A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FIREWORKS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that improved enforcement
2	of the fireworks control laws is necessary, not only to protect
3	property from avoidable fire damage, but also to protect the
4	community from fire- and explosion-related injuries, respiratory
5	distress caused by the air pollution, and recurring trauma to
6	afflicted persons due to loud explosions.
7	The legislature further finds that a more robust continuum
8	of enforcement mechanisms must be established to promote
9	compliance with the fireworks control laws, including graduated
10	penalties for repeat or felony level offenses, enhanced
11	penalties for offenses that result in injury or death, and a
12	dedicated adjudication system for fireworks infractions, similar
13	to the existing traffic infraction system. Creating a fireworks
14	infractions system will allow law enforcement agencies and the
15	judiciary to quickly and efficiently process low-level cases,
16	while also allowing them to prioritize higher-level cases as
17	appropriate.

SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 1 2 adding to title 38 a new chapter to be appropriately designated 3 and to read as follows: 4 "CHAPTER 5 ADJUDICATION OF FIREWORKS INFRACTIONS 6 -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter: "Concurrent trial" means a trial proceeding held in the 7 district or family court in which the defendant is tried 8 9 simultaneously in a civil case for any charged fireworks infraction and in a criminal case for any related criminal 10 offense, with trials to be held in one court on the same date 11 12 and at the same time. "Fireworks infraction" means any violation of chapter 132D, 13 14 any rule adopted pursuant to chapter 132D, or any county 15 ordinance or rule enacted pursuant to chapter 132D, for which the prescribed penalties do not include imprisonment and that 16 17 are not otherwise specifically excluded from coverage of this 18 chapter. 19 "Hearing" means a proceeding conducted by the district court pursuant to section -7 at which the defendant to whom a 20 21 notice of infraction was issued either admits to the infraction,

- 1 contests the infraction, or admits to the infraction but offers
- 2 an explanation to mitigate the monetary assessment imposed.
- 3 "Law enforcement officer" means any employee of any county,
- 4 state, federal, or military agency authorized by law to issue a
- 5 notice of infraction.
- 6 "Notice of infraction" means the citation form that is
- 7 issued to the defendant at or after the time of the fireworks
- 8 infraction and notifies the defendant of the infraction the
- 9 defendant is charged with committing.
- 10 "Related criminal offense" means any criminal violation or
- 11 crime, committed in the same course of conduct as a fireworks
- 12 infraction, for which the defendant is arrested or charged.
- "Trial" means a trial conducted by the district court
- 14 pursuant to the rules of the district court and the Hawaii rules
- 15 of evidence.
- 16 § -2 Applicability. (a) All fireworks infractions,
- 17 including fireworks infractions committed by minors, shall be
- 18 adjudicated pursuant to this chapter, except as provided in
- 19 subsection (b). This chapter shall be applied uniformly
- 20 throughout the State and in all counties. No penal sanction
- 21 that includes imprisonment shall apply to a violation of state
- 22 statute or rule, or county ordinance or rule, that would

- 1 constitute a fireworks infraction under this chapter. No
- 2 fireworks infraction shall be classified as a criminal offense.
- 3 (b) Where a defendant is charged with a fireworks
- 4 infraction and the fireworks infraction is committed in the same
- 5 course of conduct as a criminal offense for which the offender
- 6 is arrested or charged, the fireworks infraction shall be
- 7 adjudicated pursuant to this chapter; provided that the court
- 8 may schedule any initial appearance, hearing, or trial on the
- 9 fireworks infraction at the same date, time, and place as the
- 10 arraignment, hearing, or trial on the related criminal offense.
- 11 Notwithstanding this subsection or subsection (c), the
- 12 court shall not schedule any initial appearance, hearing, or
- 13 trial on the fireworks infraction at the same date, time, and
- 14 place as the arraignment, hearing, or trial on the related
- 15 criminal offense where the related criminal offense is a felony
- 16 or is a misdemeanor for which the defendant has demanded a jury
- 17 trial.
- 18 (c) If the defendant requests a trial pursuant to
- 19 section -11, the trial shall be held in the district court of
- 20 the circuit in which the fireworks infraction was committed. If
- 21 the court schedules a concurrent trial pursuant to
- 22 paragraph (1), the concurrent trial shall be held in the

H.B. NO. 1005

2	fireworks infraction was committed, whichever has jurisdiction
3	over the related criminal offense charged pursuant to the
4	applicable statute or rule of court; provided that:
5	(1) The district or family court, for the purpose of
6	trial, may schedule a civil trial on the fireworks
7	infraction on the same date and at the same time as a
8	criminal trial on the related criminal offense
9	charged. The court shall enter a civil judgment as to
10	the fireworks infraction and a judgment of conviction
11	or acquittal as to the related criminal offense

following the concurrent trial; and

appropriate district or family court of the circuit in which the

- (2) If the trial on the fireworks infraction is held separately from and before trial on any related criminal offense, the following shall be inadmissible in the prosecution or trial of the related criminal offense, except as expressly provided by the Hawaii rules of evidence:
- (A) Any written or oral statement made by the defendant in proceedings conducted pursuant to section -6(b); and

1		(B) Any testimony given by the defendant in the trial
2		on the fireworks infraction.
3		These statements or testimony shall not be deemed a
4		waiver of the defendant's privilege against
5		self-incrimination in connection with any related
6		criminal offense.
7	(d)	In no event shall section 701-109 preclude prosecution
8	for a rel	ated criminal offense where a fireworks infraction
9	committed	in the same course of conduct has been adjudicated
10	pursuant	to this chapter.
11	(e)	If the defendant fails to appear at any scheduled
12	court dat	e before the date of trial or concurrent trial and:
13	(1)	The defendant's civil liability for the fireworks
14		infraction has not yet been adjudicated pursuant to
15		section -7, the court shall enter a judgment by
16		default in favor of the State for the fireworks
17	•	infraction unless the court determines that good cause
18		or excusable neglect exists for the defendant's
19		failure to appear; or
20	(2)	The defendant's civil liability for the fireworks
21		infraction has been adjudicated previously pursuant to
22		section -7, the judgment earlier entered in favor

1	of the State shall stand unless the court determines
2	that good cause or excusable neglect exists for the
3	defendant's failure to appear.
4	(f) If the defendant fails to appear at any scheduled
5	court date prior to concurrent trial or fails to appear for
6	concurrent trial scheduled pursuant to subsection (c)(1), the
7	court shall enter a disposition pursuant to the Hawaii rules of
8	penal procedure for the criminal offense.
9	§ -3 Venue and jurisdiction. (a) All fireworks
10	infractions shall be adjudicated in the district and circuit
11	where the alleged infraction occurred, except as otherwise
12	provided by law.
13	(b) Except as otherwise provided by law, jurisdiction is
14	in the district court of the circuit where the alleged fireworks
15	infraction occurred. Except as otherwise provided in this
16	chapter, district court judges shall adjudicate fireworks
17	infractions.
18	§ -4 Notice of infraction; form; determination final
19	unless contested. (a) The notice of infraction shall include
20	the summons for the purposes of this chapter. Whenever a notice
21	of infraction is issued, and to the extent practicable, the
22	defendant's signature driver's license number or state

- 1 identification number, current mailing address, and electronic
- 2 mail address shall be included on the notice. If the defendant
- 3 refuses to sign the notice of infraction, or refuses to provide
- 4 any other required information, the law enforcement officer
- 5 shall record this refusal on the notice and issue the notice to
- 6 the defendant. Anyone to whom a notice of infraction is issued
- 7 under this chapter need not be arraigned before the court,
- 8 unless required by rule of the supreme court.
- 9 (b) The form for the notice of infraction shall be
- 10 prescribed by rules of the district court, which shall be
- 11 uniform throughout the State; provided that each judicial
- 12 circuit may include differing statutory, rule, or ordinance
- 13 provisions on its respective notice of infraction.
- 14 (c) A notice of infraction that is generated by the use of
- 15 electronic equipment or that bears the electronically stored
- 16 image of any defendant's signature, or both, shall be valid
- 17 under this chapter.
- 18 (d) The notice of infraction shall include the following:
- 19 (1) A statement of the specific fireworks infraction for
- which the notice was issued;
- 21 (2) A brief statement of the facts;

1	(3)	A statement of the total amount to be paid for each
2		fireworks infraction, which amount shall include any
3		fee, surcharge, or cost required by statute,
4		ordinance, or rule, and any monetary assessment
5		established pursuant to section -8, to be paid by
6		the defendant to whom the notice was issued, which
7		shall be uniform throughout the State;
8	(4)	A statement of the options provided in section -
9		5(b) for answering the notice and the procedures
10		necessary to exercise the options;
11	(5)	A statement that the defendant to whom the notice is
12		issued shall answer, choosing one of the options
13		specified in section -5(b), within twenty-one days
14		of issuance of the notice;
15	(6)	A statement that failure to answer the notice within
16		twenty-one days of issuance shall result in the entry
17		of judgment by default for the State and may result in
18		the assessment of a late penalty;
19	(7)	A statement that, at a hearing requested to contest
20		the notice, pursuant to section -7, no law
21		enforcement officer shall be present unless the
22		defendant timely requests the court to have the law

