A BILL FOR AN ACT

PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE VI, SECTION 3, OF THE HAWAII STATE CONSTITUTION TO INCREASE THE MANDATORY RETIREMENT AGE FOR STATE JUSTICES AND JUDGES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to propose an 1
- amendment to article VI, section 3, of the Hawaii State 2
- Constitution to increase the mandatory retirement age for 3
- justices and judges to the age of seventy-five years. 4
- SECTION 2. Article 6, section 3, of the Constitution of 5
- the State of Hawaii is amended to read as follows: 6

"APPOINTMENT OF JUSTICES AND JUDGES 7

- Section 3. The governor, with the consent of the senate, 8
- shall fill a vacancy in the office of the chief justice, supreme 9
- court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts by 10
- appointing a person from a list of not less than four, and not 11
- 12 more than six nominees for the vacancy presented to the governor
- by the judicial selection commission. 13
- If the governor fails to make any appointment within thirty 14
- days of presentation, or within ten days of the senate's 15
- rejection of any previous appointment, the appointment shall be 16



- 1 made by the judicial selection commission from the list with the
- 2 consent of the senate. If the senate fails to reject any
- 3 appointment within thirty days thereof, the senate shall be
- 4 deemed to have consented to that appointment. If the senate
- 5 rejects any appointment, the governor shall make another
- 6 appointment from the list within ten days thereof. The same
- 7 appointment and consent procedure shall be followed until a
- 8 valid appointment has been made, or failing this, the judicial
- 9 selection commission shall make the appointment from the list,
- 10 without senate consent.
- 11 The chief justice, with the consent of the senate, shall
- 12 fill a vacancy in the district courts by appointing a person
- 13 from a list of not less than four and not more than six nominees
- 14 for the vacancy presented to the chief justice by the judicial
- 15 selection commission. If the chief justice fails to make any
- 16 appointment within thirty days of presentation, or within ten
- 17 days of the senate's rejection of any previous appointment, the
- 18 appointment shall be made by the judicial selection commission
- 19 from the list with the consent of the senate. If the senate
- 20 fails to reject any appointment within thirty days thereof, the
- 21 senate shall be deemed to have consented to that appointment.

S.B. NO. 5.D. 1

- 1 If the senate rejects any appointment, the chief justice shall
- 2 make another appointment from the list within ten days thereof.
- 3 The same appointment and consent procedure shall be followed
- 4 until a valid appointment has been made, or failing this, the
- 5 judicial selection commission shall make the appointment from
- 6 the list, without senate consent. The chief justice shall
- 7 appoint per diem district court judges as provided by law.
- 8 The judicial selection commission shall disclose to the
- 9 public the list of nominees for each vacancy concurrently with
- 10 the presentation of each list to the governor or the chief
- 11 justice, as applicable.

12 QUALIFICATIONS FOR APPOINTMENT

- Justices and judges shall be residents and citizens of the
- 14 State and of the United States, and licensed to practice law by
- 15 the supreme court. A justice of the supreme court, judge of the
- 16 intermediate appellate court and judge of the circuit court
- 17 shall have been so licensed for a period of not less than ten
- 18 years preceding nomination. A judge of the district court shall
- 19 have been so licensed for a period of not less than five years
- 20 preceding nomination.

1 No justice or judge shall, during the term of office, 2 engage in the practice of law, or run for or hold any other 3 office or position of profit under the United States, the State 4 or its political subdivisions. 5 TENURE: RETIREMENT The term of office of justices and judges of the supreme 6 7 court, intermediate appellate court and circuit courts shall be ten years. Judges of district courts shall hold office for the 8 9 periods as provided by law. At least six months before the 10 expiration of a justice's or judge's term of office, every justice and judge shall petition the judicial selection 11 commission to be retained in office or shall inform the 12 commission of an intention to retire. If the judicial selection 13 commission determines that the justice or judge should be 14 retained in office, the commission shall renew the term of 15 office of the justice or judge for the period provided by this 16 17 section or by law. 18 Justices and judges shall be retired upon attaining the age of [seventy] seventy-five years. They shall be included in any 19

retirement law of the State."

20

- 1 SECTION 3. The question to be printed on the ballot shall
- 2 be as follows:
- 3 "Shall the mandatory retirement age for all state court
- 4 justices and judges be increased from seventy to
- 5 seventy-five years of age?"
- 6 SECTION 4. Constitutional material to be repealed is
- 7 bracketed and stricken. New constitutional material is
- 8 underscored.
- 9 SECTION 5. This amendment shall take effect upon
- 10 compliance with article XVII, section 3, of the Constitution of
- 11 the State of Hawaii.

Report Title:

Constitutional Amendment; Judges; Mandatory Retirement Age

Description:

Proposes a constitutional amendment to increase the mandatory retirement age for justices and judges from seventy to seventy-five years of age. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.