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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MENTAL HEALTH.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State's mental  
2 health laws provide the State with a variety of methods to help  
3 and support individuals suffering from mental illness or  
4 substance abuse. As the number of individuals in need of help  
5 increases, so has the need to enhance these laws in a manner  
6 that demystifies the complexities of existing procedures,  
7 clarifies the circumstances under which action can be taken, and  
8 bolsters available tools to best serve these individuals. Legal  
9 mechanisms, such as emergency procedures, involuntary  
10 hospitalization, assisted community treatment, and authorization  
11 for the administration of treatment, enables the State and  
12 mental health providers to provide compassionate assistance to  
13 individuals suffering from mental illness or substance abuse  
14 when they need it the most.

15       Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to clarify, update,  
16 and revise Hawaii's mental health laws by:



- 1           (1) Clarifying the procedures and expanding on the  
2           circumstances available from initial contact with an  
3           individual suffering from mental illness or substance  
4           abuse to emergency transportation, examination, and  
5           hospitalization of the individual;
- 6           (2) Establishing liability limits for state and local  
7           governments and health care professionals under  
8           certain circumstances arising from emergency  
9           procedures;
- 10          (3) Expanding the notice requirements when an emergency  
11          hospitalization occurs to include an individual's  
12          health care surrogate, as well as clarifying when the  
13          individual can waive notice to the individual's family  
14          members;
- 15          (4) Removing the authority of the family court to appoint  
16          a legal guardian or conservator in a proceeding for  
17          involuntary hospitalization, thereby leaving  
18          appointments for legal guardians or conservators  
19          subject to the requirements of chapter 560, article V,  
20          Hawaii Revised Statutes;



- 1 (5) Removing the requirement that psychiatric facilities  
2 wait for responses from interested parties to a notice  
3 of intent to discharge a patient under involuntary  
4 hospitalization before discharging the patient;
- 5 (6) Clarifying the circumstances under which a subject of  
6 an order for assisted community treatment can be  
7 administered medication over the subject's objection;
- 8 (7) Providing limits on liability for an assisted  
9 community treatment provider; and
- 10 (8) Modifying the requirements to obtain administrative  
11 authorization of medical treatment over the objection  
12 of a patient who is in the custody of the director and  
13 in a psychiatric facility, so that the treatment can  
14 be authorized by a single decision-maker who is a  
15 psychiatrist.

16 SECTION 2. Chapter 334, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
17 amended as follows:

18 1. By adding a new subpart to part IV to be designated as  
19 subpart A and to read:

20 **"A. Emergency Procedures**



1       **§334-A Emergency procedures.** The emergency procedures in  
2 this subpart shall consist of emergency transportation,  
3 emergency examination, and emergency hospitalization for  
4 individuals who may be mentally ill or suffering from substance  
5 abuse and imminently dangerous to self or others.

6       **§334-B Emergency transportation initiated by a law**  
7 **enforcement officer.** (a) When a law enforcement officer has a  
8 reasonable suspicion that an individual is imminently dangerous  
9 to self or others and needs to be detained for emergency  
10 examination, the law enforcement officer shall contact a mental  
11 health emergency worker; provided that the law enforcement  
12 officer may temporarily detain the individual, if the law  
13 enforcement officer:

14       (1) Is unable to reach a mental health emergency worker  
15       telephonically after three attempts;

16       (2) Has reason to believe that the situation requires  
17       immediate intervention to prevent harm to the  
18       individual or others;

19       (3) Contacts a mental health emergency worker at the  
20       earliest time possible; and



1 (4) Documents the reasons why the situation necessitated  
2 that the individual be detained.

3 If the mental health emergency worker determines that the  
4 individual is mentally ill or suffering from substance abuse and  
5 is imminently dangerous to self or others, the law enforcement  
6 officer shall detain the individual for transportation to an  
7 emergency examination.

8 (b) When a crisis intervention officer has probable cause  
9 to believe that an individual is mentally ill or suffering from  
10 substance abuse and is imminently dangerous to self or others,  
11 the crisis intervention officer shall detain the individual for  
12 transportation to an emergency examination. The crisis  
13 intervention officer shall contact a mental health emergency  
14 worker to determine the type of facility where the individual  
15 shall be transported.

16 (c) Any individual detained under this section shall be  
17 transported directly to a psychiatric facility or other facility  
18 designated by the director, as determined by a mental health  
19 emergency worker; provided that if a medical emergency occurs  
20 during transport the individual shall be transported to the  
21 nearest emergency department. A law enforcement officer shall



1 make an application for the emergency examination of the  
2 individual. The application shall state in detail the  
3 circumstances under which and reasons that the individual was  
4 taken into custody. The application shall be transmitted with  
5 the individual to the psychiatric facility or other facility  
6 designated by the director and be made a part of the  
7 individual's clinical record.

8 (d) For the purposes of this section, "crisis intervention  
9 officer" has the same meaning as defined in section 353C-1.

10 **§334-C Emergency transportation initiated by a court**  
11 **order.** Upon written or oral application of any licensed  
12 physician, advanced practice registered nurse, psychologist,  
13 attorney, member of the clergy, health or social service  
14 professional, or any state or county employee in the course of  
15 employment, a judge may issue a written or oral ex parte order:

16 (1) Stating that there is probable cause that the  
17 individual is:

18 (A) Mentally ill or suffering from substance abuse;

19 and

20 (B) Imminently dangerous to self or others;



1           (2)    Stating the findings upon which the conclusion is  
2                    based; and

3           (3)    Directing that a law enforcement officer take the  
4                    individual into custody and transport the individual  
5                    directly to a psychiatric facility or other facility  
6                    designated by the director for an emergency  
7                    examination.

8           The person who made the application shall notify a mental  
9   health emergency worker of the written or oral ex parte order  
10   and when possible, shall coordinate the transport of the  
11   individual with the emergency worker.

12          If an application was made orally, the person who made the  
13   application shall reduce the application to writing and submit  
14   it to the judge who issued the ex parte order by noon of the  
15   next court day after the order was issued. The written  
16   application shall be made under penalty of law but need not be  
17   sworn before a notary public. If the judge issued an ex parte  
18   order orally, the judge shall reduce the oral order to writing  
19   by the close of the next court day after the order was issued.  
20   The written ex parte order shall be transmitted with the  
21   individual to the psychiatric facility or other facility



1 designated by the director and be made a part of the  
2 individual's clinical record.

3       **§334-D Emergency transportation initiated by a health care**  
4 **provider.** Any licensed physician, advanced practice registered  
5 nurse, physician assistant, licensed clinical social worker, or  
6 psychologist who has examined an individual and determines that  
7 the individual is mentally ill or suffering from substance abuse  
8 and is imminently dangerous to self or others, may direct a law  
9 enforcement officer to detain and transport the individual, by  
10 ambulance or other suitable means, to a psychiatric facility or  
11 other facility designated by the director for an emergency  
12 examination, and may administer treatment, within the examining  
13 health care provider's scope of practice, as necessary for the  
14 individual's safe transportation. The examining health care  
15 provider shall provide a written statement of circumstances and  
16 reasons necessitating the emergency examination. The written  
17 statement shall be transmitted with the individual to the  
18 psychiatric facility or other facility designated by the  
19 director and be made a part of the individual's clinical record.

20       The person who made the application shall notify a mental  
21 health emergency worker of the written or oral ex parte order





1 and when possible, shall coordinate the transport of the  
2 individual with the emergency worker.

3       **§334-E Emergency examination.** (a) A licensed physician,  
4 medical resident under the supervision of a licensed physician,  
5 or advanced practice registered nurse may conduct an initial  
6 examination and screening of the patient, and administer such  
7 treatment as indicated by good medical practice; provided that  
8 the patient is further examined by a qualified psychiatric  
9 examiner. A qualified psychiatric examiner shall conduct an  
10 emergency examination of a patient transported under  
11 section 334-B, 334-C, or 334-D without unnecessary delay and  
12 provide the patient with treatment, as is indicated by good  
13 medical practice; provided that the emergency examination shall  
14 include a screening to determine whether the patient meets the  
15 criteria for involuntary hospitalization as provided in section  
16 334-60.2.

17       (b) If, following an emergency examination of a patient  
18 under subsection (a), a qualified psychiatric examiner  
19 determines that the criteria for involuntary hospitalization do  
20 not exist, the patient shall be discharged expeditiously;  
21 provided that if the patient is not under an order for assisted



1 community treatment, a qualified psychiatric examiner shall  
2 conduct an examination pursuant to section 334-121.5 before the  
3 discharge. A patient under criminal charges shall be returned  
4 to the custody of a law enforcement officer.

5 **§334-F Emergency hospitalization.** (a) If, following an  
6 emergency examination pursuant to section 334-E(a), a qualified  
7 psychiatric examiner determines that the criteria for  
8 involuntary hospitalization exist, the patient shall be  
9 hospitalized on an emergency basis or be transferred to another  
10 psychiatric facility or other facility designated by the  
11 director for emergency hospitalization.