1		enforcement officer present, and that the standard of
2		proof to be applied by the court is whether a
3		preponderance of the evidence proves that the
4		specified fireworks infraction was committed;
5	(8)	A statement that, at a hearing requested for the
6		purpose of explaining mitigating circumstances
7		surrounding the commission of the fireworks infraction
8		or in consideration of a written request for
9		mitigation, the defendant shall be considered to have
10		committed the fireworks infraction;
11	(9)	A space in which the signature of the defendant to
12		whom the notice of infraction was issued may be
13		affixed; and
14	(10)	The date, time, and place at which the defendant to
15		whom the notice was issued shall appear in court, if
16		the defendant is required by the notice to appear in
17		person at the hearing.
18	(e)	A citation shall not be dismissed for failure to
19	include a	ny information described in subsection (d).
20	S	-5 Answer required. (a) A defendant who receives a
21	notice of	infraction shall answer the notice within twenty-one
22	days of the	he date of issuance of the notice. There shall be

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- 1 included with the notice of infraction a preaddressed envelope
- 2 directed to the designated district court.
- 3 (b) Provided that the notice of infraction does not
- 4 require an appearance in person at a hearing as set forth in
- 5 section -4(d)(10), in answering a notice of infraction, a
- 6 defendant shall have the following options:
- 7 (1) Admit the commission of the fireworks infraction in one of the following ways:
- 9 By mail or in person, by completing the (A) **10** appropriate portion of the notice of infraction 11 or preaddressed envelope and submitting it to the **12** authority specified on the notice together with payment of the total amount stated on the notice 13 14 of infraction. Payment by mail shall be in the 15 form of a check, money order, or by an approved credit or debit card. Payment in person shall be 16 17 in the form of United States currency, check, 18 money order, or by an approved credit or debit 19 card; or
 - (B) Via the Internet or by telephone, by submitting payment of the total amount stated on the notice of infraction. Payment via the Internet or by



1 telephone shall be by an approved credit or debit
2 card;

- (2) Deny the commission of the fireworks infraction and request a hearing to contest the fireworks infraction by completing the appropriate portion of the notice of infraction or preaddressed envelope and submitting it, either by mail or in person, to the authority specified on the notice. In lieu of appearing in person at a hearing, the defendant may submit a written statement of grounds on which the defendant contests the notice of infraction, which shall be considered by the court as a statement given in court pursuant to section -6(b)(2); or
- (3) Admit the commission of the fireworks infraction and request a hearing to explain circumstances mitigating the fireworks infraction by completing the appropriate portion of the notice of infraction or preaddressed envelope and submitting it, either by mail or in person, to the authority specified on the notice. In lieu of appearing in person at a hearing, the defendant may submit a written explanation of the mitigating circumstances, which shall be considered by

- the court as a statement given in court pursuant to section -6(c)(2).
- 3 (c) When answering the notice of infraction, the defendant
- 4 shall affix the defendant's signature to the answer and shall
- 5 state the address at which the defendant will accept future
- 6 mailings from the court. No other response shall constitute an
- 7 answer for purposes of this chapter.
- 8 § -6 Court action after answer or failure to answer.
- 9 (a) When an admitting answer is received, the court shall enter
- 10 judgment in favor of the State in the total amount specified in
- 11 the notice of infraction.
- 12 (b) When a denying answer is received, the court shall
- 13 proceed as follows:
- 14 (1) In the case of a fireworks infraction where the
- defendant requests a hearing at which the defendant
- 16 will appear in person to contest the fireworks
- infraction, the court shall notify the defendant in
- 18 writing of the date, time, and place of hearing to
- 19 contest the notice of infraction. The notice of
- hearing shall be mailed to the address stated in the
- denying answer, or if none was given, to the address
- 22 stated on the notice of infraction. If no address was

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H.B. NO. 1005

1 provided, an electronic copy of the notice of hearing may be sent to the electronic mail address stated on 2 the notice of infraction. The notification shall also 3 advise the defendant that, if the defendant fails to 4 5 appear at the hearing, the court shall enter judgment by default in favor of the State, as of the date of 6 7 the scheduled hearing, and that the total amount 8 specified in the default judgment shall be paid within 9 thirty days of entry of default judgment; and 10 When a denying answer is accompanied by a written (2)

(2) When a denying answer is accompanied by a written statement of the grounds on which the defendant contests the notice of infraction, the court shall proceed as provided in section -7(a) and shall notify the defendant of its decision, including the total amount assessed, if any, by mailing the notice of entry of judgment within forty-five days of the postmarked date of the answer to the address provided by the defendant in the denying answer, or if none was given, to the address given when the notice of infraction was issued. If no address was provided, an electronic copy of the notice of entry of judgment may be sent to the electronic mail address stated on the

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H.B. NO. 1005

1 notice of infraction. The notice of entry of judgment 2 shall also advise the defendant, if it is determined 3 that the fireworks infraction was committed and judgment is entered in favor of the State, that the 4 5 defendant has the right, within thirty days of entry 6 of judgment, to request a trial and shall specify the procedures for doing so. The notice of entry of 7 judgment shall also notify the defendant, if an amount 9 is assessed by the court for monetary assessments, 10 fees, surcharges, or costs, that if the defendant does 11 not request a trial within the time specified in this 12 paragraph, the total amount assessed shall be paid 13 within thirty days of entry of judgment.

- (c) When an answer admitting commission of the firework infraction but seeking to explain mitigating circumstances is received, the court shall proceed as follows:
- 17 (1) In the case of a fireworks infraction where the
 18 defendant requests a hearing at which the defendant
 19 will appear in person to explain mitigating
 20 circumstances, the court shall notify the defendant in
 21 writing of the date, time, and place of the hearing to
 22 explain mitigating circumstances. The notice of

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H.B. NO. 1005

hearing shall be mailed to the address stated in the 1 2 answer, or if none was given, to the address stated on the notice of infraction. If no address was provided, 3 an electronic copy of the notice of hearing may be sent to the electronic mail address stated on the 5 6 notice of infraction. The notification shall also advise the defendant that, if the defendant fails to 7 appear at the hearing, the court shall enter judgment 8 9 by default in favor of the State, as of the date of the scheduled hearing, and that the total amount **10** 11 stated in the default judgment shall be paid within **12** thirty days of entry of default judgment; and 13 If a written explanation is included with an answer (2) 14 admitting commission of the fireworks infraction, the 15 court shall enter judgment for the State and, after 16 reviewing the explanation, determine the total amount of the monetary assessments, fees, surcharges, or **17** 18 costs to be assessed, if any. The court shall then 19 notify the defendant of the total amount to be paid 20 for the fireworks infraction, if any. There shall be

no appeal from the judgment. If the court assesses an

amount for monetary assessments, fees, surcharges, or

1 costs, the court shall also notify the defendant that the total amount shall be paid within thirty days of 2 3 entry of judgment. If the defendant fails to answer within twenty-one 4 5 days of issuance of the notice of infraction, the court shall take action as provided in subsection (e). 6 7 (e) Whenever judgment by default in favor of the State is entered, the court shall mail a notice of entry of default 8 9 judgment to the address provided by the defendant when the notice of infraction was issued, or if none was provided, to the 10 11 electronic mail address stated on the notice of infraction. notice of entry of default judgment shall advise the defendant 12 13 that the total amount specified in the default judgment shall be paid within thirty days of entry of default judgment and shall 14 15 explain the procedure for setting aside a default judgment. **16** Judgment by default for the State entered pursuant to this 17 chapter may be set aside pending final disposition of the 18 fireworks infraction upon written application of the defendant 19 and posting of an appearance bond equal to the amount of the 20 total amount specified in the default judgment and any other 21 assessment imposed pursuant to section -8. The application 22 shall show good cause or excusable neglect for the defendant's

1	ratifice to take action necessary to prevent entry or judgment by
2	default. Thereafter, the court shall determine whether good
3	cause or excusable neglect exists for the defendant's failure to
4	take action necessary to prevent entry of judgment by default.
5	If so, the application to set aside default judgment shall be
6	granted, the default judgment shall be set aside, and the notice
7	of infraction shall be disposed of pursuant to this chapter. If
8	not, the application to set aside default judgment shall be
9	denied, the appearance bond shall be forfeited and applied to
10	satisfy amounts due under the default judgment, and the notice
11	of infraction shall be finally disposed. In either case, the
12	court shall determine the existence of good cause or excusable
13	neglect and notify the defendant of its decision on the
14	application in writing.
15	§ -7 Hearings. (a) In proceedings to contest a notice
16	of infraction where the defendant to whom the notice was issued
17	has timely requested a hearing and appears at the hearing:
18	(1) In lieu of the personal appearance by the law
19	enforcement officer who issued the notice of
20	infraction, the court shall consider the notice of
21	infraction and any other relevant evidence, together

