A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO WATER RESOURCES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that protection of the
- 2 environment and underground sources of drinking water is in the
- 3 best interest of public health and safety and a requirement
- 4 defined under section 7 of article XI of the Hawaii State
- 5 Constitution.
- 6 The Red Hill bulk fuel storage facility is a
- 7 field-constructed underground storage tank system on Oahu that
- 8 is owned and operated by the United States Department of the
- 9 Navy. The facility consists of twenty systems that sit
- 10 approximately one hundred feet above Oahu's sole-source
- 11 groundwater aguifer, with the southern Oahu basal aguifer as the
- 12 principal source of drinking water for the island.
- 13 Twenty systems, as well as pipelines and other
- 14 infrastructure, were constructed during the early 1940s and,
- 15 since then, multiple contaminant releases have occurred,
- 16 negatively impacting the environment and threatening public
- 17 health. The nature and extent of the reported release in

- 1 January 2014 of approximately twenty-seven thousand gallons of
- 2 fuel from one of the tanks into the rocks and groundwater
- 3 beneath the facility is still unknown. The May 2021 department
- 4 of health hearings officer's decision found that approximately
- 5 one thousand six hundred gallons of jet fuel from the supply
- 6 piping was released into the environment. According to the
- 7 department of health's emergency order docket no. 22-UST-EA-01,
- 8 a release and recovery of approximately fourteen thousand
- 9 gallons of a fuel mixture occurred on November 20, 2021. The
- 10 fuel release flowed from the Red Hill facility to occupied
- 11 structures, including the homes of residents through the water
- 12 pipelines. The release resulted in a humanitarian and
- environmental emergency and disaster.
- It is estimated that up to 1,500,000 gallons of fuel has
- 15 been released from the facility during its eighty years of
- 16 operation. The underground storage tanks have been gravity
- 17 defueled and are planned for closure, but remnant fuel and
- 18 sludge remain. Contaminants from the facility can migrate to
- 19 the west and northwest directions, reaching various well sources
- 20 managed by the Honolulu board of water supply and landmarks.

1 Furthermore, the department of health's analysis on the 2 amount of fuel contaminants at different points in time and 3 different locations showed movement of the fuel through a total petroleum hydrocarbon. The total petroleum hydrocarbon in the 4 5 Red Hill monitoring wells exceed existing environmental action 6 limits set by the department of health for gross contamination 7 and drinking water toxicity. 8 According to the November 8, 2024, Management Advisory: 9 Concerns with the Navy's Handling of Incidents Involving Aqueous 10 Film-Forming Foam at Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam Office 11 Report No. DODIG-2025-013, one thousand three hundred gallons of 12 aqueous film-forming foam concentrate that contains per- and 13 polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) spilled from the facility on 14 November 29, 2022. The persistence of PFAS in the environment 15 poses serious risks to the groundwater resources in Oahu and 16 undesirable health effects. 17 The legislature finds that more information is needed to 18 inform and protect the people of Hawaii. Additional wells that 19 monitor the condition of the aquifer and alert the presence of 20 an underground fuel plume and other contaminants from the Red 21 Hill facility must be installed. Also, the furtherance of a

- 1 sentinel monitoring grid between the facility and water
- 2 production wells, consisting of up to one hundred twenty-two
- 3 monitoring wells over sixty-one sites, is critical to assess
- 4 immediate and future risks and to inform trend and directional
- 5 analyses necessary for remediation planning. Past fuel releases
- 6 from the Red Hill facility could migrate to and impact critical
- 7 drinking water receptors. Without the data derived from the
- 8 sentinel monitoring grid, there can be no reliable predictions
- 9 of where contamination may migrate in the subsurface.
- 10 The purpose of this Act is to authorize the issuance of
- 11 general obligation bonds for the Honolulu board of water supply
- 12 to install up to six monitoring wells, including a sentinel
- 13 monitoring grid, for the purpose of collecting important data to
- 14 understand the condition of the groundwater aguifer underneath
- 15 and surrounding the Red Hill facility and its implications and
- 16 affect on the drinking water supply of Oahu.
- 17 SECTION 2. The director of finance is authorized to issue
- 18 general obligation bonds in the sum of \$20,000,000 or so much
- 19 thereof as may be necessary and the same sum or so much thereof
- 20 as may be necessary is appropriated for fiscal year 2025-2026
- 21 for the purpose of a capital improvement project to plan,

- 1 design, and construct up to six groundwater aquifer monitoring
- 2 wells, including the establishment of a sentinel monitoring
- 3 grid.
- 4 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the board of
- 5 water supply of the city and county of Honolulu for the purposes
- 6 of this Act.
- 7 SECTION 3. The appropriation made for the capital
- 8 improvement project authorized by this Act shall not lapse at
- 9 the end of the fiscal biennium for which the appropriation is
- 10 made; provided that all moneys from the appropriation
- 11 unencumbered as of June 30, 2028, shall lapse as of that date.
- 12 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on May 13, 2040.

Report Title:

Department of Budget and Finance; Water Resources; Monitoring Wells; Honolulu BWS; GO Bonds; Appropriation

Description:

Authorizes the issuance of general obligation bonds to the City and County of Honolulu for the planning, design, and construction of up to six monitoring wells, including a sentinel monitoring grid. Effective 5/13/2040. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.