12 (b) The patient admitted under subsection (a) shall be  
13 released within seventy-two hours of the patient's admission to  
14 a psychiatric facility or other facility designated by the  
15 director, unless:

16 (1) The patient voluntarily agrees to further  
17 hospitalization; or

18 (2) A proceeding for court-ordered evaluation or  
19 hospitalization is initiated as provided in section  
20 334-60.3. If that time expires on a Saturday, Sunday,  
21 or holiday, the time for initiation shall be extended



1 to the close of the next court day. Upon initiation  
2 of the proceeding the facility may detain the patient  
3 until further order of the court.

4 (c) If at any time during the period of emergency  
5 hospitalization a qualified psychiatric examiner determines that  
6 a patient no longer meets the criteria for emergency  
7 hospitalization, the patient shall be discharged expeditiously;  
8 provided that if the patient is not under an order for assisted  
9 community treatment, a qualified psychiatric examiner shall  
10 conduct an examination pursuant to section 334-121.5 before the  
11 discharge. A patient under criminal charges shall be returned  
12 to the custody of a law enforcement officer.

13 (d) The patient shall have the right, immediately upon  
14 emergency hospitalization, to telephone an attorney and the  
15 patient's surrogate, guardian, family member including a  
16 reciprocal beneficiary, or adult friend. The patient shall be  
17 allowed to confer with an attorney in private.

18 **§334-G Notice of emergency transportation, examination,**  
19 **and hospitalization.** Notice of an individual's emergency  
20 transportation, examination, and hospitalization under this  
21 subpart may be given to at least one of the following persons in



1 the following order of priority: the individual's spouse or  
2 reciprocal beneficiary, legal parents, adult children,  
3 surrogate, legal guardian, or if none can be found, the closest  
4 adult relative, as long as the individual:

5 (1) Has capacity to make health care decisions and  
6 consents that notice may be given to at least one of  
7 persons listed in this section;

8 (2) Is given the opportunity to object and does not  
9 object, or the health care provider can reasonably  
10 infer from the circumstances based on the exercise of  
11 professional judgment that the individual does not  
12 object; or

13 (3) Is incapacitated or an emergency circumstance exists,  
14 and the health care provider determines based on the  
15 exercise of professional judgment that giving  
16 notification is in the best interest of the  
17 individual.

18 The staff of the facility shall make reasonable efforts to  
19 ensure that the patient's family, including a reciprocal  
20 beneficiary, is notified of the emergency hospitalization,  
21 unless the patient is an adult and waives notification."



2. By designating section 334-60.1 as subpart B and  
inserting a title before section 334-60.1 to read:

**"B. Voluntary Admission"**

3. By designating section 334-60.2 to 334-60.7 as subpart  
C and inserting a title before section 334-60.2 to read:

**"C. Involuntary Hospitalization"**

4. By designating section 334-61 to 334-62 as subpart D  
and inserting a title before section 334-61 to read:

**"D. General Provisions"**

SECTION 3. Chapter 334, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
amended by adding a new section to part VIII to be appropriately  
designated and to read as follows:

**"§334- Records and disclosure of information. (a) A**  
treatment provider who provided or is providing medical,  
psychiatric, therapeutic, or social services treatment to an  
individual shall provide relevant treatment information, if  
available, to the department of the attorney general upon the  
department's request for the purpose of preparing a petition for  
assisted community treatment. The treatment information may  
include a certificate issued pursuant to section 334-123(b), a  
treatment plan prepared pursuant to section 334-126(g), records



1 related to actions or proceedings pursuant to part IV of this  
2 chapter, records relating to the individual's treatment history,  
3 and other records deemed relevant by the individual's treatment  
4 provider.

5 (b) The petitioner of an assisted community treatment  
6 order, the department of the attorney general, and the family  
7 court shall disclose an assisted community treatment order of a  
8 subject of the order to state and county law enforcement  
9 agencies, assisted community treatment provider, or any other  
10 entity necessary to carry out the terms of the subject's  
11 assisted community treatment order."

12 SECTION 4. Section 334-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
13 amended as follows:

14 1. By adding two new definitions to be appropriately  
15 inserted and to read:

16 "Qualified psychiatric examiner" means a licensed  
17 psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse who has  
18 prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national  
19 certification in an advanced practice registered nurse  
20 psychiatric specialization.

21 "Surrogate" means a person appointed:



1        (1) Under a power of attorney for health care to make a  
2        health care decision for the individual who made the  
3        appointment; or

4        (2) Under law or court order to make health care decisions  
5        for an individual."

6        2. By amending the definition of "patient" to read:

7        "'Patient" means [~~a person~~] an individual under  
8        observation, care, or treatment at a psychiatric facility[~~-~~] or  
9        other facility designated by the director."

10       3. By amending the definition of "treatment" to read:

11       "'Treatment" means the broad range of emergency, out-  
12       patient, intermediate, domiciliary, and inpatient services and  
13       care, including diagnostic evaluation, medical, psychiatric,  
14       psychological, and social service care, vocational  
15       rehabilitation, psychosocial rehabilitation, career counseling,  
16       and other special services [~~which~~] that may be extended to  
17       [~~handicapped persons.~~] an individual with a disability."

18       SECTION 5. Section 334-60.2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
19       amended to read as follows:



1       **"§334-60.2 Involuntary hospitalization criteria.** [A  
2 ~~person~~] An individual may be committed to a psychiatric facility  
3 for involuntary hospitalization, if the court finds:

4       (1) That the ~~[person]~~ individual is mentally ill or  
5 suffering from substance abuse;

6       (2) That the ~~[person]~~ individual is imminently dangerous  
7 to self or others; and

8       (3) That the ~~[person]~~ individual is in need of care or  
9 treatment, or both, and there is no suitable  
10 alternative available through existing facilities and  
11 programs which would be less restrictive than  
12 hospitalization."

13       SECTION 6. Section 334-60.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
14 amended to read as follows:

15       **"§334-60.3 Initiation of proceeding for involuntary**  
16 **hospitalization.** (a) Any person may file a petition alleging  
17 that ~~[a person located in the county]~~ an individual meets the  
18 criteria for commitment to a psychiatric facility~~[-]~~ as provided  
19 in section 334-60.2. The petition shall be filed in the county  
20 where the individual resides and executed subject to the  
21 penalties of ~~[perjury]~~ law but need not be sworn to before a





1 notary public. The ~~[attorney general, the attorney general's~~  
2 ~~deputy, special deputy, or appointee designated to present the~~  
3 ~~case]~~ department of the attorney general shall assist the  
4 petitioner to state the substance of the petition in plain and  
5 simple language. The petition may be accompanied by a  
6 certificate of the ~~[licensed physician, advanced practice~~  
7 ~~registered nurse,]~~ qualified psychiatric examiner or  
8 psychologist who has examined the ~~[person]~~ individual within two  
9 days before ~~[submission of]~~ the petition~~[,]~~ is filed, unless the  
10 ~~[person]~~ individual whose commitment is sought has refused to  
11 submit to medical or psychological examination, in which case  
12 the fact of refusal shall be alleged in the petition. The  
13 certificate shall set forth the signs and symptoms relied upon  
14 by the ~~[physician, advanced practice registered nurse,]~~  
15 qualified psychiatric examiner or psychologist to determine the  
16 ~~[person]~~ individual is in need of ~~[care or]~~ treatment~~[, or~~  
17 ~~both,~~] and whether the ~~[person]~~ individual is capable of  
18 realizing and making a rational decision with respect to the  
19 ~~[person's]~~ individual's need for treatment. If the petitioner  
20 believes that further ~~[evaluation]~~ examination is necessary



1 before commitment, the petitioner may request ~~[such]~~ the further  
2 ~~[evaluation.]~~ examination.

3 (b) In the event the subject of the petition has been  
4 given an examination, evaluation, or treatment in a psychiatric  
5 facility within five days before submission of the petition, and  
6 hospitalization is recommended by the staff of the facility, the  
7 petition may be accompanied by the administrator's certificate  
8 in lieu of a ~~[physician]~~ qualified psychiatric examiner's or  
9 psychologist's certificate.

10 (c) The petition shall include the name, address, and  
11 telephone number of at least one of the following persons in the  
12 following order of priority: the subject of the petition's  
13 spouse or reciprocal beneficiary, legal parents, adult children,  
14 surrogate, and legal guardian ~~[, if one has been appointed]~~. If  
15 the subject of the petition has no living spouse or reciprocal  
16 beneficiary, legal parent, adult ~~[children,]~~ child, surrogate,  
17 or legal guardian, ~~[or if none can be found,]~~ notice shall be  
18 served on at least one of the subject's closest adult relatives,  
19 if any can be found."



