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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO YOUTH FEES AND FINES.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1 PART I

2 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that charging fees,  
3 fines, and court costs to youth is a harmful and ineffective  
4 accountability practice. In Hawaii, the consequences of these  
5 costs fall disproportionately on Native Hawaiian and Pacific  
6 Islander minors who are more likely to be arrested, detained,  
7 and unable to afford fees and fines. In a report on the  
8 assessment of fees, fines, court costs, and restitution in cases  
9 against minors, the judiciary confirmed that only seventeen per  
10 cent of fines ordered against minors in the past five years have  
11 been paid.

12 The legislature recognizes that assessing fines in juvenile  
13 justice proceedings is not an evidence-based practice for  
14 rehabilitating, deterring, or even punishing delinquent youth.  
15 The legislature further finds that, although Hawaii law  
16 authorizes courts to charge youth and their families a range of



1 fines, judges across the State rarely impose these costs in  
2 practice.

3 The legislature notes that many states are seeking to  
4 reform or repeal fees and fines against juveniles and their  
5 families. In 2021 and 2022, twenty-seven states introduced  
6 legislation to end the practice of assessing fees and fines in  
7 juvenile justice proceedings. California, Nevada, Oregon, and  
8 numerous counties in other states have prohibited the imposition  
9 of fees and fines in juvenile justice cases. The legislature  
10 believes that Hawaii should make similar efforts and that fees  
11 and fines should not be assessed for mistakes made in a person's  
12 youth, regardless of the age at which or jurisdiction in which  
13 the person is adjudicated or sentenced.

14 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:

- 15 (1) Prohibit the assessment of any fees, fines, or court  
16 costs against a person who is adjudicated for an  
17 offense committed while the person was a minor under  
18 the age of eighteen, or against the person's parent or  
19 guardian;
- 20 (2) Limit court-ordered community service for a minor to  
21 no more than seventy-two hours; and



1 (3) Repeal certain penalties imposed on parents,  
2 guardians, or other persons associated with  
3 unaccompanied children in streets and unmarried minors  
4 in dance halls.

5 PART II

6 SECTION 2. Section 286-136, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
7 amended as follows:

8 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:

9 "(a) ~~[Any]~~ Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c),  
10 any person who violates section 286-102, 286-122, 286-130, 286-  
11 131, 286-132, 286-133, or 286-134 shall be penalized as follows:

12 (1) For a first offense, or any offense not preceded  
13 within a five-year period for the same offense, the  
14 person shall pay a fine of no more than \$1,000 or  
15 serve a term of imprisonment of no more than thirty  
16 days, or both;

17 (2) For an offense that occurs within five years of a  
18 prior conviction for the same offense, the person  
19 shall pay a minimum fine of \$500 and a maximum fine of  
20 \$1,000, or serve a term of imprisonment of no more  
21 than one year, or both; or



1 (3) For an offense that occurs within five years of two or  
2 more prior convictions for the same offense, the  
3 person shall be guilty of a class C felony; provided  
4 that the court, as part of the person's sentencing,  
5 may order that the vehicle used by the person in the  
6 commission of the offense be subject to forfeiture  
7 under chapter 712A."

8 2. By amending subsection (c) to read:

9 "(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), a minor  
10 under the age of eighteen [~~under the jurisdiction of the family~~  
11 ~~court~~] who is subject to this section [~~shall~~] may either lose  
12 the right to drive a motor vehicle until the age of eighteen or  
13 be [~~subject to a fine of \$500.~~] ordered to perform community  
14 service of no more than seventy-two hours as determined by the  
15 court; provided that the community service shall not interfere  
16 with the minor's school or work commitments; provided further  
17 that no financial penalty provided for in this section shall be  
18 levied against a person who is adjudicated for an offense  
19 committed while the person was a minor under the age of  
20 eighteen, or against the person's parent or guardian for the  
21 person's offense."



1       SECTION 3. Section 286G-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended to read as follows:

3       "**§286G-3 Driver education assessments.** (a) [A] Except as  
4 provided in subsection (e), a driver education assessment of \$7  
5 shall be levied on a finding that a violation of a statute or  
6 county ordinance relating to vehicles or their drivers or owners  
7 occurred, except for[+] offenses:

8       (1) [~~Offenses relating~~] Relating to stopping (when  
9 prohibited), standing, or parking;

10       (2) [~~Offenses relating~~] Relating to registration; and

11       (3) [~~Offenses by~~] By pedestrians.

12       (b) [~~Driver~~] Except as provided in subsection (e), driver  
13 education assessments of:

14       (1) \$100 shall be levied on persons convicted under  
15 section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5 to defray costs of  
16 services provided by the driver education and training  
17 program;

18       (2) \$50 shall be levied on persons required to attend a  
19 child passenger restraint system safety class under  
20 section 291-11.5; and



1           (3)   \$75 shall be levied on persons convicted under section  
2                   291C-105 to defray costs of services provided by the  
3                   driver education and training program.

4           (c)   The driver education assessments levied by subsections  
5   (a) and (b) shall be paid for each violation in addition to any  
6   fine imposed by the court, and regardless of whether a fine is  
7   suspended; provided that the driver education assessment of \$100  
8   levied on a person convicted under section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5  
9   may be waived by the court if the court determines that the  
10   person is unable to pay the driver education assessment.

11          (d)   The amount of each driver education assessment levied  
12   by subsections (a) and (b) shall be transmitted by the clerk of  
13   the court for deposit in the driver education and training fund.

14          (e)   No financial penalty provided for in this section  
15   shall be levied against a person who is adjudicated for an  
16   offense committed while the person was a minor under the age of  
17   eighteen, or against the person's parent or guardian for the  
18   person's offense."

19          SECTION 4.   Section 291C-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
20   amended to read as follows:



1       "**§291C-12 Collisions involving ~~[death or]~~ serious bodily**  
2 **injury~~[-]~~ or death.** (a) The driver of any vehicle involved in  
3 a collision resulting in serious bodily injury to or death of  
4 any person shall immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of  
5 the collision or as close thereto as possible but shall then  
6 forthwith return to and in every event shall remain at the scene  
7 of the collision until the driver has fulfilled the requirements  
8 of section 291C-14. Every stop shall be made without  
9 obstructing traffic more than is necessary.

10       (b) Any person who violates subsection (a) shall be guilty  
11 of a class B felony.

12       (c) The license or permit to drive and any nonresident  
13 operating privilege of the person so convicted shall be revoked.

14       (d) ~~[For]~~ Except as provided in subsection (f), for any  
15 violation under this section, a surcharge of \$500 shall be  
16 imposed, in addition to any other penalties, ~~[and shall]~~ to be  
17 deposited into the neurotrauma special fund.

18       (e) ~~[For]~~ Except as provided in subsection (f), for any  
19 violation under this section, a surcharge of up to \$500 may be  
20 imposed, in addition to other penalties, ~~[which shall]~~ to be  
21 deposited into the trauma system special fund.



1        (f) No financial penalty provided for in this section  
2        shall be levied against a person who is adjudicated for an  
3        offense committed while the person was a minor under the age of  
4        eighteen, or against the person's parent or guardian for the  
5        person's offense."

6        SECTION 5. Section 291C-12.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
7        amended to read as follows:

8        **"§291C-12.5 Collisions involving substantial bodily**  
9        **injury.** (a) The driver of any vehicle involved in a collision  
10       resulting in substantial bodily injury to any person shall  
11       immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the collision or as  
12       close thereto as possible but shall then forthwith return to and  
13       in every event shall remain at the scene of the collision until  
14       the driver has fulfilled the requirements of section 291C-14.  
15       Every stop shall be made without obstructing traffic more than  
16       is necessary.

17       (b) Any person who violates subsection (a) shall be guilty  
18       of a class C felony.

19       (c) ~~[For]~~ Except as provided in subsection (e), for any  
20       violation under this section, a surcharge of \$250 shall be



1 imposed, in addition to any other penalties, [~~and shall~~] to be  
2 deposited into the neurotrauma special fund.

3 (d) [~~For~~] Except as provided in subsection (e), for any  
4 violation under this section, a surcharge of up to \$250 may be  
5 imposed, in addition to other penalties, [~~which shall~~] to be  
6 deposited into the trauma system special fund.

7 (e) No financial penalty provided for in this section  
8 shall be levied against a person who is adjudicated for an  
9 offense committed while the person was a minor under the age of  
10 eighteen, or against the person's parent or guardian for the  
11 person's offense."

12 SECTION 6. Section 291C-12.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
13 amended to read as follows:

14 **"§291C-12.6 Collisions involving bodily injury.** (a) The  
15 driver of any vehicle involved in a collision resulting in  
16 bodily injury to any person shall immediately stop the vehicle  
17 at the scene of the collision or as close thereto as possible  
18 but shall then forthwith return to and in every event shall  
19 remain at the scene of the collision until the driver has  
20 fulfilled the requirements of section 291C-14. Every stop shall  
21 be made without obstructing traffic more than is necessary.



1 (b) Any person who violates subsection (a) shall be guilty  
2 of a misdemeanor.

3 (c) ~~[For]~~ Except as provided in subsection (e), for any  
4 violation under this section, a surcharge of \$100 shall be  
5 imposed, in addition to any other penalties, ~~[and shall]~~ to be  
6 deposited into the neurotrauma special fund.

7 (d) ~~[For]~~ Except as provided in subsection (e), for any  
8 violation under this section, a surcharge of up to \$100 may be  
9 imposed, in addition to other penalties, ~~[which shall]~~ to be  
10 deposited into the trauma system special fund.

11 (e) No financial penalty provided for in this section  
12 shall be levied against a person who is adjudicated for an  
13 offense committed while the person was a minor under the age of  
14 eighteen, or against the person's parent or guardian for the  
15 person's offense."

16 SECTION 7. Section 291C-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
17 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

18 "(c) For any violation under this section, a surcharge of  
19 up to \$100 may be imposed, in addition to other penalties,  
20 ~~[which shall]~~ to be deposited into the trauma system special  
21 fund[-]; provided that no financial penalty provided for in this



1 section shall be levied against a person who is adjudicated for  
2 an offense committed while the person was a minor under the age  
3 of eighteen, or against the person's parent or guardian for the  
4 person's offense."

5 SECTION 8. Section 291C-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
6 amended to read as follows:

7 **"§291C-15 Duty upon striking unattended vehicle or other**  
8 **property.** (a) The driver of any vehicle [~~which~~] that collides  
9 with or is involved in a collision with any vehicle or other  
10 property that is unattended resulting in any damage to the other  
11 vehicle or property shall immediately stop and shall then and  
12 there either locate and notify the operator or owner of the  
13 vehicle or other property of the driver's name[~~7~~] and address[~~7~~]  
14 and the registration number of the vehicle the driver is driving  
15 or shall attach securely in a conspicuous place in or on the  
16 vehicle or other property a written notice giving the driver's  
17 name[~~7~~] and address[~~7~~] and the registration number of the  
18 vehicle the driver is driving and shall without unnecessary  
19 delay notify the nearest police officer. Every stop shall be  
20 made without obstructing traffic more than is necessary.



1        (b) For any violation under this section, a surcharge of  
2 up to \$100 may be imposed, in addition to other penalties,  
3 ~~[which shall]~~ to be deposited into the trauma system special  
4 fund[-]; provided that no financial penalty provided for in this  
5 section shall be levied against a person who is adjudicated for  
6 an offense committed while the person was a minor under the age  
7 of eighteen, or against the person's parent or guardian for the  
8 person's offense."

