A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that agricultural crimes
3	pose a significant and growing threat to the sustainability and
4	vitality of the State's agricultural industry. These crimes,
5	which include theft, vandalism, trespassing, and illegal hunting
6	on agricultural lands, not only jeopardize the livelihoods of
7	farmers but also undermine food security, disrupt local
8	economies, and erode public confidence in the protection of
9	vital resources. Agriculture remains a cornerstone of the
10	State's economy and cultural heritage, contributing to both
11	economic diversification and community resilience. However, the
12	increasing prevalence of agricultural crimes poses a grave risk
13	to this essential sector.
14	The legislature further finds that unauthorized hunting
15	also significantly impacts agricultural lands. Livestock
16	endangerment and losses are common when unpermitted hunters
17	disturb farm animals on agricultural lands, and accidental

- 1 shootings, noise-related stress, and damaged enclosures put
- 2 livestock at risk, leading to financial losses for farmers.
- 3 Additionally, the erosion of landowner rights and agricultural
- 4 stability are also critical concerns, as farmers and ranchers
- 5 depend on private property rights to maintain secure and
- 6 productive operations. Unauthorized hunting disregards these
- 7 rights, undermining responsible land stewardship.
- **8** Recognizing the complexity and multifaceted nature of
- 9 agricultural crimes, this Act is designed to provide a
- 10 comprehensive response by strengthening existing legal
- 11 frameworks and establishing clearer definitions and penalties
- 12 for violations related to agriculture and agricultural lands.
- 13 By differentiating between administrative and criminal
- 14 penalties, this Act ensures that the consequences of
- 15 agricultural crimes are proportionate and effective, thereby
- 16 enhancing deterrence and accountability.
- Moreover, this Act establishes an agricultural crime
- 18 prevention program within the department of agriculture, which
- 19 will play a pivotal role in safeguarding the State's
- 20 agricultural industry through a combination of grants,
- 21 educational initiatives, and administrative enforcement

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- ${f 1}$ measures. By equipping agricultural property owners and
- 2 community-based organizations with resources such as
- 3 surveillance equipment, signage, and fencing, the program seeks
- 4 to proactively deter criminal activity. Additionally, it will
- 5 support partnerships between law enforcement, community groups,
- 6 and private entities to enhance investigative and prosecutorial
- 7 efforts.
- 8 The legislature affirms its commitment to preserving the
- 9 State's agricultural legacy and protecting the individuals and
- 10 communities who dedicate themselves to this critical industry.
- 11 Through this Act, the State seeks to ensure the safety,
- 12 integrity, and sustainability of the State's agricultural lands
- 13 for present and future generations.
- 14 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- (1) Establish an agricultural crime prevention program
- within the department of agriculture to provide
- grants, education, administrative enforcement, and
- 18 other services for the benefit of the State's
- 19 agricultural industry;

1	(2)	Clarity, create, and strengthen laws regarding crimes
2		and violations related to agriculture or agricultural
3		lands and hunting on private agricultural lands;
4	(3)	Establish clear distinctions between administrative
5		and criminal penalties; and
6	(4)	Appropriate funds for certain positions.
7		PART II
8	SECTI	ON 2. Chapter 141, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended by	adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
10	to read as	follows:
11	"P	ART . AGRICULTURAL CRIME PREVENTION PROGRAM
12	§141-	A Agricultural crime prevention special fund;
13	establishe	d. (a) There is established within the state
14	treasury t	he agricultural crime prevention special fund. The
15	fund shall	be administered by the department of agriculture and
16	shall incl	ude:
17	(1)	Fees received pursuant to section 141-B;
18	(2)	Interest earned or accrued on moneys in the special
19		fund;
20	(3)	Any moneys appropriated by the legislature to the
21		special fund; and

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2	public sources for the purposes of the special fund.
3	(b) The department of agriculture shall expend moneys from
4	the special fund to carry out the purposes of this part,
5	including the implementation and administration of the
6	agricultural crime prevention program.
7	(c) Moneys on balance in the agricultural crime prevention
8	special fund at the close of each fiscal year shall remain in
9	the fund and shall not lapse to the credit of the general fund.
10	§141-B Agricultural crime prevention program; established.
11	(a) The department of agriculture shall establish an
12	agricultural crime prevention program for the purpose of
13	providing grants to agricultural property owners to deter,
14	prevent, and prosecute agricultural crimes.
15	(b) The department of agriculture may:
16	(1) Provide grants to assist agricultural property owners
17	with procuring signage, cameras, fencing, and other
18	protective or surveillance equipment;
19	(2) Provide signage, cameras, fencing, and other
20	protective or surveillance equipment directly to
21	agricultural property owners;

(4) Grants, donations, and contributions from private or

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1	(3)	Provide grants to assist community-based organizations
2		or law enforcement agencies to develop, implement, and
3		support programs for deterring or preventing, and
4		where appropriate, investigating or prosecuting
5		agricultural crimes;
6	(4)	Provide staff, administration, and related support
7		required to administer this part;
8	(5)	Enter into agreements that set forth terms and
9		conditions of the grants, accept funds or grants, and
10		cooperate with private entities and state or county
11		agencies to carry out the purposes of this part;
12	.(6)	Establish, determine, charge, and collect any
13		premiums, fees, charges, costs, and expenses,
14		including application fees, commitment fees, program
15		fees, financing charges, or publication fees, in
16		connection with its activities under this part;
17	(7)	Take whatever actions are necessary or appropriate to
18		protect the State's interest in the event of
19		bankruptcy, default, foreclosure, or noncompliance
20		with the terms and conditions of grants provided under

this part, including the ability to recapture funds if

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1		the grant recipient is round to be noncompitant with
2		the terms and conditions of the grant agreement;
3	(8)	Establish application, notification, contract, and
4		other forms and procedures deemed necessary and
5		appropriate;
6	(9)	Utilize vendors or contract work to carry out the
7		purposes of this part; and
8	(10)	Take any other action that is consistent with the
9		intent of this part.
10	(c)	The department of agriculture shall adopt rules in
11	accordanc	e with chapter 91 to implement this part, including:
12	(1)	Additional requirements and qualifications for
13		determining eligibility of applicants for grants;
14	(2)	Preferences and priorities in determining eligibility
15		for grants;
16	(3)	Conditions, consistent with the purpose of this part,
17		for the awarding of grants;
18	(4)	Requirements for the inspection at reasonable hours of
19		properties, including facilities, books, and records,
20		of a grant applicant or grant recipient;

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2	reports by grant recipients; and
3	(6) Appropriate management counseling and monitoring of
4	business activities for grant recipients.
5	§141-C Agricultural crime prevention grants; standards and
6	conditions. (a) Grants made pursuant to this part shall be
7	awarded on a competitive and annual basis. Grants made under
8	this part shall further and promote the goals of the
9	agricultural crime prevention program.
10	(b) Applications for grants shall be made to the
11	department of agriculture and contain any information required
12	under this part and rules adopted pursuant to this part. At a
13	minimum, an applicant shall include the following:
14	(1) The name of the organization or individual applying

(2) A statement that the applicant meets the criteria for

The location of the agricultural property or community

(5) Requirements for the submission of progress and final

(4)

for the grant;

to be benefited.

(3) The intended use of the grant; and

the grant;

1	(C)	Recipients of grants made pursuant to this part shall
2	be subject	t to the following conditions:
3	(1)	The recipient shall not use public funds for purposes
4		of entertainment or perquisites, including lobbying
5		activities;
6	(2)	The recipient of a grant shall comply with state laws
7		and county ordinances;
8	(3)	The recipient of a grant shall comply with any other
9		requirements that may be prescribed by rules adopted
10		pursuant to this part;
11	(4)	The recipient of a grant shall allow the department of
12		agriculture, the legislature, and the auditor full
13		access to records, reports, files, and other related
14		documents so that the program, management, and fiscal
15		practices of the grant recipient may be monitored and
16		evaluated to assure the proper and effective
17		expenditure of public funds;
18	(5)	Each grant shall be monitored according to rules
19		adopted pursuant to this part to ensure compliance
20		with this part or rules adopted pursuant to this part;

and

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1	(6) A	my recipient who withholds or omits any material fact
2	0	r deliberately misrepresents facts to the department
3	0	of agriculture or who violates the terms of the
4	r	ecipient's contract shall be in violation of this
5	р	art and, in addition to any other penalties provided
6	b	y law, shall be prohibited from applying for a grant
7	u	nder this part for a period of five years from the
8	d	ate of termination of the grant or contract."
9		PART III
10	SECTIO	N 3. Chapter 142, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by	adding two new sections to part I to be appropriately
12	designated	and to read as follows:
13	" <u>§142-</u>	A Administrative penalties. (a) Except as
14	otherwise p	rovided by law, the department of agriculture may
15	set, charge	, and collect administrative fines, fees, and costs
16	for any vio	lation of this chapter for which a penalty is not
17	otherwise p	rovided, including attorneys' fees and costs, or
18	bring legal	action to recover administrative fines, fees, and
19	costs, incl	uding attorneys' fees and costs, or payment for
20	damages or	for the cost to correct damages resulting from a
21	violation o	f this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder.

