The authority to promulgate uniform rules to
14 facilitate and coordinate implementation and
15 administration of this compact. The rule shall have
16 the force and effect of law and shall be binding in
17 all compact states;

18 (2) To bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in
19 the name of the commission; provided that the standing
20 of any state psychology regulatory authority or other
21 regulatory body responsible for psychology licensure



1 to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be
2 affected;

3 (3) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;

4 (4) To borrow, accept or contract for services of
5 personnel, including but not limited to employees of a
6 compact state;

7 (5) To hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix
8 compensation, define duties, grant such individuals
9 appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the
10 compact, and to establish the commission's personnel
11 policies and programs relating to conflicts of
12 interest, qualifications of personnel, and other
13 related personnel matters;

14 (6) To accept any and all appropriate donations and grants
15 of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and
16 services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the
17 same; provided that at all times the commission shall
18 strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety and/or
19 conflict of interest;

20 (7) To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or
21 donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or



1 use, any property, real, personal, or mixed; provided
2 that at all times the commission shall strive to avoid
3 any appearance of impropriety;

4 (8) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
5 abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real,
6 personal, or mixed;

7 (9) To establish a budget and make expenditures;

8 (10) To borrow money;

9 (11) To appoint committees, including advisory committees
10 comprised of Members, State regulators, State
11 legislators or their representatives, and consumer
12 representatives, and such other interested persons as
13 may be designated in this compact and the bylaws;

14 (12) To provide and receive information from, and to
15 cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;

16 (13) To adopt and use an official seal; and

17 (14) To perform such other functions as may be necessary or
18 appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact
19 consistent with the state regulation of psychology
20 licensure, temporary in-person, face-to-face practice,
21 and telepsychology practice.



1 (e) The executive board:

2 (1) The elected officers shall serve as the executive
3 board, which shall have the power to act on behalf of
4 the commission according to the terms of this compact;

5 (2) The executive board shall be comprised of six members:

6 (A) Five voting members who are elected from the
7 current membership of the commission by the
8 commission; and

9 (B) One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the
10 recognized membership organization composed of
11 state and provincial psychology regulatory
12 authorities;

13 (3) The ex-officio member shall have served as staff or
14 member on a state psychology regulatory authority and
15 shall be selected by its respective organization.

16 (4) The commission may remove any member of the executive
17 board as provided in bylaws;

18 (5) The executive board shall meet at least annually; and

19 (6) The executive board shall have the following duties
20 and responsibilities:



- 1 (A) Recommend to the entire commission changes to the
2 rules or bylaws, changes to this compact
3 legislation, fees paid by compact states such as
4 annual dues, and any other applicable fees;
- 5 (B) Ensure compact administration services are
6 appropriately provided, contractual or otherwise;
- 7 (C) Prepare and recommend the budget;
- 8 (D) Maintain financial records on behalf of the
9 commission;
- 10 (E) Monitor compact compliance of member states and
11 provide compliance reports to the commission;
- 12 (F) Establish additional committees as necessary; and
- 13 (G) Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.
- 14 (f) Financing of the commission:
- 15 (1) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment
16 of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment,
17 organization, and ongoing activities;
- 18 (2) The commission may accept any and all appropriate
19 revenue sources, donations and grants of money,
20 equipment, supplies, materials, and services;



1 (3) The commission may levy on and collect an annual
2 assessment from each compact state or impose fees on
3 other parties to cover the cost of the operations and
4 activities of the commission and its staff that shall
5 be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual
6 budget as approved each year for which revenue is not
7 provided by other sources. The aggregate annual
8 assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a
9 formula to be determined by the commission, which
10 shall promulgate a rule binding upon all compact
11 states;

12 (4) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind
13 prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same
14 and shall not pledge the credit of any of the compact
15 states, except by and with the authority of the
16 compact state; and

17 (5) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all
18 receipts and disbursements. The receipts and
19 disbursements of the commission shall be subject to
20 the audit and accounting procedures established under
21 its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements



1 of funds handled by the commission shall be audited
2 yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant
3 and the report of the audit shall be included in and
4 become part of the annual report of the commission.