9        SECTION 9. Section 291E-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
10 amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:

11        "(a) ~~[In]~~ Except as provided in subsection (b), in  
12 addition to any other civil penalties ordered by the court, a  
13 person who violates any offense under this part may be ordered  
14 to pay a trauma system surcharge[-]; provided that[+] the  
15 maximum of which may be:

16        (1) ~~[The maximum of which may be]~~ \$10 if the violator is  
17 not already required to pay a trauma system surcharge  
18 pursuant to the violation of the offense;

19        (2) ~~[The maximum of which may be]~~ \$25 if the violation is  
20 an offense under section 291E-61(a)(1),  
21 ~~[291E-61(a)(3),]~~ (3), or [291E-61(a)(4);] (4); and



1       (3)   ~~[The maximum of which may be]~~ \$50 if the violation is  
2           an offense under section 291E-61(a)(2) or 291E-61.5 or  
3           if the offense under section 291E-61(a)(3) or  
4           ~~[291E-61(a)(4)]~~ (4) is a second or subsequent offense  
5           that occurred within five years of the first offense.

6       (b)   The surcharge shall not be ordered ~~[when]~~:

7       (1)   When the court determines that the defendant is unable  
8           to pay the surcharge~~[+]~~; or

9       (2)   Against a person who is adjudicated for an offense  
10           committed while the person was a minor under the age  
11           of eighteen, or against the person's parent or  
12           guardian for the person's offense."

13       SECTION 10.   Section 291E-11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
14       amended to read as follows:

15       **"§291E-11   Implied consent of operator of vehicle to submit**  
16       **to testing to determine alcohol concentration and drug content.**

17       (a)   Any person who operates a vehicle upon a public way,  
18       street, road, or highway or on or in the waters of the State  
19       shall be deemed to have given consent, subject to this part, to  
20       a test or tests approved by the director of health of the  
21       person's breath, blood, or urine for the purpose of determining



1 alcohol concentration or drug content of the person's breath,  
2 blood, or urine, as applicable.

3 (b) The test or tests shall be administered at the request  
4 of a law enforcement officer having probable cause to believe  
5 the person operating a vehicle upon a public way, street, road,  
6 or highway or on or in the waters of the State is under the  
7 influence of an intoxicant or is under the age of twenty-one and  
8 has consumed a measurable amount of alcohol, only after:

9 (1) A lawful arrest; and

10 (2) The person has been informed by a law enforcement  
11 officer that the person may refuse to submit to  
12 testing under this chapter.

13 (c) If there is probable cause to believe that a person is  
14 in violation of section 291E-64, as a result of being under the  
15 age of twenty-one and having consumed a measurable amount of  
16 alcohol, or section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5, as a result of having  
17 consumed alcohol, then the person shall elect to take a breath  
18 or blood test, or both, for the purpose of determining the  
19 alcohol concentration.

20 (d) If there is probable cause to believe that a person is  
21 in violation of section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5, as a result of



1 having consumed any drug, then the person shall elect to take a  
2 blood or urine test, or both, for the purpose of determining the  
3 drug content. Drug content shall be measured by the presence of  
4 any drug or its metabolic products, or both.

5 (e) A person who chooses to submit to a breath test under  
6 subsection (c) [~~also~~] may also be requested to submit to a blood  
7 or urine test, if the law enforcement officer has probable cause  
8 to believe that the person was operating a vehicle while under  
9 the influence of any drug under section 291E-61 or 291E-61.5 and  
10 the officer has probable cause to believe that a blood or urine  
11 test will reveal evidence of the person being under the  
12 influence of any drug. The law enforcement officer shall state  
13 in the officer's report the facts upon which that belief is  
14 based. The person shall elect to take a blood or urine test, or  
15 both, for the purpose of determining the person's drug content.  
16 Results of a blood or urine test conducted to determine drug  
17 content [~~also~~] shall also be admissible for the purpose of  
18 determining the person's alcohol concentration. Submission to  
19 testing for drugs under subsection (d) or this subsection shall  
20 not be a substitute for alcohol tests requested under subsection  
21 (c).



1 (f) The use of a preliminary alcohol screening device by a  
2 law enforcement officer shall not replace a breath, blood, or  
3 urine test required under this section. The analysis from the  
4 use of a preliminary alcohol screening device shall only be used  
5 in determining probable cause for the arrest.

6 (g) ~~[Any]~~ Except as provided in subsection (h), any person  
7 tested pursuant to this section who is convicted or has the  
8 person's license or privilege suspended or revoked pursuant to  
9 this chapter may be ordered to reimburse the county for the cost  
10 of any blood or urine tests, or both, conducted pursuant to this  
11 section. If reimbursement is so ordered, the court or the  
12 director, as applicable, shall order the person to make  
13 restitution in a lump sum, or in a series of prorated  
14 installments, to the police department or other agency incurring  
15 the expense of the blood or urine test, or both.

16 (h) A minor under the age of eighteen or the minor's  
17 parent or guardian shall not be ordered to reimburse the county  
18 for the cost of any blood or urine test conducted on the minor  
19 pursuant to this section for the minor's offense."

20 SECTION 11. Section 291E-39, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
21 amended to read as follows:



1       "**S291E-39 Fees and costs.** ~~[The]~~ (a) Except as provided  
2 in subsection (b), the director may assess and collect a \$30 fee  
3 from the respondent to cover the costs of processing the  
4 respondent's request for an administrative hearing. These costs  
5 include but shall not be limited to[+] the cost of photocopying  
6 documents; conditional license permits, temporary permits, and  
7 relicensing forms; interpreter services; and other similar  
8 costs; provided that the costs of issuing subpoenas for  
9 witnesses, including mileage fees, shall be borne by the party  
10 requesting the subpoena. The director may waive the fee in the  
11 case of an indigent respondent, upon an appropriate inquiry into  
12 the financial circumstances of the respondent seeking the waiver  
13 and an affidavit or a certificate signed by the respondent  
14 demonstrating the respondent's financial inability to pay the  
15 fee.

16       (b) The director shall not assess or collect any fee from  
17 a respondent who requests an administrative hearing for a  
18 violation that occurred while the respondent was a minor under  
19 the age of eighteen, or against the respondent's parent or  
20 guardian for the respondent's offense."



1       SECTION 12. Section 291E-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended to read as follows:

3       "**§291E-61 Operating a vehicle under the influence of an**  
4 **intoxicant.** (a) A person commits the offense of operating a  
5 vehicle under the influence of an intoxicant if the person  
6 operates or assumes actual physical control of a vehicle:

7       (1) While under the influence of alcohol in an amount  
8       sufficient to impair the person's normal mental  
9       faculties or ability to care for the person and guard  
10      against casualty;

11      (2) While under the influence of any drug that impairs the  
12      person's ability to operate the vehicle in a careful  
13      and prudent manner;

14      (3) With .08 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred ten  
15      liters of breath; or

16      (4) With .08 or more grams of alcohol per one hundred  
17      milliliters or cubic centimeters of blood.

18      (b) [A] Except as provided in subsection (1), a person  
19 committing the offense of operating a vehicle under the  
20 influence of an intoxicant shall be sentenced without  
21 possibility of probation or suspension of sentence as follows:



(1) Except as provided in paragraph (4), for the first offense, or any offense not preceded within a ten-year period by a conviction for an offense under this section or section 291E-4(a):

(A) A fourteen-hour minimum substance abuse rehabilitation program, including education and counseling, or other comparable programs deemed appropriate by the court;

(B) Revocation of license to operate a vehicle for no less than one year and no more than eighteen months;

(C) Installation during the revocation period of an ignition interlock device on all vehicles operated by the person;

(D) Any one or more of the following:

(i) Seventy-two hours of community service work;

(ii) No less than forty-eight hours and no more than five days of imprisonment; or

(iii) A fine of no less than \$250 and no more than \$1,000;



- 1 (E) A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the  
2 neurotrauma special fund; and
- 3 (F) A surcharge, if the court so orders, [~~of~~] of up  
4 to \$25 to be deposited into the trauma system  
5 special fund;
- 6 (2) For an offense that occurs within ten years of a prior  
7 conviction for an offense under this section:
- 8 (A) A substance abuse program of at least thirty-six  
9 hours, including education and counseling, or  
10 other comparable programs deemed appropriate by  
11 the court;
- 12 (B) Revocation of license to operate a vehicle for no  
13 less than two years and no more than three years;
- 14 (C) Installation during the revocation period of an  
15 ignition interlock device on all vehicles  
16 operated by the person;
- 17 (D) Either one of the following:
- 18 (i) No less than two hundred forty hours of  
19 community service work; or
- 20 (ii) No less than five days and no more than  
21 thirty days of imprisonment, of which at



1 least forty-eight hours shall be served  
2 consecutively;

3 (E) A fine of no less than \$1,000 and no more than  
4 \$3,000, to be deposited into the drug and alcohol  
5 toxicology testing laboratory special fund;

6 (F) A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the  
7 neurotrauma special fund; and

8 (G) A surcharge of up to \$50, if the court so orders,  
9 to be deposited into the trauma system special  
10 fund;

11 (3) In addition to a sentence imposed under paragraphs (1)  
12 and (2), any person eighteen years of age or older who  
13 is convicted under this section and who operated a  
14 vehicle with a passenger, in or on the vehicle, who  
15 was younger than fifteen years of age, shall be  
16 sentenced to an additional mandatory fine of \$500 and  
17 an additional mandatory term of imprisonment of  
18 forty-eight hours; provided that the total term of  
19 imprisonment for a person convicted under this  
20 paragraph shall not exceed the maximum term of  
21 imprisonment provided in paragraph (1) or (2), as



1 applicable. Notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2),  
2 the revocation period for a person sentenced under  
3 this paragraph shall be no less than two years;

4 (4) In addition to a sentence imposed under paragraph (1),  
5 for a first offense under this section, or an offense  
6 not preceded within a ten-year period by a conviction  
7 for an offense, any person who is convicted under this  
8 section and was a highly intoxicated driver at the  
9 time of the subject incident shall be sentenced to an  
10 additional mandatory term of imprisonment for  
11 forty-eight consecutive hours and an additional  
12 mandatory revocation period of six months; provided  
13 that the total term of imprisonment for a person  
14 convicted under this paragraph shall not exceed the  
15 maximum term of imprisonment provided in paragraph  
16 (1). Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the revocation  
17 period for a person sentenced under this paragraph  
18 shall be no less than eighteen months;

19 (5) In addition to a sentence under paragraph (2), for an  
20 offense that occurs within ten years of a prior  
21 conviction for an offense under this section, any



1 person who is convicted under this section and was a  
2 highly intoxicated driver at the time of the subject  
3 incident shall be sentenced to an additional mandatory  
4 term of imprisonment of ten consecutive days and an  
5 additional mandatory revocation period of one year;  
6 provided that the total term of imprisonment for a  
7 person convicted under this paragraph shall not exceed  
8 the maximum term of imprisonment provided in paragraph  
9 (2), as applicable. Notwithstanding paragraph (2),  
10 the revocation period for a person sentenced under  
11 this paragraph shall be no less than three years;

12 (6) A person sentenced pursuant to paragraph (1) (B) may  
13 file a motion for early termination of the applicable  
14 revocation period if the person:

15 (A) Was not sentenced to any additional mandatory  
16 revocation period pursuant to paragraph (3) or  
17 (4);

18 (B) Actually installed and maintained an ignition  
19 interlock device on all vehicles operated by the  
20 person for a continuous period of six months,  
21 after which the person maintained the ignition



1 interlock device on all vehicles operated by the  
2 person for a continuous period of three months  
3 without violation;

4 (C) Includes with the person's motion for early  
5 termination a certified court abstract  
6 establishing that the person was not sentenced to  
7 any additional mandatory revocation period  
8 pursuant to paragraph (3) or (4);

9 (D) Includes with the person's motion for early  
10 termination a certified statement from the  
11 director of transportation establishing that:

12 (i) The person installed and maintained an  
13 ignition interlock device on all vehicles  
14 operated by the person for a continuous  
15 period of six months; and

16 (ii) After the six-month period, the person  
17 maintained the ignition interlock device on  
18 all vehicles operated by the person for a  
19 continuous period of three months without  
20 violation; and



1 (E) Has complied with all other sentencing  
2 requirements.