1       SECTION 7. Section 334-60.4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended by amending subsections (a) through (c) to read as  
3 follows:

4       "(a) The court shall set a hearing on the petition and  
5 notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be served in  
6 accordance with, and to those persons specified in, a current  
7 order of commitment. If there is no current order of  
8 commitment, notice of the hearing shall be served personally on  
9 the subject of the petition and served personally or by  
10 certified or registered mail, return receipt requested,  
11 deliverable to the addressee only, on the subject's spouse or  
12 reciprocal beneficiary, legal parents, adult children,  
13 surrogate, and legal guardian~~[, if one has been appointed]~~. If  
14 the subject of the petition has no living spouse or reciprocal  
15 beneficiary, legal parent, adult ~~[children,]~~ child, surrogate,  
16 or legal guardian, or if none can be found, notice of the  
17 hearing shall be served on at least one of the subject's closest  
18 adult relatives, if any can be found. Notice of the hearing to  
19 the subject's spouse or reciprocal beneficiary, legal parents,  
20 adult children, or closest adult relative may be waived if the  
21 subject is an adult and requests that they not be notified.



1 Notice of the hearing shall also be served on the public  
2 defender, attorney for the subject of the petition, or other  
3 court-appointed attorney [~~as the case may be~~]. If the subject  
4 of the petition is a minor, notice of the hearing shall also be  
5 served upon the person who has had the principal care and  
6 custody of the minor during the sixty days preceding the date of  
7 the petition, if that person can be found within the State.  
8 Notice shall also be given to other persons as the court may  
9 designate.

10 (b) The notice shall include the following:

11 (1) The date, time, place of hearing, a clear statement of  
12 the purpose of the proceedings and of possible  
13 consequences to the subject[~~7~~] of the petition, and a  
14 statement of the legal standard upon which commitment  
15 is authorized;

16 (2) A copy of the petition;

17 (3) A [~~written notice~~<sub>7</sub>] statement, in plain and simple  
18 language, that the subject may waive the hearing by  
19 voluntarily agreeing to hospitalization[~~7~~] or, with  
20 the approval of the court, to some other form of  
21 treatment;



- 1 (4) A filled-out form indicating [~~such~~] the waiver;
- 2 (5) A [~~written notice,~~] statement, in plain and simple
- 3 language, that the subject or the subject's surrogate,
- 4 guardian, or representative may apply at any time for
- 5 a hearing on the issue of the subject's need for
- 6 hospitalization, if the subject has previously waived
- 7 such a hearing;
- 8 (6) [~~Notice~~] A statement that the subject is entitled to
- 9 the assistance of an attorney and that the public
- 10 defender has been notified of these proceedings; and
- 11 (7) [~~Notice~~] A statement that if the subject does not want
- 12 to be represented by the public defender, the subject
- 13 may contact the subject's own attorney[~~;~~ and
- 14 ~~(8) If applicable, notice that the petitioner intends to~~
- 15 ~~adduce evidence to show that the subject of the~~
- 16 ~~petition is an incapacitated or protected person, or~~
- 17 ~~both, under article V of chapter 560, and whether~~
- 18 ~~appointment of a guardian is sought at the hearing.~~
- 19 ~~If appointment of a guardian is to be recommended, and~~
- 20 ~~a nominee is known at the time the petition is filed,~~
- 21 ~~the identity of the nominee shall be disclosed].~~



1 (c) If the subject of the petition executes and files a  
2 waiver of the hearing, upon acceptance by the court following a  
3 court determination that the ~~[person]~~ subject understands the  
4 ~~[person's]~~ subject's rights and is competent to waive them, the  
5 court shall order the subject to be committed to a facility that  
6 has agreed to admit the subject as an involuntary patient or, if  
7 the subject is at such a facility, that the subject be retained  
8 there."

9 SECTION 8. Section 334-60.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
10 amended to read as follows:

11 **"§334-60.5 Hearing on petition.** (a) The court shall  
12 adjourn or continue a hearing for failure to timely notify the  
13 subject of the petition's spouse or reciprocal beneficiary,  
14 legal ~~[parents,]~~ parent, adult ~~[children,]~~ child, surrogate,  
15 guardian, or relative, or other person determined by the court  
16 to be entitled to notice, or for failure by the subject to  
17 contact an attorney as provided in section 334-60.4(b)(7) unless  
18 the subject waived notice pursuant to section 334-60.4(a) or the  
19 court determines that the interests of justice require that the  
20 hearing continue without adjournment or continuance.



1 (b) The time and form of the procedure incident to hearing  
2 the issues in the petition shall be provided by court rule.  
3 Unless the hearing is waived, the judge shall hear the petition  
4 as soon as possible and no later than ten days after the date  
5 the petition is filed unless a reasonable delay is sought for  
6 good cause shown by the subject of the petition, the subject's  
7 attorney, or those persons entitled to receive notice of the  
8 hearing under section 334-60.4.

9 (c) The subject of the petition shall be present at all  
10 hearings unless the subject waives the right to be present, is  
11 unable to attend, or creates conditions that make it impossible  
12 to conduct ~~the~~ a hearing in a reasonable manner as determined  
13 by the judge. A waiver is valid only upon acceptance by the  
14 court following a judicial determination that the subject  
15 understands the subject's rights and is competent to waive them,  
16 or is unable to participate. If the subject is unable to  
17 participate, the judge shall appoint a guardian ad litem or a  
18 temporary guardian as provided in article V of chapter 560, to  
19 represent the subject throughout the proceedings.

20 (d) Hearings may be held at any convenient place within  
21 the circuit. Unless the court determines personal appearance is



1 necessary, hearings may be conducted by video conferencing. The  
2 subject of the petition, any interested party, or the court on  
3 its own motion may request a hearing in another circuit because  
4 of convenience to the parties, witnesses, or the court or  
5 because of the ~~[individual's]~~ subject's mental or physical  
6 condition.

7 (e) The ~~[attorney general, the attorney general's deputy,~~  
8 ~~special deputy, or appointee]~~ department of the attorney general  
9 shall present the case for a petitioner for hearings convened  
10 under this chapter, ~~[except that the attorney general, the~~  
11 ~~attorney general's deputy, special deputy, or appointee need not~~  
12 ~~participate in or be present at a hearing whenever]~~ unless a  
13 petitioner ~~[or some other appropriate person]~~ has retained  
14 private counsel who will be present in court and will present to  
15 the court the case for involuntary hospitalization.

16 (f) Counsel for the subject of the petition shall be  
17 allowed adequate time for investigation of the matters at issue  
18 and for preparation~~[7]~~ and shall be permitted to present the  
19 evidence that the counsel believes necessary to a proper  
20 disposition of the proceedings, including evidence as to  
21 alternatives to inpatient hospitalization.





(g) No individual may be found to require treatment in a psychiatric facility unless at least one ~~[physician, advanced practice registered nurse,]~~ qualified psychiatric examiner or psychologist who has personally examined the individual testifies in person at the hearing. This testimony may be waived by the subject of the petition. If the subject of the petition ~~[has refused]~~ refuses to be examined by a ~~[licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse,]~~ qualified psychiatric examiner or psychologist, the subject may be examined by a court-appointed ~~[licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse,]~~ qualified psychiatric examiner or psychologist. If the subject refuses to be examined and there is sufficient evidence to believe that the allegations of the petition are true, the court may make a temporary order committing the subject to a psychiatric facility for a period of no more than five days for the purpose of a diagnostic examination ~~[and evaluation]~~. The subject's refusal to be examined shall be treated as a denial that the subject is mentally ill or suffering from substance abuse. Nothing in this section shall limit the ~~[individual's]~~ subject's privilege against self-incrimination.



1 (h) The subject of the petition in a hearing under this  
2 section has the right to secure an independent [~~medical or~~  
3 ~~psychological evaluation~~] examination and present evidence  
4 thereon.

5 (i) If after hearing all relevant evidence, including the  
6 result of any diagnostic examination ordered by the court, the  
7 court finds that [~~an individual~~] a subject of a petition is not  
8 a person requiring medical, psychiatric, psychological, or other  
9 rehabilitative treatment or supervision, the court shall order  
10 that the [~~individual~~] subject be discharged if the [~~individual~~]  
11 subject has been hospitalized prior to the hearing.