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H.B. NO. 1005

1		with any oral or written statement by the defendant to
2		whom the notice of infraction was issued;
3	(2)	The court may compel by subpoena the attendance of the
4		officer who issued the notice of fireworks infraction
5		and other witnesses from whom it may wish to hear;
6	(3)	The standard of proof to be applied by the court shall
7		be whether, by a preponderance of the evidence, the
8		court finds that the fireworks infraction was
9		committed; and
10	(4)	After due consideration of the evidence and arguments,
11		if any, the court shall determine whether commission
12		of the infraction has been established. Where the
13		commission of the fireworks infraction has not been
14		established, judgment in favor of the defendant,

enter judgment in favor of the State and shall assess a monetary assessment pursuant to section together with any fees, surcharges, or costs. The

court also shall inform the person of the right to

fireworks infraction was committed, the court shall

dismissing the notice of infraction or any count

therein with prejudice, shall be entered in the

record. Where it has been established that the

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 1005

1		request a trial pursuant to section -11. If the
2		person requests a trial at the time of the hearing,
3		the court shall provide the person with the trial date
4		as soon as practicable.
5	(b)	In proceedings to explain mitigating circumstances
6	where the	person to whom the notice of infraction was issued has
7	timely re	quested a hearing and appears at the hearing:
8	(1)	The procedure shall be limited to the issue of
9		mitigating circumstances. A person who requests to
10		explain the circumstances shall not be permitted to
11		contest the notice of infraction;
12	(2)	After the court has received the explanation, the
13		court may enter judgment in favor of the State and may
14		assess a monetary assessment pursuant to section -
15		8, together with any fees, surcharges, or costs;
16	(3)	The court, after receiving the explanation, may vacate
17		the admission and enter judgment in favor of the
18		defendant, dismissing the notice of infraction or any
19		count therein with prejudice, where the explanation
20		establishes that the infraction was not committed; and
21	(4)	There shall be no appeal from the judgment.

- (c) If a person, for whom a hearing has been scheduled to
 contest the notice of infraction or to explain mitigating
- 3 circumstances, fails to appear at the hearing, the court shall
- 4 enter judgment by default for the State and take action as
- 5 provided in section -6(e).
- 6 § -8 Monetary assessments. (a) A defendant found to
- 7 have committed a fireworks infraction shall be assessed a
- 8 monetary assessment not to exceed the maximum fine specified in
- 9 the law or rule defining the fireworks infraction. The court
- 10 shall consider the defendant's financial circumstances, if
- 11 disclosed, in determining the monetary assessment.
- 12 (b) In addition to any monetary assessment imposed for a
- 13 fireworks infraction, the court may impose additional
- 14 assessments for:
- 15 (1) Failure to pay a monetary assessment by the scheduled
- date of payment; and
- 17 (2) The cost of service of a penal summons issued pursuant
- 18 to this chapter.
- 19 (c) In addition to any monetary assessment imposed for a
- 20 fireworks infraction, the court shall impose administrative
- 21 costs of \$20 for each fireworks infraction in which judgment is
- 22 entered in favor of the State. The clerk of the district court

- 1 shall deposit the administrative costs collected into the
- 2 judiciary computer system special fund pursuant to section 601-
- **3** 3.7.
- 4 (d) Upon request of a defendant claiming inability to pay
- 5 a monetary assessment, the court may grant an extension of the
- 6 period in which the monetary assessment shall be paid or may
- 7 impose community service in lieu thereof.
- **8** (e) At any point before full payment of a monetary
- 9 assessment, any person who suffers a change in financial
- 10 circumstances may request a hearing to modify the monetary
- 11 assessment or to request community service in lieu thereof.
- 12 § -9 Time computation. In computing any period of time
- 13 prescribed or allowed by this chapter, the day of the act,
- 14 event, or default from which the period of time begins to run
- 15 shall not be included. The last day of the period so computed
- 16 shall be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, or state
- 17 holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the
- 18 next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or state holiday.
- 19 Intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and state holidays shall be
- 20 included. Whenever an act required to be performed under this
- 21 chapter may be accomplished by mail, the act shall be deemed to

1	have been	n performed on the date of the postmark on the mailed
2	article.	
3	S	-10 Powers of the district court judge hearing cases
4	pursuant	to this chapter. (a) A district court judge hearing
5	cases pur	suant to this chapter shall have all the powers of a
6	district	court judge under chapter 604, including the following
7	powers:	
8	(1)	To conduct fireworks infraction hearings and impose
9		monetary assessments;
10	(2)	To permit deferral of monetary assessments or impose
11		community service in lieu thereof;
12	(3)	To dismiss a notice of infraction, with or without
13		prejudice, or set aside a judgment for the State;
14	(4)	To issue penal summonses and bench warrants and
15		initiate contempt of court proceedings in proceedings
16		conducted pursuant to section -11;
17	(5)	To issue penal summonses and bench warrants and
18		initiate failure to appear proceedings in proceedings
19		conducted pursuant to section -4(d)(10); and
20	(6)	To exercise other powers the court finds necessary and
21		appropriate to carry out the purposes of this chapter

H.B. NO. 1005

1 -11 Trial and concurrent trial. (a) There shall be 2 no right to trial unless the defendant contests the notice of 3 infraction pursuant to section -7. If, after proceedings to 4 contest the notice of infraction, a determination is made that 5 the defendant committed the fireworks infraction, judgment shall enter in favor of the State. The defendant may request a trial 6 7 pursuant to the Hawaii rules of evidence and the rules of the 8 district court; provided that any request for trial shall be 9 made within thirty days of entry of judgment. If, after **10** appearing in person at a hearing to contest the notice of 11 infraction, the defendant requests a trial at the conclusion of 12 the hearing, the court shall provide the defendant with the 13 trial date as soon as practicable. 14 At the time of trial the State shall be represented by (b) a prosecuting attorney of the county in which the fireworks 15 infraction occurred. The prosecuting attorney shall orally 16 recite the charged fireworks infraction in court before 17 commencement of the trial. Proof of the defendant's commission 18 of the fireworks infraction shall be by a preponderance of the 19 20 evidence. 21 If trial on the fireworks infraction is held before

trial on any related criminal offense, the following shall be

#.B. NO. 1005

- 1 inadmissible in the subsequent prosecution or trial of the
- 2 related criminal offense:
- 3 (1) Any written or oral statement made by the defendant in
- proceedings conducted pursuant to section -6(b);
- 5 and
- 6 (2) Any testimony given by the defendant in the trial on
- 7 the fireworks infraction.
- 8 The statement or testimony, or both, shall not be deemed a
- 9 waiver of the defendant's privilege against self-incrimination
- 10 in connection with any related criminal offense.
- 11 (d) In any concurrent trial, the State shall be
- 12 represented by a prosecuting attorney of the county in which the
- 13 infraction and related crime occurred. Proof of the defendant's
- 14 commission of the infraction shall be by a preponderance of the
- 15 evidence, and proof of the related criminal offense shall be by
- 16 proof beyond a reasonable doubt. The concurrent trial shall be
- 17 conducted pursuant to the rules of the appropriate court, Hawaii
- 18 rules of evidence, and Hawaii rules of penal procedure.
- 19 § -12 Rules. (a) The supreme court may adopt rules of
- 20 procedure for the conduct of all proceedings pursuant to this
- 21 chapter.

- 1 (b) Chapter 626 shall not apply in proceedings conducted
- 2 pursuant to this chapter, except for the rules governing
- 3 privileged communications, and proceedings conducted under
- 4 section -11.
- 5 (c) Notwithstanding section 604-17, while the court is
- 6 sitting in any matter pursuant to this chapter, the court shall
- 7 not be required to preserve the testimony or proceedings, except
- 8 proceedings conducted pursuant to section -11 and proceedings
- 9 in which the fireworks infraction is heard on the same date and
- 10 time as any related criminal offense.
- 11 (d) The prosecuting attorney shall not participate in
- 12 fireworks infraction proceedings conducted pursuant to this
- 13 chapter, except proceedings pursuant to section -11 and
- 14 proceedings in which a related criminal offense is scheduled for
- 15 arraignment, hearing, or concurrent trial.
- 16 (e) Chapter 91 shall not apply in proceedings before the
- 17 court.
- 18 (f) Except as otherwise provided in section -2, chapter
- 19 571 and the Hawaii family court rules shall not apply in any
- 20 proceedings conducted pursuant to this chapter."

1	SECT	ION 3. Chapter 132D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	y adding seven new sections to be appropriately
3	designate	d and to read as follows:
4	<u>"§13</u>	2D-A General fireworks or articles pyrotechnic
5	prohibiti	ons in the second degree. (a) A person commits the
6	offense o	f general fireworks or articles pyrotechnic
7	prohibiti	ons in the second degree if the person intentionally,
8	knowingly	, or recklessly sets off, ignites, discharges, or
9	otherwise	causes to explode any aerial devices, display
10	fireworks	, or articles pyrotechnic:
11	(1)	Within one thousand feet of any operating hospital,
12		licensed convalescent home, licensed home for the
13		elderly, zoo, licensed animal shelter, or licensed
14		animal hospital;
15	(2)	In any school building, or on any school grounds or
16		yards without first obtaining authorization from
17		appropriate school officials;
18	(3)	On any highway, alley, street, sidewalk, or other
19		public way; in any park; on any public beach; in any
20		officially designated forest or wildlife preserve;
21		within fifty feet of a canefield; or within one

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 1005

1	thousand feet of any building used for public worship
2	during the periods when services are held; or
3	(4) Within five hundred feet of any dwelling.
4	(b) The state of mind requirement for the offense under
5	subsection (a)(1), (3), and (4) shall not be applicable to
6	whether the person was aware that the person was within the
7	designated distance from an operating hospital, licensed
8	convalescent home, licensed home for the elderly, zoo, licensed
9	animal shelter, or licensed animal hospital, canefield, building
10	used for public worship, or hotel. A person shall be strictly
11	liable with respect to the attendant circumstance that the
12	person was within the designated distance from a prohibited
13	place, at the time of incident.
14	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), (e), and (f),
15	the offense of general fireworks or articles pyrotechnic
16	prohibitions in the second degree shall be a misdemeanor.
17	(d) The offense of general fireworks or articles
18	pyrotechnic prohibitions in the second degree shall be a class C
19	felony if the person has been convicted one or more times for
20	any offense under this chapter within ten years of the current
21	offense.