3 Nothing in this paragraph shall require a court to  
4 grant early termination of the revocation period if  
5 the court finds that continued use of the ignition  
6 interlock device will further the person's  
7 rehabilitation or compliance with this section;

8 (7) If the person demonstrates to the court that the  
9 person:

10 (A) Does not own or have the use of a vehicle in  
11 which the person can install an ignition  
12 interlock device during the revocation period; or

13 (B) Is otherwise unable to drive during the  
14 revocation period,

15 the person shall be prohibited from driving during the  
16 period of applicable revocation provided in paragraphs  
17 (1) to (5); provided that the person shall be  
18 sentenced to the maximum license revocation period,  
19 the court shall not issue an ignition interlock permit  
20 pursuant to subsection (i), and the person shall be  
21 subject to the penalties provided by section 291E-62



1 if the person drives during the applicable revocation  
2 period; and

3 (8) For purposes of this subsection, "violation" means:

4 (A) Providing a sample of .04 or more grams of  
5 alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath when  
6 starting the vehicle, unless a subsequent test  
7 performed within ten minutes registers a breath  
8 alcohol concentration lower than .02 and the  
9 digital image confirmed the same person provided  
10 both samples;

11 (B) Providing a sample of .04 or more grams of  
12 alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath on a  
13 rolling retest, unless a subsequent test  
14 performed within ten minutes registers a breath  
15 alcohol concentration lower than .02 and the  
16 digital image confirms the same person provided  
17 both samples;

18 (C) Failing to provide a rolling retest, unless an  
19 acceptable test is performed within ten minutes;

20 (D) Violating section 291E-66; or



1 (E) Failing to provide a clear photo of the person  
2 when the person blows into the ignition interlock  
3 device.

4 (c) Except as provided in sections 286-118.5 and  
5 291E-61.6, the court shall not issue an ignition interlock  
6 permit to[+] a defendant:

7 (1) [~~A defendant whose~~] Whose license is expired,  
8 suspended, or revoked as a result of action other than  
9 the instant offense;

10 (2) [~~A defendant who~~] Who does not hold a valid license at  
11 the time of the instant offense;

12 (3) [~~A defendant who~~] Who holds either a category 4  
13 license under section 286-102(b) or a commercial  
14 driver's license under section 286-239(a), unless the  
15 ignition interlock permit is restricted to a category  
16 1, 2, or 3 license under section 286-102(b); or

17 (4) [~~A defendant who~~] Who holds a license that is a  
18 learner's permit or instruction permit.

19 (d) Except as provided in subsection (c), the court may  
20 issue a separate permit authorizing a defendant to operate a  
21 vehicle owned by the defendant's employer during the period of



1 revocation without installation of an ignition interlock device  
2 if the defendant is gainfully employed in a position that  
3 requires driving and the defendant will be discharged if  
4 prohibited from driving a vehicle not equipped with an ignition  
5 interlock device.

6 (e) A request made pursuant to subsection (d) shall be  
7 accompanied by[+] a sworn statement from:

8 (1) [~~A sworn statement from the~~] The defendant containing  
9 facts establishing that the defendant currently is  
10 employed in a position that requires driving and that  
11 the defendant will be discharged if prohibited from  
12 driving a vehicle not equipped with an ignition  
13 interlock device; and

14 (2) [~~A sworn statement from the~~] The defendant's employer  
15 establishing that the employer will, in fact,  
16 discharge the defendant if the defendant cannot drive  
17 a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition  
18 interlock device and identifying the specific vehicle  
19 the defendant will drive for purposes of employment  
20 and the hours of the day, not to exceed twelve hours  
21 per day, or the period of the specified assigned hours



1 of work, the defendant will drive the vehicle for  
2 purposes of employment.

3 (f) A permit issued pursuant to subsection (d) shall  
4 include restrictions allowing the defendant to drive[+] only:

5 (1) [~~Only during~~] During specified hours of employment,  
6 not to exceed twelve hours per day, or the period of  
7 the specified assigned hours of work, and only for  
8 activities solely within the scope of the employment;

9 (2) [~~Only the~~] The vehicle specified; and

10 (3) [~~Only if~~] If the permit is kept in the defendant's  
11 possession while operating the employer's vehicle.

12 (g) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any:

13 (1) Conviction under this section, section 291E-4(a), or  
14 section 291E-61.5;

15 (2) Conviction in any other state or federal jurisdiction  
16 for an offense that is comparable to operating or  
17 being in physical control of a vehicle while having  
18 either an unlawful alcohol concentration or an  
19 unlawful drug content in the blood or urine or while  
20 under the influence of an intoxicant or habitually



1 operating a vehicle under the influence of an  
2 intoxicant; or  
3 (3) Adjudication of a minor for a law violation that, if  
4 committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of  
5 this section or an offense under section 291E-4(a), or  
6 section 291E-61.5,  
7 shall be considered a prior conviction for the purposes of  
8 imposing a sentence under this section. Any judgment on a  
9 verdict or a finding of guilty, a plea of guilty or nolo  
10 contendere, or an adjudication, in the case of a minor, that at  
11 the time of the offense has not been expunged by pardon,  
12 reversed, or set aside shall be deemed a prior conviction under  
13 this section.

14 (h) Whenever a court sentences a person pursuant to  
15 subsection (b), it also shall require that the offender be  
16 referred to the driver's education program for an assessment, by  
17 a certified substance abuse counselor deemed appropriate by the  
18 court, of the offender's substance abuse or dependence and the  
19 need for appropriate treatment. The counselor shall submit a  
20 report with recommendations to the court. The court shall  
21 require the offender to obtain appropriate treatment if the



1 counselor's assessment establishes the offender's substance  
2 abuse or dependence. ~~[All]~~ Except as provided in subsection  
3 (1), all costs for assessment and treatment shall be borne by  
4 the offender.

5 (i) Upon proof that the defendant has:

6 (1) Installed an ignition interlock device in any vehicle  
7 the defendant operates pursuant to subsection (b); and

8 (2) Obtained motor vehicle insurance or self-insurance  
9 that complies with the requirements under either

10 section 431:10C-104 or ~~[section]~~ 431:10C-105,

11 the court shall issue an ignition interlock permit that will  
12 allow the defendant to drive a vehicle equipped with an ignition  
13 interlock device during the revocation period.

14 (j) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,  
15 whenever a court revokes a person's driver's license pursuant to  
16 this section, the examiner of drivers shall not grant to the  
17 person a new driver's license until the expiration of the period  
18 of revocation determined by the court. After the period of  
19 revocation is completed, the person may apply for and the  
20 examiner of drivers may grant to the person a new driver's  
21 license.



1       (k) ~~[Any]~~ Except as provided in subsection (l), any person  
2       sentenced under this section may be ordered to reimburse the  
3       county for the cost of any blood or urine tests conducted  
4       pursuant to section 291E-11. The court shall order the person  
5       to make restitution in a lump sum, or in a series of prorated  
6       installments, to the police department or other agency incurring  
7       the expense of the blood or urine test. Except as provided in  
8       section 291E-5, installation and maintenance of the ignition  
9       interlock device required by subsection (b) shall be at the  
10      defendant's own expense.

11      (l) For any person sentenced pursuant to this section for  
12      an offense committed while the person was a minor under the age  
13      of eighteen:

14      (1) The court shall not order any:

15           (A) Financial penalties;

16           (B) Surcharges;

17           (C) Costs for assessment and treatment; or

18           (D) Reimbursements to the county for the cost of any

19           blood or urine test conducted on the minor

20           pursuant to this section,



1           otherwise permitted under this section against the  
2           person or the person's parent or guardian for the  
3           person's offense; and

4           (2) Any sentence of community service shall be limited to  
5           no more than seventy-two hours and shall not interfere  
6           with the person's school or work commitments.

7           [~~(1)~~] (m) As used in this section, [~~the term~~] "examiner of  
8 drivers" has the same meaning as provided in section 286-2."

9           SECTION 13. Section 291E-61.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
10          amended to read as follows:

11           **"§291E-61.5 Habitually operating a vehicle under the**  
12 **influence of an intoxicant.** (a) A person commits the offense  
13 of habitually operating a vehicle under the influence of an  
14 intoxicant if[+] the person:

15           (1) [~~The person is~~] Is a habitual operator of a vehicle  
16           while under the influence of an intoxicant; and

17           (2) [~~The person operates~~] Operates or assumes actual  
18           physical control of a vehicle:

19           (A) While under the influence of alcohol in an amount  
20           sufficient to impair the person's normal mental



1                   faculties or ability to care for the person and  
2                   guard against casualty;

3           (B) While under the influence of any drug that  
4                   impairs the person's ability to operate the  
5                   vehicle in a careful and prudent manner;

6           (C) With .08 or more grams of alcohol per two hundred  
7                   ten liters of breath; or

8           (D) With .08 or more grams of alcohol per one hundred  
9                   milliliters or cubic centimeters of blood.

10          (b) Habitually operating a vehicle while under the  
11 influence of an intoxicant [~~is~~] shall be a class C felony.

12          (c) [~~For~~] Except as provided in subsection (h), for a  
13 conviction under this section, the sentence shall be either:

14           (1) An indeterminate term of imprisonment of five years;  
15                   or

16           (2) A term of probation of five years, with conditions to  
17                   include:

18           (A) Mandatory revocation of license to operate a  
19                   vehicle for a period no less than three years but  
20                   no more than five years, with mandatory  
21                   installation of an ignition interlock device in



1 all vehicles operated by the respondent during  
2 the revocation period;

3 (B) No less than ten days imprisonment, of which at  
4 least forty-eight hours shall be served  
5 consecutively;

6 (C) A fine of no less than \$2,000 but no more than  
7 \$5,000, to be deposited into the drug and alcohol  
8 toxicology testing laboratory special fund;

9 (D) Referral to a certified substance abuse counselor  
10 as provided in subsection (e);

11 (E) A surcharge of \$25 to be deposited into the  
12 neurotrauma special fund; and

13 (F) A surcharge of up to \$50 to be deposited into the  
14 trauma system special fund if the court so  
15 orders.

16 In addition to the foregoing, any vehicle owned and operated by  
17 the person committing the offense shall be subject to forfeiture  
18 pursuant to chapter 712A.