12 (j) If the court finds that the criteria for involuntary  
13 hospitalization under section 334-60.2(1) has been met beyond a  
14 reasonable doubt and that the criteria under [~~sections~~] section  
15 334-60.2(2) and [~~334-60.2(3)~~] (3) have been met by clear and  
16 convincing evidence, the court may issue an order to any law  
17 enforcement officer to [~~deliver~~] transport the subject of the  
18 order to a facility that has agreed to admit the subject as an  
19 involuntary patient, or if the subject is already a patient in a  
20 psychiatric facility, authorize the facility to retain the  
21 patient for treatment for a period of ninety days unless sooner



1 discharged. The court may also authorize the involuntary  
2 administration of medication, where the subject has an existing  
3 order for assisted community treatment[,], issued pursuant to  
4 part VIII of this chapter[, ~~relating to assisted community~~  
5 ~~treatment,~~] and in accordance with the treatment prescribed by  
6 that [~~prior~~] existing order. Notice of the subject's commitment  
7 and the facility name and location where the subject will be  
8 committed shall be provided to those persons entitled to notice  
9 pursuant to section 334-60.4. An order of commitment shall  
10 specify which of those persons served with notice pursuant to  
11 section 334-60.4, together with such other persons as the court  
12 may designate, shall be entitled to receive any subsequent  
13 notice of intent to discharge, transfer, or recommit. The court  
14 shall forward to the Hawaii criminal justice data center all  
15 orders of involuntary civil commitment or information from all  
16 orders of involuntary civil commitment, as requested by the  
17 Hawaii criminal justice data center, which in turn shall forward  
18 the information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or its  
19 successor agency, for inclusion in the National Instant Criminal  
20 Background Check System database. The orders or information  
21 shall also be maintained by the Hawaii criminal justice data



1 center for disclosure to and use by law enforcement officials  
2 for the purpose of firearms permitting, licensing, or  
3 registration pursuant to chapter 134. This subsection shall  
4 apply to all involuntary civil commitments without regard to the  
5 date of the involuntary civil commitment.

6 ~~[(k) The court may find that the subject of the petition~~  
7 ~~is an incapacitated or protected person, or both, under article~~  
8 ~~V of chapter 560, and may appoint a guardian or conservator, or~~  
9 ~~both, for the subject under the terms and conditions as the~~  
10 ~~court shall determine.~~

11 ~~(1)]~~ (k) Persons entitled to notice ~~[are]~~ pursuant to this  
12 section shall be also entitled to be present in the courtroom  
13 for the hearing and to receive a copy of the hearing transcript  
14 or recording, unless the court determines that the interests of  
15 justice require otherwise."

16 SECTION 9. Section 334-60.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
17 amended to read as follows:

18 "**§334-60.7 Notice of intent to discharge.** (a) When the  
19 administrator, the administrator's deputy, or the attending  
20 physician of a psychiatric facility contemplates discharge of an  
21 involuntary patient because of expiration of the court order for



1 commitment or because the patient is no longer a proper subject  
2 for commitment, as determined by the criteria for involuntary  
3 hospitalization in section 334-60.2, the administrator, the  
4 administrator's deputy, or the attending physician shall provide  
5 notice of intent to discharge, or if the patient voluntarily  
6 agrees to further hospitalization, the administrator, the  
7 administrator's deputy, or the attending physician shall provide  
8 notice of the patient's admission to voluntary inpatient  
9 treatment. The following requirements and procedures shall  
10 apply:

- 11 (1) The notice and a certificate of service shall be filed  
12 with the family court and served on those persons whom  
13 the order of commitment specifies as entitled to  
14 receive notice, by mail at the person's last known  
15 address. [~~Notice~~] If the commitment resulted directly  
16 from legal proceedings under chapter 704 or 706,  
17 notice shall also be sent to the prosecuting attorney  
18 of the county from which the person was originally  
19 committed, by facsimile or electronically, for the  
20 sole purpose of victim notification; and



1 (2) Any person specified as entitled to receive notice may  
2 waive this right in writing with the psychiatric  
3 facility[;]

4 ~~(3) If no objection is filed within five calendar days of~~  
5 ~~mailing the notice, the administrator or attending~~  
6 ~~physician of the psychiatric facility shall discharge~~  
7 ~~the patient or accept the patient for voluntary~~  
8 ~~inpatient treatment;~~

9 ~~(4) If any person specified as entitled to receive notice~~  
10 ~~files a written objection, with a certificate of~~  
11 ~~service, to the discharge or to the patient's~~  
12 ~~admission to voluntary inpatient treatment on the~~  
13 ~~grounds that the patient is a proper subject for~~  
14 ~~commitment, the family court shall conduct a hearing~~  
15 ~~as soon as possible, prior to the termination of the~~  
16 ~~current commitment order, to determine if the patient~~  
17 ~~still meets the criteria for involuntary~~  
18 ~~hospitalization in section 334-60.2. The person~~  
19 ~~filing the objection shall also notify the psychiatric~~  
20 ~~facility by telephone on the date the objection is~~  
21 ~~filed;~~



~~(5) If the family court finds that the patient does not meet the criteria for involuntary hospitalization in section 334-60.2, the court shall issue an order of discharge from the commitment; and~~

~~(6) If the family court finds that the patient does meet the criteria for involuntary hospitalization in section 334-60.2, the court shall issue an order denying discharge from the commitment].~~

(b) For civil commitments that do not result directly from legal proceedings under ~~[chapters]~~ chapter 704 ~~[and]~~ or 706, when the administrator, the administrator's deputy, or the attending physician of a psychiatric facility contemplates discharge of an involuntary patient, the administrator, the administrator's deputy, or the attending physician ~~[may]~~ shall assess whether an assisted community treatment plan is indicated pursuant to section 334-123 and, if so indicated, may communicate with an aftercare provider as part of discharge planning, as appropriate."

SECTION 10. Section 334-76, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows:



1       **"§334-76 Discharge from custody.** (a) Subject to any  
2 special requirements of law as provided in sections 704-406,  
3 704-411, and 706-607 or elsewhere, with respect to patients  
4 committed on court order from a criminal proceeding, the  
5 administrator of a psychiatric facility, the administrator's  
6 deputy, or the attending physician, pursuant to section  
7 334-60.7, shall:

8       (1) Send a notice of intent to discharge or notice of the  
9 patient's admission to voluntary inpatient treatment  
10 to those persons specified in the order of commitment  
11 as entitled to receive notice of intent to discharge,  
12 by mail at their last known address; and

13       (2) Send a notice of intent to discharge or notice of the  
14 patient's admission to voluntary inpatient treatment  
15 to the prosecuting attorney of the county from which  
16 the person was originally committed, by facsimile or  
17 electronically~~[-]~~; provided that the commitment  
18 directly resulted from legal proceedings under  
19 chapter 704 or 706.

20       (b) The administrator ~~[or]~~, the administrator's deputy, or  
21 the physician assuming medical responsibility for the patient





1 shall discharge an involuntary patient when the patient is no  
2 longer a proper subject for commitment, as determined by the  
3 criteria for involuntary hospitalization in section 334-60.2.

4 (c) Nothing in this section shall preclude a psychiatric  
5 facility from accepting for voluntary inpatient treatment, in  
6 accordance with the procedures in section 334-60.1, a patient  
7 for whom the facility contemplates discharge pursuant to section  
8 334-60.7 and who voluntarily agrees to further hospitalization  
9 after the period of commitment has expired or where the patient  
10 is no longer a proper subject for commitment."

11 SECTION 11. Section 334-121, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
12 amended to read as follows:

13 **"§334-121 Criteria for assisted community treatment.** [A  
14 ~~person~~] An individual may be ordered to obtain assisted  
15 community treatment if the family court finds, based on the  
16 professional opinion of a [~~psychiatrist or advanced practice~~  
17 ~~registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who holds an~~  
18 ~~accredited national certification in an advanced practice~~  
19 ~~registered nurse psychiatric specialization,~~] qualified  
20 psychiatric examiner, that:



- 1           (1) The [~~person~~] individual is mentally ill or suffering  
2           from substance abuse;
- 3           (2) The [~~person~~] individual is unlikely to live safely in  
4           the community without available supervision, is now in  
5           need of treatment in order to prevent a relapse or  
6           deterioration that would predictably result in the  
7           [~~person~~] individual becoming imminently dangerous to  
8           self or others, and the [~~person's~~] individual's  
9           current mental status or the nature of the [~~person's~~]  
10          individual's disorder limits or negates the [~~person's~~]  
11          individual's ability to make an informed decision to  
12          voluntarily seek or comply with recommended treatment;
- 13          (3) The [~~person~~] individual has a:
- 14                (A) Mental illness that has caused that [~~person~~]  
15                individual to refuse needed and appropriate  
16                mental health services in the community; or
- 17                (B) History of lack of adherence to treatment for  
18                mental illness or substance abuse that resulted  
19                in the [~~person~~] individual becoming dangerous to  
20                self or others and that now would predictably



1 result in the ~~[person]~~ individual becoming  
2 imminently dangerous to self or others; and  
3 (4) Considering less intrusive alternatives, assisted  
4 community treatment is essential to prevent the danger  
5 posed by the ~~[person,]~~ individual, is medically  
6 appropriate, and is in the ~~[person's]~~ individual's  
7 medical interests."

