A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CIVIL RIGHTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the information age
- 2 is changing how providers of public accommodations communicate
- 3 with customers and the public, including the use of technologies
- 4 such as websites and applications on smartphones and other
- 5 mobile devices to take reservations, view menus, place orders,
- 6 make sales, and provide product information.
- 7 The legislature further finds that ready access to and use
- 8 of information and communication technology is essential for all
- 9 citizens to have equal access to and full enjoyment of the
- 10 goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, and
- 11 accommodations of a place of public accommodation. However,
- 12 websites and applications used by public accommodation providers
- 13 are too often not accessible to and usable by persons with
- 14 disabilities, denying them full and equal access.
- 15 The legislature additionally finds that existing state and
- 16 federal laws that prohibit discrimination in public
- 17 accommodations based on disability should better assist



- 1 providers of public accommodations and persons with disabilities
- 2 by affirming and clarifying requirements for electronic access.
- 3 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to establish that
- 4 it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for public
- 5 accommodations to deny a person with a disability full and equal
- 6 enjoyment of information related to their services, facilities,
- 7 privileges, advantages, or accommodations using information and
- 8 communication technology intended for use by the general public
- 9 as applicants, participants, customers, clients, or visitors.
- 10 SECTION 2. Section 489-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended as follows:
- 1. By adding four new definitions to be appropriately
- 13 inserted and to read:
- ""Accessible" means the ability to receive, use, and
- 15 manipulate data and operate controls included in information and
- 16 communication technology in a manner equivalent to that of
- 17 individuals who do not have disabilities.
- 18 "Application" means software that is designed to run on a
- 19 device, including a smartphone, tablet, self-service kiosk,
- 20 wearable technology item, laptop or desktop computer, or another
- 21 device, and perform or help the user perform a specific task.



1 "Information and communication technology" means electronic information, software, systems, and equipment used in the 2 creation, manipulation, storage, display, or transmission of 3 4 data, including internet and intranet systems, websites and 5 interfaces, software applications, operating systems, video and 6 multimedia, telecommunications products, kiosks, information 7 transaction machines, copiers, printers, smartphones, tablets, 8 and desktop and portable computers. 9 "Website" means any collection of related web pages, 10 images, videos, or other digital assets placed in one or more 11 computer server-based file archives so that the collection can be accessed over the Internet or through a private computer 12 13 network." 14 2. By amending the definition of "place of public accommodation" to read: 15 16 ""Place of public accommodation" means a business, 17 accommodation, refreshment, entertainment, recreation, or 18 transportation facility of any kind whose goods, services, 19 facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations are extended, offered, sold, or otherwise made available to the 20 21 general public as customers, clients, or visitors[→], whether

- 1 the presence of the business, accommodation, refreshment,
- 2 entertainment, recreation, or transportation facility in the
- 3 State is physical or digital. By way of example, but not of
- 4 limitation, place of public accommodation includes facilities of
- 5 the following types:
- 6 (1) A facility providing services relating to travel or7 transportation;
- 8 (2) An inn, hotel, motel, or other establishment that
 9 provides lodging to transient guests;
- 10 (3) A restaurant, cafeteria, lunchroom, lunch counter,
 11 soda fountain, or other facility principally engaged
 12 in selling food for consumption on the premises of a
 13 retail establishment;
- 14 (4) A shopping center or any establishment that sells
 15 goods or services at retail;
- 16 (5) An establishment licensed under chapter 281 doing
 17 business under a class 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12
 18 license, as defined in section 281-31;
- 19 (6) A motion picture theater, other theater, auditorium,20 convention center, lecture hall, concert hall, sports

1		arena, stadium, or other place of exhibition or
2		entertainment;
3	(7)	A barber shop, beauty shop, bathhouse, swimming pool,
4		gymnasium, reducing or massage salon, or other
5		establishment conducted to serve the health,
6		appearance, or physical condition of persons;
7	(8)	A park, a campsite, or trailer facility, or other
8		recreation facility;
9	(9)	A comfort station; or a dispensary, clinic, hospital,
10		convalescent home, or other institution for the
11		infirm;
12	(10)	A professional office of a health care provider, as
13		defined in section 323D-2, or other similar service
14		establishment;
15	(11)	A mortuary or undertaking establishment; and
16	(12)	An establishment that is physically located within the
17		premises of an establishment otherwise covered by this
18		definition, or within the premises of which is
19		physically located a covered establishment, and which
20		holds itself out as serving patrons of the covered
21		establishment.

No place of public accommodation defined in this section 1 2 shall be requested to reconstruct any facility or part thereof 3 to comply with this chapter." 4 SECTION 3. Section 489-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows: 5 "§489-5 Other discriminatory practices. (a) It is a 6 7 discriminatory practice for two or more persons to conspire: 8 To retaliate or discriminate against a person because (1)9 the person has opposed an unfair discriminatory 10 practice; 11 (2) To aid, abet, incite, or coerce a person to engage in a discriminatory practice; or 12 13 (3) Wilfully, to obstruct, or prevent, a person from 14 complying with this chapter. 15 It is a discriminatory practice to deny a person the (b) 16 full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, 17 privileges, advantages, and accommodations of a place of public 18 accommodations because of the known disability of an individual 19 with whom the person is known to have a relationship or

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association.

1	(c)	It is a discriminatory practice to deny a person with	
2	a disabil	ity full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services,	
3	facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations, or		
4	information related to the goods, services, facilities,		
5	privileges, advantages, or accommodations using information and		
6	communication technology intended for use by the general public		
7	as applicants, participants, customers, clients, or visitors.		
8	Begi	nning July 1, 2026, a place of public accommodation	
9	shall:		
. 10	(1)	Ensure that information and communication technology	
11		used to communicate with applicants, participants,	
12		customers, and other members of the public is	
13		accessible for full and equal use by persons with	
14		disabilities; and	
15	(2)	Ensure that communications and interactions through	
16		information and communication technology with	
17		applicants, participants, customers, and other members	
18		of the public with disabilities are as effective as	
19		communications and interactions with individuals	
20		without disabilities.	

- 1 For the purposes of this subsection, a website that meets
- 2 or exceeds the World Wide Web Consortium Web Content
- 3 Accessibility Guidelines 2.1 Level AA (as the guideline may be
- 4 revised) shall be deemed accessible. A public accommodation
- 5 shall not be deemed to be in violation of this subsection if
- 6 compliance would impose an undue burden or fundamentally alter
- 7 the nature of the information and communication technology."
- 8 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 9 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 10 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on December 31,
- **11** 2050.

Report Title:

Discrimination in Public Accommodations; Persons with Disabilities; Discriminatory Practices; Places of Public Accommodation

Description:

Establishes that it is an unlawful discriminatory practice for places of public accommodation to deny a person with a disability full and equal enjoyment of information related to their services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations using information and communication technology intended for use by the general public as applicants, participants, customers, clients, or visitors. Establishes exceptions. Effective 12/31/2050. (SD1)

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