#.B. NO. 1005

1	(e) The offense of general fireworks or articles
2	pyrotechnic prohibitions in the second degree shall be a class E
3	felony if any of the aerial devices, display fireworks, or
4	articles pyrotechnic set off, ignited, discharged, or otherwise
5	caused to explode in the commission of the offense cause
6	substantial bodily injury to another person.
7	(f) The offense of general fireworks or articles
8	pyrotechnic prohibitions in the second degree shall be a class A
9	felony if any of the aerial devices, display fireworks, or
10	articles pyrotechnic set off, ignited, discharged, or otherwise
11	caused to explode in the commission of the offense cause serious
12	bodily injury or death to another person.
13	(g) The state of mind requirement for subsections (e) and
14	(f) shall not be applicable to whether the person was aware the
15	aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic
16	caused or would cause the injury or death. A person shall be
17	strictly liable with respect to the result that the aerial
18	devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic caused the
19	injury or death.
20	§132D-B Sending or receiving fireworks or articles
21	<pre>pyrotechnic by air delivery; prohibited. (a) A person commits</pre>
22	the offense of sending or receiving fireworks or articles

1	pyrotechnic by air delivery if the person intentionally,
2	knowingly, or recklessly sends or receives any amount of
3	consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or
4	articles pyrotechnic via any form of air delivery, including but
5	not limited to any private courier, commercial carrier, mail or
6	postal services.
7	(b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), the
8	offense of sending or receiving fireworks or articles
9	pyrotechnic by air delivery shall be a class C felony.
10	(c) The offense of sending or receiving fireworks or
11	articles pyrotechnic by air delivery shall be a class B felony
12	<u>if:</u>
13	(1) The person has been convicted one or more times for
14	any offense under this chapter within ten years of the
15	current offense; or
16	(2) The total weight of the consumer fireworks, aerial
17	devices, display fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic
18	sent or received in the commission of the offense is
19	five pounds or more but less than twenty-five pounds.
20	(d) The offense of sending or receiving fireworks or
21	articles pyrotechnic by air delivery shall be a class A felony
22	if the total weight of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices,

#.B. NO. 1005

1	display fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic sent or received in
2	the commission of the offense is twenty-five pounds or more.
3	§132D-C Distributing fireworks or articles pyrotechnic to
4	non-permit holder. (a) A person commits the offense of
5	distributing fireworks or articles pyrotechnic to non-permit
6	holder when the person, who holds a valid license required
7	pursuant to section 132D-7, intentionally, knowingly, or
8	recklessly distributes consumer fireworks, aerial devices,
9	display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic to another person who
10	does not have a valid permit required pursuant to sections 132D-
11	10 and 132D-16.
12	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) and (d), the
13	offense of distributing fireworks or articles pyrotechnic to
14	non-permit holder shall be a class C felony.
15	(c) The offense of distributing fireworks or articles
16	pyrotechnic to non-permit holder shall be a class B felony if:
17	(1) The person has been convicted one or more times for
18	any offense under this chapter within ten years of the
19	current offense; or
20	(2) Any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
21	fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic distributed in the

1	commission of the offense cause substantial bodily
2	injury to another person.
3	(d) The offense of distributing fireworks or articles
4	pyrotechnic to non-permit holder shall be a class A felony if
5	any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
6	fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic distributed in the commission
7	of the offense cause serious bodily injury or death to another
8	person.
9	(e) The state of mind requirement for subsections (c)(2)
10	and (d) shall not be applicable to whether the person was aware
11	the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or
12	articles pyrotechnic caused or would cause the injury or death.
13	A person shall be strictly liable with respect to the result
14	that the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks,
15	or articles pyrotechnic caused the injury or death.
16	§132D-D Removal or extraction of pyrotechnic contents;
17	prohibited. Any person who removes or extracts the pyrotechnic
18	contents from any consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
19	fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic shall be guilty of a class C
20	felony.
21	§132D-E Consumer fireworks prohibitions. (a) It shall be
22	unlawful for any person to:

#.B. NO. 1005

1	(1)	Purchase, possess, set off, ignite, discharge, or
2		otherwise cause to explode any consumer fireworks
3		without a permit required pursuant to section 132D-10;
4		<u>or</u>
5	(2)	Set off, ignite, discharge, or otherwise cause to
6 .		explode any consumer fireworks at any time not within
7		the periods for use prescribed in section 132D-3.
8	(b)	It shall be unlawful for any person to distribute
9	consumer	fireworks:
10	(1)	More than five calendar days before the time periods
11		for permissible use under section 132D-3; or
12	(2)	After 12:01 a.m. on New Year's Day, 6:00 p.m. on
13		Chinese New Year's Day, or 8:00 p.m. on the Fourth of
14		July.
15	(c)	The state of mind requirement for the offense under
16	subsection	ns (a)(2) and (b) shall not be applicable to whether
17	the perso	n was aware of the date or time at the time of offense,
18	or whethe	r the date and time of offense fell within the
19	prohibite	d periods. A person shall be strictly liable with
20	respect t	o the date and time of any act proven to have occurred,
21	and with	respect to the attendant circumstance that the date and

- 1 time fell within the prohibited dates and times provided in
- 2 subsections (a)(2) and (b).
- 3 (d) Any person who violates subsection (a) shall be subject
- 4 to a \$200 fine; any person who violates subsection (b) shall be
- 5 subject to a \$1,000 fine; and any person who violates this
- 6 section shall be subject to proceedings under chapter ;
- 7 provided that nothing in this section shall be construed to
- 8 prohibit prosecution under section 132D-7, 132D-8.6, or any
- 9 other provision under this chapter.
- 10 §132D-F Refusal to provide identification. (a) Except as
- 11 provided in subsection (b), any person detained for violating
- 12 this chapter shall provide the person's name and current mailing
- 13 address, or any proof thereof, upon the lawful order or
- 14 direction of any law enforcement officer in the course and scope
- 15 of the officer's duties to enforce this chapter.
- 16 (b) If the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that
- 17 the person is being deceptive or misleading in providing the
- 18 person's name or address, the person shall provide proof
- 19 thereof, upon the lawful order or direction of the law
- 20 enforcement officer.
- 21 (c) Refusal to provide identification pursuant to this
- 22 section shall be a petty misdemeanor.

1	§132D-	G Requirements of carrier. (a) Any carrier or	
2	person ship	pping consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display	
3	fireworks,	or articles pyrotechnic:	
4	<u>(1)</u> <u>I</u>	nto the State shall notify the appropriate county	
5	<u>C</u>	official and designated state law enforcement agencies	
6	<u> </u>	t the time the booking is made and, in any case, no	
7	<u>1</u>	ater than fourteen days before arrival into the	
8	<u>s</u>	State; or	
9	<u>(2)</u> <u>I</u>	nterisland within the State shall notify the	
10	<u>a</u>	ppropriate county official and designated state law	
11	<u>e</u>	enforcement agencies at the time the booking is made	
12	<u>a</u>	nd, in any case, no later than five days before	
13	<u> </u>	leparting from the island of origin;	
14	provided th	at the notification shall include, when applicable,	
15	but need no	t be limited to the container identification number,	
16	manifest, b	oill of lading, consignee, freight forwarder, sailing	
17	vessel name	, route number, date of departure, and estimated date	
18	of arrival.	-	
19	(b) F	or a first offense, or any offense not committed	
20	within five years of a prior judgment for the State under this		
21	section, th	e carrier or person shall be subject to a \$1,000	
22	fine.		