8 SECTION 12. Section 334-121.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
9 amended to read as follows:

10 **"§334-121.5 Examination for assisted community treatment**  
11 **indication.** A ~~[licensed psychiatrist or advanced practice~~  
12 ~~registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who holds an~~  
13 ~~accredited national certification in an advanced practice~~  
14 ~~registered nurse psychiatric specialization]~~ qualified  
15 psychiatric examiner associated with the ~~[licensed]~~ psychiatric  
16 facility where ~~[a person]~~ a patient is located who was committed  
17 to involuntary hospitalization, delivered for emergency  
18 examination or emergency hospitalization, or voluntarily  
19 admitted to inpatient treatment at a psychiatric facility  
20 pursuant to part IV shall, before the ~~[person's]~~ patient's  
21 discharge, examine the ~~[person]~~ patient to determine whether an



1 assisted community treatment plan is indicated pursuant to this  
2 part. If a plan is indicated, the [~~psychiatrist or advanced~~  
3 ~~practice registered nurse~~] qualified psychiatric examiner shall  
4 prepare the certificate specified by section 334-123. The  
5 department of the attorney general shall assist with the  
6 preparation and filing of any petition brought pursuant to  
7 section 334-123 and with the presentation of the case at any  
8 related court proceedings; provided that, if the petitioner is a  
9 private provider or other private individual, the petitioner may  
10 decline the assistance. The psychiatric facility may notify  
11 another mental health program for assistance with the  
12 coordination of care in the community for the person. Nothing  
13 in this section shall delay the appropriate discharge of a  
14 [~~person~~] patient from the psychiatric facility after the  
15 examination for assisted community treatment indication has been  
16 completed."

17 SECTION 13. Section 334-122, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
18 amended as follows:

19 1. By adding two new definitions to be appropriately  
20 inserted and to read:



1       "Assisted community treatment provider" means a mental  
2 health provider, which may include a qualified psychiatric  
3 examiner or a mental health program, that is or will be  
4 responsible, in accordance with an assisted community treatment  
5 order, for the coordination, management, or administration of a  
6 subject of the order's treatment.

7       "Mental health program" means a hospital, psychiatric  
8 facility, clinic, or other facility providing mental health  
9 treatment to individuals suffering from mental illness or  
10 substance abuse."

11       2. By amending the definition of "assisted community  
12 treatment" to read:

13       "Assisted community treatment" includes medication  
14 specifically authorized by court order; individual or group  
15 therapy; day or partial day programming activities; services and  
16 training, including educational and vocational activities;  
17 supervision of living arrangements; and any other services  
18 prescribed to either alleviate the [person's] subject of the  
19 order's disorder or disability, maintain or maximize  
20 semi-independent functioning, or prevent further deterioration  
21 that may reasonably be predicted to result in the need for



1 hospitalization or more intensive or restrictive levels of care  
2 in the community or incarceration for criminal behavior."

3 3. By amending the definition of "subject of the order" to  
4 read:

5 ""Subject of the order" means [~~a person~~] an individual who  
6 has been ordered by the court to obtain assisted community  
7 treatment."

8 4. By amending the definition of "subject of the petition"  
9 to read:

10 ""Subject of the petition" means the [~~person~~] individual  
11 who, under a petition filed under section 334-123, is alleged to  
12 meet the criteria for assisted community treatment."

13 5. By repealing the definition of "advanced practice  
14 registered nurse".

15 [~~"Advanced practice registered nurse" means a registered~~  
16 ~~nurse licensed to practice in this State who:~~

17 ~~(1) Has met the qualifications set forth in chapter 457~~  
18 ~~and this part;~~

19 ~~(2) Because of advanced education and specialized clinical~~  
20 ~~training, is authorized to assess, screen, diagnose,~~



1           ~~order, utilize, or perform medical, therapeutic,~~  
2           ~~preventive, or corrective measures;~~

3       ~~(3) Holds an accredited national certification in an~~  
4           ~~advanced practice registered nurse psychiatric~~  
5           ~~specialization; and~~

6       ~~(4) Holds prescriptive authority pursuant to section 457-~~  
7           ~~8.6."]~~

8       6. By repealing the definition of "treating psychiatrist".

9       ~~["Treating psychiatrist" means the psychiatrist who is~~  
10       ~~responsible for the management and supervision of a person's~~  
11       ~~treatment under order of the court."]~~

12       SECTION 14. Section 334-123, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
13       amended by amending subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows:

14       "(c) The petition may be accompanied by a certificate of a  
15       ~~[licensed psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse~~  
16       ~~with prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national~~  
17       ~~certification in an advanced practice registered nurse~~  
18       ~~psychiatric specialization]~~ qualified psychiatric examiner who  
19       has examined the subject of the petition in person within twenty  
20       calendar days before the filing of the petition. For purposes  
21       of the petition, an examination shall be considered valid so



1 long as the [~~licensed psychiatrist or advanced practice~~  
2 ~~registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who holds an~~  
3 ~~accredited national certification in an advanced practice~~  
4 ~~registered nurse psychiatric specialization~~] qualified  
5 psychiatric examiner has obtained enough information from the  
6 subject of the petition and has had face-to-face contact to  
7 reach a diagnosis of the subject of the petition, and to express  
8 a professional opinion concerning the same, even if the subject  
9 of the petition is not fully cooperative. If the petitioner  
10 believes that further [~~evaluation~~] examination is necessary  
11 before treatment, the petitioner may request further  
12 [~~evaluation.~~] examination.

13 (d) The petition shall include the name, address, and  
14 telephone number of at least one of the following persons in the  
15 following order of priority: the subject of the petition's  
16 spouse or reciprocal beneficiary, legal parents, adult children,  
17 [~~and~~] surrogate, or legal guardian[~~, if one has been appointed~~].  
18 If the subject of the petition has no living spouse or  
19 reciprocal beneficiary, legal parent, adult [~~children,~~] child,  
20 surrogate, or legal guardian, or if none can be found, the  
21 petition shall include the name, address, and telephone number





1 of at least one of the subject's closest adult relatives, if any  
2 can be found. The petition shall also include the name of a  
3 proposed assisted community treatment provider."

4 SECTION 15. Section 334-124, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
5 amended to read as follows:

6 "**§334-124 Hearing date.** The family court shall set a  
7 hearing date on a petition, and any subsequent hearing dates for  
8 the petition, as soon as possible[-] but no later than ten days  
9 after the filing of the petition. A hearing on the petition may  
10 be continued pending further examination of the subject of the  
11 petition, for the appointment of a guardian ad litem, or for  
12 good cause."

13 SECTION 16. Section 334-125, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
14 amended to read as follows:

15 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:

16 "(a) Notice of the hearing under this part shall be:

17 (1) Served personally on the subject of the petition  
18 pursuant to family court rules;

19 (2) Served personally or by certified or registered mail,  
20 return receipt requested, deliverable to the addressee  
21 only, to as many as are known to the petitioner of the



1 subject's spouse or reciprocal beneficiary, legal  
2 ~~[parents,]~~ parent, adult ~~[children,]~~ child, surrogate,  
3 and legal guardian~~[, if one has been appointed]~~. If  
4 the subject of the petition has no living spouse or  
5 reciprocal beneficiary, legal parent, adult  
6 ~~[children,]~~ child, surrogate, or legal guardian, or if  
7 none can be found, notice of the hearing shall be  
8 served on at least one of the subject's closest adult  
9 relatives, if any can be found;

10 (3) Served on the guardian ad litem appointed for the  
11 subject of the petition ~~[or the subject's existing~~  
12 ~~guardian, if the court determines the existence of~~  
13 ~~one;]~~ as provided in section 334-123.5;

14 (4) Served on the attorney for the subject of the  
15 petition, if applicable; ~~[and]~~

16 (5) Served on the assisted community treatment provider  
17 proposed in the petition, unless the petitioner is  
18 also the proposed assisted community treatment  
19 provider; and

20 ~~[-5-]~~ (6) Given to other persons as the court may  
21 designate."



2. By amending subsection (c) to read:

"(c) Notice ~~[of all subsequent hearings shall be served in accordance with subsections (a) and (b), and in accordance with all applicable family court rules relating to service of notice, including that service need not be made on parties in default for failure to appear.]~~ to the subject of the petition's spouse or reciprocal beneficiary, legal parents, adult children, or closest adult relative may be waived if the subject is an adult and requests that they not be notified."