1	(b)_	For any administrative violation of this chapter or
2	any rule	adopted thereunder, unless provided otherwise by law,
3	the fine	shall be as follows:
4	(1)	For a first violation, or any violation not preceded
5		within a five-year period for the same violation, a
6		fine of no more than \$200;
7	(2)	For a second violation within five years of a previous
8		violation, a fine of no more than \$500; and
9	(3)	For a third or subsequent violation within five years
10		of a previous violation, a fine of no more than
11		\$1,000.
12	Each day	or instance of violation shall constitute a separate
13	violation	<u> </u>
14	(c)	The board of agriculture may impose applicable fines
15	by order	in addition to any other administrative or judicial
16	remedy pr	ovided by this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder.
17	<u>(d)</u>	For any judicial proceeding to recover a fine, fee, or
18	cost impo	sed under this section, the chairperson of the board of
19	agricultu	re need only show that:

1	(1)	Notice was given and a hearing was held or the time
2		granted for requesting a hearing has expired without
3		receiving a request;
4	(2)	The fine, fee, or cost was imposed; and
5	(3)	The fine, fee, or cost remains unpaid.
6	<u>(e)</u>	In addition to any other administrative or judicial
7	remedy pr	ovided in this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder,
8	the depar	tment of agriculture may impound, seize, confiscate,
9	destroy,	quarantine, sell, auction, or dispose of any animal,
10	animal pr	oduct, container, crate, or any other item under the
11	jurisdict	ion of this chapter in the best interest of the State.
12	<u>(f)</u>	Any criminal action against a person for any violation
13	of this c	hapter or any rule adopted thereunder shall not
14	preclude	the State from pursuing civil legal action to recover
15	administr	ative fines, fees, or costs or damages against the
16	person.	Any civil legal action to recover administrative fines,
17	fees, cos	ts, or damages for a violation of this chapter or any
18	rule adop	ted thereunder shall not preclude the State from
19	pursuing	any appropriate criminal action against that person.
20	Unless ot	herwise provided, all fines, fees, costs, and damages
21	recovered	by the department of agriculture pursuant to this

- 1 section shall be deposited in the animal industry special fund
- 2 established under section 142-3.6.
- 3 §142-B Habitual agricultural crime. (a) A person commits
- 4 the offense of habitual agricultural crime if the person is a
- 5 habitual agricultural crime perpetrator and commits a criminal
- 6 offense under this chapter.
- 7 (b) For the purposes of this section, "habitual
- 8 agricultural crime perpetrator" means a person who, within five
- 9 years of the instant offense, has any combination of three or
- 10 more prior convictions for criminal offenses under this chapter
- 11 or one or more prior convictions under this section. The
- 12 convictions shall be for separate incidents on separate dates.
- 13 The prosecution shall not be required to prove any state of mind
- 14 with respect to the person's status as a habitual agricultural
- 15 crime perpetrator. Proof that the person has the requisite
- 16 minimum prior convictions shall be sufficient to establish this
- 17 <u>element.</u>
- (c) Habitual agricultural crime is a class C felony.
- 19 (d) For a conviction under this section, the sentence
- 20 shall be either:

1	<u>(1)</u>	An indeterminate term of imprisonment of five years;
2		provided that the minimum term of imprisonment shall
3		be no less than one year; or
4	(2)	A term of probation of five years, with conditions to
5		include but not be limited to one year of
6		imprisonment; provided that probation shall only be
7		available for a first conviction under this section."
8	SECT	ION 4. Chapter 142, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended b	y adding four new sections to part II to be
10	appropria	tely designated and to read as follows:
11	" <u>§14</u>	2-C Definitions. As used in this part:
12	"Bra	nd" means a design that is permanently impressed on the
13	hide of a	n animal by burning with acid, a chemical compound, or
14	a hot iro	<u>n.</u>
15	<u>"Mar</u>	k" means a design that is cut into or from the ear,
16	dewlap, o	r other part of an animal.
17	<u>§142</u>	-D Specialized unit of brand inspectors;
18	establish	ment; duties. (a) There is established within the
19	departmen	t of agriculture a specialized unit of brand
20	inspector	s, whose duty shall be to carry out enforcement of this
21		related rules adopted under this chapter, as authorized

- 1 under this chapter and directed by the chairperson of the board
- 2 of agriculture. The chairperson of the board of agriculture may
- 3 staff the unit as needed to fulfill its duties.
- 4 (b) Brand inspectors shall be provided with suitable
- 5 badges or insignia of office by the department of agriculture
- 6 and shall have the power to:
- 7 (1) Initiate civil or administrative investigations;
- 8 (2) Institute, serve, and execute warrants;
- 9 (3) Issue citations;
- 10 (4) Seize contraband or other related articles;
- 11 (5) Educate; and
- 12 (6) Use any other means of enforcement authorized under
- this chapter,
- 14 to enforce this part and related rules adopted under this
- 15 chapter.
- 16 (c) Whenever a brand inspector deems it necessary to enter
- 17 private property, including any land, building, vehicle, vessel,
- 18 or aircraft, for the purposes of enforcing this part, the brand
- 19 inspector may apply to the district court in which the property
- 20 is located for a warrant to enter the property. The district
- 21 court may issue a warrant authorizing the brand inspector to

- 1 enter the property and seize, capture, confiscate, or remove any
- animals, equipment, records, or other articles used or intended
- 3 for use in the commission or attempt to commit a violation of
- 4 this part or related rules adopted under this chapter.
- 5 <u>§142-E</u> <u>Inspection before slaughter</u>. No person shall allow
- 6 livestock to enter a processing establishment that slaughters or
- 7 processes livestock meat and meat products unless the department
- 8 of agriculture has conducted a prior examination and inspection
- 9 to verify the correct brand pursuant to this part and confirm
- 10 the livestock ownership movement certificate pursuant to section
- 11 142-49.
- 12 §142-F Brand inspection special fund. (a) There is
- 13 established in the state treasury the brand inspection special
- 14 fund. The special fund shall be administered by the department
- 15 of agriculture and shall include:
- 16 (1) Fees, fines, and penalties received pursuant to this
- 17 part;
- 18 (2) Interest earned or accrued on moneys in the special
- 19 fund;
- 20 (3) All moneys received and deposited into the special
- fund pursuant to section 142-41;

1	(4)	Any moneys appropriated by the legislature to the
2		special fund; and
3	(5)	Grants, donations, and contributions from private or
4		public sources for the purposes of the special fund.
5	(b)	Moneys deposited into the special fund shall be
6	expended	by the department of agriculture for the implementation
7	and admin	istration of the specialized unit of brand inspectors.
8	SECT	ION 5. Section 142-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended t	o read as follows:
10	"§14	2-2 Rules. Subject to chapter 91, the department of
11	agricultu	re may make and amend rules for the inspection,
12	quarantin	e, disinfection, or destruction, either upon
13	introduct	ion into the State or at any time or place within the
14	State, of	animals and the premises and effects used in
15	connectio	n with the animals. Included therein may be rules
16	governing	the control and eradication of transmissible diseases
17	of animal	s and the transportation of animals between the
18	different	islands of the State and along the highways thereof,
19	the regis	tration and inspection of brands or marks on, both as
20	defined i	n section 142-C, livestock, as well as rules requiring
21	the owner	or captain of any vessel or aircraft arriving in the

- 1 State with animals aboard and the managers or agents of trucking
- 2 and air and water transportation companies carrying animals
- 3 within the State to report on the number and class of animals
- 4 carried, names of owners and consignees, the places to and from
- 5 which the animals are shipped, the manner of handling the
- 6 animals, the number of deaths or injuries to animals occurring
- 7 in transit or while being loaded or unloaded, together with the
- 8 causes of the deaths or injuries, and all other matters [which]
- 9 that may be deemed necessary by the department for a full and
- 10 complete record of the shipping and handling of animals. The
- 11 department may also prohibit the importation into the State from
- 12 any foreign country or other parts of the United States or the
- 13 movement from one island within the State to another island
- 14 therein or to one locality from another locality on the same
- 15 island, of animals known to be or suspected of being infected
- 16 with a contagious, infectious, or communicable disease or known
- 17 to have been exposed to any of those diseases."
- 18 SECTION 6. Section 142-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- "\$142-3 Department[$_{7}$]; general duties[$_{+}$] and powers. (a)
- 21 The department of agriculture shall have charge, direction, and

