#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO WILDFIRES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that as the risk of
2	catastrophic wildfires in Hawaii has increased, so has the
3	threat of property damage from these fires. The legislature
4	further finds that the public interest is served by providing a
5	rapid, efficient, and low-cost process for property owners,
6	renters, businesses, and their insurers to obtain compensation
7	if a regulated utility is alleged to have caused or contributed
8	to the damage resulting from a catastrophic wildfire. The
9	legislature also finds that under existing law, individuals and
10	businesses must pursue civil litigation, which is a lengthy,
11	costly, and contentious process.
12	This Act would help individuals and businesses recover by
13	giving them the option to obtain payment quickly through an
14	administrative claims process similar to the One Ohana Fund,
15	also known as the Maui Wildfires Compensation Fund. The
16	administrative claims process will begin based on a preliminary
17	determination that a utility was involved, without waiting for

- 1 the conclusion of a comprehensive investigation of the origin
- 2 and cause of a catastrophic wildfire. Claimants are not
- 3 required to prove that the regulated utility was negligent in
- 4 order to receive payment through the administrative claims
- 5 process.

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- 6 This Act:
- 7 (1) Preserves claimants' right to pursue litigation if 8 they choose to reject the amount offered through the

administrative claims process;

- 10 (2) Limits the total amount that can be paid for property
  11 damage through both the administrative claims process
  12 and litigation, balancing the interests of those
  13 affected by a catastrophic fire in obtaining
  14 compensation and the interests of the public utilities
  15 in mitigating the risk of financial instability that
  16 can result from unlimited liability;
- 17 (3) Requires the public utilities commission to review the

  18 conduct of the public utility and to order the utility

  19 to replenish the fund, up to a cap, if it finds that

  20 the utility acted imprudently; and

1	(4) Provides for the legislature to re-evaluate the risk
2	of catastrophic wildfires in 2035 and to refund to
3	customers the amounts they contributed, plus earnings
4	on those funds, to the extent the legislature
5	concludes that the size of the fund can be reduced
6	based on actions taken to reduce risk.
7	The legislature also finds that the public interest is
8	served by establishing a compensation mechanism that does not
9	expose regulated utilities to the financial instability that car
10	result from the existing litigation process. Regulated
11	utilities alleged to have caused a catastrophic wildfire face
12	massive costs from litigation. Those costs can overwhelm those
13	utilities, undermining their ability to make investments that
14	the State needs. Indeed, even the possibility of litigation
15	regarding a future catastrophic wildfire can create a cloud of
16	uncertainty that can impair a utility's ability to attract
17	capital on reasonable terms. These costs and uncertainties
18	result in increased rates paid by customers and may reduce
19	utilities' ability to make investments in wildfire prevention
20	and resilience initiatives, among other priorities that may

affect the health and safety of the State's residents.

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1	The legislature additionally finds that securitization may
2	be the most efficient, least costly way for a utility to finance
3	the contributions to the wildfire recovery fund. Utility
4	securitization transactions have an extensive track record of
5	success.
6	Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to serve the public
7	interest by establishing a mechanism to provide efficient
8	compensation for property damage resulting from a future
9	catastrophic wildfire allegedly caused by a regulated utility,
10	while also protecting the financial integrity of Hawaii's
11	regulated utilities.
12	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
13	adding two new chapters to be appropriately designated and to
14	read as follows:
15	"CHAPTER A
16	WILDFIRE RECOVERY FUND
17	§A-1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
18	context otherwise requires:
19	"Catastrophic wildfire" means a wildfire occurring in the
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State on or after the operation date that destroys more than

five hundred commercial structures or residential structures

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- 1 designed for habitation, or, for an electric cooperative with
- 2 less than fifty thousand residential members, meets a threshold
- 3 dollar amount of potential claims to be determined by the
- 4 executive director.
- 5 "Commission" means the public utilities commission.
- 6 "Contributor" means a public utility that satisfies all
- 7 requirements to participate in the wildfire recovery fund.
- 8 "Covered catastrophic wildfire" means a catastrophic
- 9 wildfire that may have been caused, or whose severity may have
- 10 been increased, by a contributor's facilities or actions.
- "Electric utility" means a public utility that exists for
- 12 the furnishing of electrical power.
- 13 "Executive director" means the executive director of the
- 14 wildfire recovery fund.
- "Government entity" means any government agency, board,
- 16 bureau, commission, component, department, division, office,
- 17 subdivision, unit, or instrumentality of any kind, including
- 18 federal, state, and municipal entities.
- "Investor-owned electric utility" means an electric utility
- 20 that is owned by shareholders and overseen by a board of
- 21 directors elected by shareholders.

- 1 "Operation date" means the first date for contributors to
- 2 elect to participate in the wildfire recovery fund under section
- 3 A-3(a) and the rules adopted to implement the wildfire recovery
- 4 fund.
- 5 "Property insurer" means a person or entity that
- 6 indemnifies another by a contract of insurance for loss of or
- 7 damage to real or personal property in the State.
- 8 "Property owner" means an owner of real property in the
- 9 State.
- 10 "Public utility" has the same meaning as in section 269-1.
- "Qualified claimant" means any property owner, property
- 12 insurer, or tenant who alleges any qualifying damages.
- "Qualifying action" means a civil action by a qualified
- 14 claimant to recover qualifying damages.
- 15 "Qualifying damages" means economic damages arising out of
- 16 the loss of or damage to real or personal property from a
- 17 covered catastrophic wildfire.
- 18 "Tenant" means a person or entity lawfully entitled to
- 19 occupy real property that the person or entity does not own in
- 20 the State.

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"Wildfire recovery fund" means the wildfire recovery fund 1 established by section A-2. 2 "Wildfire risk mitigation plan" means a plan, which may 3 include a natural hazard mitigation report, in which a public 4 utility addresses how it will mitigate the risk of its equipment 5 6 in causing or exacerbating a wildfire. §A-2 Wildfire recovery fund; establishment; executive 7 There is established outside the state treasury 8 director. (a) a trust fund to be known as the wildfire recovery fund and any 9 10 accounts thereunder to carry out the purposes of this chapter. All moneys in the wildfire recovery fund shall be expended 11 exclusively for the uses and purposes set forth in this chapter. 12 13 The wildfire recovery fund shall not be subject to chapter 431. The moneys in the wildfire recovery fund not required for 14 immediate use shall be invested by the executive director for 15

the benefit of the wildfire recovery fund; provided that no

assets of the wildfire recovery fund shall be transferred to the

general fund of the State or to any other fund of the State or

otherwise encumbered or used for any purpose other than those

20 specified for the wildfire recovery fund.

- 1 (b) The wildfire recovery fund shall be placed within the
- 2 department of commerce and consumer affairs for administrative
- 3 purposes. The fund shall be a public body corporate and
- 4 politic.
- 5 (c) The governor shall appoint an executive director of
- 6 the wildfire recovery fund, who shall be exempt from chapter 76,
- 7 and shall fix the executive director's compensation. The
- 8 executive director may be removed only by the governor.
- 9 (d) The executive director shall be responsible for the
- 10 day-to-day operations and management of the wildfire recovery
- 11 fund and shall perform all functions necessary to implement this
- 12 chapter, including entering into contracts and other obligations
- 13 related to the operation, management, and administration of the
- 14 wildfire recovery fund.
- 15 (e) The executive director may retain, employ, or contract
- 16 with officers; experts; employees; accountants; actuaries;
- 17 financial professionals; and other advisers, consultants,
- 18 attorneys, and professionals, as may be necessary in the
- 19 executive director's judgment, for the efficient operation,
- 20 management, and administration of the wildfire recovery fund.