19 (d) [~~For~~] Except as provided in subsection (h), for any  
20 person who is convicted under this section and was a highly  
21 intoxicated driver at the time of the subject incident, the



1 offense shall be a class B felony and the person shall be  
2 sentenced to the following:

3 (1) An indeterminate term of imprisonment of ten years; or

4 (2) A term of probation of five years, with conditions to  
5 include the following:

6 (A) Permanent revocation of license to operate a  
7 vehicle;

8 (B) No less than eighteen months imprisonment;

9 (C) A fine of no less than \$5,000 but no more than  
10 \$25,000; and

11 (D) Referral to a certified substance abuse counselor  
12 as provided in subsection (e).

13 In addition to the foregoing, any vehicle owned and operated by  
14 the person who committed the offense shall be subject to  
15 forfeiture pursuant to chapter 712A.

16 (e) Whenever a court sentences a person under this  
17 section, ~~[it]~~ the court shall also require that the offender be  
18 referred to the driver's education program for an assessment, by  
19 a certified substance abuse counselor, of the offender's  
20 substance abuse or dependence and the need for appropriate  
21 treatment. The counselor shall submit a report with



1 recommendations to the court. The court shall require the  
2 offender to obtain appropriate treatment if the counselor's  
3 assessment establishes the offender's substance abuse or  
4 dependence. ~~[All]~~ Except as provided in subsection (h), all  
5 costs for assessment and treatment shall be borne by the  
6 offender.

7 (f) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,  
8 whenever a court revokes a person's driver's license pursuant to  
9 this section, the examiner of drivers shall not grant to the  
10 person a new driver's license until expiration of the period of  
11 revocation determined by the court. After the period of  
12 revocation is complete, the person may apply for and the  
13 examiner of drivers may grant to the person a new driver's  
14 license.

15 (g) ~~[Any]~~ Except as provided in subsection (h), any person  
16 sentenced under this section may be ordered to reimburse the  
17 county for the cost of any blood or urine tests conducted  
18 pursuant to section 291E-11. The court shall order the person  
19 to make restitution in a lump sum, or in a series of prorated  
20 installments, to the police department or other agency incurring  
21 the expense of the blood or urine test.



1        (h) No financial penalty, surcharge, or cost of assessment  
2        and treatment provided for in this section, or reimbursement to  
3        the county for the cost of any blood or urine test conducted on  
4        the minor pursuant to this section, shall be ordered against a  
5        person who is adjudicated or sentenced under this section while  
6        the person was a minor under the age of eighteen, or against the  
7        person's parent or guardian for the person's offense.

8        [~~(h)~~] (i) As used in this section:

9        "Convicted one or more times for offenses of habitually  
10       operating a vehicle under the influence" means that, at the time  
11       of the behavior for which the person is charged under this  
12       section, the person had one or more times within ten years of  
13       the instant offense:

14       (1) A judgment on a verdict or a finding of guilty, or a  
15       plea of guilty or nolo contendere, for a violation of  
16       this section or section 291-4.4 as that section was in  
17       effect on December 31, 2001;

18       (2) A judgment on a verdict or a finding of guilty, or a  
19       plea of guilty or nolo contendere, for an offense that  
20       is comparable to this section or section 291-4.4 as  
21       that section was in effect on December 31, 2001; or



1           (3) An adjudication of a minor for a law or probation  
2           violation that, if committed by an adult, would  
3           constitute a violation of this section or section  
4           291-4.4 as that section was in effect on December 31,  
5           2001,

6           that, at the time of the instant offense, had not been expunged  
7           by pardon, reversed, or set aside. All convictions that have  
8           been expunged by pardon, reversed, or set aside before the  
9           instant offense shall not be deemed prior convictions for the  
10          purposes of proving the person's status as a habitual operator  
11          of a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant.

12          "Convicted two or more times for offenses of operating a  
13          vehicle under the influence" means that, at the time of the  
14          behavior for which the person is charged under this section, the  
15          person had two or more times within ten years of the instant  
16          offense:

17          (1) A judgment on a verdict or a finding of guilty, or a  
18          plea of guilty or nolo contendere, for a violation of  
19          section 291E-61 or 707-702.5;



1           (2) A judgment on a verdict or a finding of guilty, or a  
2           plea of guilty or nolo contendere, for an offense that  
3           is comparable to section 291E-61 or 707-702.5; or

4           (3) An adjudication of a minor for a law or probation  
5           violation that, if committed by an adult, would  
6           constitute a violation of section 291E-61 or  
7           707-702.5,

8           that, at the time of the instant offense, had not been expunged  
9           by pardon, reversed, or set aside. All convictions that have  
10          been expunged by pardon, reversed, or set aside before the  
11          instant offense shall not be deemed prior convictions for the  
12          purposes of proving that the person is a habitual operator of a  
13          vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant.

14          "Examiner of drivers" has the same meaning as provided in  
15          section 286-2.

16          "Habitual operator of a vehicle while under the influence  
17          of an intoxicant" means that the person was convicted:

18               (1) Two or more times for offenses of operating a vehicle  
19               under the influence; or

20               (2) One or more times for offenses of habitually operating  
21               a vehicle under the influence."



1       SECTION 14. Section 291E-64, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended to read as follows:

3       "**§291E-64 Operating a vehicle after consuming a measurable**  
4 **amount of alcohol; persons under the age of twenty-one.** (a) It  
5 shall be unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one  
6 years to operate any vehicle with a measurable amount of  
7 alcohol. A law enforcement officer may arrest a person under  
8 this section when the officer has probable cause to believe the  
9 arrested person is under the age of twenty-one and had been  
10 operating a vehicle upon a public way, street, road, or highway  
11 or on or in the waters of the State with a measurable amount of  
12 alcohol.

13       (b) [A] Except as provided in subsection (j), a person who  
14 violates this section shall be sentenced as follows:

15       (1) For a first violation or any violation not preceded  
16       within a five-year period by a prior alcohol  
17       enforcement contact:

18       (A) The court shall impose:

19               (i) A requirement that the person and, if the  
20               person is under the age of eighteen, the  
21               person's parent or guardian attend an



1 alcohol abuse education and counseling  
2 program for [~~not~~] no more than ten hours;  
3 and

4 (ii) A one hundred eighty-day prompt suspension  
5 of license and privilege to operate a  
6 vehicle with absolute prohibition from  
7 operating a vehicle during the suspension  
8 period, or in the case of a person eighteen  
9 years of age or older, the court may impose,  
10 in lieu of the one hundred eighty-day prompt  
11 suspension of license, a minimum thirty-day  
12 prompt suspension of license with absolute  
13 prohibition from operating a vehicle and,  
14 for the remainder of the one hundred  
15 eighty-day period, a restriction on the  
16 license that allows the person to drive for  
17 limited work-related purposes and to  
18 participate in alcohol abuse education and  
19 treatment programs; and

20 (B) In addition, the court may impose any one or more  
21 of the following:



- 1 (i) [~~Not~~] No more than thirty-six hours of  
2 community service work; or  
3 (ii) A fine of [~~not~~] no less than \$150 but [~~not~~]  
4 no more than \$500;
- 5 (2) For a violation that occurs within five years of a  
6 prior alcohol enforcement contact:
- 7 (A) The court shall impose prompt suspension of  
8 license and privilege to operate a vehicle for a  
9 period of one year with absolute prohibition from  
10 operating a vehicle during the suspension period;  
11 and
- 12 (B) In addition, the court may impose any of the  
13 following:
- 14 (i) [~~Not~~] No more than fifty hours of community  
15 service work; or  
16 (ii) A fine of [~~not~~] no less than \$300 but [~~not~~]  
17 no more than \$1,000; and
- 18 (3) For a violation that occurs within five years of two  
19 prior alcohol enforcement contacts:



1           (A) The court shall impose revocation of license and  
2           privilege to operate a vehicle for a period of  
3           two years; and

4           (B) In addition, the court may impose any of the  
5           following:

6           (i) [~~Not~~] No more than one hundred hours of  
7           community service work; or

8           (ii) A fine of [~~not~~] no less than \$300 but [~~not~~]  
9           no more than \$1,000.

10          (c) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any  
11 conviction or plea under this section shall be considered a  
12 prior alcohol enforcement contact.

13          (d) Whenever a court sentences a person pursuant to  
14 subsection (b) (2) or (3), it also shall require that the person  
15 be referred to the driver's education program for an assessment,  
16 by a certified substance abuse counselor, of the person's  
17 alcohol abuse or dependence and the need for appropriate  
18 treatment. The counselor shall submit a report with  
19 recommendations to the court. The court shall require the  
20 person to obtain appropriate treatment if the counselor's  
21 assessment establishes the person's alcohol abuse or dependence.



1 ~~[All]~~ Except as provided in subsection (j), all costs for  
2 assessment and treatment shall be borne by the person ~~[or by the~~  
3 ~~person's parent or guardian, if the person is under the age of~~  
4 ~~eighteen]~~.

5 (e) Notwithstanding section 831-3.2 or any other law to  
6 the contrary, a person convicted of a first-time violation under  
7 subsection (b) (1) or section 291-4.3, as it existed before Act  
8 189, Session Laws of Hawaii 2000, who had no prior alcohol  
9 enforcement contacts, may apply to the court for an expungement  
10 order upon attaining the age of twenty-one, or thereafter, if  
11 the person has fulfilled the terms of the sentence imposed by  
12 the court and has had no subsequent alcohol or drug related  
13 enforcement contacts; provided that this subsection shall not  
14 apply to persons in possession of a commercial learner's permit  
15 or commercial driver's license or convicted in a commercial  
16 motor vehicle or while transporting hazardous materials.

17 (f) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,  
18 whenever a court revokes a person's driver's license pursuant to  
19 this section, the examiner of drivers shall not grant to the  
20 person an application for a new driver's license for a period to  
21 be determined by the court.



1 (g) ~~[Any]~~ Except as provided in subsection (j), any person  
2 sentenced under this section may be ordered to reimburse the  
3 county for the cost of any blood tests conducted pursuant to  
4 section 291E-11. The court shall order the person to make  
5 restitution in a lump sum, or in a series of prorated  
6 installments, to the police department or other agency incurring  
7 the expense of the blood test.

8 (h) The requirement to provide proof of financial  
9 responsibility pursuant to section 287-20 shall not be based  
10 upon a sentence imposed under subsection (b)(1).

11 (i) Any person who violates this section shall be guilty  
12 of a violation.

13 (j) For any person sentenced pursuant to this section for  
14 a violation committed while the person was a minor under the age  
15 of eighteen:

16 (1) The court shall not order any:

17 (A) Financial penalties;

18 (B) Costs for assessment and treatment; or

19 (C) Reimbursements to the county for the cost of any  
20 blood test conducted on the minor pursuant to  
21 this section,



1           as permitted by this section against the person or the  
2           person's parent or guardian for the person's  
3           violation; and

4        (2) Any sentence of community service shall be limited to  
5        no more than seventy-two hours and shall not interfere  
6        with the person's school or work commitments.

7       ~~[(j)]~~ (k) As used in this section, ~~[the terms]~~ "driver's  
8 license" and "examiner of drivers" have the same meanings as  
9 provided in section 286-2."

## 10 PART III

11           SECTION 15. Section 302A-1153, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
12 amended to read as follows:

13 "§302A-1153 Vandalism damage to public school property.

(a) Any pupil found to be responsible for an act of vandalism against any public school, building, facility, or ground ~~[shall make restitution in any manner, including monetary restitution by the pupil or pupil's parents, or guardian, or both.]~~ may be required to perform community service to repair any damage caused.



