A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the emergence of
- 2 COVID-19 and its variants created a great challenge to global
- 3 health, the economy, and Hawaii's way of life. The governor and
- 4 county mayors had to exercise their emergency powers under
- 5 chapter 127A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to impose rules aimed to
- 6 control the spread of COVID-19. The enforcement of those rules
- 7 was critical to efforts to limit the spread of COVID-19, protect
- 8 the health and safety of the community, manage medical
- 9 resources, and promote economic recovery. The COVID-19 pandemic
- 10 highlights the importance of clear legal frameworks for state
- 11 and county emergency management to ensure that the State and
- 12 counties are ready for any type of emergency.
- 13 The legislature further finds that chapter 127A, Hawaii
- 14 Revised Statutes, should clearly specify and articulate the
- 15 bases for emergency actions. To that end, this Act amends
- 16 chapter 127A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to require specificity
- 17 when suspending provisions of law during an emergency; clarify



- 1 when and how Hawaii's emergency management system involves
- 2 coordination between state and county emergency management
- 3 functions; and clarify the legal framework governing the
- 4 extension and termination of states of emergency.
- 5 The purpose of this Act is to clarify state and county
- 6 emergency management authority, ensure effective and adaptable
- 7 emergency responses, and further the goals of transparency and
- 8 democratic accountability within the State's constitutional
- 9 system.
- 10 SECTION 2. Chapter 127A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
- 12 and to read as follows:
- 13 "§127A- Suspension of certain record requests;
- 14 prohibited. (a) The governor or mayor shall not, through any
- 15 proclamation or declaration of emergency or any rule or order
- 16 adopted pursuant to this chapter, suspend access to:
- 17 (1) Records pursuant to chapter 92F; or
- 18 (2) Vital records or statistics pursuant to section
- **19** 338–18.
- 20 (b) Due to extenuating circumstances, there may be a
- 21 reasonable delay in an agency's response to a request; provided

- 1 that an agency shall not reject a request at any time,
- 2 regardless of whether an emergency has been declared."
- 3 SECTION 3. Section 127A-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
- 5 and to read as follows:
- 6 ""Severe weather warning" means the issuance by the
- 7 National Weather Service, Pacific Tsunami Warning Center, United
- 8 States Geological Survey, or other public authority of a public
- 9 notification that a dangerous condition exists that could affect
- 10 the State, or any portion of it, within a specified period of
- 11 time. "Severe weather warning" includes but is not limited to
- 12 warnings of coastal inundation, high surf, flash flooding,
- 13 volcanic activity, tsunami, or hurricane."
- 14 SECTION 4. Section 127A-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "\$127A-13 Additional powers in an emergency period. (a)
- 17 In the event of a state of emergency declared by the governor
- 18 pursuant to section 127A-14, the governor may exercise the
- 19 following additional powers pertaining to emergency management
- 20 during the emergency period:

1	(1)	Provide for and require the quarantine or segregation
2		of persons who are affected with or believed to have
3		been exposed to any infectious, communicable, or other
4		disease that is, in the governor's opinion, dangerous
5		to the public health and safety, or persons who are
6		the source of other contamination, in any case where,
7		in the governor's opinion, the existing laws are not
8		adequate to assure the public health and safety;
9		provide for the care and treatment of the persons;
10		supplement the provisions of sections 325-32 to 325-38
11		concerning compulsory immunization programs; provide
12		for the isolation or closing of property that is a
13		source of contamination or is in a dangerous condition
14		in any case where, in the governor's opinion, the
15		existing laws are not adequate to assure the public
16		health and safety, and designate as public nuisances
17		acts, practices, conduct, or conditions that are
18		dangerous to the public health or safety or to
19		property; authorize that public nuisances be summarily
20		abated and, if need be, that the property be destroyed
21		by any police officer or authorized person, or provide

1		for the cleansing or repair of property, and if the
2		cleansing or repair is to be at the expense of the
3		owner, the procedure therefor shall follow as nearly
4		as may be the provisions of section 322-2, which shall
5		be applicable; and further, authorize without the
6		permission of the owners or occupants, entry on
7		private premises for any of these purposes;
8	(2)	Relieve hardships and inequities, or obstructions to
9		the public health, safety, or welfare, found by the
10		governor to exist in the laws and to result from the
11		operation of federal programs or measures taken under
12		this chapter, by suspending the laws, in whole or in
13		part, or by alleviating [the provisions of laws on],
14		subject to terms and conditions [as] that the governor
15		may [impose, specify, the provisions of laws,
16		including licensing laws, quarantine laws, and laws
17		relating to labels, grades, and standards;
18	(3)	[Suspend] Except as provided in section 127A- ,
19		suspend any law that impedes or tends to impede or be
20		detrimental to the expeditious and efficient execution