5 (g) Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification:

6 (1) The members, officers, executive director, employees,
7 and representatives of the commission shall be immune
8 from suit and liability, either personally or in their
9 official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss
10 of property or personal injury or other civil
11 liability caused by or arising out of any actual or
12 alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that
13 the person against whom the claim is made had a
14 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the
15 scope of commission employment, duties, or
16 responsibilities; provided that nothing in this
17 paragraph shall be construed to protect any such
18 person from suit and/or liability for any damage,
19 loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional
20 or wilful or wanton misconduct of that person;



1 (2) The commission shall defend any member, officer,
2 executive director, employee, or representative of the
3 commission in any civil action seeking to impose
4 liability arising out of any actual or alleged act,
5 error, or omission that occurred within the scope of
6 commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or
7 that the person against whom the claim is made had a
8 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the
9 scope of commission employment, duties, or
10 responsibilities; provided that nothing in this
11 paragraph shall be construed to prohibit that person
12 from retaining the person's own counsel; provided
13 further that the actual or alleged act, error or
14 omission did not result from that person's intentional
15 or wilful or wanton misconduct; and

16 (3) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any
17 member, officer, executive director, employee, or
18 representative of the commission for the amount of any
19 settlement or judgment obtained against that person
20 arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or
21 omission that occurred within the scope of commission



1 employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such
2 person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred
3 within the scope of commission employment, duties, or
4 responsibilities; provided that the actual or alleged
5 act, error, or omission did not result from the
6 intentional or wilful or wanton misconduct of that
7 person.

8 **ARTICLE XI**

9 **RULEMAKING**

10 (a) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers
11 pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the rules
12 adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding
13 as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.

14 (b) If a majority of the legislatures of the compact
15 states rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution
16 in the same manner used to adopt the compact, then such rule
17 shall have no further force and effect in any compact state.

18 (c) Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a
19 regular or special meeting of the commission.

20 (d) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or
21 rules by the commission, and at least sixty days in advance of



1 the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon,
2 the commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:

3 (1) On the website of the commission; and

4 (2) On the website of each compact state's psychology
5 regulatory authority or the publication in which each
6 state would otherwise publish proposed rules.

7 (e) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:

8 (1) The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting
9 in which the rule will be considered and voted upon;

10 (2) The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the
11 reason for the proposed rule;

12 (3) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any
13 interested person; and

14 (4) The manner in which interested persons may submit
15 notice to the commission of their intention to attend
16 the public hearing and any written comments.

17 (f) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission
18 shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
19 arguments, which shall be made available to the public.



1 (g) The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public
2 hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is
3 requested by:

4 (1) At least twenty-five persons who submit comments
5 independently of each other;

6 (2) A governmental subdivision or agency; or

7 (3) A duly appointed person in an association that has at
8 least twenty-five members.

9 (h) If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or
10 amendment, the commission shall publish the place, time, and
11 date of the scheduled public hearing.

12 (1) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall
13 notify the executive director of the commission or
14 other designated member in writing of their desire to
15 appear and testify at the hearing not less than five
16 business days before the scheduled date of the
17 hearing;

18 (2) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each
19 person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable
20 opportunity to comment orally or in writing;



1 (3) No transcript of the hearing is required unless a
2 written request for a transcript is made, in which
3 case the person requesting the transcript shall bear
4 the cost of producing the transcript. A recording may
5 be made in lieu of a transcript under the same terms
6 and conditions as a transcript. This paragraph shall
7 not preclude the commission from making a transcript
8 or recording of the hearing if it so chooses; and

9 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed as
10 requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may
11 be grouped for the convenience of the commission at
12 hearings required by this section.

13 (i) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close
14 of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not
15 held, the commission shall consider all written and oral
16 comments received.

17 (j) The commission shall, by majority vote of all members,
18 take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the
19 effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking
20 record and the full text of the rule.



1 (k) If no written notice of intent to attend the public
2 hearing by interested parties is received, the commission may
3 proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a public
4 hearing.

5 (l) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the
6 commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without
7 prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing; provided that
8 the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in
9 this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon
10 as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety days after
11 the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this
12 subsection, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted
13 immediately in order to:

14 (1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or
15 welfare;

16 (2) Prevent a loss of commission or compact state funds;

17 (3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an
18 administrative rule that is established by federal law
19 or rule; or

20 (4) Protect public health and safety.



(m) The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing, and delivered to the chair of the commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision shall take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision shall not take effect without the approval of the commission.

ARTICLE XII

OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND ENFORCEMENT

(a) Oversight:

(1) The executive, legislative and judicial branches of state government in each compact state shall enforce this compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and



1 intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules
2 promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory
3 law;

4 (2) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact
5 and the rules in any judicial or administrative
6 proceeding in a compact state pertaining to the
7 subject matter of this compact that may affect the
8 powers, responsibilities, or actions of the
9 commission; and

10 (3) The commission shall be entitled to receive service of
11 process in any such proceeding, and shall have
12 standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all
13 purposes. Failure to provide service of process to
14 the commission shall render a judgment or order void
15 as to the commission, this compact, or promulgated
16 rules.