1        This section shall be in addition to, and shall in no way  
2        limit the provisions of any other law concerning, offenses  
3        against property rights.

4        (b) No pupil, parent, or guardian shall be required to  
5        make monetary restitution in any manner [~~unless the pupil and~~  
6        ~~the parents or guardian have been notified and have been given~~  
7        ~~an opportunity to be heard, on any report of vandalism involving~~  
8        ~~the pupil, and the pupil, parent, or guardian have executed a~~  
9        ~~written agreement to make restitution]~~.

10       (c) The principal of the school in which the vandalism  
11       occurred shall make or order an investigation of the vandalism.  
12       If after the investigation, the principal has reasonable cause  
13       to believe that a specific pupil is responsible for the  
14       vandalism, the principal shall schedule a conference with the  
15       pupil and the pupil's parents or guardian. Except for the  
16       principal of the school in which the vandalism occurred, the  
17       pupil, and the parents or guardian, no other person shall be  
18       permitted to be in the conference for any reason.

19       (d) At the conference, the principal of the school in  
20       which the vandalism occurred shall present the findings of the



1 investigation [~~and the requirements of restitution~~] to the pupil  
2 and parents or guardian.

3 If the pupil and the parents or guardian agree with the  
4 findings of the principal and the manner in which [~~restitution~~  
5 ~~is to be made,~~] the pupil is to be held accountable, the  
6 principal and the pupil and parent or guardian shall execute a  
7 written agreement [~~which~~] that shall specify the manner in which  
8 [~~restitution is to be made.~~

9 ~~Agreements shall be made only for damages that do not~~  
10 ~~exceed \$3,500.~~

11 ~~If restitution is made in this fashion, then no],~~ when  
12 appropriate, the principal will assess the extent of the damage  
13 and determine if the pupil has the skills necessary to address  
14 the damage. This shall include no more than seventy-two hours  
15 of community service, which shall be performed in a manner that  
16 does not interfere with the pupil's school or work commitments.  
17 No information about the investigation, conference, and the  
18 actions taken shall be communicated to any person not directly  
19 involved in the proceedings.

20 If the pupil and parent or guardian do not agree with the  
21 findings made by the principal, the principal shall report the



1 findings, including all the records and documents regarding the  
2 investigation and conference, to the complex area  
3 superintendent, who shall review the findings and may refer the  
4 matter to the attorney general for any further action pursuant  
5 to section 577-3.

6 ~~[(e) If the damages exceed \$3,500, the principal shall~~  
7 ~~report the matter to the complex area superintendent, who shall~~  
8 ~~refer the matter to the attorney general for any further action~~  
9 ~~pursuant to section 577-3.~~

10 ~~+(f)]~~ (e) Notwithstanding any provisions in this section to  
11 the contrary, the State may elect to bring any appropriate  
12 action for the recovery of all damages to school properties.  
13 Nothing in this section shall limit the right of the State to  
14 bring an action against any person to recover these damages."

15 PART IV

16 SECTION 16. Section 351-62.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
17 amended to read as follows:

18 "**§351-62.6 Compensation fee.** (a) ~~[The]~~ Except as  
19 provided in subsection (d), the court shall impose a  
20 compensation fee upon every defendant who has been convicted or  
21 who has entered a plea under section 853-1 and who is or will be



1 able to pay the compensation fee. The amount of the  
2 compensation fee shall be commensurate with the seriousness of  
3 the offense as follows:

4 (1) [~~Not~~] No less than \$105 nor more than \$505 for a  
5 felony;

6 (2) \$55 for a misdemeanor; and

7 (3) \$30 for a petty misdemeanor.

8 The compensation fee shall be separate from any fine that may be  
9 imposed under section 706-640 and shall be in addition to any  
10 other disposition under this chapter; provided that the court  
11 shall waive the imposition of a compensation fee if the  
12 defendant is unable to pay the compensation fee. Moneys from  
13 the compensation fees shall be deposited into the crime victim  
14 compensation special fund under section 351-62.5.

15 (b) The criteria of section 706-641 may apply to this  
16 section. In setting the amount of the compensation fee to be  
17 imposed, the court shall consider all relevant factors,  
18 including but not limited to:

19 (1) The seriousness of the offense;

20 (2) The circumstances of the commission of the offense;

21 (3) The economic gain, if any, realized by the defendant;



1 (4) The number of victims; and

2 (5) The defendant's earning capacity, including future  
3 earning capacity.

4 (c) The compensation fee shall be considered a civil  
5 judgment.

6 (d) No compensation fee provided for in this section shall  
7 be levied against a person who is adjudicated for an offense  
8 committed while the person was a minor under the age of  
9 eighteen, or against the person's parent or guardian for that  
10 person's offense."

11 SECTION 17. Section 353G-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
12 amended to read as follows:

13 "[+]§353G-10[+] **Drug testing or assessment fees.** (a)  
14 Except as provided in [~~subsection~~] subsections (b) [~~7~~] and (e),  
15 the agency responsible for monitoring a person's compliance with  
16 the terms and conditions of parole or other release from a  
17 correctional center or facility shall impose upon the person  
18 reasonable fees to cover the cost of:

19 (1) Any drug test of the person required or ordered under  
20 this chapter; and



1           (2) Any assessment of the person required or ordered under  
2           this chapter.

3 The fees shall not be less than the actual and administrative  
4 costs of a drug test or assessment. The fees may be deducted  
5 from any income a person has received as a result of labor  
6 performed in a correctional center or facility or any type of  
7 work release program.

8           (b) Upon a finding of indigence, the agency responsible  
9 for monitoring a person's compliance with the terms and  
10 conditions of parole or other release from a correctional center  
11 or facility shall require the person to pay as much of the fee  
12 as is consistent with the person's ability to pay.

13           (c) All fees collected pursuant to subsection (a)(1) shall  
14 be forwarded to the agency responsible for monitoring the  
15 person's compliance with the terms and conditions of parole or  
16 other release from a correctional center or facility for payment  
17 of costs associated with the agency's drug testing program.

18           (d) All fees collected pursuant to subsection (a)(2) shall  
19 be forwarded to the assessment program for payment of costs  
20 associated with the provision of assessments.



1       (e) No fees provided for in this section shall be levied  
2       against a person for a violation that occurred while the person  
3       was a minor under the age of eighteen, or against the person's  
4       parent or guardian for that person's violation."

## 5 PART V

6           SECTION 18. Section 571-31.4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
7 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

8           "(c) Informal adjustment under this section may include,  
9 among other suitable methods, programs, and procedures, the  
10 following:

11 (1) Participation in restitution projects to obtain  
12 appropriate victim satisfaction;

13           (2) Participation in community service projects so as to  
14           establish the child's ~~[self-value]~~ self-value in the  
15           community;

16 (3) Participation in community-based programs [~~which~~] that  
17 work with the child and family to maintain and  
18 strengthen the family unit so that the child may be  
19 retained in the child's own home;

20 (4) Submission to neighborhood courts or panels upon  
21 procedures to be established by the court. As used in



1           this paragraph, "neighborhood courts or panels" [are]  
2           means community organizations designed to settle minor  
3           disputes between parties on a voluntary basis using  
4           mediation or nonbinding arbitration;

5           (5) Participation in programs to support, counsel, or  
6           provide work and recreational opportunities to help  
7           prevent delinquency;

8           (6) Participation in educational programs or supportive  
9           services designed to help delinquents and to encourage  
10          other youths to remain in elementary and secondary  
11          schools or in alternative learning situations;

12          (7) Participation in youth-initiated programs and outreach  
13          programs designed to assist youth and families;

14          (8) Appropriate physical and medical examinations,  
15          vocational and aptitude testing, examinations for  
16          learning disabilities or emotional dysfunctions, and  
17          suitable counseling and therapy;

18          (9) Placement with nonsecure or secure shelter facilities;

19          (10) Restitution providing for monetary payment by the  
20          parents of the child; or



1       (11) Participation in a restorative justice program where  
2           the child and the child's parents or guardian, and  
3           other supporters of the child, may meet with the  
4           victim harmed by the child's law violation and the  
5           victim's supporters[-];  
6       provided that any treatment or services provided under this  
7       section shall be provided at no cost to the person whose  
8       violation occurred while the person was a minor under the age of  
9       eighteen, or to the person's parent or guardian for that  
10       person's violation. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the  
11       utilization of treatment or services provided or covered by any  
12       health insurance plan under which the person is already a  
13       covered person or beneficiary; provided that the person or the  
14       person's parent or guardian shall be responsible for all  
15       copayments required by the insurer."

16       SECTION 19. Section 571-32, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
17       amended to read as follows:

18       "**§571-32 Detention; shelter; release; notice.** (a) If a  
19       minor who is believed to come within section 571-11(1) is not  
20       released as provided in section 571-31 and is not deemed  
21       suitable for diversion, then the minor shall be taken without



1 unnecessary delay to the court or to the place of detention or  
2 shelter designated by the court. If a minor who is believed to  
3 come within section 571-11(2) is not released as provided in  
4 section 571-31, and is not deemed suitable for diversion, then  
5 the minor shall be taken without unnecessary delay to the court  
6 or to the place of shelter designated by the court. If the  
7 court determines that the minor requires care away from the  
8 minor's own home but does not require secure physical  
9 restriction, the minor shall be given temporary care in any  
10 available nonsecure minor caring institution, foster family  
11 home, or other shelter facility.

12 (b) The officer or other person who brings a minor to a  
13 detention or shelter facility shall give notice to the court at  
14 once, stating the legal basis therefor and the reason why the  
15 minor was not released to the minor's parents. If the facility  
16 to which the minor is taken is not an agency of the court, the  
17 person in charge of the facility in which the minor is placed  
18 shall promptly give notice to the court that the minor is in  
19 that person's custody. Before acceptance of the minor for  
20 detention or shelter care, a prompt inquiry shall be made by a  
21 duly authorized staff member of the detention or shelter



1 facility or officer of the court. Where it is deemed in the  
2 best interests of the minor, the judge, officer, staff member,  
3 or director of detention services may then order the minor to be  
4 released, if possible, to the care of the minor's parent,  
5 guardian, legal custodian, or other responsible adult, or the  
6 judge may order the minor held in the facility subject to  
7 further order or placed in some other appropriate facility.

8 (c) As soon as a minor is detained, the minor's parents,  
9 guardian, or legal custodian shall be informed, by personal  
10 contact or by notice in writing on forms prescribed by the  
11 court, that they may have a prompt hearing held by a circuit  
12 judge or district family judge regarding release or detention.  
13 A minor may be released on the order of the judge with or  
14 without a hearing. The director of detention services may order  
15 the release of the minor if an order of detention has not been  
16 made.