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H.B. NO. 1005

1 For a second offense committed within five years of a 2 prior judgment for the State under this section, the carrier or 3 person shall be subject to a \$2,000 fine. 4 (d) For a third or subsequent offense committed within 5 five years of two or more prior judgements for the State under 6 this section, the carrier or person shall be subject to a \$5,000 7 fine. 8 (e) All violations of this section shall be subject to proceedings under chapter . Nothing in this section shall be .9 **10** construed to prohibit criminal prosecution under section 132D-11 8.6 or any other section of this chapter." **12** SECTION 4. Section 132D-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 13 amended as follows: 14 1. By adding five new definitions to be appropriately **15** inserted and to read: 16 ""Carrier" means any shipper or anyone who transports **17** goods, merchandise, property, or people by rail car, aircraft, 18 motor vehicle, or vessel. 19 "Distribute" or "distribution" means to sell, transfer, 20 deliver to another, give or deliver to another, or to leave, barter, exchange with another, or to offer or agree to do the 21

1 "Dwelling" means a building that is used or usually used by 2 a person for lodging. 3 "Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of death or which causes serious, permanent 4 5 disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function 6 of any bodily member or organ. 7 "Substantial bodily injury" means bodily injury that 8 causes: 9 A major avulsion, laceration, or penetration of the (1) **10** skin; 11 A burn of at least second degree severity; (2) (3) **12** A bone fracture; 13 (4) A serious concussion; or A tearing, rupture, or corrosive damage to the 14 (5) esophagus, viscera, or other internal organs." 15 2. By amending the definition of "aerial device" to read: 16 **17** ""Aerial device" means any fireworks [containing one 18 hundred thirty milligrams or less of explosive materials that 19 produces an audible or visible effect and is designed to rise] 20 that upon ignition, discharge, or otherwise being set off rises 21 more than twelve feet into the air and [explode or detonate] 22 then combusts, explodes, deflagrates, or detonates in the air,

- 1 shoots or emits flaming balls, or [to fly about above the
- 2 ground, and that is prohibited for use by any person who does
- 3 not have a permit for display issued by a county under section
- 4 132D 16. "Aerial devices"] shoots or emits sparks.
- 5 Alternatively, "aerial device" may include but is not limited to
- 6 any device classified as fireworks under UN0336 and UN0337 by
- 7 the United States Department of Transportation as set forth in
- 8 Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations [include], which contains
- 9 one hundred thirty milligrams or less of explosive materials,
- 10 including firework items commonly known as bottle rockets, sky
- 11 rockets, missile-type rockets, helicopters, torpedoes, daygo
- 12 bombs, roman candles, flying pigs, and jumping jacks that move
- 13 about the ground farther than a circle with a radius of twelve
- 14 feet as measured from the point where the item was placed and
- 15 ignited, aerial shells, and mines."
- 16 3. By amending the definition of "consumer fireworks" to
- 17 read:
- 18 ""Consumer fireworks" means any fireworks [designed
- 19 primarily for retail sale to the public during authorized dates
- 20 and times, that upon ignition, discharge, or otherwise being
- 21 set off produces visible or audible effects [by combustion], and
- 22 that [is designed to remain] remains on or near the ground and,

- 1 while stationary or spinning rapidly on or near the ground,
- 2 emits smoke, a shower of colored sparks, whistling effects,
- 3 flitter sparks, or balls of colored sparks, and includes
- 4 combination items that [contain] produce one or more of these
- 5 effects. ["Consumer fireworks" shall comply] Alternatively,
- 6 "consumer fireworks" may include but are not limited to any
- 7 fireworks that complies with the construction, chemical
- 8 composition, and labeling regulations of the United States
- 9 Consumer Product Safety Commission as set forth in Title 16 Code
- 10 of Federal Regulations and fireworks classified as UN0336 and
- 11 UN0337 by the United States Department of Transportation as set
- 12 forth in Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations. "Consumer
- 13 fireworks" include firework items commonly known as firecrackers
- 14 that are single paper cylinders not exceeding one and one-half
- 15 inches in length excluding the fuse and one-quarter of an inch
- 16 in diameter [and contain a charge of not more than fifty
- 17 milligrams of pyrotechnic composition], snakes, sparklers,
- 18 fountains, and cylindrical or cone fountains that emit effects
- 19 up to a height not greater than twelve feet above the ground,
- 20 illuminating torches, bamboo cannons, whistles, toy smoke
- 21 devices, wheels, and ground spinners that when ignited remain
- 22 within a circle with a radius of twelve feet as measured from

₩.B. NO. 1665

- 1 the point where the item was placed and ignited, novelty or
- 2 trick items, combination items, and other fireworks of like
- 3 construction that are designed to produce the same or similar
- 4 effects."
- 5 4. By amending the definition of "display fireworks" to
- 6 read:
- 7 ""Display fireworks" means any fireworks designed primarily
- 8 for exhibition display by producing visible or audible effects
- 9 and classified as display fireworks or contained in the
- 10 regulations of the United States Department of Transportation
- 11 and designated as UN0333, UN0334, or UN0335, and includes
- 12 salutes containing more than two grains (one hundred and thirty
- 13 milligrams) of explosive materials, aerial shells containing
- 14 more than forty grams of pyrotechnic compositions, and other
- 15 display pieces which exceed the limits of explosive materials
- 16 for classification as "consumer fireworks". This term also
- 17 includes fused [setpieces] set pieces containing components,
- 18 which together exceed fifty milligrams of salute [power] powder.
- 19 The use of display fireworks shall be prohibited for use by any
- 20 person who does not have a display permit issued by a county."
- 21 5. By amending the definition of "fireworks" to read:

1 ""Fireworks" means any combustible or explosive 2 composition, or any substance or combination of substances, [or 3 article prepared for the purpose of producing] that produces a 4 visible or audible effect by combustion, explosion, 5 deflagration, or detonation [and that meets the definition of 6 aerial device or consumer or display fireworks as defined by this section and contained], including but not limited to aerial 7 8 devices, consumer fireworks, or display fireworks, as defined by 9 this article. Fireworks also includes but is not limited to 10 aerial devices, consumer fireworks, or display fireworks, as 11 defined in the regulations of the United States Department of **12** Transportation as set forth in Title 49 Code of Federal **13** Regulations. The term "fireworks" shall not include any 14 explosives or pyrotechnics regulated under chapter 396 or **15** automotive safety flares, nor shall the term be construed to **16** include toy pistols, toy cannons, toy guns, party poppers, pop-**17** its, or [other] similar devices [which contain twenty five 18 hundredths of a grain or less of explosive substance]." 19 By amending the definition of "import" to read: 20 ""Import" (and any nounal, verbal, adjectival, adverbial, 21 and other equivalent form of the term used interchangeably in 22 this chapter) means to bring or attempt to bring [fireworks]



- 1 into the State or to cause [fireworks] to be brought into the
- 2 State $[\tau]$ any aerial devices, articles pyrotechnic, consumer
- 3 fireworks, or display fireworks, as defined in this section or
- 4 as defined by the United States Department of Transportation as
- 5 set forth in Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations, and includes
- 6 [fireworks] any aerial devices, articles pyrotechnic, consumer
- 7 fireworks, or display fireworks labeled or designated as
- 8 samples, even if not intended for retail sale."
- 9 7. By amending the definition of "pyrotechnic composition"
- 10 or "pyrotechnic contents" to read:
- ""Pyrotechnic composition" or "pyrotechnic contents" means
- 12 the combustible or explosive component of consumer fireworks [-],
- 13 aerial devices, display fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic."
- 14 8. By repealing the definition of "law enforcement or fire
- 15 officer".
- 16 [""Law enforcement or fire officer" means any
- 17 law enforcement officer having police power or county fire
- 18 department officer, including firefighters."]
- 19 SECTION 5. Section 132D-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 "§132D-5 General fireworks or articles pyrotechnic
- 22 prohibitions[-] in the first degree. (a) It shall be unlawful

1	for any p	erson	[without a permit issued under section 132D-10 by
2	a county	fire	department] to:
3	[(1)	Remo	ve or extract the pyrotechnic contents from any
4		fire	works or articles pyrotechnics;
5	(2)]	(1)	Throw, catapult, or otherwise manually propel any
6		igni	ted [fireworks:] consumer fireworks, aerial
7		devi	ces, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic:
8		(A)	From, at, or into a vehicle;
9		(B)	At a person or an animal; [and] or
10		(C)	From above the first floor of any building; or
11	[(3)]	(2)	Set off, ignite, discharge, or otherwise cause to
12		expl	ode any [fireworks:] consumer fireworks, aerial
13		devi	ces, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic:
14		(A)	[Above] From above the first floor of any
15			building;
16		(B)	In any vehicle;
17		[-(C)	At any time not within the periods for use
18			prescribed in section 132D-3;
19		(D)	Within one thousand feet of any operating
20			hospital, licensed convalescent home, licensed
21			home for the elderly, zoo, licensed animal
22			shelter, or licensed animal hospital;

1	(E)	In any school building, or on any school grounds
2		and yards without first obtaining authorization
3		<pre>from appropriate school officials;</pre>
4	(F)	On any highway, alley, street, sidewalk, or other
5		public way; in any park; on any public beach; in
6		any officially designated forest or wildlife
7		preserve; within fifty feet of a canefield; or
8		within one thousand feet of any building used for
9		public worship during the periods when services
10		are held; and
11	- (G) -	Within five hundred feet of any hotel.
12	(b) It s	hall be unlawful to purchase consumer fireworks
13	more than five	calendar days before the time periods for
14	permissible us	e under section 132D-3.
15	(c) It s	hall be unlawful to sell consumer fireworks after
16	12:01 a.m. on	New Year's Day, 6:00 p.m. on Chinese New Year's
17	Day, and 8:00	p.m. on the Fourth of July.] or
18	<u>(C)</u>	In any building; provided that firecrackers shall
19		be permitted if used in accordance with sections
20		132D-3 and 132D-10 and all other applicable state
21		and county laws, ordinances, and rules.