1	control o	f all matters relating to the inspection of animals,
2	including	brand inspection, and the prevention and eradication
3	of contag	ious, infectious, and communicable diseases among
4	animals a	nd of all matters relating to animal industry within
5	this chap	ter.
6	(b)	In the performance of its duties under this chapter,
7	the depar	tment of agriculture may:
8	(1)	Conduct investigations, collect data, and require
9		reports from owners of animals, including livestock
10		animals, as may be necessary to conduct inspections or
11		facilitate its decisions;
12	(2)	Enter upon private property, including agricultural
13		lands, as may be necessary in making any investigation
14		or inspection required or authorized by this chapter;
15		provided that the entry shall not constitute a cause
16		of action in favor of the owner of the land, except
17		for damages resulting from wilful acts or negligence
18		by the department or its employees acting in the
19		course of their official duties;
20	<u>(3)</u>	Establish and assess fees pursuant to chapter 91 to
21		<pre>cover a portion of the department's costs in carrying</pre>

1		out the implementation and administration of any
2		programs established or authorized under this chapter;
3	(4)	Recover expenses incurred in taking any action
4		required by the owner of the animals, including
5		livestock, in the same manner that debts are
6		recoverable by law;
7	<u>(5)</u>	Assess and collect administrative penalties for
8		violation of this chapter, any rule adopted
9		thereunder, or order issued by the department of
10		agriculture or board of agriculture pursuant to this
11		<pre>chapter;</pre>
12	(6)	Place liens, as needed, on the owner's property, to be
13		collected as delinquent taxes against lands and
14		property, if the owner neglects to pay any costs,
15		expenses, or penalties chargeable to the owner under
16		this chapter, or any rule, order, or condition
17		adopted, issued, or required under this chapter;
18	(7)	With the assistance of the attorney general, institute
19		and pursue all court actions that may be necessary to
20		obtain the enforcement of any order issued by the

1		board of agriculture or department of agriculture in
2		carrying out this chapter;
3	(8)	Cooperate, advise, consult, contract, or enter into
4		cooperative agreements with the United States
5		government, or any of its agencies, other state
6		agencies, or the county governments, or any of its
7		agencies; and
8	<u>(9)</u>	Take any and all other actions as may be necessary to
9		carry out this chapter."
10	SECTION 7. Section 142-3.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
11	amended t	o read as follows:
12	"§14	2-3.6 Animal industry special fund. There is
13	establish	ed the animal industry special fund to be administered
14	by the bo	ard of agriculture. Moneys received by the board of
15	agricultu	re from:
16	(1)	The use or rental of the division of animal industry's
17		properties or facilities, including the animal
18		quarantine property or facilities pursuant to section
19		142-3.5;

1	(2) Revenue from fees for diagnostic, surveillance, and	
2	other work by the animal industry division veterinary	
3	laboratory and animal disease control branch; [and]	
4	(3) Fines, fees, costs and damages recovered by the	
5	department of agriculture under section 142-A; and	
6	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ Appropriations or other moneys made available,	
7	shall be deposited into the special fund. All interest earned	
8	or accrued on moneys deposited in the special fund shall become	
9	part of the special fund. Moneys in the special fund shall be	
10	expended to cover costs of the division of animal industry,	
11	including the costs of salaries, fringe benefits, operating	
12	expenses, equipment, motor vehicles, contract with any qualified	
13	person or entity for livestock handling services, improvements	
14	to laboratory capabilities and operations, and operating and	
15	maintenance of the animal industry facilities; provided that	
16	moneys in the special fund may be used to fund the department's	
17	resource management and planning programs. A reserve shall be	
18	maintained in the special fund to cover contingency costs,	
19	including accrued vacation leave, unemployment insurance, and	
20	workers' compensation."	

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- 1 SECTION 8. Section 142-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 "\$142-4 Entry of animals without inspection prohibited.
- 4 (a) No animal shall be allowed to enter the State except after
- 5 inspection by the department of agriculture and the issuance of
- 6 a permit by the department to the consignee or owner; provided
- 7 that no fees for inspection shall be charged, nor delays caused,
- 8 concerning the landing of any domestic animal for which a
- 9 certificate of health has been issued as prescribed by the
- 10 Federal Cattle Contagious Disease Act. Every carrier, owner, or
- 11 handler bringing animals into the State shall be required to
- 12 present these animals to the department of agriculture for
- inspection.
- 14 (b) Any person who fails to present an animal pursuant to
- 15 subsection (a) shall be assessed an administrative penalty of no
- 16 more than \$1,000 for each violation. Each animal that enters
- 17 the State without inspection shall constitute a separate
- 18 violation."
- 19 SECTION 9. Section 142-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:

1 "\$142-8 Notification of arrival. (a) The captain of any 2 vessel or aircraft transporting any live animal to any port in 3 [this] the State shall immediately upon arrival in the State 4 notify the department of agriculture. No animal so transported, 5 nor any portion of the food or water nor any effects connected 6 therewith or provided for the animal's use during transit, shall 7 be removed from the wharf or airport until the department has 8 inspected and passed the same. The department, at the owner's 9 or shipper's expense, may require that the animal be moved to a 10 more suitable location for inspection. 11 (b) A person who violates this section shall be guilty of 12 a misdemeanor." 13 SECTION 10. Section 142-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 14 amended to read as follows: 15 "\$142-12 Penalties. (a) Any person violating any 16 provision of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant [thereto, 17 for which action a penalty is not otherwise provided, is quilty 18 of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, | to this chapter 19 that is designated as a petty misdemeanor shall be [punished] 20 sentenced as follows:

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2		not preceded within a five-year period for an offense
3		under the same section, a fine of [not more] no less
4		than $[\$1,000]$ $\$250$ or $[\$y]$ imprisonment of $[not more]$
5		no less than [one year,] three consecutive days, or
6		both[-];
7	(2)	For [a second conviction within one year] an offense
8		that occurs within five years of a previous
9		conviction[, by] for an offense under the same
10		section, a fine of [not] no less than \$500 [nor more
11		than \$1,000] or [by] imprisonment of [not more] no
12		<u>less</u> than [one year,] ten days, or both[-]; and
13	(3)	For [a third conviction] an offense that occurs within
14		five years of [the first conviction, by] two or more
15		prior convictions for an offense under the same
16		section, a fine of [not less than] \$1,000 or [by]
17		imprisonment of [one year,] thirty days, or both.
18	(b)	Any person[, carrier, or handler who has been
19	convicted	of a violation violating any provision of this
20	chapter [more than three times within a five-year period or
21	whose vio	lation poses a grave or serious health threat to the

(1) For the first [conviction, by] offense, or any offense

1	State's c	itizens, animal industry, wildlife, or domestic
2	animals,	shall be guilty of a class C felony and upon
3	convictio	m] or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter that is
4	designate	d as a misdemeanor shall be [punished] sentenced as
5	follows:	
6	(1)	For the first conviction, [by] or any offense not
7		preceded within a five-year period for an offense
8		under the same section, a fine of [not more] no less
9		than $[\$5,000]$ $\$500$ or $[\$y]$ imprisonment of $[not more]$
10		no less than five [years, consecutive days, or
11		both[-];
12	(2)	For [a second conviction] an offense that occurs
13		within five years of a previous conviction[, by] for
14		an offense under the same section, a fine of [not] no
15		less than [\$3,000 nor more than \$5,000 or by] \$1,000
16		or imprisonment of [not more] no less than [five
17		years, thirty days, or both[.]; and
18	(3)	For [a third or subsequent conviction] an offense that
19		occurs within five years of [the first conviction, by]
20		two or more prior convictions for an offense under the

same section, a fine of [not less than \$5,000 or by]