17 (d) No minor shall be held in a detention facility for  
18 juveniles or shelter longer than twenty-four hours, excluding  
19 weekends and holidays, unless a petition or motion for  
20 revocation of probation[7] or motion for revocation of  
21 protective supervision has been filed, or unless the judge



1 orders otherwise after a court hearing. No ex parte motions  
2 shall be considered. For the purposes of this section:

3 (1) Unless a court finds, after a hearing and in writing,  
4 that it is in the interest of justice as provided for  
5 in subsection (g) (2), a minor believed to come within  
6 section 571-11(1), or a minor awaiting trial or  
7 another legal process, who is treated as an adult for  
8 purposes of prosecution in criminal court and housed  
9 in a secure facility shall not:

10 (A) Have sight or sound contact with adult inmates;  
11 or

12 (B) Be held in any jail or lockup for adults,  
13 except as provided in subsection (g) (3); and

14 (2) Detention in a jail or lockup for adults may be  
15 permitted for[+] a minor accused of a non-status  
16 offense who is:

17 (A) [~~A minor accused of a non-status offense who is~~  
18 ~~held~~] Held for a period not to exceed six hours;  
19 provided that the minor is being held:

20 (i) For processing or release;



- 1 (ii) While awaiting transfer to a juvenile  
2 facility; or
- 3 (iii) For a court appearance that occurs within  
4 the period of detention; or
- 5 (B) [~~A minor accused of a non-status offense who is~~  
6 ~~awaiting~~] Awaiting an initial court appearance  
7 that will occur within forty-eight hours of the  
8 minor being taken into custody, excluding  
9 weekends and holidays, and where the jail or  
10 lockup for adults is in a location:
- 11 (i) Outside a metropolitan statistical area, as  
12 defined by the Office of Management and  
13 Budget, and no acceptable alternative  
14 placement is available;
- 15 (ii) Where the distance to be traveled or the  
16 lack of highway, road, or transportation  
17 does not allow for court appearances within  
18 forty-eight hours, excluding weekends and  
19 holidays, such that a brief delay of no more  
20 than an additional forty-eight hours is  
21 excusable; or



1 (iii) Where safety concerns exist, such as severe  
2 and life-threatening weather conditions that  
3 do not allow for reasonably safe travel, in  
4 which case the time for an appearance may be  
5 delayed until twenty-four hours after the  
6 time that conditions allow for reasonably  
7 safe travel;

8 provided that the minor shall not have sight or sound  
9 contact with adult inmates; provided further that the  
10 State shall have a policy in effect that requires  
11 individuals who work with both minor and adult inmates  
12 in collocated facilities to be trained and certified  
13 to work with juveniles.

14 (e) No minor [~~may~~] shall be held after the filing of a  
15 petition or motion, as specified in subsection (d), unless an  
16 order for continued detention or shelter has been made by a  
17 judge after a court hearing. If there is probable cause to  
18 believe that the minor comes within section 571-11(1), the minor  
19 may be securely detained, following a court hearing, in a  
20 detention facility for juveniles or may be held in a shelter.  
21 If there is probable cause to believe that the minor comes



1 within section 281-101.5 or 571-11(2), the minor may be held,  
2 following a court hearing, in a shelter but shall not be  
3 securely detained in a detention facility for juveniles for  
4 longer than twenty-four hours, excluding weekends and holidays,  
5 unless the minor is subject to the provisions of chapter 582,  
6 Interstate Compact on Juveniles, or chapter 582D, Interstate  
7 Compact for Juveniles, or is allegedly in or has already been  
8 adjudicated for a violation of a valid court order, as provided  
9 under the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention  
10 Act of 1974, as amended.

11 (f) No minor shall be released from detention except in  
12 accordance with this chapter.

13 (g) When a minor is ordered to be held or detained by the  
14 court:

15 (1) Where a minor transferred for criminal proceedings  
16 pursuant to a waiver of family court jurisdiction is  
17 detained, the minor shall not:

18 (A) Have sight or sound contact with adult inmates;

19 or

20 (B) Be held in any jail or lockup for adults,



1 unless a court finds, after a hearing and in writing,  
2 that it is in the interest of justice;

3 (2) In determining whether it is in the interest of  
4 justice to permit a minor to be held in any jail or  
5 lockup for adults, or to have sight or sound contact  
6 with adult inmates, a court shall consider:

7 (A) The age of the minor;

8 (B) The physical and mental maturity of the minor;

9 (C) The present mental state of the minor, including  
10 whether the minor presents an imminent risk of  
11 self-harm;

12 (D) The nature and circumstances of the alleged  
13 offense;

14 (E) The minor's history of prior delinquent acts;

15 (F) The relative ability of the available adult and  
16 juvenile detention facilities to meet the  
17 specific needs of the minor and protect the  
18 safety of the public as well as other detained  
19 minors; and

20 (G) Any other relevant factor; and



1 (3) If a court determines that it is in the interest of  
2 justice to permit a minor to be held in any jail or  
3 lockup for adults, or to have sight or sound contact  
4 with adult inmates:

5 (A) The court shall hold a hearing no less frequently  
6 than once every thirty days, or in the case of a  
7 rural jurisdiction, no less frequently than once  
8 every forty-five days, to review whether it  
9 remains in the interest of justice to permit the  
10 minor to be held in a jail or lockup for adults  
11 or to have sight or sound contact with adult  
12 inmates; and

13 (B) The minor shall not be held in any jail or lockup  
14 for adults, or permitted to have sight or sound  
15 contact with adult inmates, for more than one  
16 hundred eighty days, unless the court, in  
17 writing, determines there is good cause for an  
18 extension, or the minor expressly waives this  
19 limitation.



1 (h) A minor may be placed in room confinement in a  
2 juvenile detention or adult jail facility only under the  
3 following conditions:

4 (1) Room confinement may only be used as a temporary  
5 response to a minor's behavior, and only if:

6 (A) The behavior poses an immediate and substantial  
7 risk of danger to the minor's self or another  
8 individual, or a serious and immediate threat to  
9 the safety and orderly operation of the facility;  
10 provided that any decision to hold a minor in  
11 room confinement due to a mental health emergency  
12 shall be made by a mental health professional and  
13 based upon the mental health professional's  
14 examination of the minor; or

15 (B) The minor is an imminent escape risk;

16 (2) Because of the potential impact on a minor's mental or  
17 physical health, room confinement may only be used for  
18 the minimum time necessary for the minor to regain  
19 self-control, and only after less restrictive options  
20 or techniques, including de-escalation, conflict and  
21 behavioral management techniques, and intervention by



1 a mental health professional, have been attempted,  
2 exhausted, and failed;

3 (3) If a minor is placed in room confinement, the reasons  
4 for the room confinement shall be explained to the  
5 minor. The minor shall also be informed that release  
6 from room confinement will occur immediately when the  
7 minor exhibits self-control and is no longer deemed a  
8 threat to the minor's safety or the safety of others;

9 (4) If a minor is placed in room confinement, the  
10 following individuals shall be notified on the next  
11 business day and provided the reasons for the room  
12 confinement as well as the location and duration of  
13 the confinement:

14 (A) The senior judge of the family court;

15 (B) The presiding judge who ordered the minor to be  
16 held at the facility;

17 (C) The deputy chief court administrator; and

18 (D) The social services manager of the juvenile  
19 client services branch for the circuit court of  
20 the first circuit;



1 (5) Room confinement shall not be used for purposes of  
2 punishment or disciplinary sanction, coercion,  
3 convenience, or retaliation, or to address staffing  
4 shortages at the facility;

5 (6) A minor may be held in room confinement for no more  
6 than three hours unless the minor is a danger to  
7 themselves or another, or the on-call judge grants an  
8 extension of no more than three additional hours of  
9 confinement. Thereafter, the minor shall be returned  
10 to the general population; provided that if a minor is  
11 held in room confinement for more than three hours, a  
12 hearing shall be held before the family court on the  
13 next business day, at which time the minor shall be  
14 provided legal representation;

15 (7) A minor shall not be returned to room confinement  
16 immediately after returning to the general population  
17 from room confinement for the purposes of evading the  
18 reporting requirements and room confinement  
19 restrictions pursuant to this section;

20 (8) If the minor is not returned to the general population  
21 following a hearing pursuant to paragraph (6), the



1 minor shall be transferred to a location where  
2 services may be provided to the minor without the need  
3 for room confinement; provided that if a mental health  
4 professional determines that the level of crisis  
5 service needed is not presently available at the  
6 location, the superintendent or deputy superintendent  
7 of the facility shall initiate a referral to a  
8 facility that can meet the needs of the minor;

9 (9) All rooms used for room confinement shall have  
10 adequate and operational lighting[7] and ventilation  
11 for the comfort of the minor[7] and shall be clean and  
12 resistant to suicide and self-harm;

13 (10) The minor shall have access to drinking water, toilet  
14 facilities, hygiene supplies, and reading materials  
15 approved by a mental health professional;

16 (11) The minor shall have the same access as provided to  
17 minors in the general population of the facility to  
18 meals, contact with parents or legal guardians, legal  
19 assistance, educational programs, and medical and  
20 mental health services;



1 (12) The minor shall be continuously monitored by facility  
2 staff; and

3 (13) The judiciary shall post quarterly on the judiciary's  
4 website a report of its detention center detailing  
5 their compliance with this section. Each report shall  
6 include:

7 (A) The number of incidents of room confinement every  
8 year;

9 (B) The number of minors impacted;

10 (C) The age, gender identity, and race of minors  
11 impacted;

12 (D) Any alternative strategies employed before the  
13 use of room confinement, the reasons those  
14 alternative strategies failed, and why room  
15 confinement was necessary; and

16 (E) The incidence of mental illness.

17 For the purposes of this subsection:

18 "Mental health professional" means a qualified mental  
19 health professional or mental health professional supervised by  
20 a qualified mental health professional.



1 "Room confinement" means the placement of a minor in a  
2 room, cell, or area with minimal or no contact with persons  
3 other than court staff and attorneys. "Room confinement" does  
4 not include confinement of a minor in a single-person room or  
5 cell for brief periods of locked room time as necessary for  
6 required institutional operations and does not include  
7 confinement during sleep hours.

8 (i) Provisions regarding bail shall not be applicable to  
9 minors detained in accordance with this chapter~~[, except]~~;  
10 provided that bail may be allowed after a minor has been  
11 transferred for criminal prosecution pursuant to waiver of  
12 family court jurisdiction.

13 (j) The official in charge of a facility for the detention  
14 of adult offenders or persons charged with crime shall inform  
15 the court immediately when a minor who is or appears to be under  
16 eighteen years of age is received at the facility.

17 (k) Any other provision of law to the contrary  
18 notwithstanding, any person otherwise subject to proceedings  
19 under chapter 832 and who is under the age of eighteen may be  
20 confined in a detention facility or correctional facility by



1 order of a judge for the purposes set forth in section 832-12,  
2 832-15, or 832-17.

3 (l) The department of human services through the office of  
4 youth services shall certify police station cellblocks and  
5 community correctional centers that provide sight and sound  
6 separation between minors and adults in secure custody. Only  
7 cellblocks and centers certified under this subsection shall be  
8 authorized to detain juveniles pursuant to section 571-32(d).  
9 The office of youth services may develop sight and sound  
10 separation standards, issue certifications, monitor and inspect  
11 facilities for compliance, cite facilities for violations,  
12 withdraw certifications, and require certified facilities to  
13 submit data and information as requested. In addition, the  
14 office of youth services may monitor and inspect all cellblocks  
15 and centers for compliance with section 571-32(d).

16 (m) Any costs associated with the detention, placement, or  
17 care of a minor shall be borne by the court. The court shall  
18 not seek reimbursement for costs incurred for the detention,  
19 placement, or care of the minor pursuant to this section from a  
20 person adjudicated under section 571-11(1) or (2), 571-13,  
21 571-22, or 571-41(f), or from the person's parent or guardian."