1	(f) The executive director shall have the power to issue
2	revenue bonds, from time to time, in such principal amounts as
3	the executive director may deem advisable for the purpose of
4	this chapter, backed by future payments to the wildfire recovery
5	fund that contributors have committed to make. These bonds
6	shall be issued pursuant to part III of chapter 39, except as
7	provided in this chapter.
8	(g) The executive director may establish the investment
9	policies of the wildfire recovery fund.
10	(h) The executive director shall adopt rules pursuant to
11	chapter 91 to implement this chapter.
12	§A-3 Wildfire recovery fund; eligibility for participation
13	as a contributor; contributions. (a) To be eligible to
14	participate as a contributor, a public utility shall:
15	(1) Have a wildfire risk mitigation plan that has been
16	approved or accepted by the commission;
17	(2) Notify the executive director, in the year before the
18	public utility becomes a contributor, that it intends

to participate in the wildfire recovery fund;

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1	(3)	Agree to make an initial contribution, the payment of
2		which is thereafter a binding commitment enforceable
3		by the executive director; and
4	(4)	Provide a comparison of costs for current commercial
5		insurance coverage compared to wildfire property
6		damage and loss.
7	(b)	The initial contributions from investor-owned electric
8	utilities	collectively shall be:
9	(1)	\$ , which amount shall be recovered from its
10		customers in nonbypassable rates; and
11	(2)	\$ , which amount shall be funded by
12		shareholders of those investor-owned electric
13		utilities, and of which \$ shall be used
14		exclusively for the payment of salaries of the
15		executive director and of all other persons retained
16		by the executive director to implement this chapter
17		and the contracting of consultants to assist the
18		public utilities commission in determining whether a
19		contributor acted prudently under section A-5, with
20		any funds remaining of the \$ in 2035 to be
21		transferred to the wildfire recovery fund.

- 1 (c) The investor-owned electric utilities may elect to
- 2 make the initial contributions set forth in subsection (b) (1),
- 3 to the degree not paid for through securitization pursuant to
- 4 chapter B, over a period not to exceed five years; provided that
- 5 interest shall be added to any amounts paid after the first
- 6 year, at an interest rate equal to the investor-owned electric
- 7 utilities' incremental cost of long-term debt, with such
- 8 interest recovered from customers in rates.
- 9 (d) The executive director shall determine the initial
- 10 contributions from other public utilities based on an actuarial
- 11 assessment of the risk of potential payments by the wildfire
- 12 recovery fund resulting from covered catastrophic wildfires
- 13 created by such public utility.
- 14 (e) The executive director may propose supplemental
- 15 contributions to the wildfire recovery fund by participating
- 16 public utilities.
- 17 (f) Investment earnings associated with payments made to
- 18 the wildfire recovery fund that were recovered in regulated
- 19 rates from customers shall be refunded annually to the paying
- 20 public utility to be refunded to those customers in the form of
- 21 a credit on their ratepayer accounts.

- 1 (g) If a contributor fails to pay any part of an initial
- 2 contribution or a supplemental contribution that it agreed to
- 3 make, or elects not to agree to make a supplemental
- 4 contribution, that contributor shall no longer be a contributor
- 5 as of the date on which the payment was due, and the contributor
- 6 shall not receive any refund of payments previously made;
- 7 provided that a contributor that elects not to make a
- 8 supplemental contribution shall be a contributor as to any
- 9 catastrophic wildfire that occurs before the election date.
- 10 After failing to, or electing not to, make a payment, a public
- 11 utility may rejoin the wildfire recovery fund as a contributor
- 12 on a prospective basis if it makes owed payments with interest.
- (h) The executive director shall adopt rules pursuant to
- 14 chapter 91 regarding the timing of initial and supplemental
- 15 contributions, which may include upfront, annual, and
- 16 retrospective payments, specifically payments made after a
- 17 wildfire occurs.
- 18 §A-4 Determination of a covered catastrophic wildfire.
- 19 The executive director shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91
- 20 regarding how to determine whether a wildfire is a covered
- 21 catastrophic wildfire. These rules shall include a requirement



- 1 that a wildfire shall be determined to be a covered catastrophic
- 2 wildfire if a party makes non-frivolous allegations in a legal
- 3 action that a contributor's facilities caused or contributed to
- 4 the severity of a catastrophic wildfire.
- 5 §A-5 Replenishment of the wildfire recovery fund. (a) If
- 6 the wildfire recovery fund has made payments with respect to a
- 7 covered catastrophic wildfire and after resolution of
- 8 substantially all third-party liability claims that were brought
- 9 or could be brought against contributors arising from that
- 10 covered catastrophic wildfire, each contributor whose facilities
- 11 were implicated in the covered catastrophic wildfire shall
- 12 initiate a proceeding before the commission to review the
- 13 prudence of the contributor's conduct leading to the
- 14 catastrophic wildfire.
- (b) The commission shall determine whether the contributor
- 16 acted prudently:
- 17 (1) Considering only acts that may have caused the
- occurrence or contributed to the severity of the
- 19 covered catastrophic wildfire; and
- 20 (2) Evaluating the contributor's actions in the context of
- its overall systems, processes, and programs, such

1	that an effor by a contributor s employee would not be
2	a basis for a finding of imprudence, unless that error
3	resulted from the failure of a system, process, or
4	program to prevent the error.
5	(c) If the commission determines that imprudent conduct by
6	the contributor caused the occurrence or contributed to the
7	severity of a covered catastrophic wildfire, the commission
8	shall determine whether to order the contributor to replenish
9	the wildfire recovery fund in whole or in part for payments from
10	the wildfire recovery fund in connection with the covered
11	catastrophic wildfire. In determining the amount of
12	replenishment, if any, the commission shall consider the extent
13	and severity of the contributor's imprudence and factors within
14	and beyond the contributor's control that may have led to or
15	exacerbated the costs from the covered catastrophic wildfire,
16	including but not limited to humidity, temperature, winds, fuel,
17	merged wildfires with independent ignitions, third-party actions
18	that affected the spread of the wildfire, and fire suppression
19	activities.
20	(d) Over any three-year period, the commission shall not
21	order the contributor to reimburse the wildfire recovery fund in

- 1 an amount that exceeds twenty per cent of the contributor's
- 2 transmission and distribution equity rate base.
- 3 (e) A contributor shall not recover in regulated rates any
- 4 amount that the commission orders it to pay to the wildfire
- 5 recovery fund as a replenishment under this section.
- 6 §A-6 Claims for payment by qualified claimants;
- 7 presentment requirement. (a) The executive director shall
- 8 adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to create a process through
- 9 which a qualified claimant that is not a government entity may
- 10 submit to the wildfire recovery fund a claim for payment of
- 11 economic damages arising out of property damage resulting from a
- 12 covered catastrophic wildfire.
- 13 (b) A qualified claimant shall file a claim for payment
- 14 for economic damages arising out of the loss of or damage to
- 15 real or personal property from a covered catastrophic wildfire
- 16 pursuant to this section. The claim of a qualified claimant
- 17 that is not a property insurer shall be limited to uninsured
- 18 economic damages. A qualified claimant shall not file or
- 19 maintain a civil action against a contributor unless and until
- 20 the qualified claimant rejects an offer of settlement from the
- 21 wildfire recovery fund. A qualified claimant who fails to file



- 1 a claim within four years of the covered catastrophic wildfire
- 2 shall be ineligible to receive payment from the wildfire
- 3 recovery fund and shall be barred from instituting or
- 4 maintaining any qualifying action against a contributor;
- 5 provided that the executive director may establish a deadline
- 6 beyond the four-year period by rule and until which time the
- 7 claimant shall still be eligible to receive payment and shall
- 8 not be barred from instituting or maintaining any qualifying
- 9 action.
- 10 (c) The executive director shall make an offer to settle
- 11 each claim submitted, which the claimant may accept or reject.
- 12 In determining the amount of each offer, the executive director
- 13 shall consider, at a minimum:
- 14 (1) The economic damages sought by all qualified claimants
- in the aggregate;
- 16 (2) The amount available to the wildfire recovery fund
- relative to the amount under paragraph (1);
- 18 (3) The strength of any evidence of contributor liability;
- **19** and
- 20 (4) The strength of any evidence of involvement of non-
- 21 contributor third-parties.