21

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1
              $2,000 or imprisonment of [not more than five years,]
              one year, or both.
 2
 3
          (c) [In addition to the penalties in subsection (a) or (b)
 4
    and for the first conviction, the department of agriculture may
5
    impound, seize, confiscate, destroy, quarantine, sell, auction,
 6
    or dispose of any animal, animal product, container, crate, or
7
    any other item under the jurisdiction of this chapter in the
8
    best interest of the State.] Any provision of this chapter or
9
    any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter that is not
10
    specifically designated as a petty misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or
11
    felony, shall be enforced via civil or administrative means.
12
         (d) [Persons found to be in possession of any] Any animal,
13
    fodder, fittings, or other personal effects [contrary to] seized
14
    in relation to an offense under this chapter, including any
    vehicles used in the commission of the offense, shall be [found
15
16
    quilty and upon conviction shall be punished in accordance with
17
    this section.] subject to forfeiture under chapter 712A."
18
         SECTION 11. Section 142-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19
    amended to read as follows:
20
         "$142-18 Disposal of tuberculous animals. (a) The owner
21
    of all cattle reacting to the tuberculin test shall, subject to
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- 1 section 142-16, cause them to be segregated immediately and,
- 2 within a reasonable time thereafter, to be delivered for
- 3 slaughter at [such] a time and place as may be designated by the
- 4 department of agriculture. The slaughter shall be under the
- 5 direct supervision of the department and in accordance with the
- 6 meat inspection regulations of the United States Department of
- 7 Agriculture.
- **8** (b) Any person who fails to segregate tuberculous animals
- 9 or deliver them for slaughter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."
- 10 SECTION 12. Section 142-20, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended to read as follows:
- 12 "\$142-20 Premises from which tuberculous cattle removed to
- 13 be disinfected. (a) Any premises upon which have been kept
- 14 animals affected with tuberculosis shall be disinfected promptly
- 15 after the removal of the animals and in a manner satisfactory to
- 16 the department of agriculture and at the expense of the owner.
- 17 (b) Violation of this section shall be a misdemeanor."
- 18 SECTION 13. Section 142-23.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
- 20 "(b) Any person who violates [the provisions of]
- 21 subsection (a) [of this section] shall be [fined not more than

- 1 \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.] quilty of
- 2 a misdemeanor."
- 3 SECTION 14. Section 142-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "\$142-41 Brands to be registered and recorded[- etc]. (a)
- 6 Every owner of livestock in the State shall have the owner's
- 7 brand or mark, in order to secure its validity and
- 8 individuality, recorded in a separate book kept for that purpose
- 9 by the department of agriculture to be known as the "Hawaii
- 10 Brand Book". No brand or mark shall be recorded [which] that
- 11 may be similar or approximate in design to any brand or mark
- 12 [which] that has been previously recorded. No record shall be
- 13 made of any earmark, except only as supplemental identification
- 14 of a brand. Numerals from 1 to 9 and 0, not used in combination
- 15 or with symbols, as a brand, shall not be subject to preemptive
- 16 use but shall be the common property of all persons.
- 17 (b) The department of agriculture shall establish, by rule
- 18 adopted pursuant to chapter 91, a fee for each application [for
- 19 registration shall be established by rule adopted pursuant to
- 20 chapter 91.] to register a brand or mark. The application may
- 21 be made directly to the department, through its duly authorized

1 agents, or through any duly authorized police officer. The 2 chief of police of the respective counties shall authorize 3 police officers to receive applications for registration of 4 brands under this section. All moneys [so] received under this 5 section shall be [paid to the director of finance.] deposited 6 with the director of finance who shall deposit the moneys into 7 the brand inspection special fund pursuant to section 142-F. A 8 signed and dated receipt shall be issued for each paid 9 application. All applications shall be promptly forwarded to 10 the department. 11 If it is determined that the application seeks the registration of a brand [which] that either has not already been 12 13 recorded by another person or is not similar in design to any 14 other previously recorded brand [which] that has not expired, 15 then a certificate showing that [such] the brand or mark has 16 been duly recorded shall be issued forthwith to the applicant. 17 [No record shall be made of any earmark, except only as 18 supplemental identification of a brand. Numerals from 1 to 9 19 and 0, not used in combination or with symbols, as a brand, 20 shall not be subject to preemptive use but shall be the common 21

property of all persons.]

1 It shall be unlawful for any person to use any brand (d) 2 that has not been duly registered pursuant to this section and any rule adopted thereunder. Any person who violates this 3 subsection shall be fined no more than \$200. Each instance a 4 5 brand is used in violation of this subsection shall constitute a 6 separate violation." SECTION 15. Section 142-47, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 7 8 amended to read as follows: 9 "§142-47 [Obliterating] Altering, removing, or 10 obliterating brand[;] or mark; penalty. Any person who alters, 11 removes, or obliterates any brand or mark, on any animal, by 12 placing another brand or mark over the same, or otherwise, 13 [although without felonious intent,] shall be fined [not] no 14 more than [\$200] \$500 for every brand or mark so obliterated." 15 SECTION 16. Section 142-48, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 amended to read as follows: 17 "§142-48 [Felonious] Prohibited branding[+] or marking; 18 penalty. [Whoever wilfully and feloniously brands, or otherwise 19 marks_r] Any person who intentionally or knowingly places their 20 own brand or mark on any kine, horse, mule, sheep, goat, or 21 other cattle belonging to another [, with one's mark,] or [with]

- 1 places the brand or mark of [another not] anyone other than the
- 2 animal's owner [of the animal so branded or marked,] with the
- 3 intent to convert it to one's own use $[\tau]$ or to the use of
- 4 another, shall be [imprisoned not more than one year, or fined
- 5 not more] guilty of a class C felony and, in addition to any
- 6 other penalties imposed by the court, be fined no less than
- 7 [\$200] \$1,000 for each kine, horse, mule, sheep, goat or other
- 8 cattle thus branded or marked."
- 9 SECTION 17. Section 142-49, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended to read as follows:
- 11 "\$142-49 Livestock ownership and movement certification.
- 12 (a) Every owner, upon sale or transportation of livestock,
- 13 including cattle, horses, sheep, goats, pigs, bison, or llamas,
- 14 shall complete a certificate describing the animal or animals
- 15 including sex, breed, age, and brand and indicating the seller
- 16 or owner, buyer or consignee, and origin and destination. Two
- 17 copies of the certificate shall accompany the shipment $[\tau]$;
- 18 provided that one copy shall be given to the department of
- 19 agriculture, and [a] one copy shall be retained by the owner.
- 20 One of the copies of the certificate shall be presented upon

- 1 request to a [law enforcement officer] brand inspector or other
- 2 officer or employee as described in section 142-29.
- 3 (b) Any person who violates this section shall be assessed
- 4 an administrative penalty up to \$500 per animal moved without a
- 5 certificate."
- 6 SECTION 18. Section 142-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended by amending subsection (i) to read as follows:
- 8 "(i) Any person who constructs or maintains an
- 9 electrically charged fence or fence with electrically charged
- 10 attachments not conforming to the requirements of this section
- 11 shall be [fined no more than \$500, or imprisoned no more than
- 12 one year, or both.] quilty of a misdemeanor."
- 13 SECTION 19. Section 142-62, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 14 amended to read as follows:
- "\$142-62 Breaking, etc., of fence; penalty. If any person
- 16 maliciously and designedly opens a gateway, or breaks a fence,
- 17 so as to allow any animal ingress or egress, so that it may
- 18 commit a trespass, or maliciously and designedly drives or leads
- 19 any animal into another locality where it may commit a trespass,
- 20 the person shall, for every offense, be [fined not more than

- 1 \$100, or imprisoned not more than one year.] guilty of a petty
 2 misdemeanor."
- 3 SECTION 20. Section 142-68, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "§142-68 Fine for continued trespassing by animals. [$\pm n$
- 6 case] If cattle, horses, mules, asses, sheep, swine, or goats
- 7 trespass on any land, the owner of the animals, if known, shall
- 8 be notified by the owner or occupier of the land trespassed
- 9 upon, and if the owner of the animals does not remove them
- 10 within [twenty-four]:
- 11 (1) Twenty-four hours, if the animals are trespassing on a
- homesite, garden, or truck farm[7]; or [within forty-
- 13 eight]
- 14 (2) Forty-eight hours, if the animals are trespassing on
- any other type of land,
- 16 the owner of the animals shall be [subject to penalties as
- 17 provided in section 142-12.] quilty of a misdemeanor."
- 18 SECTION 21. Section 142-72, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- 20 "\$142-72 Procedure, if owner believes impounding illegal.
- 21 If the owner of any animal taken up for trespass has reason to