1       SECTION 20. Section 571-33, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended to read as follows:

3       "**§571-33 Detention and shelter facilities.** Provisions  
4 shall be made for the temporary detention of children or minors  
5 in a detention home, to be conducted as an agency of the court;  
6 or the court may arrange for the care and custody of [~~such~~] the  
7 children or minors temporarily in private homes subject to the  
8 supervision of the court, or may arrange with any institution or  
9 agency to receive for temporary care and custody children or  
10 minors within the jurisdiction of the court.

11       When a detention home is established as an agency of the  
12 court, the judge may appoint a director of detention services  
13 and other necessary employees for [~~such~~] the home in the same  
14 manner as is provided by law for the appointment of other  
15 employees of the court.

16       A detention home established in any circuit may be used for  
17 the temporary detention of children or minors ordered to be  
18 detained by the court of another circuit. The use shall be  
19 subject to the approval of the judge of the court of the circuit  
20 in which the detention home is situated, upon [~~such~~] the terms  
21 and conditions as may be established by the judge.



1       The family court shall also provide nonsecure shelter  
2 facilities separate from detention facilities. In referring  
3 minors to a nonsecure shelter, the court shall consider the  
4 minor's background, degree of involvement in illegal and  
5 antisocial activities, current behavioral patterns, and any  
6 other relevant criteria to determine placement.

7       Any costs associated with the detention, placement, or care  
8 of a minor who is subject to this section shall be borne by the  
9 court. The court shall not seek reimbursement for costs  
10 incurred for the detention, placement, or care of the minor  
11 pursuant to this section from a person adjudicated under section  
12 571-11(1) or (2), 571-13, 571-22, or 571-41(f), or from the  
13 person's parent or guardian."

14       SECTION 21. Section 571-48, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
15 amended to read as follows:

16       **"§571-48 Decree, if informal adjustment or diversion to a**  
17 **private or community agency or program has not been effected.**

18 When a child is found by the court to come within section  
19 571-11, the court shall so decree and in its decree shall make a  
20 finding of the facts upon which the court exercises its



1 jurisdiction over the child. Upon the decree, the court, by  
2 order duly entered, shall proceed as follows:

3 (1) As to a child adjudicated under section 571-11(1):

4 (A) The court may place the child on probation:

5 (i) In the child's own home; or

6 (ii) In the custody of a suitable person or  
7 facility elsewhere, upon conditions  
8 determined by the court.

9 An order by the court placing a child on  
10 probation under this subparagraph shall include a  
11 definite term of probation stated in months or  
12 years, subject to extension or modification by  
13 the court pursuant to section 571-50. When  
14 conditions of probation include custody in a  
15 youth correctional facility, the custody shall be  
16 for a term not to exceed one year, after which  
17 time the child shall be allowed to reside in the  
18 community subject to additional conditions as may  
19 be imposed by the court;



1 (B) The court may vest legal custody of the child,  
2 after prior consultation with the agency or  
3 institution:

4 (i) In a Hawaii youth correctional facility if  
5 the child has been adjudicated for a  
6 felony-level offense or a violation or  
7 revocation of probation, or is committed to  
8 the facility from juvenile drug court or  
9 girls court on a court order. For a child  
10 eligible for placement in a Hawaii youth  
11 correctional facility, the court shall enter  
12 a finding of fact in the record stating the  
13 reasons the child is a public safety risk  
14 warranting placement in the correctional  
15 facility. No such finding of fact shall be  
16 required if the child is adjudicated for a  
17 felony against a person or a sex offense;

18 (ii) In a local public agency or institution;

19 (iii) In any private institution or agency  
20 authorized by the court to care for  
21 children; or



1 (iv) In a private home.

2 If legal custody of the child is vested in a  
3 private agency or institution in another state,  
4 the court shall select one that is approved by  
5 the family or juvenile court of the other state  
6 or by that state's department of social services  
7 or other appropriate department;

8 (C) The court may place a child on administrative  
9 monitoring, as defined in section 571-2, pending  
10 completion of conditions as may be imposed by the  
11 court, to preempt the need for disposition to a  
12 full probation term, and to afford the child the  
13 opportunity to demonstrate behavior adjustments.  
14 Upon completion of the court-ordered conditions,  
15 the court shall discharge the child pursuant to  
16 section 571-50. If a child fails to complete the  
17 court-ordered conditions, the court may extend or  
18 modify the order pursuant to section 571-50, or  
19 [~~dispose~~] place the child [~~to~~] on probation  
20 status under paragraph (1) (A); or



1 (D) ~~[The court may fine the child for]~~ For a  
2 violation ~~[which]~~ that would be theft in the  
3 third degree by shoplifting if committed by an  
4 adult~~[. The]~~, the court may require the child to  
5 perform ~~[public services in lieu of the fine,]~~  
6 community service of no more than seventy-two  
7 hours; provided that the community service shall  
8 not interfere with the child's school or work  
9 commitments. The court shall not impose a fine  
10 on the child or the child's parent or guardian;

11 (2) As to a child adjudicated under section 571-11(2):

12 (A) The court may place the child under protective  
13 supervision, as hereinabove defined, in the  
14 child's own home, or in the custody of a suitable  
15 person or agency elsewhere, upon conditions  
16 determined by the court; or

17 (B) The court may vest legal custody of the child,  
18 after prior consultation with the agency or  
19 institution, in a local governmental agency or  
20 institution licensed or approved by the State to  
21 care for children, with the exception of an



1 institution authorized by the court to care for  
2 children. If legal custody of the child is  
3 vested in a private agency or institution in  
4 another state, the court shall select one that is  
5 approved by the family or juvenile court of the  
6 other state or by that state's department of  
7 social services or other appropriate department;  
8 provided that the child [~~may~~] shall not be  
9 committed to a public or private institution  
10 operated solely for the treatment of law  
11 violators;

12 (3) An order vesting legal custody of a minor in an  
13 individual, agency, or institution under section  
14 571-11(2) shall be for an indeterminate period but  
15 shall not remain in force or effect beyond three years  
16 from the date entered [~~except~~]; provided that the  
17 individual, institution, or agency may file with the  
18 court a petition for renewal of the order and the  
19 court may renew the order if it finds [~~such~~] the  
20 renewal necessary to safeguard the welfare of the  
21 child or the public interest. The court, after notice



1 to the parties, may conduct a hearing on the petition.  
2 Renewal may be periodic during minority, but no order  
3 shall have any force or effect beyond the period  
4 authorized by section 571-13. An agency granted legal  
5 custody shall be subject to prior approval of the  
6 court in any case in which the child is to reside  
7 without the territorial jurisdiction of the court and  
8 may be subject to prior approval in other cases. An  
9 individual granted legal custody shall exercise the  
10 rights and responsibilities personally unless  
11 otherwise authorized by the court;

12 (4) Whenever the court commits a child to the care of the  
13 director of human services or executive director of  
14 the office of youth services, or vests legal custody  
15 of a child in an institution or agency, ~~[it]~~ the court  
16 shall transmit with the order copies of the clinical  
17 reports, social study, results of the risk and needs  
18 assessment conducted by the court, and other  
19 information pertinent to the care and treatment of the  
20 child, and the institution or agency shall give to the  
21 court any information concerning the child that the



1 court may at any time require. An institution or  
2 agency receiving a child under this paragraph shall  
3 inform the court whenever the status of the child is  
4 affected through temporary or permanent release,  
5 discharge, or transfer to other custody. An  
6 institution to which a child is committed under  
7 section 571-11(1) or (2) shall not transfer custody of  
8 the child to an institution for the correction of  
9 adult offenders, except as authorized in this chapter  
10 and under chapter 352;

11 (5) The court may order, for any child within its  
12 jurisdiction, whatever care or treatment is authorized  
13 by law;

14 (6) In placing a child under the guardianship or custody  
15 of an individual or of a private agency or private  
16 institution, the court shall give primary  
17 consideration to the welfare of the child;

18 (7) In support of any order or decree under section  
19 571-11(1) or (2), the court may require the parents or  
20 other persons having custody of the child, or any  
21 other person who has been found by the court to be



1 encouraging, causing, or contributing to the acts or  
2 conditions [~~which~~] that bring the child within the  
3 purview of this chapter and who are parties to the  
4 proceeding, to do or to omit doing any acts required  
5 or forbidden by law, when the judge deems this  
6 requirement necessary for the welfare of the child.  
7 The court may also make appropriate orders concerning  
8 the parents or other persons having custody of the  
9 child and who are parties to the proceeding. If such  
10 persons fail to comply with the requirement or with  
11 the court order, the court may proceed against them  
12 for contempt of court;

13 (8) In support of any order or decree for custody or  
14 support, the court may make an order of protection  
15 setting forth reasonable conditions of behavior to be  
16 observed for a specified time, binding upon both  
17 parents or either of them. This order may require  
18 either parent to stay away from the home or from the  
19 other parent or children, may permit the other to  
20 visit the children at stated periods, or may require a



1 parent to abstain from offensive conduct against the  
2 children or each other;

3 (9) The court may dismiss the petition or otherwise  
4 terminate its jurisdiction at any time;

5 (10) In any other case of which the court has jurisdiction,  
6 the court may make any order or judgment authorized by  
7 law;

8 (11) The court may order any person adjudicated pursuant to  
9 section 571-11(1) to make restitution of money or  
10 services to any victim who suffers loss as a result of  
11 the child's action, or to render community service[+] of no more than seventy-two hours; provided that the  
12 community service shall not interfere with the child's  
13 school or work commitments;

14 (12) The court may order any ~~person~~ child adjudicated  
15 pursuant to section 571-11(2) to participate in  
16 community service[+and] of no more than seventy-two  
17 hours; provided that the community service shall not  
18 interfere with the child's school or work commitments;

19 (13) The court may order the parents of an adjudicated  
20 child to make restitution of money or services to any  
21



1 victim, person, or party who has incurred a loss or  
2 damages as a result of the child's action[-]; and  
3 (14) Notwithstanding paragraph (11) or (13), the court  
4 shall not impose any financial penalties or seek  
5 reimbursement for costs against the adjudicated child  
6 or the child's parent or guardian."

7 SECTION 22. Section 571-51, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
8 amended to read as follows:

9 **"§571-51 Support of minor committed for study or care.**

10 Whenever legal custody of a minor is given by the court to  
11 someone other than the minor's parents, or when a minor is given  
12 medical, psychological, or psychiatric study or treatment under  
13 order of the court, and no provision is otherwise made by law  
14 for the support of the minor or for payment for ~~[such]~~ the  
15 treatment, compensation for the study and treatment of the  
16 minor, when approved by order of the court, shall~~[, if~~  
17 ~~necessary,~~] be paid out of ~~[such]~~ moneys as may be appropriated  
18 for the expenses of the court. ~~[After giving the parent a~~  
19 ~~reasonable opportunity to be heard, the court may order and~~  
20 ~~decree that the parent shall pay, in such manner as the court~~  
21 ~~may direct, a reasonable sum that will cover in whole or in part~~



1 ~~the support and treatment of the minor given after the decree is~~  
2 ~~entered. If the parent wilfully fails or refuses to pay such~~  
3 ~~sum, the court may proceed against the parent as for contempt,~~  
4 ~~or the order may be filed and shall have the effect of a civil~~  
5 ~~judgment.]~~ The court shall not order the person adjudicated  
6 under section 571-11(1) or (2), 571-13, 571-22, or 571-41(f), or  
7 the person's parent or guardian, to pay for the person's support  
8 and treatment; provided that the court may order the person or  
9 the person's parent or guardian to utilize treatment options  
10 available to the person or the person's parent or guardian  
11 through any health insurance under which the person is already a  
12 covered person or beneficiary; provided further that the person  
13 or the person's parent or guardian shall be responsible for all  
14 copayments required by the insurer.