1	(b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), the
2	offense of general fireworks or pyrotechnic prohibitions in the
3	first degree shall be a class C felony.
4	(c) If, in the commission of the offense of general
5	fireworks or articles pyrotechnic prohibitions in the first
6	degree, the person negligently causes substantial bodily injury
7	to another person, the person shall be guilty of a class B
8	felony.
9	(d) If, in the commission of the offense of general
10	fireworks or articles pyrotechnic prohibitions in the first
11	degree, the person negligently causes serious bodily injury or
12	death to another person, the person shall be guilty of a class A
13	felony."
14	SECTION 6. Section 132D-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"§132D-6 Exceptions. The prohibitions in [section]
17	sections 132D-5, 132D-A, and 132D-D do not apply to:
18	(1) The use of flares, noisemakers, or signals for
19	warning[7] or pest control, or for illumination
20	purposes by police and fire departments, utility
21	companies, transportation agencies, and other
22	governmental or private agencies or persons, including

1		agricultural operations, in connection with
2		emergencies, their duties, or business;
3	(2)	The sale or use of blank cartridges for a show or
4		theater, or for signal, commercial, or institutional
5		purposes in athletics or sports;
6	(3)	The purchase and use of consumer fireworks, aerial
7		devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic:
8		(A) In a movie, television production, or theatrical
9		production for which valid permits have been
10		issued by a county pursuant to section 132D-10;
11		and
12		(B) In a movie or television production for which
13		valid permits have been issued by the department
14		of business, economic development, and tourism
15		pursuant to section 201-14, or for which permits
16		have been approved by the authority having
17		jurisdiction; and
18	(4)	The testing, disposal, or destruction of [illegal] any
19		fireworks or articles pyrotechnic by an agency with
20		authority to enforce this chapter."
21	SECT	ION 7. Section 132D-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22	amended t	o read as follows:

1	"§13	2D-7 License or permit required. A person shall not:
2	(1)	Import, store, [offer to sell, or sell,] or
3		distribute, including at wholesale or retail, any
4		aerial devices, display fireworks, articles
5		pyrotechnic, or consumer fireworks unless the person
6		has a valid license issued [by the county;] pursuant
7		to this chapter; or
8	(2)	Possess any aerial devices, display fireworks, or
9		articles pyrotechnic without a valid license to
10		import, store, or [sell] distribute aerial devices,
11		display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic, or a valid
12		display permit [as provided for in] issued pursuant to
13		this chapter."
14	SECT:	ION 8. Section 132D-8.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
16	"(a)	Any person who has obtained a license [under]
17	required p	oursuant to section 132D-7 and ships fireworks or
18	articles p	pyrotechnic into the State shall:
19	(1)	Clearly designate the types of fireworks or articles
20		pyrotechnic in each shipment on the bill of lading or
21		shipping manifest with specificity;



1	(2)	Declare on the bill of lading or shipping manifest the
2		gross weight of consumer fireworks, display fireworks,
3		articles pyrotechnic, and aerial devices to be
4		imported in each shipment and the location of the
5		storage facility, if applicable, in which the
6		fireworks or articles pyrotechnic are to be stored;
7	(3)	[Prior to] Before shipment and when booking each
8		shipment of fireworks, display fireworks, articles
9		pyrotechnic, or aerial devices notify the [appropriate
10		county official as determined by the county Hawaii
11		state fire marshal regarding whether the shipment will
12		be distributed from:
13		(A) Pier to pier;
14		(B) Pier to warehouse or storage facility; or
15		(C) Pier to redistribution;
16	(4)	[Prior to] Before booking the shipment, provide to the
17		[applicable county fire chief:] Hawaii state fire
18		marshal:
19		(A) Written documentation regarding the proposed
20		display event or events and related contact
21		information to allow the fire chief to validate

		the importation of a three-month or six-month
		inventory under section 132D-8.5; and
	(B)	An inventory breakdown for each proposed display;
		and
(5)	At t	he time shipping is booked, the importer or
	cons	ignee shall notify the [appropriate county
	offi	cial as determined by the county] Hawaii state
	fire	marshal in writing of the expected shipment's
	land	ing date[-]; provided that:
	<u>(A)</u>	Notifications shall be made through a system
		designated by the Hawaii state fire marshal; and
·	(B)	If a licensee fails to notify the Hawaii state
		fire marshal two or more times within one year of
		the issuance of a license, the license may be
		revoked."
SECT	ION 9	. Section 132D-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
amended to	o rea	d as follows:
"§132	2D-10	Permits. (a) A permit shall be required for
the purcha	ase a	nd use of:
(1)	Any (consumer fireworks commonly known as firecrackers
	upon	payment of a fee of \$25;
	SECT: amended to "§132 the purcha	(5) At to consoler office fire land (A) (B) SECTION 9 amended to reach "\$132D-10 the purchase and (1) Any (2)

#.B. NO. 1005

1 Any aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles (2) 2 pyrotechnic for the purposes of section 132D-16 upon 3 payment of a fee of \$110; and 4 (3) Any consumer fireworks [for the purposes of section 5 132D 5 or] for cultural uses that occur at any time 6 other than during the periods prescribed in section 7 132D-3(1) upon a payment of a fee of \$25. 8 (b) Each person may purchase a maximum of fifty permits 9 per year." 10 SECTION 10. Section 132D-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 amended to read as follows: **12** "§132D-12 [Sale] Distribution to minors; [sale by minors;] 13 prohibited. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to [offer 14 for sale, sell, or give] distribute any consumer fireworks, 15 aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic to **16** minors, [and for any minor to possess, purchase, sell, or set **17** off, ignite, or otherwise cause to explode any fireworks or 18 articles pyrotechnic, except as provided in section 132D-13. 19 (b) A person who violates this section shall be quilty of 20 a class C felony." 21 SECTION 11. Section 132D-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 22 amended to read as follows:

1	"§13	2D-13 Liability of parents or guardians. [The
2	parents,]	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), it shall be
3	unlawful	for a parent, guardian, [and] or other [persons] person
4	having th	e custody or control of any minor[, who] to knowingly
5	permit th	e minor to [possess,]:
6	(1)	Possess or purchase[, or set] any consumer fireworks,
7		aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles
8		pyrotechnic; or
9	(2)	Set off, ignite, discharge, or otherwise cause to
10		explode any [fireworks] consumer fireworks, aerial
11		devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic[7
12		shall be deemed to be in violation of this chapter and
13		shall be subject to the penalties thereunder, except].
14	<u>(b)</u>	[the parents] The parent or guardian may allow the
15	minor to	use consumer fireworks while under the immediate
16	supervisi	on and control of the parent or guardian, or under the
17	immediate	supervision and control of another adult.
18	<u>(c)</u>	Separate and apart from any civil liability that may
19	result fr	om this or any related incident, and except as provided
20	in subsec	tions (d) and (e), the violation of subsection (a)
21	shall be	a misdemeanor.

1 (d) If any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, 2 display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic set off, ignited, 3 discharged, or otherwise caused to explode in violation of 4 subsection (a)(2) cause substantial bodily injury to another 5 person, the violation of subsection (a) shall be a class C 6 felony. (e) If any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, 7 8 display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic set off, ignited, 9 discharged, or otherwise caused to explode in violation of 10 subsection (a)(2) cause serious bodily injury or death to 11 another person, the violation of subsection (a) shall be a class **12** B felony. 13 (f) The state of mind requirement for subsection (d) and 14 (e) shall not be applicable to whether the person was aware that **15** the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or 16 articles pyrotechnic caused or would cause the injury or death. 17 A person shall be strictly liable with respect to the result 18 that the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, 19 or articles pyrotechnic caused the injury or death." **20** SECTION 12. Section 132D-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 21 amended to read as follows:

1	"§13	2D-14 Penalty. (a) [Any] Except as provided in
2	subsectio	ns (b) and (c), any person:
3	(1)	Importing, storing, or distributing consumer
4		fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or
5		articles pyrotechnic without having a valid license
6		[under] as required pursuant to section 132D-7 [shall
7		be] <u>:</u>
8		(A) Shall be guilty of a class C felony; and
9		(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), if the total
10		weight of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices,
11		display fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic is
12		twenty-five pounds or more, shall be guilty of a
13		class B felony;
14	(2)	Purchasing, possessing, setting off, igniting, [or]
15		discharging, or otherwise causing to explode aerial
16		devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic
17		without a valid permit [under] required pursuant to
18		sections 132D-10 and 132D-16, [or storing, selling, or
19		possessing aerial devices, display fireworks, or
20		articles pyrotechnic without a valid license under
21		section 132D-7, or allowing an individual to possess,
22		set off, ignite, discharge, or otherwise cause to