- 1 believe that the taking up or impounding of the animal was
- 2 illegal, or if the owner regards the claim for damages or
- 3 expenses as excessive, the owner may have the owner's animal
- 4 returned to the owner upon the [owner's] owner delivering to the
- 5 landowner or to the pound keeper[, if the animal has been
- 6 impounded, a certificate from any district judge of the
- 7 circuit $[\tau]$ in which the animal was impounded, stating that the
- 8 owner has deposited with the judge the amount claimed by the
- 9 landowner, together with the pound fees, if any, or a good and
- 10 sufficient bond for the same and the costs of an action before
- 11 the judge."
- 12 SECTION 22. Section 142-74, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 13 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) If any dog, while on private property without the
- 15 consent of the owner of that property, injures or destroys any
- 16 sheep, cattle, goat, hog, fowl, or other property belonging to
- 17 any person other than the owner of the dog, the owner of the dog
- 18 shall be liable in damages to the person injured for the value
- 19 of the property so injured or destroyed. The owner of the dog
- 20 shall confine or destroy the dog, and if the owner of the dog
- 21 neglects or refuses to do so, the owner of the dog, in the event

- 1 of any further damage being done to the person or property of
- 2 any person by the dog, in addition to paying the person injured
- 3 for the damage, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and pay the
- 4 costs of the trial [together with the penalty imposed under
- 5 section 142-12], and it shall be lawful for any other person to
- 6 destroy the dog."
- 7 SECTION 23. Section 142-91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 "\$142-91 Destruction of animals ferae naturae. (a) No
- 10 person shall shoot or otherwise destroy any animal ferae naturae
- 11 or its progeny within ten years of the introduction of the
- 12 species into the State.
- 13 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit
- 14 the destruction of such animals as shall be proved to be common
- 15 nuisances.
- 16 (c) Any person who violates this section shall be guilty
- 17 of a misdemeanor."
- 18 SECTION 24. Section 142-93, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- 20 "\$142-93 Harboring mongoose; penalty. Any person
- 21 harboring, feeding, or in any way caring for a mongoose, except

- 1 upon and according to the terms of a written permit [which] that
- 2 may be granted [therefor] by the department of agriculture, in
- 3 its discretion, to scientists, scientific institutions,
- 4 associations, or colleges, or to officers, boards, or
- 5 commissions of the State or any county, shall be [penalized
- 6 pursuant to section 142-12.] quilty of a misdemeanor."
- 7 SECTION 25. Section 142-95, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 "\$142-95 Rabbits, Belgian hares, to be kept off ground;
- 10 penalty. (a) Any person who breeds, raises or keeps rabbits or
- 11 Belgian hares shall keep them off the ground.
- 12 (b) Any person who violates this section shall be [fined]
- 13 not more than \$100 or imprisoned not more than six months, or
- 14 both.] guilty of a petty misdemeanor."
- 15 PART IV
- 16 SECTION 26. Section 145-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 "\$145-5 Reports of consignment sales. Every commission
- 19 merchant shall make a written report to the producer for farm
- 20 produce handled on consignment [in] on behalf of said producer
- 21 [which shall be], within [such] the time and [in such detail]

- 1 manner as may be prescribed by the department. Making a false
- 2 or incorrect report shall constitute a misdemeanor under section
- **3** 145-12."
- 4 SECTION 27. Section 145-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 "\$145-12 [Misdemeanor.] Criminal penalties. [Any] Unless
- 7 otherwise provided, any person who violates this chapter shall
- 8 be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined [not] no more than
- 9 [\$1,000] \$2,000 or imprisoned [not] no more than one year, or
- 10 both."
- 11 SECTION 28. Section 145-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 12 amended as follows:
- 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
- "(a) Every person, upon sale of any agricultural commodity
- 15 or upon transportation of lots of any agricultural commodity [of
- 16 more than two hundred pounds or with a value of at least \$100
- 17 that is marketed for commercial purposes], shall complete and
- 18 retain a certificate describing the commodity, the amount and
- 19 value of the commodity, and shall include:
- 20 (1) The seller's name, residence address, telephone
- 21 number, and license plate number of any vehicle used

1 by the seller to deliver the commodity to the place of 2 purchase; The name of the farm owner and address of origin; 3 (2) 4 (3) The name of the buyer or consignee, and destination; 5 and 6 The signature of the seller and, upon sale, the (4)7 signature of the buyer or consignee." 8 By amending subsection (e) to read: 9 "(e) [This] A failure to comply with any requirement under 10 this section shall constitute a criminal offense subject to 11 penalties under section 145-25; provided that this section shall 12 not apply to the retail sale of an agricultural commodity to the 13 final consumer." 14 SECTION 29. Section 145-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15 amended to read as follows: 16 "[+]\$145-24[+] Authorization to inspect. (a) Every law 17 enforcement officer or other officer or employee [as described 18 in section 145-25] having [probable cause] reason to believe 19 based upon specific and articulable facts that the possession, 20 sale, or transportation of agricultural commodities is unlawful,

may take reasonable steps to detain the person having

- 1 possession, selling, or transporting the agricultural
- 2 commodities and request from the person being detained proof of
- 3 ownership of the commodities.
- 4 (b) For the purposes of this section, "officer or
- 5 employee" has the same meaning as in section 145-27."
- 6 SECTION 30. Section 145-25, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 "\$145-25 Enforcement; criminal penalties. [Violations] In
- 9 addition to any civil or administrative penalties or remedies,
- 10 violations of this part or any rule adopted pursuant thereto
- 11 shall be criminal offenses and shall be sentenced as follows:
- (1) [A violation] Any offense in which the value of the
- agricultural commodity exceeds \$100 shall be a class C
- 14 felony; and
- (2) [A violation] Any offense in which the value of the
- agricultural commodity is \$100 or less shall be a
- 17 misdemeanor."
- 18 SECTION 31. Section 145-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 repealed.
- 20 ["\$145-23 Lack of proof of ownership as a violation. The
- 21 failure of any person who sells, transports, or possesses after



- 1 sale or transport, agricultural commodities to maintain a
- 2 certificate of ownership or other written proof of ownership of
- 3 the agricultural commodity, as described in section 145-22, is a
- 4 violation of this part and also prima facie evidence of an
- 5 offense under section 708-831(1)(e)."]
- 6 PART V
- 7 SECTION 32. Section 146-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 "\$146-22 Reports. Every person who slaughters a calf,
- 10 heifer, cow, steer, or bull, whether wild or domesticated, at
- 11 any place other than a duly licensed slaughterhouse shall comply
- with section 146-21 and [-in addition thereto, shall forthwith]
- 13 report [such] the slaughtering to the officer in charge of
- 14 recording brands. [Such] The report shall include a description
- 15 of the animal slaughtered, including its sex and a full
- 16 description of each and every brand on the animal, the date and
- 17 place of slaughter, and the name of the person from whom, and
- 18 date when, the animal was acquired. If any of the described
- 19 brands on the animal appear to be altered, removed, or
- 20 obliterated, as described in section 142-47, or to be
- 21 [felonious,] prohibited, as described in section 142-48, the

1 person discovering the altered, removed, obliterated, or 2 prohibited brand shall make a report of the altered, removed, 3 obliterated, or [felonious] prohibited brand to any branding 4 inspector, as provided by law, and the appropriate law 5 enforcement agency [pursuant to rules adopted by the department 6 of agriculture]." 7 PART VI 8 SECTION 33. Section 183D-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 amended to read as follows: 10 "§183D-5 Penalties. (a) Any person violating section 11 183D-21, 183D-25, 183D-33, or 183D-63 or any rule adopted under 12 this chapter shall be guilty of a petty misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be [punished] sentenced as follows[:], 13 14 without possibility of probation or suspension of sentence: 15 (1) For a first [conviction, by] offense, or any offense 16 not preceded within a five-year period by a conviction 17 for an offense under the same section, a mandatory 18 fine of [not] no less than \$100, or imprisonment of 19 [not-more] no less than [thirty] three consecutive

days, or both;

Ţ	(2)	for (a second conviction) an offense that occurs
2		within five years of a previous conviction[, by] for
3		an offense under the same section, a mandatory fine of
4		[not] no less than \$500, or $[by]$ imprisonment of $[not]$
5		<pre>more] no less than [thirty] ten days, or both[, and];</pre>
6		provided that all firearms used in the commission of
7		the violations shall be considered contraband to be
8		forfeited to and disposed of by the State; and
9	(3)	For [a third or subsequent conviction] an offense that
10		occurs within five years of [the first] two or more
11		convictions[, by] for offenses under the same section,
12		a mandatory fine of $[not less than]$ \$1,000, or $[by]$
13		imprisonment of [not more than] thirty days, or both[7
14		and]; provided that all firearms used in the
15		commission of the violations shall be considered
16		contraband to be forfeited to and disposed of by the
17		State.
18	(b)	Any person violating section [183D-66,] 183D-25.5,
19	[183D-26,	183D-27,] 183D-32, 183D-62, [or] 183D-64, or 183D-66
20	shall be	guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof,

shall be [punished] sentenced as follows:

1	(1)	For a first [conviction by] offense, or any offense
2		not preceded within a five-year period by a conviction
3		for an offense under the same section, a mandatory
4		fine of $[not]$ no less than \$200, or $[by]$ imprisonment
5		of [not more than one year, no less than five days,
6		or both [and]; provided that all animal parts,
7 .		products, or items containing prohibited animal parts
8		or products involved in the commission of the
9		violations shall be considered contraband to be
10		forfeited to and disposed of by the State;

within five years of a previous conviction[, by] for
an offense under the same section, a mandatory fine of
[not] no less than \$1,000, or [by] imprisonment of
[not more than one year,] no less than thirty days, or
both[, and]; provided that all firearms, animal parts,
products, or items containing prohibited animal parts
or products used in the commission of the violations
shall be considered contraband to be forfeited to and
disposed of by the State; and

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(3)	For [a third or subsequent conviction] an offense that
	occurs within five years of [the first] two or more
	previous convictions[, by] for offenses under the same
	section, a mandatory fine of [not] no less than
	\$2,000, or [by] imprisonment of [not more than one
	year, no less than ninety days, or both[, and];
	provided that all firearms, animal parts, products, or
	items containing prohibited animal parts or products
	used in the commission of the violations shall be
	considered contraband to be forfeited to and disposed
	of by the State.