SECTION 17. Section 334-126, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (g) to read as follows:

"(g) No subject of the petition shall be ordered to receive assisted community treatment unless at least one ~~[psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national certification in an advanced practice registered nurse psychiatric specialization testifies in person at the hearing]~~ qualified psychiatric examiner who has personally ~~[assessed]~~ examined the subject~~[7]~~ within a reasonable time before the filing of the petition ~~[up to the time when the psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority~~



1 ~~and who holds an accredited national certification in an~~  
2 ~~advanced practice registered nurse psychiatric specialization]~~  
3 provides oral testimony at ~~[court.]~~ the hearing. The ~~[testimony~~  
4 ~~of the psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse with~~  
5 ~~prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national~~  
6 ~~certification in an advanced practice registered nurse~~  
7 ~~psychiatric specialization]~~ qualified psychiatric examiner shall  
8 ~~[state]~~ provide the facts ~~[which]~~ that support the allegation  
9 that the subject meets all the criteria for assisted community  
10 treatment, provide a written treatment plan, which shall include  
11 non-mental health treatment if appropriate, provide the  
12 rationale for the recommended treatment, and identify the  
13 ~~[designated mental health program responsible for the~~  
14 ~~coordination of care.]~~ assisted community treatment provider.

15 If the recommended assisted community treatment includes  
16 medication, the testimony ~~[of]~~ provided by the ~~[psychiatrist or~~  
17 ~~advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority~~  
18 ~~and who holds an accredited national certification in an~~  
19 ~~advanced practice registered nurse psychiatric specialization]~~  
20 qualified psychiatric examiner shall describe the types or  
21 classes of medication ~~[which]~~ that should be authorized, and



1 describe the physical and mental beneficial and detrimental  
2 effects of [~~such~~] the medication."

3 SECTION 18. Section 334-127, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
4 amended to read as follows:

5 "**§334-127 Disposition.** (a) If, after [~~hearing~~]  
6 considering all relevant evidence, including the results of any  
7 diagnostic examination ordered by the family court, the family  
8 court finds that the subject of the petition does not meet the  
9 criteria for assisted community treatment, the family court  
10 shall dismiss the petition. Notice of the dismissal shall be  
11 provided to those persons entitled to notice pursuant to section  
12 334-125.

13 (b) If, after hearing all relevant evidence, including the  
14 results of any diagnostic examination ordered by the family  
15 court, the family court finds that the criteria for assisted  
16 community treatment under section 334-121(1) have been met  
17 beyond a reasonable doubt and that the criteria under section  
18 334-121(2) to (4) have been met by clear and convincing  
19 evidence, the family court shall order the subject to obtain  
20 assisted community treatment for a period of no more than two  
21 years. The written treatment plan submitted pursuant to



1 section 334-126(g) shall be attached to the order and made a  
2 part of the order.

3 If the family court finds by clear and convincing evidence  
4 that the beneficial mental and physical effects of recommended  
5 medication outweigh the detrimental mental and physical effects,  
6 if any, the order may authorize types or classes of medication  
7 to be included in treatment at the discretion of the [~~treating~~  
8 ~~psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse with~~  
9 ~~prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national~~  
10 ~~certification in an advanced practice registered nurse~~  
11 ~~psychiatric specialization.~~] assisted community treatment  
12 provider.

13 The court order shall [~~also~~] state who should receive  
14 notice of intent to discharge early in the event that the  
15 [~~treating psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse~~  
16 ~~with prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national~~  
17 ~~certification in an advanced practice registered nurse~~  
18 ~~psychiatric specialization~~] assisted community treatment  
19 provider determines, before the end of the court ordered period  
20 of treatment, that the subject should be discharged early from  
21 assisted community treatment.



1 Notice of the order shall be provided to the director, the  
2 ~~[interested party who filed the petition,]~~ petitioner, and those  
3 persons entitled to notice pursuant to section 334-125.

4 (c) The family court shall also designate on the order the  
5 ~~[treating psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse~~  
6 ~~with prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national~~  
7 ~~certification in an advanced practice registered nurse~~  
8 ~~psychiatric specialization who is to be responsible for the~~  
9 ~~management and supervision of the subject's treatment, or shall~~  
10 ~~assign an administrator of a designated mental health program~~  
11 ~~to, in turn, designate the treating psychiatrist or advanced~~  
12 ~~practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who~~  
13 ~~holds an accredited national certification in an advanced~~  
14 ~~practice registered nurse psychiatric specialization during the~~  
15 ~~treatment period without court approval, and may designate~~  
16 ~~either a publicly employed psychiatrist or advanced practice~~  
17 ~~registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who holds an~~  
18 ~~accredited national certification in an advanced practice~~  
19 ~~registered nurse psychiatric specialization, or a private~~  
20 ~~psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse with~~  
21 ~~prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national~~



~~certification in an advanced practice registered nurse  
psychiatric specialization; provided that the private  
psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse with  
prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national  
certification in an advanced practice registered nurse  
psychiatric specialization shall agree to the designation. The  
order for assisted community treatment shall be subject to the  
Health Care Privacy Harmonization Act, chapter 323B.] assisted  
community treatment provider.~~

(d) Nothing in this section shall preclude the subject's  
stipulation to the continuance [+]of[+] an existing court  
order."

SECTION 19. Section 334-129, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
amended to read as follows:

**"§334-129 Failure to comply with assisted community  
treatment.** (a) A ~~[treating psychiatrist or advanced practice  
registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who holds an  
accredited national certification in an advanced practice  
registered nurse psychiatric specialization]~~ qualified  
psychiatric examiner may prescribe or administer to the subject  
of the order reasonable and appropriate medication or





1 medications, if specifically authorized by ~~[the]~~ a court order,  
2 and treatment that is consistent with accepted medical standards  
3 and the ~~[family]~~ court order, including the written treatment  
4 plan submitted pursuant to section 334-126(g) ~~[+]~~, and in  
5 accordance with the procedures described in subsection (b).

6 (b) ~~[No subject of the order shall be physically forced to~~  
7 ~~take medication under a family court order for assisted~~  
8 ~~community treatment unless the subject is within an emergency~~  
9 ~~department or admitted to a hospital, subsequent to the date of~~  
10 ~~the current assisted community treatment order.]~~ A qualified  
11 psychiatric examiner may administer medication or medications  
12 specifically authorized by a court order to a subject of the  
13 order over objection of the subject during emergency examination  
14 or hospitalization under part IV, subpart A, of this chapter, or  
15 while committed for involuntary hospitalization under part IV,  
16 subpart C, of this chapter.

17 (c) A subject of the order may be transported to ~~[a~~  
18 ~~designated mental health program, or a hospital emergency~~  
19 ~~department,]~~ a psychiatric facility or other facility designated  
20 by the director for failure to comply with an order for assisted  
21 community treatment via the following methods:



(1) By an interested party with the consent of the subject  
of the order; or

(2) In accordance with section [~~334-59.~~] 334-B, 334-C, or  
334-D.

(d) The [~~designated mental health program's treating  
psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse with  
prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national  
certification in an advanced practice registered nurse  
psychiatric specialization or designee of the psychiatrist or  
advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority  
and who holds an accredited national certification in an  
advanced practice registered nurse psychiatric specialization]~~  
assisted community treatment provider shall make all reasonable  
efforts to solicit the subject's compliance with the prescribed  
treatment. If the subject fails or refuses to comply after the  
efforts to solicit compliance, the [~~treating psychiatrist or  
advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority  
and who holds an accredited national certification in an  
advanced practice registered nurse psychiatric specialization]~~  
assisted community treatment provider shall [~~assess whether the  
subject of the order meets criteria for involuntary~~



1 ~~hospitalization under part IV of this chapter, and] proceed with~~  
2 ~~[the admission]~~ emergency transportation pursuant to section  
3 ~~[334-59(a)(2) or (3); provided that the refusal of treatment~~  
4 ~~shall not, by itself, constitute a basis for involuntary~~  
5 ~~hospitalization.]~~ 334-C or 334-D.

6 (e) Notice of any transport or ~~[admission]~~ hospitalization  
7 under this section shall be provided pursuant to  
8 section ~~[334-59.5.]~~ 334-G."

9 SECTION 20. Section 334-130, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
10 amended to read as follows:

11 **"§334-130 Period of assisted community treatment. (a)**  
12 ~~[The]~~ Unless a family court orders otherwise, the assisted  
13 community treatment order shall continue to apply to the  
14 subject, for the duration specified in the order, regardless of  
15 whether the treatment setting changes.

16 (b) A subject of ~~[assisted community treatment is]~~ the  
17 order shall be automatically and fully discharged at the end of  
18 the family court ordered period of treatment~~[7]~~ pursuant to an  
19 assisted community treatment order, a period of no more than two  
20 years, unless a new family court order has been obtained [as  
21 provided hereinbelow].



1 (c) Nothing in this section shall preclude the subject's  
2 stipulation to the continuance [+]of[+] an existing court  
3 order."