If the amount available to the wildfire recovery fund, 1 including assets held by the wildfire recovery fund and all 2 payments contributors are obligated to make to the wildfire 3 recovery fund, is less than fifty per cent of the aggregate 4 liability limit as calculated in section A-8, the wildfire 5 recovery fund shall make payment only to contributors pursuant 6 to section A-7. 7 §A-7 Claims for payment by contributors. The executive 8 director shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to create a 9 process through which a contributor may obtain payment from the 10 wildfire recovery fund to satisfy settled or finally adjudicated 11 claims for recovery of qualifying damages after exhausting the 12 contributor's available insurance. The rules shall establish 13 the standard for approving any settlement. To the extent that 14 the wildfire recovery fund lacks sufficient funds to make a 15 payment to a contributor when sought, the wildfire recovery fund 16 shall make such payment upon receipt of contributions that 17 contributors are obligated to make to the wildfire recovery fund 18 under payment schedules. 19

**SA-8** Limitation on aggregate liability. (a)

aggregate liability of all contributors for qualifying damages

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1	arising	from	а	covered	catastrophic	wildfire,	including	economic

- 2 and non-economic damages, shall not exceed the greater of:
- 3 (1) Fifty per cent of the amount available to the wildfire
  4 recovery fund at the time of the covered catastrophic
  5 wildfire, including amounts in and obligated to the
  6 wildfire recovery fund; or
- 7 (2) The average assessed value of commercial structures
  8 and residential structures designed for habitation in
  9 the county in which the covered catastrophic wildfire
  10 ignited, multiplied by the number of commercial
  11 structures or residential structures designed for
  12 habitation that were destroyed.
- 13 (b) The following amounts shall be added to determine
  14 whether the aggregate liability limit has been reached:
- 15 (1) Payments from the wildfire recovery fund under section 16 A-6; and
- 17 (2) Payments by a contributor in connection with any settlement or judgment on a claim for qualifying damages.
- (c) All civil actions arising out of a catastrophicwildfire shall be brought in the judicial circuit in which the

- 1 catastrophic wildfire occurred. The court shall adopt
- 2 procedures to equitably apply the limit set forth in subsection
- 3 (a) to all civil claims for qualifying damages that are filed.
- 4 All settlements or judgments for claims for qualifying damages
- 5 shall be subject to approval by the court. The court shall not
- 6 approve any settlement or judgment that would cause the
- 7 aggregate liability of contributors to exceed the aggregate
- 8 liability limit.
- 9 (d) A court shall consolidate cases arising from a covered
- 10 catastrophic wildfire. Any circuit court that is not the
- 11 consolidating court shall transfer any civil case to facilitate
- 12 such consolidation.
- 13 §A-9 Limitations on claims. (a) No qualifying action
- 14 shall be instituted or maintained by a qualified claimant
- 15 against contributors or their affiliates, employees, agents, or
- 16 insurers if the qualified claimant accepts an offer under
- 17 section A-6; provided that the rights of a property insurer to
- 18 sue as a subrogee of its policyholder shall not be affected by a
- 19 property owner's or tenant's acceptance of an offer under
- 20 section A-6 and the subrogation rights shall be affected only if

- the property insurer elects to accept an offer under section A-6.
- 3 (b) No suit, claim, arbitration, or other civil legal
- 4 action for indemnity or contribution for amounts paid, or that
- 5 may be paid, as a result of a covered catastrophic wildfire, may
- 6 be instituted or maintained by any persons or entities against
- 7 contributors or their affiliates, employees, agents, or insurers
- 8 for qualifying damages; provided that this subsection shall not
- 9 apply to any agreements entered into before the operation date.
- 10 §A-10 Several liability. Any law to the contrary
- 11 notwithstanding, joint and several liability is abolished for
- 12 any qualifying damages. Any person or entity that is sued for
- 13 qualifying damages may argue for apportionment of fault to any
- 14 other person or entity regardless of whether that person or
- 15 entity is a party to the action.
- 16 §A-11 Reporting; refunds authorized by the legislature.
- 17 (a) The executive director shall submit to the legislature and
- 18 commission an annual report regarding the wildfire recovery fund
- 19 no later than ninety days prior to the beginning of each regular
- 20 session until 2034. The annual report submitted by the

- 1 executive director shall include an update on the activities of
- 2 the wildfire recovery fund.
- 3 (b) No later than ninety days prior to the regular session
- 4 of 2035, the executive director shall submit a report regarding
- 5 the financial status and resources of the wildfire recovery fund
- 6 relative to the then-current assessment of actuarial risk of a
- 7 catastrophic wildfire.
- 8 (c) Based on the report in subsection (b), the legislature
- 9 may determine that the wildfire recovery fund is overfunded and
- 10 direct the executive director to return contributions, in whole
- 11 or in part, with associated investment earnings, to
- 12 contributors. Any payments made to the wildfire recovery fund
- 13 that were recovered in regulated rates from customers, and any
- 14 investment earnings associated with those payments, shall, in
- 15 the event that the legislature orders a refund, be returned to
- 16 those customers.
- 17 §A-12 Inadmissible evidence. Any findings made or
- 18 evidence submitted for purposes of proceedings under sections A-
- 19 4, A-6, and A-7 shall be subject to the limits on admissibility
- 20 under rule 408, Hawaii rules of evidence, as set forth in
- 21 section 626-1.



1	CHAPIER B
2	SECURITIZATION
3	§B-1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
4	context otherwise requires:
5	"Ancillary agreement" means a bond insurance policy, letter
6	of credit, reserve account, surety bond, swap arrangement,
7	hedging arrangement, liquidity or credit support arrangement, or
8	other similar agreement or arrangement entered into in
9	connection with the issuance of bonds that is designed to
10	promote the credit quality and marketability of the bonds or to
11	mitigate the risk of an increase in interest rates.
12	"Assignee" means a legally recognized entity to which an
13	electric utility assigns, sells, or transfers, other than as
14	security, all or a portion of the electric utility's interest in
15	or right to wildfire recovery property. "Assignee" includes a
16	corporation, limited liability company, general partnership or
17	limited partnership, public authority, trust, financing entity,
18	or any other legal entity to which an assignee assigns, sells,
19	or transfers, other than as security, its interest in or right
20	to wildfire recovery property.