- (c) Any person who violates section 183D-52 shall be
 guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be
 [punished] sentenced as follows:
- 15 (1) For a first [conviction, by] offense, or any offense

 16 not preceded within a five-year period by a conviction

 17 for an offense under the same section, a mandatory

 18 fine of [not] no less than \$10,000 and payment of any

 19 costs incurred in the eradication of any deer and the

 20 deer's progeny that has been possessed, transferred,

1		transported, or released after transport, or $[\frac{by}{y}]$
2		imprisonment of [not] no more than one year, or both;
3	(2)	For [a second conviction] an offense that occurs
4		within five years of a previous conviction[, by] for
5		an offense under the same section, a mandatory fine of
6		[not] no less than \$15,000 and payment of any costs
7		incurred in the eradication of any deer and the deer's
8		progeny that has been possessed, transferred,
9		transported, or released after transport, or [by]
10		imprisonment of [not] no more than one year, or both;
11		and
12	(3)	For [a third or subsequent conviction] an offense that
13		occurs within five years of [the first] two or more
14		previous convictions[, by] for offenses under the same
15		section, a mandatory fine of [not] no less than
16		\$25,000 and payment of any costs incurred in the
17		eradication of any deer and the deer's progeny that
18		has been possessed, transferred, transported, or
19		released after transport, or [by] imprisonment of

[not] no more than one year, or both.

1	<u>(d)</u>	Any person who violates section 183D-26 or 183D-27
2	shall be	guilty of a class C felony, and upon conviction
3	thereof,	shall be sentenced as follows, without possibility of
4	probation	or suspension of sentence:
5	(1)	For a first offense, or any offense not preceded
6		within ten years of a previous conviction for an
7		offense under the same section, a mandatory fine of no
8		less than \$1,000 or imprisonment of no less than
9		thirty days, or both; provided that all firearms,
10		hunting animals, vehicles, animal parts, products, or
11		items containing prohibited animal parts or products
12		involved in the commission of the violations shall be
13		considered contraband to be forfeited to and disposed
14		of by the State;
15	(2)	For an offense that occurs within ten years of a
16		previous conviction for an offense under the same
17		section, a fine of no less than \$2,000, or
18		imprisonment of no less than ninety days, or both;
19		provided that all firearms, hunting animals, vehicles,
20		animal parts, products, or items containing prohibited
21		animal parts or products used in the commission of the

1		viola	ations shall be considered contraband to be
2		forfe	eited to and disposed of by the State; and
3	<u>(3)</u>	For a	an offense that occurs within ten years of two or
4		more	previous convictions for offenses under the same
5		sect	ion, a fine of \$5,000, and:
6		<u>(A)</u>	An indeterminate term of imprisonment of five
7			years; provided that the minimum term of
8			imprisonment shall be no less than one year; or
9		<u>(B)</u>	A term of probation of five years, with
10			conditions to include but not be limited to one
11			year of imprisonment;
12		provi	ded that all firearms, hunting animals, vehicles,
13		anima	al parts, products, or items containing prohibited
14		anima	al parts or products used in the commission of the
15		viola	ations shall be considered contraband to be
16		forfe	eited to and disposed of by the State.
17	[-(d) -] <u>(e)</u>	Any person who violates section 183D-35,
18	183D-36,	183D-3	37, 183D-38, 183D-39, 183D-40, or 183D-42 shall be
19	guilty of	a pet	ty misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof,
20	shall be	fined	[not] no less than \$100 or imprisoned not more
21	than thir	ty day	vs, or both.

1 [(e)] (f) In addition to any other penalty imposed under 2 this section, a mandatory fine of \$100 shall be levied for each 3 bird illegally taken under this chapter and a mandatory fine of 4 \$500 shall be levied for each mammal illegally taken under this 5 chapter. 6 [(f)] (g) Any person who is convicted of violating any of 7 the game laws of the State shall immediately have the person's 8 hunting license forfeited and any person convicted for a second 9 offense shall not be granted a license to hunt for a period of 10 three years after the date of the second conviction. 11 $[\frac{g}{g}]$ (h) The environmental court, in lieu of the actual 12 cash payment of any mandatory fine, may allow the defendant to perform the community service as directed by the department of 13 14 land and natural resources at the rate of one hour of service 15 for every \$10 of mandatory fine imposed. 16 $[\frac{h}{h}]$ (i) Any criminal action against a person for any 17 violation of this chapter shall not be deemed to preclude the 18 State from pursuing civil legal action to recover administrative 19 fines and costs against that person. Any civil legal action 20 against a person to recover administrative fines and costs for

any violation of subtitle 4 of title 12 or any rule adopted

- 1 thereunder shall not be deemed to preclude the State from
- 2 pursuing any criminal action against that person."
- 3 SECTION 34. Section 183D-26, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "§183D-26 Hunting on private lands prohibited[-]; written
- 6 authorization required. (a) No person shall intentionally or
- 7 knowingly enter or remain upon any land or premises belonging
- 8 to, held[τ] by, or occupied by another, for the purpose of
- 9 hunting or to take any kind of wildlife including game without
- 10 first having obtained [permission from] written authorization
- 11 signed by the owner or a duly appointed agent [, if the owner is
- 12 the occupier or holder, or if the owner has let another occupy
- or hold the same, without having first obtained the permission
- 14 of the occupier or holder thereof, or the duly appointed agent
- 15 of the occupier or holder.] of the owner.
- 16 (b) No person to whom written authorization has been
- 17 granted to enter or remain upon any land or premises belonging
- 18 to, held by, or occupied by another for the purpose of hunting
- 19 or taking any kind of wildlife shall allow any other person to
- 20 carry, display, or use the written authorization in any way.
- 21 Every person to whom a written authorization has been granted



- 1 shall physically possess the written authorization when hunting
- 2 and shall show the written authorization upon the demand of any
- 3 officer authorized to enforce the game laws of the State.
- 4 (c) For the purposes of this section, the fact that the
- 5 defendant is found upon any land or premises belonging to, held
- 6 by, or occupied by another shall be prima facie evidence that
- 7 the defendant knew that the defendant had entered or remained
- 8 upon the land or premises belonging to, held by, or occupied by
- 9 another.
- 10 (d) Any property used in the commission of an offense
- 11 under this section, or that facilitated or assisted in the
- 12 offense, including firearms, hunting animals, and vehicles,
- 13 shall be subject to forfeiture under chapter 712A.
- 14 [\(\(\frac{(b)}{b}\)] (e) No prosecution shall be brought under this
- 15 section, except upon the sworn complaint of the owner, occupier,
- or holder of the land or premises, or a duly appointed agent [-]
- 17 of the owner, occupier, or holder, or if the owner, occupier, or
- 18 holder is either a corporation or a partnership, then the
- 19 complaint shall be sworn to by an officer of the corporation or
- 20 by one of the members of the partnership."