4 SECTION 21. Section 334-131, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
5 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

6 "(a) When the [~~treating psychiatrist or advanced practice~~  
7 ~~registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who holds an~~  
8 ~~accredited national certification in an advanced practice~~  
9 ~~registered nurse psychiatric specialization]~~ assisted community  
10 treatment provider contemplates discharge for a subject of the  
11 order because of the imminent expiration of the court order or  
12 because the subject of the order is no longer a proper subject  
13 for assisted community treatment, as determined by the criteria  
14 in section 334-121, the [~~treating psychiatrist or advanced~~  
15 ~~practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who~~  
16 ~~holds an accredited national certification in an advanced~~  
17 ~~practice registered nurse psychiatric specialization]~~ assisted  
18 community treatment provider shall provide notice of intent to  
19 discharge."

20 SECTION 22. Section 334-161, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
21 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



1       "(a) A patient who has been committed to a psychiatric  
2 facility for involuntary hospitalization or who is in the  
3 custody of the director and residing in a psychiatric facility  
4 may be ordered to receive treatment over the patient's  
5 objection, including the taking or application of medication, if  
6 the court, or administrative [~~panel~~] decision-maker through the  
7 administrative authorization process established pursuant to  
8 section 334-162, finds that:

- 9       (1) The patient suffers from a physical or mental disease,  
10       disorder, or defect;  
11       (2) The patient is imminently dangerous to self or others;  
12       (3) The proposed treatment is medically appropriate; and  
13       (4) After considering less intrusive alternatives,  
14       treatment is necessary to forestall the danger posed  
15       by the patient."

16       SECTION 23. Section 334-162, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
17 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

18       "(a) A patient who is in the custody of the director and  
19 in a psychiatric facility may be ordered to receive medical  
20 treatment over the patient's objection through an administrative



1 authorization process that includes the following due process  
2 safeguards:

3 (1) The facility shall give notice to the patient of the  
4 authorization process and the reasons for initiating  
5 the process;

6 (2) The administrative [~~panel shall consist of three~~  
7 ~~members~~] decision-maker who is a psychiatrist with  
8 relevant clinical training and experience, and who  
9 [are] is not involved with the current treatment of  
10 the patient[+], shall, after considering all relevant  
11 evidence, determine whether the criteria under  
12 section 334-161 are met;

13 (3) The patient shall have the right to attend the  
14 hearing, receive assistance from an advisor, cross  
15 examine witnesses, and present testimony, exhibits,  
16 and witnesses; and

17 (4) The patient shall have the right to appeal the  
18 decision of the administrative [~~panel.~~]  
19 decision-maker."

20 SECTION 24. Section 334E-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
21 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



1       "(a) Any patient in a psychiatric facility shall be  
2 afforded rights, and any psychiatric facility shall provide the  
3 rights to all patients; provided that when a patient is not able  
4 to exercise the patient's rights, the patient's legal guardian  
5 or legal representative shall have the authority to exercise the  
6 same on behalf of the patient. The rights shall include but not  
7 be limited to the following:

8       (1) Access to written rules and regulations with which the  
9 patient is expected to comply;

10       (2) Access to the facility's grievance procedure or to the  
11 department of health as provided in section 334-3;

12       (3) Freedom from reprisal;

13       (4) Privacy, respect, and personal dignity;

14       (5) A humane environment;

15       (6) Freedom from discriminatory treatment based on race,  
16 color, creed, national origin, age, and sex;

17       (7) A written treatment plan based on the individual  
18 patient;

19       (8) Participation in the planning of the patient's  
20 treatment plan;



- 1       (9) Refusal of treatment except in emergency situations or  
2           when a court order or an administrative order pursuant  
3           to chapter 334, part VIII or X, has been issued;
- 4       (10) Refusal to participate in experimentation;
- 5       (11) The choice of physician if the physician chosen  
6           agrees;
- 7       (12) A qualified, competent staff;
- 8       (13) A medical examination before initiation of non-  
9           emergency treatment;
- 10      (14) Confidentiality of the patient's records;
- 11      (15) Access to the patient's records;
- 12      (16) Knowledge of rights withheld or removed by a court or  
13           by law;
- 14      (17) Physical exercise and recreation;
- 15      (18) Adequate diet;
- 16      (19) Knowledge of the names and titles of staff members  
17           with whom the patient has frequent contact;
- 18      (20) The right to work at the facility and fair  
19           compensation for work done; provided that work is  
20           available and is part of the patient's treatment plan;





(21) Visitation rights, unless the patient poses a danger to self or others; provided that where visitation is prohibited, the legal guardian or legal representative shall be allowed to visit the patient upon request;

(22) Uncensored communication;

(23) Notice of and reasons for an impending transfer;

(24) Freedom from seclusion or restraint, except:

(A) When necessary to prevent injury to self or others;

(B) When part of the treatment plan; or

(C) When necessary to preserve the rights of other patients or staff;

(25) Disclosure to a court, at an involuntary civil commitment hearing, of all treatment procedures which have been administered prior to the hearing; and

(26) Receipt by the patient and the patient's guardian or legal guardian, if the patient has one, of this enunciation of rights at the time of admission."

SECTION 25. Section 586-5.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:



1        "(a) If, after hearing all relevant evidence, the court  
2 finds that the respondent has failed to show cause why the order  
3 should not be continued and that a protective order is necessary  
4 to prevent domestic abuse or a recurrence of abuse, the court  
5 may order that a protective order be issued for a further fixed  
6 reasonable period as the court deems appropriate, including, in  
7 the case where a protective order restrains any party from  
8 contacting, threatening, or physically abusing a minor, a fixed  
9 reasonable period extending to a date after the minor has  
10 reached eighteen years of age.

11        The protective order may include all orders stated in the  
12 temporary restraining order and may provide for further relief  
13 as the court deems necessary to prevent domestic abuse or a  
14 recurrence of abuse, including orders establishing temporary  
15 visitation and custody with regard to minor children of the  
16 parties and orders to either or both parties to participate in  
17 domestic violence intervention services. If the court finds  
18 that the party meets the requirements under  
19 section [~~334-59(a)(2)~~], 334-C, the court further may order that  
20 the party be taken to the nearest facility for emergency  
21 examination and treatment."



1       SECTION 26. Section 334-59, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 repealed.

3       ~~["§334-59 Emergency examination and hospitalization. (a)~~  
4 ~~Initiation of proceedings. An emergency admission may be~~  
5 ~~initiated as follows:~~

6       ~~(1) If a law enforcement officer has reason to believe~~  
7 ~~that a person is imminently dangerous to self or~~  
8 ~~others, the officer shall call for assistance from a~~  
9 ~~mental health emergency worker designated by the~~  
10 ~~director; provided that if a law enforcement officer~~  
11 ~~is unable to reach a mental health emergency worker~~  
12 ~~telephonically or has reason to believe the situation~~  
13 ~~to be unstable to a degree that a delay of greater~~  
14 ~~than two minutes would result in serious harm to the~~  
15 ~~individual, others, or property, the law enforcement~~  
16 ~~officer may act to gain control of the individual.~~  
17 ~~Once the law enforcement officer has gained control of~~  
18 ~~the individual, the law enforcement officer shall call~~  
19 ~~for assistance from a mental health emergency worker~~  
20 ~~designated by the director; provided that the law~~  
21 ~~enforcement officer shall document why the situation~~



1       ~~necessitated that the law enforcement officer gain~~  
2       ~~control of the individual. Upon determination by the~~  
3       ~~mental health emergency worker that the person is~~  
4       ~~imminently dangerous to self or others, the person~~  
5       ~~shall be transported by ambulance or other suitable~~  
6       ~~means to a licensed psychiatric facility or other~~  
7       ~~facility designated by the director for further~~  
8       ~~evaluation and possible emergency hospitalization. If~~  
9       ~~a crisis intervention officer has probable cause to~~  
10      ~~believe that a person is imminently dangerous to self~~  
11      ~~or others, the crisis intervention officer shall call~~  
12      ~~a mental health emergency worker to determine if the~~  
13      ~~person shall be transported by ambulance or other~~  
14      ~~suitable means to a behavioral health crisis center~~  
15      ~~designated by the director as determined by a mental~~  
16      ~~health emergency worker. A law enforcement officer~~  
17      ~~may also take into custody and transport to any~~  
18      ~~facility designated by the director any person~~  
19      ~~threatening or attempting suicide. The law~~  
20      ~~enforcement officer shall make application for the~~  
21      ~~examination, observation, and diagnosis of the person~~



1 ~~in custody. The application shall state or shall be~~  
2 ~~accompanied by a statement of the circumstances under~~  
3 ~~which the person was taken into custody and the~~  
4 ~~reasons therefor, which shall be transmitted with the~~  
5 ~~person to a physician, advanced practice registered~~  
6 ~~nurse, or psychologist at the facility.~~

7 ~~As used in this paragraph, "crisis intervention~~  
8 ~~officer" has the same meaning as defined in section~~  
9 ~~353C-1;~~