17 (b) Default, technical assistance, and termination:

18 (1) If the commission determines that a compact state has
19 defaulted in the performance of its obligations or
20 responsibilities under this compact or the promulgated
21 rules, the commission shall:



1 (A) Provide written notice to the defaulting state
2 and other compact states of the nature of the
3 default, the proposed means of remedying the
4 default, and/or any other action to be taken by
5 the commission; and

6 (B) Provide remedial training and specific technical
7 assistance regarding the default;

8 (2) If a state in default fails to remedy the default, the
9 defaulting state may be terminated from the compact
10 upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the compact
11 states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits
12 conferred by this compact shall be terminated on the
13 effective date of termination. A remedy of the
14 default does not relieve the offending state of
15 obligations or liabilities incurred during the period
16 of default;

17 (3) Termination of membership in the compact shall be
18 imposed only after all other means of securing
19 compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to
20 suspend or terminate shall be submitted by the
21 commission to the Governor, the majority and minority



1 leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and
2 each of the compact states;

3 (4) A compact state that has been terminated is
4 responsible for all assessments, obligations, and
5 liabilities incurred through the effective date of
6 termination, including obligations that extend beyond
7 the effective date of termination.

8 (5) The commission shall not bear any costs incurred by
9 the state that is found to be in default or that has
10 been terminated from the compact, unless agreed upon
11 in writing between the commission and the defaulting
12 state; and

13 (6) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the
14 commission by petitioning the United States District
15 Court for the state of Georgia or the federal district
16 where the compact has its principal offices. The
17 prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such
18 litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

19 (c) Dispute resolution:

20 (1) Upon request by a compact state, the commission shall
21 attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact



1 which arise among compact states and between compact
2 and non-compact states; and

3 (2) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for
4 both mediation and binding dispute resolution for
5 disputes that arise before the commission.

6 (d) Enforcement:

7 (1) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
8 discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of
9 this compact;

10 (2) By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal
11 action in the United States District Court for the
12 State of Georgia or the federal district where the
13 compact has its principal offices against a compact
14 state in default to enforce compliance with the
15 provisions of the compact and its promulgated rules
16 and bylaws. The relief sought may include both
17 injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial
18 enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall
19 be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
20 reasonable attorney's fees; and



1 (3) The remedies in this subsection shall not be the
2 exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission
3 may pursue any other remedies available under federal
4 or state law.

5 **ARTICLE XIII**

6 **DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL**
7 **COMPACT COMMISSION AND ASSOCIATED RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND**
8 **AMENDMENTS**

9 (a) The compact shall come into effect on the date on
10 which the compact is enacted into law in the seventh compact
11 state. The provisions that become effective at that time shall
12 be limited to the powers granted to the commission relating to
13 assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the
14 commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers necessary
15 to the implementation and administration of the compact.

16 (b) Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the
17 commission's initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to
18 the rules as they exist on the date on which the compact becomes
19 law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by
20 the commission shall have the full force and effect of law on
21 the day the compact becomes law in that state.



1 (c) Any compact state may withdraw from this compact by
2 enacting a statute repealing the same; provided that:

3 (1) A compact state's withdrawal shall not take effect
4 until six months after enactment of the repealing
5 statute; and

6 (2) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement
7 of the withdrawing State's psychology regulatory
8 authority to comply with the investigative and adverse
9 action reporting requirements of this Act prior to the
10 effective date of withdrawal.

11 (d) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed
12 to invalidate or prevent any psychology licensure agreement or
13 other cooperative arrangement between a compact state and a Non-
14 compact state that does not conflict with the provisions of this
15 compact.

16 (e) This compact may be amended by the compact states. No
17 amendment to this compact shall become effective and binding
18 upon any compact state until it is enacted into the law of all
19 compact states.

20 **ARTICLE XIV**

21 **CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY**



1 This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate
2 the purposes thereof. If this compact shall be held contrary to
3 the constitution of any state member thereto, the compact shall
4 remain in full force and effect as to the remaining compact
5 states.

6 § -3. **Rules.** The department of commerce and consumer
7 affairs shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 for the
8 purposes of implementing and administering this chapter."

9 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.



Report Title:

DCCA; Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact (PSYPACT);
Adoption; Rules

Description:

Adopts the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact to regulate the practice of telepsychology and temporary in-person, face-to-face practice of psychology by psychologists across state boundaries in the performance of their psychological practice. Requires the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs to adopt rules to implement and administer the compact. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