"Bond" means any bond, note, certificate of participation 1 or beneficial interest, or other evidence of indebtedness or 2 ownership that is issued by the financing entity under a 3 financing order, the proceeds of which are used directly or 4 indirectly to recover, finance, or refinance financing costs of 5 any wildfire recovery costs, and that are directly or indirectly 6 secured by or payable from wildfire recovery property. 7 "Commission" means the public utilities commission. 8 "Consumer" means any individual, governmental body, trust, 9 business entity, or nonprofit organization that consumes 10 electricity that has been transmitted or distributed by means of 11 electric transmission or distribution facilities, whether those 12 electric transmission or distribution facilities are owned by 13 the consumer, the electric utility, or any other party. 14 "Electric cooperative" means an electric utility that 15 satisfies the requirements under section 269-31(c). 16 "Electric cooperative wildfire claims costs" means costs 17 incurred by an electric cooperative to resolve third-party 18 liability claims arising from any wildfire occurring in the 19 State that are not covered by insurance and that the commission 20 finds to be just and reasonable. "Electric cooperative wildfire 21

- 1 claims costs" does not include costs incurred by an investor-
- 2 owned electric utility.
- 3 "Electric utility" means a public utility that exists for
- 4 the furnishing of electrical power.
- 5 "Financing costs" means the reasonable costs to issue,
- 6 service, repay, or refinance bonds, whether incurred or paid
- 7 upon issuance of the bonds or over the life of the bonds, if
- 8 they are approved for recovery by the commission in a financing
- 9 order. "Financing costs" includes any of the following:
- 10 (1) Principal, interest, and redemption premiums that are
  11 payable on bonds;
- 12 (2) A payment required under an ancillary agreement;
- 13 (3) An amount required to fund or replenish reserve
- 14 accounts or other accounts established under an
- indenture, ancillary agreement, or other financing
- document related to the bonds;
- 17 (4) Taxes, franchise fees, or license fees imposed on a
- financing entity as a result of the issuance of the
- financing order; the assignment, sale, or transfer of
- any wildfire recovery property; or the sale of the
- bonds, or imposed on the wildfire recovery charges, or

1		otherwise resulting from the collection of the
2		wildfire recovery charge, in any such case whether
3		paid, payable, or accrued;
4	(5)	Costs related to issuing and servicing bonds or the

- е application for a financing order, including without 5 limitation servicing fees and expenses, trustee fees 6 and expenses, legal fees and expenses, accounting 7 fees, administrative fees, underwriting and placement 8 fees, financial advisory fees, original issue 9 discount, capitalized interest, rating agency fees, **10** and any other related costs that are approved for 11 recovery in the financing order; 12
- 13 (6) Costs related to the engagement of services of a

  14 financial advisor by the commission pursuant to

  15 section B-3(h); and
- (7) Other costs as specifically authorized by a financingorder.

"Financing entity" means an electric utility or an entity
to which an electric utility or an affiliate of an electric
utility sells, assigns, or pledges all or a portion of the
electric utility's interest in wildfire recovery property,

- 1 including an affiliate of the electric utility or any
- 2 unaffiliated entity, in each case as approved by the commission
- 3 in a financing order.
- 4 Subject to section B-6(c), an entity to which an electric
- 5 utility sells, assigns, or pledges all or a portion of the
- 6 electric utility's interest in wildfire recovery property may
- 7 include any governmental entity that is able to issue bonds that
- 8 are exempt from federal tax pursuant to section 103 of the
- 9 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, including the State
- 10 or a political subdivision thereof or any department, agency, or
- 11 instrumentality of the State or political subdivision; provided
- 12 that the bonds issued shall not constitute a general obligation
- 13 of the State or any political subdivision thereof or any
- 14 department, agency, or instrumentality of the State or political
- 15 subdivision and shall not constitute a pledge of the full faith
- 16 and credit of the entity or of the State or any political
- 17 subdivision thereof, but shall be payable solely from the funds
- 18 provided under this chapter.
- 19 "Financing order" means an order of the commission under
- 20 this chapter that has become final and no longer subject to
- 21 appeal as provided by law and that authorizes the issuance of

- 1 bonds and the imposition, adjustment from time to time, and
- 2 collection of wildfire recovery charges, and that shall include
- 3 a procedure to require the expeditious approval by the
- 4 commission of periodic adjustments to wildfire recovery charges
- 5 and to any associated fixed recovery tax amounts included in
- 6 that financing order to ensure recovery of all wildfire recovery
- 7 costs and the costs associated with the proposed recovery,
- 8 financing, or refinancing thereof, including the costs of
- 9 servicing and retiring the bonds contemplated by the financing
- 10 order.
- "Financing party" means any holder of the bonds; any party
- 12 to or beneficiary of an ancillary agreement; and any trustee,
- 13 collateral agent, or other person acting for the benefit of any
- 14 of the foregoing.
- 15 "Fixed recovery tax amounts" means those nonbypassable
- 16 rates and other charges, including but not limited to
- 17 distribution, connection, disconnection, and termination rates
- 18 and charges, that are needed to recover federal and state taxes
- 19 associated with wildfire recovery charges authorized by the
- 20 commission in a financing order, but are not approved as
- 21 financing costs financed from proceeds of bonds.

"Investor-owned electric utility" means an electric utility 1 that is owned by shareholders and overseen by a board of 2 directors elected by shareholders. 3 "Public utility" has the same meaning as in section 269-1. 4 "True-up adjustment" means a formulaic adjustment to the 5 wildfire recovery charges as they appear on consumer bills that 6 is necessary to correct for any overcollection or 7 undercollection of the wildfire recovery charges authorized by a 8 financing order and to otherwise ensure the timely and complete 9 payment and recovery of wildfire recovery costs over the 10 11 authorized repayment term. "Wildfire recovery charges" means the nonbypassable **12** charges, including but not limited to distribution, connection, 13 disconnection, and termination rates and charges, that are 14 authorized by section B-2 and in a financing order authorized 15 under this chapter to be imposed on and collected from all 16 existing and future consumers of a financing entity or any 17 successor to recover principal, interest, and other financing 18 costs relating to the bonds. 19 "Wildfire recovery costs" means an investor-owned electric 20

utility's initial and supplemental contributions to the wildfire

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- 1 recovery fund, as set forth in section A-3, and electric
- 2 cooperative wildfire claims costs.
- 3 "Wildfire recovery fund" means the wildfire recovery fund
- 4 established by section A-2.
- 5 "Wildfire recovery property" means the property right
- 6 created pursuant to this chapter, including without limitation
- 7 the right, title, and interest of the electric utility,
- 8 financing entity, or its assignee:
- 9 (1) In and to the wildfire recovery charge established
- 10 pursuant to a financing order, including the right to
- impose, bill, collect, and receive such wildfire
- recovery charges under the financing order and all
- rights to obtain adjustments to the wildfire recovery
- charge in accordance with section B-3 and the
- financing order; and
- 16 (2) To be paid the amount that is determined in a
- financing order to be the amount that the electric
- utility or its assignee is lawfully entitled to
- receive pursuant to this chapter and the proceeds
- thereof, and in and to all revenues, collections,
- claims, payments, moneys, or proceeds of, or arising

