### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTRIC UTILITIES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the health and
- 2 welfare of the residents of the State depend largely on
- 3 residents' abilities to access reliable and reasonably priced
- 4 electric utility services. The public utilities commission is
- 5 tasked with regulating public utilities in the State, including
- 6 the provision of electric services.
- 7 The legislature notes that the financial condition of an
- 8 electric utility is essential to its ability to render services
- 9 to its customers. It is widely recognized that public utilities
- 10 must be fit, willing, and able to properly perform the services
- 11 offered and conform to the terms, conditions, and rules set
- 12 forth by the public utilities commission.
- 13 The legislature further finds that recent events have
- 14 threatened the financial well-being of a certain investor-owned
- 15 electric utility in the State, thereby potentially threatening
- 16 the well-being of the public, specifically their health, safety,
- 17 welfare, and economic well-being.

1 The legislature also finds that the State's largest 2 investor-owned electric utility has undercapitalized its 3 wildfire mitigation investments, upgrades, and modernization of 4 its distribution and transmission grid infrastructure and 5 generation facilities. 6 Although existing law provides the public utilities 7 commission with the authority to appoint a receiver to operate a failed or failing regulated water or sewer utility if it ceases 8 9 to operate or operates on a substandard or unacceptable level, 10 existing law does not contain express authority for the 11 commission to act on behalf of an electric utility's customers 12 if the utility experiences an urgent, serious, and imminent 13 threat to its ability to provide adequate services. 14 To ensure that the public utilities commission has the 15 necessary authority to take proactive measures on behalf of 16 customers when an investor-owned electric utility either fails **17** to provide adequate and reasonable service to its customers or creates a serious and imminent threat to the health and welfare 18 19 of its customers, the legislature believes that the commission 20 should have the power to appoint a receiver to ensure that

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- 1 electric services are continued or brought back up to
- 2 appropriate standards.
- 3 The legislature further notes that the goal of a
- 4 receivership is to protect a troubled company and to help the
- 5 company return to profitability, thereby allowing it to thrive
- 6 when the receivership period ends. An appointed receiver can
- 7 also ensure that employees are compensated during the protected
- 8 period and that operations continue to comply with government
- 9 regulations and standards.
- 10 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to provide the
- 11 public utilities commission with the authority to appoint a
- 12 receiver to take temporary action, should the commission find it
- 13 necessary, to assure continued adequate electric services from
- 14 investor-owned electric utilities.
- 15 SECTION 2. Section 269-14.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- 17 "(a) Whenever the commission finds that a regulated water
- 18 utility, regulated investor-owned electric utility, or regulated
- 19 sewer utility is failing, or that there is an imminent threat of
- 20 the utility failing, to provide adequate and reasonable service
- 21 to its customers, and that the failure is a serious and imminent

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service.

2 appoint a receiver to take any temporary action necessary to 3 assure continued service or to bring the service up to 4 appropriate regulatory standards. The commission may also 5 appoint a receiver to take any temporary action necessary to 6 assure continued service if, after notice and hearing, the 7 commission finds that any water, electric, or sewer utility 8 regulated under this chapter consistently fails to provide 9 adequate and reasonable service. In carrying out its 10 responsibilities, the receiver and any additional outside legal counsel, consultants, or staff the commission or receiver may 11 12 deem necessary under the circumstances, shall have the authority 13 to gain access to all of the utility company assets and records 14 and to manage those assets in a manner that will restore or 15 maintain an acceptable level of service to customers. 16 receiver shall be authorized to expend existing utility company 17 revenues for labor and materials and to commit additional

resources as are essential to providing an acceptable level of

generally accepted ratemaking practices. Any costs incurred by

the commission, its staff, or the appointed receiver under this

These expenditures shall be funded in accordance with

threat to health, safety, and welfare, the commission may

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- 1 section shall be the responsibility of the utility in
- 2 receivership or its ratepayers. Control of and responsibility
- 3 for the utility shall remain with the receiver until the utility
- 4 can be returned to the original owners, transferred to new
- 5 owners, or liquidated as the commission determines to be in the
- 6 public interest."
- 7 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
- 8 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.

### Report Title:

PUC; Regulated Investor-Owned Electric Utilities; Electric Services; Appointment of Receiver

### Description:

Provides the Public Utilities Commission the authority to appoint a receiver to take temporary action necessary to assure continued adequate electric services from regulated investorowned electric utilities. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.