<u>H</u>.B. NO. 1005

1		expl	ode any acrial device in violation of section
2		132D	-14.5]:
3		(A)	If the total weight of the aerial devices,
4			display fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic is
5			fifty pounds or more, shall be guilty of a class
6			B felony;
7		[(A)]	(B) If the total weight of the aerial devices,
8			display fireworks, [ex] and articles pyrotechnic
9			is twenty-five pounds or more, shall be guilty of
10			a class C felony; [or
11		(B)]	(C) If the total weight of the aerial devices,
12			display fireworks, [ex] and articles pyrotechnic
13			is [less than twenty five pounds,] five pounds or
14			more, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor;
15		(D)	If the total weight of the aerial devices,
16			display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic is
17	·		less than five pounds, and if the total weight
18			cannot be determined, shall be fined \$300 and
19			subject to proceedings under chapter .
20	[-(3) -	Who t	eransfers or sells aerial devices, display
21		fire	works, or articles pyrotechnic to a person who

1		does not have a valid permit under sections 132D-10
2		and 132D-16, shall be guilty of a class C felony; and
3	(4)	Who removes or extracts the pyrotechnic contents from
4		any fireworks or articles pyrotechnic and uses the
5		contents to construct fireworks, articles pyrotechnic,
6		or a fireworks or articles pyrotechnic related device
7		shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.]
8	(b)	Any person who would otherwise be subject to
9	sentencin	g for a criminal offense under subsection (a) shall be
10	guilty of	an offense one class or grade higher, as the case may
11	be, than	that provided in subsection (a) if:
12	(1)	The person has been convicted one or more times for
13		any offense under this chapter within ten years of the
14	<u>-</u>	instant offense; or
15	(2)	Any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
16		fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic imported, stored,
17		distributed, purchased, possessed, set off, ignited,
18		discharged, or otherwise caused to explode in the
19		commission of the offense under subsection (a) cause
20		substantial bodily injury to another person.
21	(c).	Any person who would otherwise be subject to
22	sentencing	g for a criminal offense under subsection (a) shall be

1 guilty of an offense two classes or grades higher, as the case 2 may be, than that provided in subsection (a) if any of the 3 consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or 4 articles pyrotechnic imported, stored, distributed, purchased, 5 possessed, set off, ignited, discharged, or otherwise caused to 6 explode in the commission of the offense under subsection (a) 7 cause serious bodily injury or death to another person. For an 8 offense already classified as a class B felony, the person shall 9 be guilty of a class A felony if any of the consumer fireworks, **10** aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic 11 imported, stored, distributed, purchased, possessed, set off, ignited, discharged, or otherwise caused to explode in the 12 13 commission of the offense under subsection (a) cause serious 14 bodily injury or death to another person. 15 The state of mind requirement for subsections (b) and (d) 16 (c) shall not be applicable to whether the person was aware that 17 any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display 18 fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic caused or would cause the 19 injury or death. A person shall be strictly liable with respect 20 to the attendant circumstance that the consumer fireworks,

aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic

caused the injury or death.

21

1	[(b)] <u>(e)</u> Except as provided in subsection (a), (b), or
2	(c), or as otherwise specifically provided for in this chapter,
3	any person violating any other provision of this chapter, shall
4	be guilty of a violation and fined no less than \$500 and no more
5	than \$5,000 for each violation. [Notwithstanding any provision
6	to the contrary in this section, any person violating section
7	132D-14.5 shall be fined at least \$500 and no more than \$5,000.]
8	[-(c)-] The court shall collect the fines imposed in
9	subsections (a) [and], (b), (c), and (e) for violating this
10	chapter and, of the fines collected, shall pay twenty per cent
11	to the State and eighty per cent to the county in which the fine
12	was imposed, which shall be expended by the county for law
13	enforcement purposes.
14	$[\frac{d}{d}]$ \underline{g} Notwithstanding any penalty set forth herein,
15	violations of subsection (a)(1) $[\frac{or}{(3)}]$ may be subject to
16	nuisance abatement proceedings provided in part V of chapter
17	712.
18	[(e) For the purposes of this section:
19	(1) Each type of prohibited firework imported, purchased,
20	sold, possessed, set off, ignited, or discharged shall
21	constitute a separate violation for each unopened
22	package; and

1	(2)	Each	separate firework imported, purchased, sold,
2		possessed, set off, ignited, or discharged shall be a	
3		sepa	rate violation if the package is opened or the
4		fire	work is not in a package.
5	(f)	For	the purposes of this section, "package":
6	(1)	Mean	s any acrial device, display firework, or article
7		pyro	technic:
8		(A)	Enclosed in a container or wrapped in any manner
9			in advance of wholesale or retail sale; and
10		(B)	With a weight or measure determined in advance of
11			wholesale or retail sale; and
12	(2)	Đoes	not mean:
13		(A)	Inner wrappings not intended to be individually
14			sold to the customer;
15		(B)	Shipping containers or wrapping used solely for
16			the transportation of any commodities in bulk or
17			in quantity;
18		(C)	Auxiliary containers or outer wrappings used to
19			deliver commodities if the containers or
20			wrappings bear no printed matter pertaining to
21			any particular aerial device, display firework,
22	4.1		or article pyrotechnic;

1	(D) -	Containers used for retail tray pack displays
2		when the container itself is not intended to be
3		sold; or
4	(E)	Open carriers and transparent wrappers or
5		carriers for containers when the wrappers or
6		carriers do not bear printed matter pertaining to
7		any particular aerial devices, display fireworks,
8		or articles pyrotechnic.] "
9	SECTION 1	3. Section 132D-14.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to rea	d as follows:
11	" [+] §132D	-14.5[+] Liability of homeowner, renter, or
12	person otherwi	se responsible for real property. (a) A
13	homeowner, ren	ter, or person otherwise responsible for [the]
14	real property	who intentionally, knowingly, [or] <u>recklessly</u>
15	[allows], or no	egligently:
16	(1) Allo	ws an individual, while on the real property, to
17	posse	ess, set off, ignite, <u>discharge</u> , or otherwise
18	cause	e to explode any aerial [device] devices, display
19	fire	works, or articles pyrotechnic without a permit
20	issue	ed pursuant to this chapter shall be [deemed to be
21	in v :	iolation of this chapter and shall be subject to

.B. NO. 1005

1		the penalties specified in section 132D-14(a)(2) and
2		(b).] guilty of a petty misdemeanor;
3	(2)	Allows any aerial devices, display fireworks, articles
4		pyrotechnic, or pyrotechnic composition to be stored
5		in the real property without a license issued pursuant
6		to this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and
7	(3)	Notwithstanding paragraph (2), allows aerial devices,
8		display fireworks, articles pyrotechnic, or
9		pyrotechnic composition to be stored in the real
10		property, if the total weight of the aerial devices,
11	·	display fireworks, articles pyrotechnic, and
12		pyrotechnic composition is twenty-five pounds or more
13		without a license issued pursuant to this chapter,
14		shall be guilty of a class C felony.
15	(b)	Any person who would otherwise be subject to
16	sentencing	g under subsection (a) shall be guilty of an offense
17	one class	or grade higher, as the case may be, than that
18	provided :	in subsection (a) if:
19	(1)	The person has been convicted one or more times for
20		any offense under this chapter within ten years of the
21		instant offense; or

1	(2)	Any of the aerial devices, display fireworks, articles
2		pyrotechnic or pyrotechnic composition possessed, set
3		off, ignited, discharged, otherwise caused to explode,
4		or stored in the violation of subsection (a) cause
5		substantial bodily injury to another person.
6	(c)	Any person who would otherwise be subject to
7	sentencin	g under subsection (a) shall be guilty of an offense
8	two class	es or grades higher, as the case may be, than that
9	provided	in subsection (a) if any of the aerial devices, display
10	fireworks	, articles pyrotechnic, or pyrotechnic composition
11	possessed	, set off, ignited, discharged, otherwise caused to
12	explode,	or stored in the violation of subsection (a) cause
13	serious b	odily injury or death to another person.
14	(d)	The state of mind requirement for subsections (b) and
15	(c) shall	not be applicable to whether the person was aware
16	that any	of the aerial devices, display fireworks, articles
17	pyrotechn	ic or pyrotechnic composition caused or would cause the
18	injury or	death. A person shall be strictly liable with respect
19	to the at	tendant circumstance that the aerial devices, display
20	fireworks	, or articles pyrotechnic caused the injury or death."
21	SECT	ION 14. Section 132D-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22	amended to	o read as follows:

- 1 "[+] §132D-15[+] Notice requirements. Each licensed retail
- 2 outlet shall post adequate notice that clearly cautions each
- 3 person purchasing consumer fireworks of the prohibitions,
- 4 liabilities, and penalties incorporated in sections 132D-12,
- 5 132D-13, [and] 132D-14[-], and 132D-E."
- 6 SECTION 15. Section 132D-17.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 "[+] §132D-17.5[+] County ordinances. (a) Nothing in this
- 9 chapter shall be construed to supersede or in any manner affect
- 10 a county fireworks ordinance; provided that the ordinance is at
- 11 least as stringent in the control or prohibition of consumer
- 12 fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, and articles
- 13 pyrotechnic as the law under this chapter.
- 14 (b) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a county from
- 15 enacting ordinances that are more stringent in the control or
- 16 prohibition of consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
- 17 fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic than this chapter."
- 18 SECTION 16. Section 132D-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- 20 "§132D-21 Health care facilities; report of fireworks and
- 21 articles pyrotechnic incidents. Health care facilities in this
- 22 State shall report all incidents of serious injuries and

- 1 fatalities caused by legal and illegal consumer fireworks,
- 2 aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic to
- 3 the department of health and the police department of the county
- 4 in which the person was attended or treated. All reports shall
- 5 be in writing or in the manner specified by the department of
- 6 health.
- 7 As used in this section, "health care facilities" includes
- 8 any outpatient clinic, emergency room, or physician's office,
- 9 private or public, whether organized for profit or not, used,
- 10 operated, or designed to provide medical diagnosis, treatment,
- 11 nursing, rehabilitative, or preventive care to any person or
- 12 persons. The term includes but is not limited to health care
- 13 facilities that are commonly referred to as hospitals, extended
- 14 care and rehabilitation centers, nursing homes, skilled nursing
- 15 facilities, intermediate care facilities, hospices for the
- 16 terminally ill that require licensure or certification by the
- 17 department of health, kidney disease treatment centers,
- 18 including freestanding hemodialysis units, outpatient clinics,
- 19 organized ambulatory health care facilities, emergency care
- 20 facilities and centers, home health agencies, health maintenance
- 21 organizations, and others providing similarly organized services
- 22 regardless of nomenclature."