1	from, the wildfire recovery charge that is the subject
2	of a financing order.
3	"Wildfire recovery property" does not include a right to be paid
4	fixed recovery tax amounts. "Wildfire recovery property" shall
5	constitute a current property right, notwithstanding the fact
6	that the value of the property right will depend on consumers
7	using electricity or, in those instances where consumers are
8	customers of the electric utility, the electric utility
9	performing certain services.
10	§B-2 Applications to issue bonds and authorize wildfire
11	recovery charges. (a) An electric utility may apply to the
12	commission for one or more financing orders to issue bonds to
13	recover any wildfire recovery costs, each of which authorizes
14	the following:
15	(1) The imposition, charging, and collection of a wildfire
16	recovery charge, to become effective upon the issuance
17	of the bonds, and an adjustment of any such wildfire
18	recovery charge in accordance with a true-up
19	adjustment mechanism under this chapter in amounts
20	sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the

1		bonds and all other associated financing costs on a
2		timely basis;
3	(2)	The creation of wildfire recovery property under the
4		financing order; and
5	(3)	The imposition, charging, and collection of fixed
6		recovery tax amounts to recover any portion of the
7		electric utility's federal and state taxes associated
8		with those wildfire recovery charges and not financed
9		from the proceeds of bonds.
10	(b)	The application shall include all of the following:
11	(1)	The wildfire recovery costs to be financed through the
12		issuance of bonds;
13	(2)	The principal amount of the bonds proposed to be
14		issued and the selection of a financing entity;
15	(3)	An estimate of the date on which each series of bonds
16		is expected to be issued;
17	(4)	The scheduled final payment date, which shall not
18		exceed thirty years, and a legal final maturity date,
19		which may be longer, subject to rating agency and
20		market considerations, during which term the wildfire
21		recovery charge associated with the issuance of each

1		series of bonds is expected to be imposed and
2		collected;
3	(5)	An estimate of the financing costs associated with the
4		issuance of each series of bonds;
5	(6)	An estimate of the amount of the wildfire recovery
6		charge revenues necessary to pay principal and
7		interest on the bonds and all other associated
8		financing costs as set forth in the application and
9		the calculation for that estimate;
10	(7)	A proposed design of the wildfire recovery charge and
11		a proposed methodology for allocating the wildfire
12		recovery charge among customer classes within the
13	• •	electric utility's service territory;
14	(8)	A description of the financing entity selected by the
15		electric utility;
16	(9)	A description of a proposed true-up adjustment
17		mechanism for the adjustment of the wildfire recovery
18		charge to correct for any overcollection or
19		undercollection of the wildfire recovery charge, and
20		to otherwise ensure the timely payment of principal

1	and interest on the bonds and all other associated
2	financing costs; and
3	(10) Any other information required by the commission.
4	(c) An electric utility may file an application for a
5	financing order, including as a joint application with one or
6	more affiliate electric utilities, to issue bonds to recover
7	wildfire recovery costs. The application shall include a
8	description of how the wildfire recovery costs will be allocated
9	among consumers of the applicant electric utilities.
10	In the alternative, an electric utility may apply for a
11	financing order to issue bonds to recover wildfire recovery
12	costs, including wildfire recovery costs incurred, or to be
13	incurred, by the applicant and one or more of its affiliate
14	electric utilities. In connection with the issuance of a
15	financing order pursuant to this subsection, the commission
16	shall issue a concurrent order to the affiliate electric utility
17	or electric utilities directing such affiliate electric utility
18	or electric utilities to impose rates on its or their consumers
19	designed to generate revenue sufficient to pay credits over the
20	life of the bonds to the applicant electric utility in such
21	amount as the commission determines is equitable, just, and

- 1 reasonable. Such an application shall describe the allocation
- 2 method and true-up adjustment mechanism for the affiliate
- 3 electric utility credit payments proposed to be subject to the
- 4 concurrent commission order.
- 5 (d) The commission shall issue an approval or denial of
- 6 any application for a financing order filed pursuant to this
- 7 section within ninety days of the last filing in the applicable
- 8 docket.
- 9 (e) In exercising its duties under this section, the
- 10 commission shall consider:
- 11 (1) Whether the issuance of the bonds, and the imposition
- and collection of wildfire recovery charges are
- consistent with the public interest;
- 14 (2) Whether the structuring, marketing, and pricing of the
- bonds are expected to result in the lowest wildfire
- 16 recovery charges consistent with market conditions at
- the time at which the bonds are priced and the terms
- 19 (3) Whether the terms and conditions of any bonds to be
- issued are just and reasonable;

Ţ	(4) With respect to an application by an investor owned
2	electric utility, whether the recovery of wildfire
3	recovery costs through the designation of the wildfir
4	recovery charges and any associated fixed recovery ta
5	amounts, and the issuance of bonds in connection with
6	the wildfire recovery charges, would result in net
7	savings or mitigate rate impacts to consumers, as
8	compared to rate recovery without securitization; and
9	(5) Any other factors that the commission deems reasonabl
10	and in the public interest.
11	If the commission makes the determination specified in this
12	section, the commission shall establish, as part of the
13	financing order, a procedure for the electric utility to submit
14	applications from time to time to request the issuance of
15	additional financing orders designating wildfire recovery
16	charges and any associated fixed recovery tax amounts as
17	recoverable. The commission, as a condition of the financing
18	order, may prohibit any increase in compensation, including any
19	bonuses, for the electric utility's officers for a period of
20	time determined by the commission; provided that any increase of

- 1 an officer's compensation that is in violation of such condition
- 2 shall be seized and deposited into the wildfire recovery fund.
- 3 At the option of the electric utility, the electric utility
- 4 may include in its application for a financing order a request
- 5 for authorization to sell, transfer, assign, or pledge wildfire
- 6 recovery property to a governmental entity if the electric
- 7 utility expects bonds issued by a governmental entity would
- 8 result in a more cost-efficient means, taking into account all
- 9 financing costs related to the bonds, than using another
- 10 financing entity to issue bonds to finance the same wildfire
- 11 recovery costs, taking into account the costs of issuing the
- 12 other financing entity's bonds.
- 13 (f) Wildfire recovery charges and any associated fixed
- 14 recovery tax amounts shall be imposed only on existing and
- 15 future consumers in the utility service territory of the
- 16 electric utility that is subject to such financing order.
- 17 Consumers within the utility service territory of the electric
- 18 utility that is subject to the financing order shall continue to
- 19 pay wildfire recovery charges and any associated fixed recovery
- 20 tax amounts until the bonds and associated financing costs are
- 21 paid in full by the financing entity.

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order shall remain in effect until the bonds issued under the 2 financing order and all financing costs related to the bonds 3 4 have been paid in full or defeased by their terms. A financing order shall remain in effect and unabated 5 notwithstanding the bankruptcy, reorganization, or insolvency of 6 the electric utility or the commencement of any judicial or 7 nonjudicial proceeding on the financing order. 8 (b) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, with 9 respect to wildfire recovery property that has been made the 10 basis for the issuance of bonds and with respect to any 11 associated fixed recovery tax amounts, the financing order, the 12 wildfire recovery charges, and any associated fixed recovery tax 13 amounts shall be irrevocable. The State and its agencies, 14 including the commission, pledge and agree with bondholders, the 15 owners and assignees of the wildfire recovery property, and 16 other financing parties, that the State and its agencies shall 17 not take any action listed in this subsection. This subsection 18 shall not preclude an action if such action would not adversely 19 affect the interests of the electric utility, of assignees of 20