10 ~~(2) Upon written or oral application of any licensed~~  
11 ~~physician, advanced practice registered nurse,~~  
12 ~~psychologist, attorney, member of the clergy, health~~  
13 ~~or social service professional, or any state or county~~  
14 ~~employee in the course of employment, a judge may~~  
15 ~~issue an ex parte order orally, but shall reduce the~~  
16 ~~order to writing by the close of the next court day~~  
17 ~~following the application, stating that there is~~  
18 ~~probable cause to believe the person is mentally ill~~  
19 ~~or suffering from substance abuse, is imminently~~  
20 ~~dangerous to self or others and in need of care or~~  
21 ~~treatment, or both, giving the findings upon which the~~



~~conclusion is based. The order shall direct that a law enforcement officer or other suitable individual take the person into custody and deliver the person to a designated mental health program, if subject to an assisted community treatment order issued pursuant to part VIII, or to the nearest facility designated by the director for emergency examination and treatment, or both. The ex parte order shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. If the application is oral, the person making the application shall reduce the application to writing and shall submit the same by noon of the next court day to the judge who issued the oral ex parte order. The written application shall be executed subject to the penalties of perjury but need not be sworn to before a notary public; or~~

~~(3) Any licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, or psychologist who has examined a person and has reason to believe the person is:~~

~~(A) Mentally ill or suffering from substance abuse;~~

~~(B) Imminently dangerous to self or others; and~~



~~(C) In need of care or treatment,  
may direct transportation, by ambulance or other  
suitable means, to a licensed psychiatric facility or  
other facility designated by the director for further  
evaluation and possible emergency hospitalization. A  
licensed physician, an advanced practice registered  
nurse, or a physician assistant may administer  
treatment as is medically necessary, for the person's  
safe transportation. A licensed psychologist may  
administer treatment as is psychologically necessary.~~

~~(b) Emergency examination. A patient who is delivered for  
emergency examination and treatment to a psychiatric facility or  
a behavioral health crisis center shall be provided an  
examination, which shall include a screening to determine  
whether the criteria for involuntary hospitalization listed in  
section 334-60.2 persists, by a licensed physician, medical  
resident under the supervision of a licensed physician, or  
advanced practice registered nurse without unnecessary delay,  
and shall be provided such treatment as is indicated by good  
medical practice. If, after the examination, screening, and  
treatment, the licensed physician, medical resident under the~~



1 ~~supervision of a licensed physician, or advanced practice~~  
2 ~~registered nurse determines that the involuntary hospitalization~~  
3 ~~criteria persist, then a psychiatrist or advanced practice~~  
4 ~~registered nurse who has prescriptive authority and who holds an~~  
5 ~~accredited national certification in an advanced practice~~  
6 ~~registered nurse psychiatric specialization shall further~~  
7 ~~examine the patient to diagnose the presence or absence of a~~  
8 ~~mental illness or substance use disorder, further assess the~~  
9 ~~risk that the patient may be dangerous to self or others, and~~  
10 ~~assess whether or not the patient needs to be hospitalized. If~~  
11 ~~it is determined that hospitalization is not needed, an~~  
12 ~~examination pursuant to section 334-121.5 shall be completed.~~

13 ~~(c) Release from emergency examination. If, after~~  
14 ~~examination, the licensed physician, psychiatrist, or advanced~~  
15 ~~practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority and who~~  
16 ~~holds an accredited national certification in an advanced~~  
17 ~~practice registered nurse psychiatric specialization determines~~  
18 ~~that the involuntary hospitalization criteria set forth in~~  
19 ~~section 334-60.2 are not met or do not persist and the~~  
20 ~~examination pursuant to section 334-121.5, where required, has~~  
21 ~~been completed, the patient shall be discharged expediently,~~





1 ~~unless the patient is under criminal charges, in which case the~~  
2 ~~patient shall be returned to the custody of a law enforcement~~  
3 ~~officer.~~

4 ~~(d) Emergency hospitalization. If the psychiatrist or~~  
5 ~~advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority~~  
6 ~~and who holds an accredited national certification in an~~  
7 ~~advanced practice registered nurse psychiatric specialization~~  
8 ~~who performs the emergency examination has reason to believe~~  
9 ~~that the patient is:~~

10 ~~(1) Mentally ill or suffering from substance abuse;~~

11 ~~(2) Imminently dangerous to self or others; and~~

12 ~~(3) In need of care or treatment, or both,~~

13 ~~the psychiatrist or advanced practice registered nurse with~~  
14 ~~prescriptive authority and who holds an accredited national~~  
15 ~~certification in an advanced practice registered nurse~~  
16 ~~psychiatric specialization shall direct that the patient be~~  
17 ~~hospitalized on an emergency basis or cause the patient to be~~  
18 ~~transferred to another psychiatric facility or other facility~~  
19 ~~designated by the director for emergency hospitalization, or~~  
20 ~~both. The patient shall have the right immediately upon~~  
21 ~~admission to telephone the patient's guardian or a family member~~



~~1 including a reciprocal beneficiary, or an adult friend and an  
2 attorney. If the patient declines to exercise that right, the  
3 staff of the facility shall inform the adult patient of the  
4 right to waive notification to the family, including a  
5 reciprocal beneficiary, and shall make reasonable efforts to  
6 ensure that the patient's guardian or family, including a  
7 reciprocal beneficiary, is notified of the emergency admission  
8 but the patient's family, including a reciprocal beneficiary,  
9 need not be notified if the patient is an adult and requests  
10 that there be no notification. The patient shall be allowed to  
11 confer with an attorney in private.~~

~~12 (c) Release from emergency hospitalization. If at any  
13 time during the period of emergency hospitalization the treating  
14 physician determines that the patient no longer meets the  
15 criteria for emergency hospitalization and the examination  
16 pursuant to section 334-121.5 has been completed, the physician  
17 shall expediently discharge the patient. If the patient is  
18 under criminal charges, the patient shall be returned to the  
19 custody of a law enforcement officer. In any event, the patient  
20 shall be released within forty-eight hours of the patient's  
21 admission to a psychiatric facility or other facility designated~~



~~by the director, unless the patient voluntarily agrees to further hospitalization, or a proceeding for court-ordered evaluation or hospitalization, or both, is initiated as provided in section 334-60.3. If that time expires on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the time for initiation is extended to the close of the next court day. Upon initiation of the proceedings, the facility shall be authorized to detain the patient until further order of the court."]~~

SECTION 27. Section 334-59.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is repealed.

~~["§334-59.5 Notice of emergency transportation, examinations, and hospitalizations. Notice of an individual's emergency admission, examination, and hospitalization under this chapter may be given to at least one of the following persons in the following order of priority: the individual's spouse or reciprocal beneficiary, legal parents, adult children, legal guardian, if one has been appointed, or if none can be found, the closest adult relative, as long as the individual:~~

~~(1) Has capacity to make health care decisions and agrees;~~

~~(2) Is given the opportunity to object and does not~~

~~object, or the health care provider can reasonably~~



~~infer from the circumstances based on the exercise of  
professional judgment that the individual does not  
object; or~~

~~(3) Is incapacitated or an emergency circumstance exists  
and the health care provider determines based on the  
exercise of professional judgment that doing so is in  
the best interest of the individual."]~~

SECTION 28. This Act does not affect rights and duties  
that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that  
were begun before its effective date.

SECTION 29. If any provision of this Act or the  
application thereof to any person or circumstance is held  
invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or  
applications of the Act that can be given effect without the  
invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions  
of this Act are severable.

SECTION 30. In codifying the new sections added by  
section 2 and referenced in sections 2, 19, and 25 of this Act,  
the revisor of statutes shall substitute appropriate section  
numbers for the letters used in designating the new sections in  
this Act.



1       SECTION 31. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.  
3       SECTION 32. This Act shall take effect on December 31,  
4 2050.



**Report Title:**

Mental Health; Admission to Psychiatric Facility; Emergency Transportation; Emergency Examination; Emergency Hospitalization; Involuntary Hospitalization; Assisted Community Treatment; Administration of Treatment Over the Patient's Objection; Limited Liability; Confidentiality

**Description:**

Clarifies and expands the circumstances and procedures available for emergency transportation, examination, and hospitalization under chapter 334. Provides limits on liability for state and local governments and professionals during mental health emergency procedures while performing their duties in the course of employment. Expands the notice requirements for an emergency hospitalization to include an individual's health care surrogate and clarifies when notice to family members can be waived. Removes the authority of the family court to appoint a legal guardian in a proceeding for involuntary hospitalization. Removes the requirement that psychiatric facilities wait for a response on a notice of intent to discharge an involuntary hospitalization patient prior to discharge. Clarifies the circumstances under which a subject of an order for assisted community treatment can be administered medication over the subject's objection. Provides limits on liability for an assisted community treatment provider. Modifies the administrative authorization of medical treatment over the patient's objection to be reviewed by a single decision-maker who is a psychiatrist. Effective 12/31/2050. (SD2)

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