- 1 SECTION 35. Section 183D-27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 "§183D-27 Night hunting on private lands; prohibition.
- 4 (a) Notwithstanding section 183D-26, no person shall [take or
- 5 pursue any game bird, game mammal, wild bird, or wild mammal at
- 6 night on privately owned lands, intentionally or knowingly
- 7 enter or remain upon any land or premises belonging to, held by,
- 8 or occupied by another at night for the purpose of pursuing,
- 9 hunting, taking, or attempting to pursue, hunt, or take any kind
- 10 of wildlife, including game, thereupon, except as authorized by
- 11 the department pursuant to section 183D-61. For the purpose of
- 12 this [section,] subsection, "night" means the period between
- 13 [one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise.]
- 14 seven o'clock p.m. and six o'clock a.m.
- 15 (b) For purposes of this section, the fact that the
- 16 defendant is found upon any land or premises belonging to, held
- 17 by, or occupied by another shall be prima facie evidence that
- 18 the defendant knew that they had entered the land or premises
- 19 belonging to, held by, or occupied by another.
- 20 (c) Any property used in the commission of an offense
- 21 under this section, or that facilitated or assisted in the

- 1 offense, including firearms, hunting animals, and vehicles,
- 2 shall be subject to forfeiture under chapter 712A.
- 3 (d) No prosecution shall be brought under this section,
- 4 except upon the sworn complaint of the owner, occupier, or
- 5 holder of the land or premises, or a duly appointed agent of the
- 6 owner, occupier, or holder, or if the owner, occupier, or holder
- 7 is either a corporation or a partnership, then the complaint
- 8 shall be sworn to by an officer of the corporation or by one of
- 9 the members of the partnership."
- 10 SECTION 36. Section 183D-28, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) The department shall establish a hunter education
- 13 program to provide instruction in hunter safety, principles of
- 14 conservation, the duties and prohibitions relating to hunting on
- 15 private lands, and sportsmanship. Upon successful completion of
- 16 the program, the department shall issue to the graduate a hunter
- 17 education certificate [which] that shall be valid for the life
- 18 of the person. This certification shall be rescinded by
- 19 judicial action upon the conviction of a wildlife [and/or] or
- 20 firearms violation [-], or both. No person shall be eligible for
- 21 a hunting license unless the person possesses a valid hunter

1 education certificate or meets the requirements for exemption 2 provided in subsection (b)(2), and is either: 3 Born after December 31, 1971; or 4 (2) Born before January 1, 1972, and has never been issued 5 a hunting license in the State." 6 PART VII 7 SECTION 37. Chapter 708, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended by adding a new section to part III to be appropriately 9 designated and to read as follows: 10 "\$708-A Criminal trespass on agricultural land. (1) A person commits the offense of criminal trespass on agricultural 11 12 land if the person enters or remains unlawfully on agricultural 13 land without the permission of the owner of the land, the 14 owner's agent who is authorized by the owner to give the 15 permission, or the person in lawful possession of the land, and 16 the agricultural land: 17 (a) Is fenced, enclosed, or secured in a manner designed 18 to exclude intruders or marked by a structure or 19 barrier, including a cattle grid, cattle grate, or 20 other obstacle, used to secure livestock;

1	<u>(d)</u>	Has a sign or signs displayed on unenclosed cultivated
2		or uncultivated agricultural lands reading as
3		follows: "Agricultural Land - No Trespassing." The
4		sign or signs, containing letters not less than two
5		inches in height, shall be placed at reasonable
6		intervals no less than three signs to a mile along the
7		boundary line of the land and at roads and trails
8		entering the land in a manner and position as to be
9		clearly noticeable from outside the boundary line; or
10	<u>(c)</u>	At the time of entry, is fallow or has a visible
11		presence of livestock-raising, such as cattle, horses,
12		water troughs, shelters, or paddocks, or a crop:
13		(i) Under cultivation;
14		(ii) In the process of being harvested; or
15	<u>(</u> i	Lii) That has been harvested.
16	(2)	Subsection (1) shall not apply to:
17	<u>(a)</u>	A process server who enters or remains in or upon the
18		land or premises of another, unless the land or
19		premises are secured with a fence and locked gate, for
20		the purpose of making a good faith attempt to perform

1	the process server's legal duties and to serve pr	ocess
2	upon any of the following:	
3	(i) An owner or occupant of the land or premises	<u>;</u>
4	(ii) An agent of the owner or occupant of the lan	d or
5	premises; or	
6	(iii) A lessee of the land or premises.	
7	For the purposes of this paragraph, "process serv	er"
8	means any person authorized under the Hawaii rule	sof
9	civil procedure, district court rules of civil	
10	procedure, Hawaii family court rules, or section	
11	353C-11 to serve process; or	
12	(b) A professional land surveyor, or assistant under	the
13	direct supervision of the professional land surve	yor,
14	who enters or remains in or upon the land or prem	ises
15	of another for the purpose of performing land	
16	surveying at the request of the landowner of, or	
17	person with an interest in, the real property to	be
18	surveyed.	
19	(3) Except as provided in subsection (4), criminal	
20	trespass on agricultural land is a misdemeanor, and any per	son

1	who violates this section shall be sentenced as follows without
2	possibility of probation or suspension of sentence:
3	(a) For a first offense or any offense not preceded within
4	five years of a previous conviction for an offense
5	under this section:
6	(i) A term of imprisonment of no less than three
7	consecutive days; and
8	(ii) A fine of no less than \$500;
9	(b) For an offense that occurs within five years of a
10	previous conviction for an offense under this section:
11	(i) A term of imprisonment of no less than thirty
12	days; and
13	(ii) A fine of no less than \$1,000; and
14	(c) For an offense that occurs within five years of two or
15	more previous convictions for offenses under this
16	section:
17	(i) A term of imprisonment of no less than ninety
18	days; and
19	(ii) A fine of \$2,000.
20	(4) Any person who violates this section while in
21	possession of a dangerous instrument shall be quilty of a class



- 1 C felony. For the purposes of this subsection, "dangerous
- 2 instrument" has the same meaning as in section 707-700.
- 3 (5) Any fines imposed in connection with the offense under
- 4 this section shall be deposited with the director of finance,
- 5 who shall transmit the fines to the agricultural crime
- 6 prevention special fund established pursuant to section 141-A.
- 7 (6) For the purposes of this section:
- 8 "Agricultural land" means any land used primarily for a
- 9 farming operation. "Agricultural land" includes state- and
- 10 county-owned agricultural land and privately owned agricultural
- 11 land and land used for farm buildings and dwellings and roads
- 12 and irrigation infrastructure associated with these lands.
- "Fallow" means land associated with agricultural production
- 14 that is left unseeded or unplanted for one or more growing
- 15 seasons.
- 16 "Farming operation" means a commercial agricultural or
- 17 aquacultural facility or pursuit, including the care and
- 18 production of livestock and livestock products, poultry and
- 19 poultry products, apiary products, and plant and animal
- 20 production for nonfood uses; the planting, cultivating,
- 21 harvesting, and processing of crops; and the farming or ranching

1	of any pl	ant or animal species in a controlled salt, brackish,
2	or freshw	ater environment."
3	SECT	ION 38. Section 708-814, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended b	y amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
5	"(1)	A person commits the offense of criminal trespass in
6	the secon	d degree if:
7	(a)	The person knowingly enters or remains unlawfully in
8		or upon premises that are enclosed in a manner
9		designed to exclude intruders or are fenced;
10	(b)	The person enters or remains unlawfully in or upon
11		commercial premises after a reasonable warning or
12		request to leave by the owner or lessee of the
13		commercial premises, the owner's or lessee's
14		authorized agent, or a police officer; provided that
15		this paragraph shall not apply to any conduct or
16		activity subject to regulation by the National Labor
17		Relations Act.
18		For the purposes of this paragraph, "reasonable
19		warning or request" means a warning or request
20		communicated in writing at any time within a one-year

period inclusive of the date the incident occurred,

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1	whic	h may be evidenced by a copy of the previously
2	issu	ed written warning or request, whether or not the
3	сору	is posted at the premises or retained by the
4	coun	ty police department, and which may contain but is
5	not	limited to the following information:
6	(i)	A warning statement advising the person that the
7		person's presence is no longer desired on the
8		property for a period of one year from the date
9		of the notice, that a violation of the warning
10		will subject the person to arrest and prosecution
11		for trespassing pursuant to this subsection, and
12		that criminal trespass in the second degree is a
13		<pre>petty misdemeanor;</pre>
14	(ii)	The legal name, any aliases, and a photograph, if
15		practicable, or a physical description, including
16		but not limited to sex, racial extraction, age,
17		height, weight, hair color, eye color, or any
18		other distinguishing characteristics of the
19		person warned;
20	(iii)	The name of the person giving the warning along
21		with the date and time the warning was given; and