§B-3 Wildfire recovery financing order. (a) A financing

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- prohibited actions shall be the following:
- Alter the provisions of this chapter, which authorize
  the commission to create an irrevocable contract right
  or choice in action by the issuance of a financing
  order, to create wildfire recovery property and make
  the wildfire recovery charges imposed by a financing
  order irrevocable, binding, nonbypassable charges for
  all existing and future consumers;
  - (2) Take or permit any action that impairs or would impair the value of wildfire recovery property or the security for the bonds or revise the wildfire recovery costs for which recovery is authorized;
  - (3) In any way impair the rights and remedies of the bondholders, assignees, and other financing parties; and
- 17 (4) Except for changes made pursuant to the formula-based
  18 true-up adjustment mechanism authorized under
  19 subsection (d), reduce, alter, or impair wildfire
  20 recovery charges that are to be imposed, billed,
  21 charged, collected, and remitted for the benefit of

1	the bondholders, any assignee, and any other linancing
2	parties until any and all principal, interest,
3	premium, financing costs, and other fees, expenses, or
4	charges incurred, and any contracts to be performed,
5	in connection with the related bonds have been paid
6	and performed in full.
7	The financing entity is authorized to include this pledge
8	in the bonds.
9	(c) Under a financing order, the electric utility shall
10	retain sole discretion to select the financing entity and to
11	cause bonds to be issued, including the right to defer or
12	postpone the issuance, assignment, sale, or transfer of wildfire
13	recovery property.
14	(d) The commission may create, pursuant to an application
15	from an electric utility, a nonbypassable charge referred to as
16	a wildfire recovery charge, which shall be applied to recover
17	principal, interest, and other financing costs relating to the
18	bonds. The wildfire recovery charge shall be a dedicated,
19	discrete tariff rider.
20	The commission shall, in any financing order, establish a
21	procedure for periodic true-up adjustments to wildfire recovery

- 1 charges, which shall be made at least annually and may be made
- 2 more frequently. The periodic true-up adjustment to wildfire
- 3 recovery charges shall also consider interest on ratepayer
- 4 investments into the fund. Within thirty days after receiving
- 5 an electric utility's filing of a true-up adjustment, the
- 6 commission's review of the filing shall be limited to
- 7 mathematical or clerical errors as determined in accordance with
- 8 any true-up adjustment formulas set forth in the applicable
- 9 financing order.
- 10 The commission shall either approve the filing or inform
- 11 the electric utility of any mathematical or clerical errors in
- 12 its calculation. If the commission informs the electric utility
- 13 of mathematical or clerical errors in its calculation, the
- 14 electric utility shall correct its error and refile its true-up
- 15 adjustment. The timeframes previously described in this
- 16 subsection shall apply to a refiled true-up adjustment.
- 17 (e) Neither financing orders nor bonds issued under this
- 18 chapter shall constitute a general obligation of the State or
- 19 any of its political subdivisions, nor shall they constitute a
- 20 pledge of the full faith and credit of the State or any of its

- 1 political subdivisions, but shall be payable solely from the
- 2 wildfire recovery property provided under this chapter.
- 3 All bonds shall contain on the face thereof a statement to
- 4 the following effect: "Neither the full faith and credit nor
- 5 the taxing power of the State of Hawaii is pledged to the
- 6 payment of the principal of, or interest and premium on, this
- 7 bond.".
- **8** The issuance of bonds under this chapter shall not
- 9 directly, indirectly, or contingently obligate the State or any
- 10 of its political subdivisions to levy or pledge any form of
- 11 taxation or to make any appropriation for their payment.
- (f) Wildfire recovery charges are wildfire recovery
- 13 property when, and to the extent that, a financing order
- 14 authorizing the wildfire recovery charges has become effective
- 15 in accordance with this chapter, and the wildfire recovery
- 16 property shall thereafter continuously exist as property for all
- 17 purposes, and all of the rights and privileges relating to that
- 18 property shall continuously exist for the period and to the
- 19 extent provided in the financing order, but in any event until
- 20 the bonds, including all principal; premiums, if any; interest
- 21 with respect to the bonds; and all other financing costs are

- 1 paid in full. A financing order may provide that the creation
- 2 of wildfire recovery property shall be simultaneous with the
- 3 sale of the wildfire recovery property to an assignee as
- 4 provided in the application of the pledge of the wildfire
- 5 recovery property to secure the bonds.
- 6 (g) Any successor to a financing entity shall be bound by
- 7 the requirements of this chapter and shall perform and satisfy
- 8 all obligations of and have the same rights under a financing
- 9 order as, and to the same extent as, the financing entity.
- 10 (h) The commission, in its discretion, may engage the
- 11 services of a financial adviser for the purposes of assisting
- 12 the commission in its consideration of an application for a
- 13 financing order and a subsequent issuance of bonds pursuant to a
- 14 financing order.
- 15 §B-4 Bonds; issuance; wildfire recovery property
- 16 interests. (a) The electric utility may sell and assign all or
- 17 portions of its interest in wildfire recovery property to one or
- 18 more financing entities that make that wildfire recovery
- 19 property the basis for issuance of bonds, to the extent approved
- 20 in a financing order. The electric utility or financing entity
- 21 may pledge wildfire recovery property as collateral, directly or

- 1 indirectly, for bonds to the extent approved in the pertinent
- 2 financing orders providing for a security interest in the
- 3 wildfire recovery property, in the manner set forth in this
- 4 section. In addition, wildfire recovery property may be sold or
- 5 assigned by either of the following:
- 6 (1) The financing entity or a trustee for the holders of
- 7 bonds or the holders of an ancillary agreement in
- 8 connection with the exercise of remedies upon a
- 9 default under the terms of the bonds; or
- 10 (2) Any person acquiring the wildfire recovery property
- after a sale or assignment pursuant to this chapter.
- 12 (b) To the extent that any interest in wildfire recovery
- 13 property is sold, assigned, or is pledged as collateral pursuant
- 14 to subsection (a), the commission may authorize the electric
- 15 utility to contract with the financing entity or its assignees
- 16 that the electric utility will:
- 17 (1) Continue to operate its system to provide service to
- 18 consumers within its service territory;
- 19 (2) Collect amounts in respect of the wildfire recovery
- 20 charges for the benefit and account of the financing
- 21 entity or its assignees; and

(3) Account for and remit these amounts to or for the 1 account of the financing entity or its assignees. 2 Contracting with the financing entity or its assignees in 3 accordance with that authorization shall not impair or negate 4 the characterization of the sale, assignment, or pledge as an 5 absolute transfer, a true sale, or a security interest, as 6 applicable. To the extent that billing, collection, and other 7 related services with respect to the provision of the electric 8 utility's services are provided to a consumer by any person or 9 entity other than the electric utility in whose service 10 territory the consumer is located, that person or entity shall 11 collect the wildfire recovery charges and any associated fixed 12 recovery tax amounts from the consumer for the benefit and 13 account of the electric utility, financing entity, or assignees 14 with the associated revenues remitted solely for such person's 15 benefit as a condition to the provision of electric service to 16 17 that consumer. Each financing order shall impose terms and conditions, 18 consistent with the purposes and objectives of this chapter, on 19 any person or entity responsible for billing, collection, and 20 other related services, including without limitation collection 21