of, or to conflict with, emergency functions,

21

1		including laws that by this chapter specifically are						
2		made applicable to emergency personnel; provided that						
3		any suspension of law shall be no broader and last no						
4		longer than the governor deems necessary for the						
5	execution of emergency management functions, and a							
6		suspension of law shall identify the section of law						
7		suspended and, for each section, shall both specify						
8		the emergency management functions facilitated and						
9		justify the suspension based on protecting the public						
10		health, safety, and welfare; provided further that any						
11		suspension of any law that requires permits,						
12		authorizations, or approvals from any state or county						
13		agency may continue beyond the emergency period to						
14		allow for the completion of any repairs,						
15		reconstruction, rebuilding, or construction of any						
16		state or county infrastructure, facilities, or						
17		properties that would otherwise be delayed by any						
18		permit, authorization, or approval;						
19	(4)	Suspend the provisions of any regulatory law						
20		prescribing the procedures for out-of-state utilities						
21		to conduct business in the State including any						

1		incensing laws applicable to out-of-state utilities of							
2		their respective employees, as well as any order $[au]$ or							
3		rule[, or regulation] of any state agency, if strict							
4		compliance with the provisions of any law, order[$ au$] or							
5		rule[, or regulation] would in any way prevent,							
6		hinder, or delay necessary action of a state utility							
7		in coping with the emergency or disaster with							
8		assistance that may be provided under a mutual							
9		assistance agreement;							
10	(5)	In the event of \underline{a} disaster or emergency beyond local							
11		control, $[\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}]$ an event that in the opinion of the							
12		governor[, renders] makes state operational control or							
13		<pre>coordination necessary, or upon request of the local</pre>							
14		entity, assume direct operational control over all or							
15		any part of the emergency management functions within							
16		the affected area;							
17	(6)	Shut off water mains, gas mains, or electric power							
18		connections, or suspend other services;							
19	(7)	Direct and control the mandatory evacuation of the							
20		civilian population;							

S.B. NO. 353 S.D. 2 H.D. 3

1	(8)	Exercise additional emergency functions to the extent
2		necessary to prevent hoarding, waste, or destruction
3		of materials, supplies, commodities, accommodations,
4		facilities, and services, to effectuate equitable
5		distribution thereof, or to establish priorities
6		therein as the public welfare may require; to
7		investigate; and notwithstanding any other law to the
8		contrary, to regulate or prohibit, by means of
9		licensing, rationing, or otherwise, the storage,
10		transportation, use, possession, maintenance,
11		furnishing, sale, or distribution thereof, and any
12		business or any transaction related thereto;
13	(9)	Suspend section 8-1, relating to state holidays,
14		except the last paragraph relating to holidays
15		declared by the president, which shall remain
16		unaffected, and in the event of the suspension, the
17		governor may establish state holidays by proclamation;
18	(10)	Adjust the hours for voting to take into consideration
19		the working hours of the voters during the emergency
20		period, and suspend those provisions of section 11-131
21		that fix the hours for voting, and fix other hours by

1

16

17

18

19

20

21

2		notice, as the case may be;
3	(11)	Assure the continuity of service by critical
4		infrastructure facilities, both publicly and privately
5		owned, by regulating or, if necessary to the
6		continuation of the service thereof, by taking over
7		and operating the same; and
8	(12)	Except as provided in section 134-7.2, whenever in the
9		governor's opinion, the laws of the State do not
10		adequately provide for the common defense, public
11		health, safety, and welfare, investigate, regulate, or
12		prohibit the storage, transportation, use, possession,
13		maintenance, furnishing, sale, or distribution of, as
14		well as any transaction related to, explosives,
15		firearms, and ammunition, inflammable materials and

other objects, implements, substances, businesses, or

services of a hazardous or dangerous character, or

tending to obstruct law enforcement, emergency

management, or military operations, including

intoxicating liquor and the liquor business; and

particularly capable of misuse, or obstructive of or

stating the same in the election proclamation or

2025-3112 SB353 HD3 HMSO

1	authorize the seizure and forfeiture of any objects,
2	implements, or substances unlawfully possessed, as
3	provided in this chapter.