15       Compensation may be made to a nongovernmental agency[~~r~~];  
16 provided that [~~it~~] the nongovernmental agency shall make  
17 periodic reports to the court or to an agency designated by the  
18 court concerning the care and treatment the minor is receiving  
19 and the minor's response to [~~such~~] the treatment. These reports  
20 shall be made as frequently as the court deems necessary and  
21 shall be made with respect to every [~~such~~] minor at intervals



1 not exceeding six months. The agency shall also afford an  
2 opportunity for a representative of the court or of an agency  
3 designated by the court to visit, examine, or consult with the  
4 minor as frequently as the court deems necessary."

5 SECTION 23. Section 571-83, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
6 amended to read as follows:

7 "**§571-83 Court fees, fines, and administrative costs;**  
8 **witness fees.** (a) In proceedings under section 571-11(1), (2),  
9 or (9), no ~~[court]~~ fees, fines, or administrative costs shall be  
10 charged against~~[, and no]~~ a child or the child's parent or  
11 guardian.

12 (b) No witness fees shall be allowed to~~[r]~~ any party to a  
13 petition. No officer of the State or of any political  
14 subdivision thereof shall be entitled to receive any fee for the  
15 service of process or for attendance in court in any ~~[such]~~  
16 proceedings except as otherwise provided in this chapter. All  
17 other persons acting under orders of the court may be paid for  
18 service of process and attendance or service as witnesses~~[r]~~;  
19 provided that the fees provided by law ~~[to]~~ shall be paid from  
20 the proper appropriation when the allowances are certified to by  
21 the judge."



1       SECTION 24. Section 571-87, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

3       "(a) When it appears to a judge that a person requesting  
4 the appointment of counsel satisfies the requirements of chapter  
5 802 for determination of indigency, or the court in its  
6 discretion appoints counsel under chapters [~~587A~~ and] 346,  
7 part X, and 587A, or that a person requires the appointment of a  
8 guardian ad litem, the judge shall appoint counsel or a guardian  
9 ad litem to represent the person at all stages of the  
10 proceedings, including appeal, if any. Appointed counsel and  
11 the guardian ad litem shall receive reasonable compensation for  
12 necessary expenses, including travel, the amount of which shall  
13 be determined by the court, and reasonable fees pursuant to  
14 subsections (b) and (c). All of these expenses and fees shall  
15 be certified by the court and paid upon vouchers approved by the  
16 judiciary and warrants drawn by the comptroller. If the person  
17 the appointed counsel or guardian ad litem is representing is a  
18 minor, the court shall not order the minor or the minor's parent  
19 or guardian to reimburse any costs associated with the  
20 appointment of counsel or a guardian ad litem in proceedings  
21 under section 571-11(1) or (2), 571-13, 571-22, or 571-41(f)."



1 SECTION 25. Section 577-3.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

3 "(b) In addition to any other lawful orders, if a minor is  
4 found under chapter 571 to have committed an act constituting  
5 graffiti, the court shall:

6 (1) Require the minor~~[, the]~~ or the minor's parents~~[,]~~ or  
7 ~~[the]~~ legal guardians to remove the graffiti from the  
8 affected property within sixty days of the order ~~[and~~  
9 ~~pay for the cost of paint and materials]~~; or if  
10 appropriate, pay for the actual cost of having the  
11 damaged property repaired or replaced~~[,]~~ or  
12 participate in an available accountability program  
13 offered by the judiciary; and

14 (2) Order the minor to perform ~~[a minimum of eighty hours~~  
15 ~~of community service to remove graffiti from other~~  
16 ~~properties.]~~ no more than seventy-two hours of  
17 community service; provided that the community service  
18 shall not interfere with the minor's school or work  
19 commitments."

20 SECTION 26. Section 577-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
21 amended to read as follows:



1       **"§577-21 Curfew ordinances, effect.** Each of the counties  
2 may enact and enforce ordinances regulating the presence of  
3 children in public places and on public streets and roads during  
4 certain hours at night.

5       Upon each of the counties enacting an ordinance pertaining  
6 to curfew for children, then so far as that county is concerned,  
7 the ordinance shall have full force and effect, and shall  
8 supersede sections 577-16, [~~577-18,~~] 577-19, and 577-20 until  
9 the ordinance is repealed or otherwise made invalid."

10       SECTION 27. Section 577-26, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
11 amended to read as follows:

12       **"§577-26 Alcohol or drug abuse relating to minors;**  
13 **diagnosis, counseling, and related activities.** (a) A  
14 counselor, certified, licensed, or otherwise authorized by law  
15 to engage in the practice of counseling services in either or  
16 both the public and private sector, may inform the spouse,  
17 parent, custodian, or guardian of any minor who requests, is  
18 referred for, or received counseling services relating to  
19 alcohol or drug abuse.

20       (b) If a minor consents to receive counseling services for  
21 alcohol or drug abuse, the spouse, parent, custodian, or



1 guardian of the minor shall not be liable for the legal  
2 obligations resulting from the furnishing of ~~[such]~~ the  
3 counseling services provided by the counselor. A minor who  
4 consents to the provision of counseling services under this  
5 section shall ~~[assume financial responsibility for the costs of~~  
6 ~~such services, if any.]~~ not be financially responsible for the  
7 costs of the services, except as provided in subsection (f).

8 (c) ~~[Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no]~~  
9 Except as provided in subsection (f), no spouse, parent,  
10 custodian, or guardian~~[, whose consent has not been obtained or~~  
11 ~~who has no prior knowledge that the minor has consented to the~~  
12 ~~provision of such counseling services for alcohol or drug abuse]~~  
13 shall be liable for the costs ~~[incurred by virtue of the minor's~~  
14 ~~consent.]~~ of alcohol or drug abuse counseling services provided  
15 to the minor.

16 ~~[(d) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any~~  
17 ~~action to recover any debt founded upon any contract, obligation~~  
18 ~~or liability under this section shall not commence until a minor~~  
19 ~~has reached the age of majority; provided that said action shall~~  
20 ~~commence within two years of date a minor reaches the age of~~  
21 ~~majority.~~



1       ~~(e)~~ (d) The consent to the provision of furnishing  
2       counseling services for alcohol or drug abuse by the counselor,  
3       when executed by a minor who is or professes to suffer from  
4       alcohol or drug abuse, shall be valid and binding as if the  
5       minor had achieved the minor's majority; that is, the minor who  
6       is or professes to suffer from alcohol or drug abuse, shall be  
7       deemed to have, and shall have the same legal capacity~~[7]~~ as,  
8       the infancy of the minor and any contrary provisions of law  
9       notwithstanding, and ~~[such]~~ the consent shall not be subject to  
10      later disaffirmance by reason of ~~[such]~~ minority; and the  
11      consent of no other person (including but not limited to a  
12      spouse, parent, custodian, or guardian) shall be necessary in  
13      order to authorize ~~[such]~~ counseling services to ~~[such-a]~~ the  
14      minor.

15       ~~(f)~~ (e) In the provision of counseling services for  
16      alcohol or drug abuse, the counselor shall seek to open the  
17      lines of communication between the minor and the spouse, parent,  
18      custodian, or guardian; provided ~~[such]~~ that this action is  
19      deemed beneficial in achieving the desired counseling  
20      objectives.



1        (f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the utilization  
2 of alcohol or drug abuse counseling services provided or covered  
3 by any health insurance plan under which the minor is a covered  
4 person or beneficiary; provided that the minor or the minor's  
5 parent or guardian shall be responsible for all copayments  
6 required by the insurer."

7        SECTION 28. Section 577-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
8 repealed.

9        [~~"§577-18 Parents allowing children in street, prohibited~~  
10 ~~when; penalty. Any parent or guardian having the care, custody,~~  
11 ~~and control of a child under sixteen years of age, who, except~~  
12 ~~in case of necessity, knowingly, and voluntarily suffers or~~  
13 ~~permits such child to go or remain on any public street, highway~~  
14 ~~or public place after ten o'clock in the evening and before four~~  
15 ~~o'clock in the morning, unaccompanied by an adult person thereto~~  
16 ~~authorized by such parent or guardian, shall be fined not more~~  
17 ~~than \$100 or imprisoned not more than twenty days."~~]

18        SECTION 29. Section 577-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
19 repealed.

20        [~~"§577-23 Parent et al. responsibility, penalty. Any~~  
21 ~~parent, guardian, or other person having the care, custody, or~~



1 ~~control of an unmarried minor, who knowingly permits such minor~~  
2 ~~to violate section 577-22, shall be fined not more than \$50 or~~  
3 ~~imprisoned not more than thirty days."]~~

4 SECTION 30. Section 577-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
5 repealed.

6 [~~"§577-24 Escort's responsibility; penalty. Any person~~  
7 ~~who knowingly takes, escorts, or accompanies any unmarried minor~~  
8 ~~to a dance hall which the minor is prohibited from attending by~~  
9 ~~section 577-22, or who invites or encourages the minor to attend~~  
10 ~~such dance hall, shall be fined not more than \$100 or imprisoned~~  
11 ~~not more than ninety days."]~~

12 PART VI

13 SECTION 31. (a) As of the effective date of this Act, any  
14 outstanding court-ordered fees, fines, or administrative costs  
15 ordered against a person who was adjudicated for offenses  
16 committed during the person's minority, or pursuant to section  
17 571-11(1) or (2), 571-13, 571-22, or 571-41(f), Hawaii Revised  
18 Statutes, shall be void and not collectable, including any  
19 interest, penalties, or collection expenses on the judgment,  
20 order, agreement, or other legally enforceable encumbrance.



1 This Act shall apply to dual-status children for purposes of  
2 delinquency jurisdiction.

3 (b) If, on or after the effective date of this Act, a  
4 payment is made by a person or the person's parent or guardian  
5 toward any fees, fines, or costs made void by this Act, the  
6 payment shall be reimbursed within a reasonable time.

7 PART VII

8 SECTION 32. If any provision of this Act, or the  
9 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held  
10 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or  
11 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the  
12 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions  
13 of this Act are severable.

14 SECTION 33. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
15 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

16 SECTION 34. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000;  
17 provided that the amendments made to sections 291E-61 and 291E-  
18 61.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, by sections 12 and 13,  
19 respectively, of this Act shall not be repealed when those  
20 sections are reenacted on June 30, 2028, pursuant to section 11



1 of Act 196, Session Laws of Hawaii 2021, as amended by section 8  
2 of Act 148, Session Laws of Hawaii 2023.



**Report Title:**

Juvenile Justice; Minors; Fees; Fines; Court Costs; Penalties;  
Prohibited; Community Service

**Description:**

Prohibits the assessment of any fees, fines, or court costs against a person who was adjudicated for an offense committed during the person's minority, or against the person's parent or guardian, and discharges all related debt obligations assessed before the effective date of the Act. Limits court-ordered community service for a minor to no more than seventy-two hours. Repeals certain penalties imposed on parents, guardians, or other persons associated with unaccompanied children in streets and unmarried minors in dance halls. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD2)

*The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.*