- 1 of the wildfire recovery charges and any associated fixed
- 2 recovery tax amounts, that are the subject of the financing
- 3 order.
- 4 (c) The financing entity may issue bonds upon approval by
- 5 the commission in a financing order. Bonds shall be nonrecourse
- 6 to the credit or any assets of the electric utility, other than
- 7 the wildfire recovery property as specified in that financing
- 8 order.
- 9 (d) Wildfire recovery property that is specified in a
- 10 financing order shall constitute an existing, present property
- 11 right, notwithstanding the fact that the imposition and
- 12 collection of wildfire recovery charges depend on the electric
- 13 utility's continuing to provide services or continuing to
- 14 perform its servicing functions relating to the collection of
- 15 wildfire recovery charges or on the level of future service
- 16 consumption, such as electricity consumption. Wildfire recovery
- 17 property shall exist whether or not the wildfire recovery
- 18 charges have been billed, have accrued, or have been collected
- 19 and notwithstanding the fact that the value for a security
- 20 interest in the wildfire recovery property, or amount of the
- 21 wildfire recovery property, is dependent on the future provision



- 1 of service to consumers. All wildfire recovery property
- 2 specified in a financing order shall continue to exist until the
- 3 bonds issued pursuant to a financing order and all associated
- 4 financing costs are paid in full.
- 5 (e) Wildfire recovery property; wildfire recovery charges;
- 6 and the interests of an assignee, bondholder, or financing
- 7 entity, or any pledgee in wildfire recovery property and
- 8 wildfire recovery charges shall not be subject to setoff,
- 9 counterclaim, surcharge, recoupment, or defense by the electric
- 10 utility or any other person or in connection with the
- 11 bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceeding of
- 12 the electric utility, any affiliate of the electric utility, or
- 13 any other entity.
- 14 (f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any
- 15 requirement under this chapter or a financing order that the
- 16 commission take action with respect to the subject matter of a
- 17 financing order shall be binding upon the commission, as it may
- 18 be constituted from time to time, and any successor agency
- 19 exercising functions similar to the commission, and the
- 20 commission shall have no authority to rescind, alter, or amend
- 21 that requirement in a financing order.

**§B-5 Wildfire recovery charge.** (a) The wildfire recovery 1 charge created pursuant to a financing order approved pursuant 2 to section B-2 shall be a nonbypassable charge of a financing 3 entity that shall be applied to the repayment of bonds and 4 related financing costs as described in this chapter. 5 wildfire recovery charge and any associated fixed recovery tax 6 amounts may be a usage-based charge, a flat user charge, or a 7 charge based upon customer revenues as determined by the 8 commission for each consumer class in any financing order. 9 (b) As long as any bonds are outstanding and any financing 10 costs have not been paid in full, any wildfire recovery charge 11 and any associated fixed recovery tax amounts authorized under a 12 financing order shall be nonbypassable. Subject to any 13 exceptions provided in a financing order, a wildfire recovery 14 charge and any associated fixed recovery tax amounts shall be 15 paid by all existing and future consumers within the utility 16 17 service territory. The wildfire recovery charge shall be collected by an 18 electric utility or its successors, in accordance with section 19

B-8(a), in full through a charge that is separate and apart from

the electric utility's rates.

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1	(d) All electric utility may exercise the same rights and
2	remedies under its tariff and applicable law and rules based on
3	a consumer's nonpayment of the wildfire recovery charge as it
4	could for a consumer's failure to pay any other charge payable
5	to that electric utility.
6	§B-6 Security interests in wildfire recovery property;
7	financing statements. (a) A security interest in wildfire
8	recovery property is valid and enforceable against the pledgor
9	and third parties, subject to the rights of any third parties
10	holding security interests in the wildfire recovery property
11	perfected in the manner described in this section, and attaches
12	when all of the following have occurred:
13	(1) The commission has issued a financing order
14	authorizing the wildfire recovery charge to be
15	included in the wildfire recovery property;
16	(2) Value has been given by the pledgees of the wildfire
17	recovery property; and
18	(3) The pledgor has signed a security agreement covering

the wildfire recovery property.

(b) A valid and enforceable security interest in wildfire

recovery property is perfected when it has attached and when a

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- 1 financing statement has been filed with the bureau of
- 2 conveyances of the State of Hawaii naming the pledgor of the
- 3 wildfire recovery property as "debtor" and identifying the
- 4 wildfire recovery property.
- 5 Any description of the wildfire recovery property shall be
- 6 sufficient if it refers to the financing order creating the
- 7 wildfire recovery property. A copy of the financing statement
- 8 shall be filed with the commission by the electric utility that
- 9 is the pledgor or transferor of the wildfire recovery property,
- 10 and the commission may require the electric utility to make
- 11 other filings with respect to the security interest in
- 12 accordance with procedures that the commission may establish;
- 13 provided that the filings shall not affect the perfection of the
- 14 security interest.
- 15 (c) A perfected security interest in wildfire recovery
- 16 property shall be a continuously perfected security interest in
- 17 all wildfire recovery property revenues and proceeds arising
- 18 with respect thereto, whether or not the revenues or proceeds
- 19 have accrued. Conflicting security interests shall rank
- 20 according to priority in time of perfection. Wildfire recovery
- 21 property shall constitute property for all purposes, including

- 1 for contracts securing bonds, whether or not the wildfire
- 2 recovery property revenues and proceeds have accrued.
- 3 (d) Subject to the terms of the security agreement
- 4 covering the wildfire recovery property and the rights of any
- 5 third parties holding security interests in the wildfire
- 6 recovery property, perfected in the manner described in this
- 7 section, the validity and relative priority of a security
- 8 interest created under this section shall not be defeated or
- 9 adversely affected by the commingling of revenues arising with
- 10 respect to the wildfire recovery property with other funds of
- 11 the electric utility that is the pledgor or transferor of the
- 12 wildfire recovery property, or by any security interest in a
- 13 deposit account of that electric utility perfected under article
- 14 9 of chapter 490, into which the revenues are deposited.
- 15 Subject to the terms of the security agreement, upon
- 16 compliance with the requirements of section 490:9-312(b)(1), the
- 17 pledgees of the wildfire recovery property shall have a
- 18 perfected security interest in all cash and deposit accounts of
- 19 the electric utility in which wildfire recovery property
- 20 revenues have been commingled with other funds.

(e) If default occurs under the security agreement 1 covering the wildfire recovery property, the pledgees of the 2 wildfire recovery property, subject to the terms of the security 3 agreement, shall have all rights and remedies of a secured party 4 upon default under article 9 of chapter 490 and shall be 5 entitled to foreclose or otherwise enforce their security 6 interest in the wildfire recovery property, subject to the 7 rights of any third parties holding prior security interests in 8 the wildfire recovery property perfected in the manner provided 9 in this section. 10 In addition, the commission may require in the financing 11 order creating the wildfire recovery property that in the event 12 of default by the electric utility in payment of wildfire 13 recovery property revenues, the commission and any successor 14 thereto, upon the application by the pledgees or assignees, 15 including assignees under section B-5 of the wildfire recovery **16** property, and without limiting any other remedies available to 17 the pledgees or assignees by reason of the default, shall order 18 the sequestration and payment to the pledgees or assignees of 19 wildfire recovery property revenues. Any financing order shall 20 remain in full force and effect notwithstanding any bankruptcy, 21