- 4 (b) In the event of a local state of emergency declared by
 5 the mayor pursuant to section 127A-14, the mayor may exercise
 6 the following additional powers pertaining to emergency
 7 management during the emergency period:
- 8 Relieve hardships and inequities, or obstructions to (1)9 the public health, safety, or welfare, found by the mayor to exist in the laws of the county and to result 10 11 from the operation of federal programs or measures 12 taken under this chapter, by suspending the county 13 laws, in whole or in part, or by alleviating [the 14 provisions of county laws on], subject to terms and 15 conditions [as] that the mayor may [impose,] specify, 16 the provisions of county laws, including county 17 licensing laws [7] and county laws relating to labels, 18 grades, and standards;
 - (2) [Suspend] Except as provided in section 127A- ,

 suspend any county law that impedes or tends to impede
 or be detrimental to the expeditious and efficient

19

20

21

1		execution of, or to conflict with, emergency
2		functions, including laws that by this chapter
3		specifically are made applicable to emergency
4		personnel; provided that any suspension of law shall
5		be no broader and last no longer than the mayor deems
6		necessary for the execution of emergency management
7		functions, and any suspension of law shall identify
8		the section of law suspended and, for each section,
9		shall both specify the emergency management functions
10		facilitated and justify the suspension based on
11		protecting the public health, safety, and welfare;
12		provided further that any suspension of any law that
13		requires permits, authorizations, or approvals from
14		any state or county agency may continue beyond the
15		emergency period to allow for the completion of any
16		repairs, reconstruction, rebuilding, or construction
17		of any state or county infrastructure, facilities, or
18		properties that would otherwise be delayed by any
19		permit, authorization, or approval;
20	(3)	Shut off water mains, gas mains, or electric power
21		connections, or suspend other services;

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	(4)	Direct	and	control	the	mandatory	evacuation	of	the
2		civilia	an po	pulation	ı; ar	nd			

- Exercise additional emergency functions, to the extent 3 (5) 4 necessary to prevent hoarding, waste, or destruction of materials, supplies, commodities, accommodations, 5 facilities, and services, to effectuate equitable 6 distribution thereof, or to establish priorities 7 8 therein as the public welfare may require; to 9 investigate; and any other county law to the contrary notwithstanding, to regulate or prohibit, by means of 10 licensing, rationing, or otherwise, the storage, 11 12 transportation, use, possession, maintenance, 13 furnishing, sale, or distribution thereof, and any 14 business or any transaction related thereto." SECTION 5. Section 127A-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15
 - "\$127A-14 State of emergency. (a) The governor may declare the existence of a state of emergency in the State by proclamation if the governor finds that an emergency or a disaster has occurred or that there is imminent danger or threat of an emergency or a disaster in any portion of the State.

amended to read as follows:

- ${f 1}$ (b) A mayor may declare the existence of a local state of
- 2 emergency in the county by proclamation if the mayor finds that
- 3 an emergency or a disaster has occurred or that there is
- 4 imminent danger or threat of an emergency or a disaster in any
- 5 portion of the county.
- 6 (c) [The] Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f),
- 7 the governor or mayor shall be the sole judge of the existence
- 8 of the danger, threat, or circumstances giving rise to a
- 9 declaration, an extension, or a termination of a state of
- 10 emergency in the State or a local state of emergency in the
- 11 county, as applicable. This section shall not limit the power
- 12 and authority of the governor under section 127A-13(a)(5).
- (d) A state of emergency and a local state of emergency
- 14 shall terminate automatically sixty days after the issuance of a
- 15 proclamation of a state of emergency or local state of
- 16 emergency, respectively, unless extended or terminated by a
- 17 separate or supplementary proclamation of the governor or mayor.
- 18 The governor or mayor shall proclaim the termination of a state
- 19 of emergency or local state of emergency, respectively, at the
- 20 earliest possible date that conditions warrant.

S.B. NO. 353 S.D. 2 H.D. 3

1 Thirty days after the issuance of a proclamation of a (e) 2 state of emergency declared by the governor pursuant to this 3 section, the legislature may, by an affirmative vote of two-4 thirds of the members to which each house is entitled, terminate 5 a state of emergency, in part or in whole. 6 (f) Thirty days after the issuance of a proclamation of a 7 state of emergency declared by a mayor pursuant to this section, the respective county council may, by an affirmative vote of 8 9 two-thirds of the members to which the council is entitled, terminate a local state of emergency, in part or in whole." 10 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 11 **12** and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000. 13

Report Title:

Emergency Management; State of Emergency

Description:

Amends emergency management laws to clarify state and county authority. Prohibits the Governor or Mayor from suspending requests for records or vital records and statistics during a state of emergency. Adds definition of the term "severe weather warning". Allows the Legislature and county councils to terminate a state of emergency after thirty days, in whole or in part, issued by the Governor or Mayor, respectively. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD3)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.