#.B. NO. 1005

1 Section 132D-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is SECTION 17. 2 amended to read as follows: 3 "[+] §132D-22[+] Entry onto premises; inspection of premises, books, and records; obstructing [law enforcement or 4 5 fire department] inspector operations; penalty. (a) Any [law 6 enforcement or fire officer] inspector may, at reasonable hours, 7 enter and inspect the premises of a licensee or permittee and 8 any relevant books or records therein to verify compliance with 9 this chapter and the conditions of the license or permit. 10 (b) Upon a request by any [law enforcement or fire 11 officer] inspector to enter and inspect the premises of a 12 licensee or permittee at reasonable hours, the licensee, the 13 permittee, or an employee of the licensee or permittee shall 14 make available for immediate inspection and examination the 15 premises and all relevant books and records therein. **16** Any licensee or permittee who refuses the [law 17 enforcement or fire officer] inspector entry or access to the 18 premises, books, or records shall be in violation of the 19 conditions of the license or permit. After a hearing, the **20** issuing department shall suspend or revoke the license or permit 21 for refusing entry or access or for violations of any other 22 requirement or condition of the license or permit or any

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H.B. NO. 1005

1	provision of this chapter or rule adopted pursuant to this
2	chapter. The issuing department shall provide the licensee or
3	permittee with a written notice and order describing the basis
4	for the suspension or revocation. Any person aggrieved by the
5	suspension or revocation determination may request a contested
6	case hearing pursuant to chapter 91. To request a contested
7	case hearing, the person shall submit a written request to the
8	issuing department within thirty calendar days of the date of
9	the notice and order of the suspension or revocation. Appeal to
10	the circuit court under section 91-14, or any other applicable
11	statute, shall only be taken from the issuing department's final
12	order pursuant to a contested case.
13	(d) Any licensee, permittee, employee of a licensee or
14	permittee, or other person who:
15	(1) Threatens with the use of violence, force, or physical
16	interference or obstacle, or hinders, obstructs, or
17	prevents any [law enforcement or fire officer,]
18	inspector, or any person assisting (a law enforcement

or fire officer, an inspector, from entering into the

premises of the licensee or permittee; or

1 Opposes, obstructs, or molests [a law enforcement or 2 fire officer] an inspector in the officer's 3 enforcement of this chapter, 4 shall be quilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of no more than \$2,000 or imprisonment for no more than one year, or 5 6 both. 7 If any [law enforcement or fire officer] inspector, 8 having demanded admittance onto the premises of a licensee or 9 permittee and declared the [officer's] inspector's name and 10 office, is not admitted by the licensee, permittee, or person in 11 charge of the premises, the [officer] inspector may use force to 12 enter the premises. (f) For purposes of this section [-7]: 13 14 "Inspector" means any county fire department officer, 15 including firefighters. 16 ["premises] "Premises of a licensee or permittee" does not **17** include the licensee's or permittee's private residence or a 18 dwelling that is considered to be the person's [home,] dwelling, including a [single family] single-family house, apartment unit, 19 20 condominium, townhouse, or cooperative unit." 21 SECTION 18. Section 571-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 22 amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:

1	"(f) The judge, or the senior judge if there is more than
2	one, may by order confer concurrent jurisdiction on a district
3	court created under chapter 604 to hear and dispose of cases of
4	violation of traffic laws, <u>traffic</u> ordinances, [or] emergency
5	period rules, or fireworks infractions established pursuant to
6	chapter , by children, provision to the contrary in section
7	571-11 or elsewhere notwithstanding. The exercise of
8	jurisdiction over children by district courts shall,
9	nevertheless, be considered noncriminal in procedure and result
10	in the same manner as though the matter had been adjudicated and
11	disposed of by a family court."
12	SECTION 19. Section 601-3.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
14	"(a) There is established in the state treasury a special
15	fund to be known as the judiciary computer system special fund,
16	which shall contain the following:
17	(1) Moneys collected from administrative fees pursuant to
18	section 287-3(a);
19	(2) Fees prescribed by the supreme court by rule of court
20	for electronic document certification, electronic
21	copies of documents, and for providing bulk access to
22	electronic court records and compilations of data; and



- 8 adjudications process established by section 2 of this Act.
- 9 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the judiciary for 10 the purposes of this Act.
- SECTION 21. This Act does not affect rights and duties
 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
 were begun before its effective date.
- SECTION 22. In codifying the new sections added by section

 3 and referenced in sections 6 and 14 of this Act, the revisor

 of statutes shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the

 letters used in designating the new sections in this Act.
- 18 SECTION 23. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 19 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

1	SECTION 24.	This Act shall take effect	upon its approval.
2			12 1A 1
3		INTRODUCED BY:	K. /helpe
4			BY REQUEST
			JAN 2 1 2025

Report Title:

Fireworks; Criminal Offenses; Penalties; Infractions

Description:

Amends multiple definitions and penalties for fireworks offenses, including heightened penalties if another person suffers substantial bodily injury, serious bodily injury, or death as a result of the fireworks offenses. Establishes criminal offenses of general fireworks or articles pyrotechnic prohibitions in the first and second degree; sending or receiving fireworks or articles pyrotechnic by air delivery; distributing fireworks or articles pyrotechnic to non-permit holder; removal or extraction of pyrotechnic contents; consumer fireworks prohibitions; refusal to provide identification; and violating requirements of carrier. Establishes an adjudication system and procedures to process fireworks infractions; makes an appropriation.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Attorney General

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO FIREWORKS.

PURPOSE:

To more effectively deter the importation, sale and use of illicit fireworks in Hawaii, by: (1) increasing penalties for and clarifying existing fireworks-related offenses; (2) creating additional fireworks-related offenses; (3) amending certain fireworks-related definitions; and (4) creating a more robust continuum of fireworks enforcement mechanisms, including heightened penalties when illicit fireworks cause serious or substantial bodily injury or death, as well as fireworks infractions for low-level offenses.

MEANS:

Adding a new chapter to the Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), for the adjudication of fireworks infractions; adding seven sections to chapter 132D, HRS; and amending sections 132D-2, 132D-5, 132D-6, 132D-7, 132D-8.6, 132D-10, 132D-12, 132D-13, 132D-14, 132D-14.5, 132D-15, 132D-17.5, 132D-21, 132D-22, 571-41, and 601-3.7, HRS.

JUSTIFICATION:

This comprehensive bill is needed because much too often, illicit fireworks have caused and continue to cause some members of our community to suffer from severe respiratory issues, property damage, physical injuries, permanent disfigurement, and occasionally death; illicit fireworks can also be traumatic for pets and retraumatize some community members who suffer from post-traumatic stress disorder.

While law enforcement has made concerted efforts to enforce the existing fireworks control laws, substantial statutory changes are needed to make the existing laws more effective for purposes of enforcement and prosecution. A more comprehensive continuum of penalties for fireworks-related offenses,

as provided in this bill, ranging from infractions to class A felonies, would allow law enforcement agencies and the courts to prioritize limited resources on higher-level offenses, particularly those that are likely to have the most widespread or dangerous effects, and those that cause serious or substantial bodily injury or death. Higher penalties, and mandatory enhanced sentencing for repeat offenders, as well as the importation, storage, distribution, or use of illicit fireworks that cause injury or death, would also serve as a stronger deterrent to would-be offenders.

Impact on the public: It is hoped this bill will help to improve public health and safety by decreasing the amount of illicit fireworks brought into the state or set off within our communities.

Impact on the department and other agencies:
This bill will provide law enforcement with additional tools to enforce fireworks prohibitions, not only by creating new fireworks-related offenses and raising penalties for existing offenses, but also by establishing fireworks infractions as an expedient means of enforcing against illegal fireworks purchases and/or usage involving small amounts of fireworks.

GENERAL FUND:

None.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM
DESIGNATION:

None.

OTHER AFFECTED AGENCIES:

County police departments, prosecutors, fire

departments, and the Judiciary

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.