## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SENTENCING OF MINOR DEFENDANTS.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that children are
- 2 different from adults and that these differences must be taken
- 3 into account when children are being sentenced for adult crimes.
- 4 As stated by the United States Supreme Court in Miller v.
- 5 Alabama, 567 U.S. 460 (2012), "only a relatively small
- 6 proportion of adolescents" who engage in illegal activity
- 7 "develop entrenched patterns of problem behavior", and
- 8 "developments in psychology and brain science continue to show
- 9 fundamental differences between juvenile and adult minds",
- 10 including "parts of the brain involved in behavior control".
- 11 Children are more vulnerable to negative influences and outside
- 12 pressures, including from their family and peers, and they have
- 13 limited control over their own environment and lack the ability
- 14 to extricate themselves from horrific, crime-producing settings.
- 15 The United States Supreme Court has also emphasized that "the
- 16 distinctive attributes of youth diminish the penological
- 17 justifications of imposing the harshest sentences on juvenile



- 1 offenders, even when they commit terrible crimes". The
- 2 legislature further acknowledges recent research demonstrating
- 3 high rates of adverse childhood experiences and childhood trauma
- 4 among children tried as adults. Specifically, children tried as
- 5 adults have often been victims of physical, emotional, and
- 6 sexual abuse, and come from broken homes where domestic
- 7 violence, substance abuse, mental illness, and incarceration are
- 8 common.
- 9 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to allow courts to
- 10 depart from mandatory minimum and sentencing enhancements when
- 11 sentencing minor defendants if the court believes the reduction
- 12 is warranted given certain factors.
- SECTION 2. Chapter 706, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 14 amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
- 15 designated and to read as follows:
- 16 "§706- Discretion when sentencing a defendant for an
- 17 offense committed while a minor. (1) If a person is convicted
- 18 as an adult for an offense that the person committed when the
- 19 person was a minor, in addition to any other factor that the
- 20 court is required to consider before sentencing the person, the
- 21 court shall consider the following factors:

1	<u>(a)</u>	The person's exposure to an adverse childhood
2		experience or early childhood trauma, including
3		involvement in the child welfare or foster care
4		systems;
5	(b)	The person's status as a victim of human trafficking
6		or abuse at the time of the offense;
7	<u>(c)</u>	The differences between minor and adult offenders,
8		including but not limited to the diminished
9		culpability of minors as compared to that of adults
10		and the typical characteristics of youth;
11	<u>(d)</u>	The level of participation in the offense and the
12		impact of peer or familial pressure;
13	<u>(e)</u>	The person's intellectual capacity and any underlying
14		mental health conditions; and
15	<u>(f)</u>	Any other factors the court deems relevant.
16	(2)	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, after
17	consideri	ng the factors set forth in subsection (1), the court
18	may, in i	ts discretion, reduce any mandatory minimum period of
19	incarcera	tion or depart from any mandatory sentencing
20	enhanceme	nt that the person is required to serve if the court
21	determines that the reduction or departure is warranted given	

- 1 the person's age, trauma history, and prospects for
- 2 rehabilitation.
- 3 (3) For the purposes of this section, "minor" means any
- 4 person under the age of eighteen years."
- 5 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
- 6 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

## Report Title:

Minor Defendants; Criminal Law; Sentencing

## Description:

Requires courts to consider certain factors when sentencing a person convicted as an adult for an offense that the person committed when the person was a minor. Allows courts to reduce a mandatory minimum period of incarceration or depart from a mandatory sentencing enhancement if the court determines that the reduction or departure is warranted given certain factors. (HD1)

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