- 1 reorganization, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to
- 2 the debtor, pledgor, or transferor of the wildfire recovery
- 3 property. Any surplus in excess of amounts necessary to pay
- 4 principal; premiums, if any; interest, costs, and arrearages on
- 5 the bonds; and associated financing costs arising under the
- 6 security agreement, shall be remitted to the debtor, pledgor, or
- 7 transferor, for the purpose of remitting such amounts to
- 8 customers by means of the electric utility.
- **9** (f) Sections 490:9-204 and 490:9-205 shall apply to a
- 10 pledge of wildfire recovery property by the electric utility, an
- 11 affiliate of the electric utility, or a financing entity.
- 12 §B-7 Transfers of wildfire recovery property. (a) A
- 13 transfer or assignment of wildfire recovery property by the
- 14 electric utility to an assignee or to a financing entity, or by
- 15 an assignee of the electric utility or a financing entity to
- 16 another financing entity, which the parties in the governing
- 17 documentation have expressly stated to be a sale or other
- 18 absolute transfer, in a transaction approved in a financing
- 19 order, shall be treated as an absolute transfer of all of the
- 20 transferor's right, title, and interest, as in a true sale, and
- 21 not as a pledge or other financing, of the wildfire recovery



1	property,	other t	an for federal and	state income a	and franchise
2	tax purpos	es.			
3	(b)	The cha	acterization of the	e sale, assignm	nent, or
4	transfer a	s an ab	olute transfer and	true sale and	the
5	correspond	ling cha	acterization of the	e property inte	erest of the
6	assignee s	hall no	be affected or imp	paired by, amor	ng other
7	things, th	e occur	ence of any of the	following:	
8	(1)	Comming	ing of wildfire red	covery charge 1	revenues with
9		other a	ounts;		
10	(2)	The ret	ntion by the seller	of either of	the
11		followi	<b>j:</b>		
12		(A) A	artial or residual	interest, incl	uding an
13		eq	ity interest, in th	ne financing er	ntity or the
14		wi	dfire recovery prop	perty, whether	direct or
15		in	irect, subordinate	or otherwise;	or
16		(B) Th	right to recover of	costs associate	ed with taxes
17		fr	nchise fees, or lic	cense fees impo	sed on the
18		co	lection of wildfire	e recovery char	rge;
19	(3)	Any rec	ırse that an assign	nee may have aq	gainst the
20		seller;			

1	(4)	Any indemnification rights, obligations, or repurchase
2		rights made or provided by the seller;
3	(5)	The obligation of the seller to collect wildfire
4		recovery charges on behalf of an assignee;
5	(6)	The treatment of the sale, assignment, or transfer for
6		tax, financial reporting, or other purpose; or
7	(7)	Any true-up adjustment of the wildfire recovery charge
8		as provided in the financing order.
9	(c)	A transfer of wildfire recovery property shall be
10	deemed per	rfected against third parties when both of the
11	following	occur:
12	(1)	The commission issues the financing order authorizing
13		the wildfire recovery charge included in the wildfire
14		recovery property; and
15	(2)	An assignment of the wildfire recovery property in
16		writing has been executed and delivered to the
17		assignee.
18	(d)	As between bona fide assignees of the same right for
19	value with	nout notice, the assignee first filing a financing
20	statement	with the bureau of conveyances of the State of Hawaii

21 in accordance with part 5 of article 9 of chapter 490, naming

- 1 the assignor of the wildfire recovery property as debtor and
- 2 identifying the wildfire recovery property, shall have priority.
- 3 Any description of the wildfire recovery property shall be
- 4 sufficient if it refers to the financing order creating the
- 5 wildfire recovery property. A copy of the financing statement
- 6 shall be filed by the assignee with the commission, and the
- 7 commission may require the assignor or the assignee to make
- 8 other filings with respect to the transfer in accordance with
- 9 procedures the commission may establish, but these filings shall
- 10 not affect the perfection of the transfer.
- 11 §B-8 Financing entity successor requirements; default of
- 12 financing entity. (a) Any successor to an electric utility
- 13 subject to a financing order, whether pursuant to any
- 14 bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceeding, or
- 15 pursuant to any merger, sale, or transfer, by operation of law,
- 16 or otherwise, shall be bound by the requirements of this
- 17 chapter. The successor of the electric utility shall perform
- 18 and satisfy all obligations of the electric utility under the
- 19 financing order, in the same manner and to the same extent as
- 20 the electric utility, including the obligation to collect and
- 21 pay the wildfire recovery charge to any financing party as

- 1 required by a financing order or any assignee. Any successor to
- 2 the electric utility shall be entitled to receive any fixed
- 3 recovery tax amounts otherwise payable to the electric utility.
- 4 (b) The commission may require in a financing order that
- 5 if a default by the electric utility in remittance of the
- 6 wildfire recovery charge collected arising with respect to
- 7 wildfire recovery property occurs, the commission, without
- 8 limiting any other remedies available to any financing party by
- 9 reason of the default, shall order the sequestration and payment
- 10 to the beneficiaries of the wildfire recovery charge collected
- 11 arising with respect to the wildfire recovery property. Any
- 12 order shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding any
- 13 bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceedings with
- 14 respect to the electric utility.
- 15 §B-9 Severability. If any provision of this chapter is
- 16 held to be invalid or is superseded, replaced, repealed, or
- 17 expires for any reason:
- 18 (1) That occurrence shall not affect any action allowed
- under this chapter that is taken prior to that
- 20 occurrence by the commission, a financing entity, a

1	bondholder, or any financing party, and any such
2	action shall remain in full force and effect; and
3	(2) The validity and enforceability of the rest of this
4	chapter shall remain unaffected."
5	SECTION 3. Section 269-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"§269-17 Issuance of securities. A public utility
8	corporation may, on securing the prior approval of the public
9	utilities commission, and not otherwise, except as provided in
10	section B-4, issue stocks and stock certificates, bonds, notes,
11	and other evidences of indebtedness, payable at periods of more
12	than twelve months after the date thereof, for the following
13	purposes and no other, namely: for the acquisition of property
14	or for the construction, completion, extension, or improvement
15	of or addition to its facilities or service, or for the
16	discharge or lawful refunding of its obligations or for the
17	reimbursement of moneys actually expended from income or from
18	any other moneys in its treasury not secured by or obtained from
19	the issue of its stocks or stock certificates, or bonds, notes,
20	or other evidences of indebtedness, for any of the aforesaid
21	purposes except maintenance of service, replacements, and

- 1 substitutions not constituting capital expenditure in cases
- 2 where the corporation has kept its accounts for [such]
- 3 expenditures in [such] a manner [as to enable] that enables the
- 4 commission to ascertain the amount of moneys so expended and the
- 5 purposes for which the expenditures were made, and the sources
- 6 of the funds in its treasury applied to the expenditures. As
- 7 used [herein,] in this section, "property" and "facilities"[,]
- 8 mean property and facilities used in all operations of a public
- 9 utility corporation whether or not included in its public
- 10 utility operations or rate base. A public utility corporation
- 11 may not issue securities to acquire property or to construct,
- 12 complete, extend or improve or add to its facilities or service
- 13 if the commission determines that the proposed purpose will have
- 14 a material adverse effect on its public utility operations.
- 15 All stock and every stock certificate, and every bond,
- 16 note, or other evidence of indebtedness of a public utility
- 17 corporation not payable within twelve months, issued without an
- 18 order of the commission authorizing the same, then in effect,
- 19 shall be void."

- 1 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 2 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 3 begun before its effective date.
- 4 SECTION 5. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 5 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 6 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 7 the new sections in this Act.
- 8 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 9 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 10 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.

#### Report Title:

Wildfire Recovery Fund; Securitization; Public Utilities Commission

#### Description:

Establishes the Wildfire Recovery Fund. Allows securitization for electric utilities. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD3)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.