1	(iv) The signature of the person giving the warning,
2	the signature of a witness or police officer who
3	was present when the warning was given and, if
4	possible, the signature of the violator;
5	(c) The person enters or remains unlawfully on
6	agricultural lands without the permission of the owner
7	of the land, the owner's agent, or the person in
8	lawful possession of the land, and the agricultural
9	lands:
10	(i) Are fenced, enclosed, or secured in a manner
11	designed to exclude intruders;
12	(ii) Have a sign or signs displayed on the unenclosed
13	cultivated or uncultivated agricultural land
14	sufficient to give notice and reading as follows:
15	"Private Property" or "Government Property - No
16	Trespassing". The sign or signs, containing
17	letters no less than two inches in height, shall
18	be placed at reasonable intervals no less than
19	three signs to a mile along the boundary line of
20	the land and at roads and trails entering the

1	•	land in a manner and position as to be clearly
2		noticeable-from outside the boundary line; or
3	(iii)	At the time of entry, are fallow or have a
4		visible presence of livestock or a crop:
5		(A) Under cultivation;
6		(B) In the process of being harvested; or
7		(C) That has been harvested;
8	(d)] <u>(c)</u>	The person enters or remains unlawfully on
9	unimp	proved or unused lands without the permission of
10	the o	owner of the land, the owner's agent[$ au$] who is
11	autho	orized to give the permission, or the person in
12	lawfı	ul possession of the land, and the lands:
13	(i)	Are fenced, enclosed, or secured in a manner
14		designed to exclude the general public; or
15	(ii)	Have a sign or signs displayed on the unenclosed,
16		unimproved, or unused land sufficient to give
17		reasonable notice and reads as follows: "Private
18		Property - No Trespassing", "Government Property
19		- No Trespassing", or a substantially similar
20		message; provided that the sign or signs shall
21		contain letters no less than two inches in height

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and shall be placed at reasonable intervals no
less than three signs to a mile along the
boundary line of the land and at roads and trails
entering the land in a manner and position as to
be clearly noticeable from outside the boundary
line.

For the purposes of this paragraph, "unimproved or unused lands" means any land upon which there is no improvement; construction of any structure, building, or facility; or alteration of the land by grading, dredging, or mining that would cause a permanent change in the land or that would change the basic natural condition of the land. Land remains "unimproved or unused land" under this paragraph notwithstanding minor improvements, including the installation or maintenance of utility poles, signage, and irrigation facilities or systems; minor alterations undertaken for the preservation or prudent management of the unimproved or unused land, including the installation or maintenance of fences, trails, or pathways; maintenance activities, including forest

1	·	plantings and the removal of weeds, brush, rocks,
2		boulders, or trees; and the removal or securing of
3		rocks or boulders undertaken to reduce risk to
4		downslope properties; or
5	[(e)]	(d) The person enters or remains unlawfully in or
6		upon any area of a housing project that is closed to
7		the public pursuant to section 356D-6.7 and meets the
8		signage requirements of section 356D-6.7, or the
9		person enters or remains unlawfully in or upon any
10		property that is subject to section 356D-6.7 and meets
11		the signage requirements of section 356D-6.7 after a
12		reasonable warning or request to leave by the housing
13		authority or law enforcement officer, as defined in
14		section 710-1000, based upon an alleged violation of
15		law or administrative rule, notwithstanding any
16		invitation or authorization provided to the person by
17		a tenant of that housing project or a member of that
18		tenant's household.
19		As used in this paragraph:
20		"Housing authority" means a property manager,
21		resident manager, tenant monitors, security quards, or

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1	others	officially	designate	d by th	ne Hawaii	public
2	housing	authority,	for the	housing	g project	•

"Housing project" means a public housing project, or elder or elderly housing as defined in section 356D-1, or state low-income housing project as defined in section 356D-51.

"Reasonable warning or request" means a warning or request communicated in writing at any time within a one-year period inclusive of the date the incident occurred, which may contain but is not limited to the following information:

(i) A warning statement advising the person that for a period of one year from the date of the notice, the person's presence is no longer desired in or on the areas of the subject housing project that are closed to the public, that a violation of the warning will subject the person to arrest and prosecution for trespassing pursuant to this subsection, and that criminal trespass in the second degree is a petty misdemeanor;

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1	(11)	The legal name, any allases, and a
2		photograph, if practicable, or a physical
3		description, including but not limited to
4		sex, racial extraction, age, height, weight,
5		hair color, eye color, or any other
6		distinguishing characteristics of the person
7		warned;
8	(iii)	The name of the person giving the warning
9		along with the date and time the warning was
10		given;
11	(iv)	The signature of the person giving the
12		warning and, if possible, the signature of
13		the violator; and
14	(v)	The name and signature of a witness or law
15		enforcement officer, as defined in section
16		710-1000, who was present when the warning
17		was given."
18	SECTION 39. S	ection 708-820, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by amending	subsection (2) to read as follows:
20	"(2) Criminal	property damage in the first degree is a
21	class B felony[-];	provided that any person convicted of

- 1 violating subsection (1)(d) shall be sentenced to a term of
- 2 imprisonment of no less than one hundred eighty days, without
- 3 possibility of suspension of sentence."
- 4 SECTION 40. Section 708-821, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended by amending subsection (2) to read as follows:
- 6 "(2) Criminal property damage in the second degree is a
- 7 class C felony[-]; provided that any person convicted of
- 8 violating subsection (1)(c) shall be sentenced to a term of
- 9 imprisonment of no less than ninety days, without possibility of
- 10 suspension of sentence."
- 11 SECTION 41. Section 708-822, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 12 amended by amending subsection (2) to read as follows:
- "(2) Criminal property damage in the third degree is a
- 14 misdemeanor [-]; provided that any person convicted of violating
- 15 subsection (1)(c) shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment
- 16 of no less than thirty days, without possibility of suspension
- 17 of sentence."
- 18 PART VIII
- 19 SECTION 42. Section 712A-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:

1	"§712A-4 Covered offenses. Of	ffenses for which property is
2	subject to forfeiture under this cha	apter are:
3	(a) All offenses that specific	cally authorize forfeiture;
4	(b) Murder; kidnapping; labor	trafficking; unlicensed sale

of liquor; unlicensed manufacture of liquor; gambling; criminal property damage; robbery; bribery; extortion; theft; unauthorized entry into motor vehicle; burglary; money laundering; trademark counterfeiting; insurance fraud; promoting a dangerous, harmful, or detrimental drug; commercial promotion of marijuana; methamphetamine trafficking; manufacturing of a controlled substance with a child present; promoting child abuse; promoting prostitution; sex trafficking; commercial sexual exploitation of a minor; habitual commercial sexual exploitation; or electronic enticement of a child that is chargeable as a felony offense under state law;

(c) The manufacture, sale, or distribution of a controlled substance in violation of chapter 329, promoting detrimental drugs or intoxicating compounds, promoting pornography, promoting pornography for minors, or

1		commercial sexual exploitation near schools or public
2		parks, which is chargeable as a felony or misdemeanor
3		offense, but not as a petty misdemeanor, under state
4		law; [and]
5	(d)	The attempt, conspiracy, solicitation, coercion, or
6		intimidation of another to commit any offense for
7		which property is subject to forfeiture[-]; and
8	<u>(e)</u>	Criminal trespass on agricultural land under section
9		<u>708-A.</u> "
10		PART IX
11	SECT	ION 43. There is appropriated out of the general
12	revenues	of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
13	much there	eof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2025-2026 and
14	the same	sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal
15	year 2026	-2027 to carry out the purposes of this Act and for the
16	hiring of	necessary staff, including:
17	(1)	full-time equivalent (FTE) grant chief
18		positions, to assist with the awarding of grants
19		pursuant to section 141-B, Hawaii Revised Statutes;
20	(2)	full-time equivalent (FTE) supervising brand
21		inspector positions; and

- 1 (3) full-time equivalent (FTE) brand inspector
- positions for each county.
- 3 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department
- 4 of agriculture for the purposes of this Act.
- 5 PART X
- 6 SECTION 44. This Act does not affect rights and duties
- 7 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
- 8 were begun before its effective date.
- 9 SECTION 45. In codifying the new sections added by
- 10 sections 2, 3, 4, and 37 of this Act, the revisor of statutes
- 11 shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters
- 12 used in designating the new sections in this Act.
- 13 SECTION 46. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 14 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 15 SECTION 47. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.

Report Title:

DOA; Agricultural Crime; Branding; Inspectors; Agricultural Crime Prevention Program; Appropriation

Description:

Establishes an agricultural crime prevention program within the Department of Agriculture to provide grants, education, administrative enforcement, and other services for the benefit of the State's agricultural industry. Clarifies, creates, and strengthens laws regarding crimes and violations related to agriculture or agricultural lands and hunting on private agricultural lands. Establishes clear distinctions between administrative and criminal penalties. Appropriates funds. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.