THE SENATE THIRTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE, 2025 STATE OF HAWAII **S.B. NO.** ³³⁰ ^{S.D. 1} ^{H.D. 1}

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INVASIVE SPECIES PREVENTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 The legislature finds that diversifying and SECTION 1. 2 strengthening the State's agricultural sector is a high 3 priority. Citrus, including oranges, limes, tangelos, and 4 grapefruit, is increasingly being planted in the State, 5 particularly on Maui. According to the United States Department 6 of Agriculture (USDA) National Agricultural Statistics Service, 7 the production of citrus crops in the State increased from 347,610 pounds in 2018 to 940,770 pounds in 2021. 8 The 9 legislature wants to protect and promote citrus crops as 10 production continues to increase and as pest and disease 11 pressure in major citrus-producing states hamper production.

12 The legislature further finds that the federal and state 13 governments must work cooperatively to prevent the spread of 14 pests and diseases that impact crops, including citrus. When a 15 pest or disease of high concern is discovered infesting a crop 16 or is being moved with a particular commodity, the USDA may 17 establish a quarantine on that infested crop or commodity to





S.B. NO. ³³⁰ S.D. 1 H.D. 1

prevent the movement of invasive pests or diseases from an
 infested area to a non-infested area.

3 The legislature also finds that citrus crops around the 4 world are threatened by serious diseases and pests, including 5 huanglongbing (citrus greening), citrus canker, citrus black 6 spot, and many species of fruit flies. Citrus greening is the most serious citrus disease as there is no cure, the fruit of 7 8 infected trees never mature, and infected trees die within a few 9 vears. The disease has devastated millions of acres of citrus 10 crops around the world. In the United States, it is currently 11 found in Alabama, California, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, 12 Puerto Rico, South Carolina, Texas, and the United States Virgin 13 Islands. Hawaii is one of the very few citrus-producing states 14 that remains free of citrus greening.

15 The legislature additionally finds that the USDA 16 establishes and updates areas and items that are quarantined and 17 not allowed to be moved interstate to prevent the spread of 18 diseases and pests, including those affecting citrus.

19 The legislature further finds that the Hawaii department of 20 agriculture restricts the importation of many citrus species 21 from Puerto Rico and parts of south Florida to protect against



Page 3

S.B. NO. ³³⁰ ^{S.D. 1} ^{H.D. 1}

Caribbean fruit flies. However, these restrictions were last
 updated in 1981 and are not sufficient to protect citrus crops
 in the State today.

4 The legislature also finds that federal USDA inspectors do 5 not inspect items coming into Hawaii from other states, and when 6 commodities from quarantined areas arrive in the State, the 7 department of agriculture does not have the legal authority to 8 enforce federal quarantines. Therefore, while the USDA 9 quarantines are established to protect the State from 10 potentially devastating invasive pests and diseases, there is no 11 mechanism to enforce them in the State.

12 The legislature finds that authorizing inspectors of the 13 department of agriculture to enforce federal pest and disease 14 quarantines will close this gap in the State's biosecurity.

15 Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to authorize the 16 department of agriculture to enforce federal quarantines to 17 prevent the introduction of invasive pests and diseases into the 18 State.

19 SECTION 2. Chapter 150A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
21 and to read as follows:



S.B. NO. ³³⁰ ^{S.D. 1} ^{H.D. 1}

1	" <u>§15(</u>	OA- Federal and state quarantines; enforcement;	
2	<u>cooperativ</u>	ve agreements. (a) The department may enter into	
3	<u>cooperativ</u>	ve agreements with the United States Department of	
4	Agriculture and other federal, state, or county agencies to		
5	assist in the enforcement of federal quarantines. The		
6	department may establish a quarantine and adopt rules against a		
7	pest not o	covered by federal regulations or orders. The	
8	department	may seize, destroy, or require treatment of articles	
9	moved from	a federally regulated area if the articles were not	
10	moved in a	accordance with the federal quarantine rules or, if	
11	certified,	the articles were found to be infested with the pest.	
12	(b)	Interstate shipments for entry into the State of	
13	<u>Hawaii sha</u>	all be subject to the following:	
14	(1)	A regulated or restricted article shall not enter the	
15		State of Hawaii if it is prohibited from interstate	
16		movement pursuant to a federal quarantine; or	
17	(2)	The owner or carrier of regulated or restricted	
18		articles that are reportedly originating in	
19		nonregulated areas of a quarantined state shall	
20		provide proof of origin of the regulated or restricted	

2025-2792 SB330 HD1 HMS0

S.B. NO. ³³⁰ S.D. 1 H.D. 1

1	articles through a certificate of origin or		
2	phytosanitary certificate.		
3	(c) As used in this section:		
4	"Federal quarantine" or "quarantined state" means any		
5	state, as defined in this subsection, or any portion thereof,		
6	designated as a quarantined area in accordance with any federal		
7	regulation or order of the Secretary of the United States		
8	Department of Agriculture or the Administrator of the Animal and		
9	Plant Health Inspection Service.		
10	"Regulated or restricted article" means any article		
11	identified as a regulated article by the Secretary of the United		
12	States Department of Agriculture or the Administrator of the		
13	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.		
14	"State" means any of the several states of the United		
15	States, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the		
16	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, Guam, the		
17	Virgin Islands of the United States, or any other territory or		
18	possession of the United States."		
19	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that		
20	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were		
21	begun before its effective date.		



1 SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.

2 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.





Report Title:

DOA; USDA; Invasive Species Prevention; Federal Quarantines; Enforcement

Description: Authorizes the Department of Agriculture to enforce federal quarantines. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

