

STATE OF HAWAI'I | KA MOKU'ĀINA O HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND GENERAL SERVICES | KA 'OIHANA LOIHELU A LAWELAWE LAULĀ

OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY SERVICES | KE'ENA HO'OLANA 'ENEHANA

P.O. BOX 119. HONOLULU. HAWAII 96810-0119

September 19, 2025

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi President of the Senate and Members of the Senate Thirty-Third State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813 The Honorable Nadine K. Nakamura Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives Thirty-Third State Legislature State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Aloha Senate President Kouchi, House Speaker Nakamura, and Members of the Legislature:

Pursuant to HRS section 27-43.6, which requires the Chief Information Officer to submit applicable independent verification and validation (IV&V) reports to the Legislature within ten days of receiving the report, please find attached the report the Office of Enterprise Technology Services received for the State of Hawai'i, Department of Human Services, Systems Modernization Project.

In accordance with HRS section 93-16, this report may be viewed electronically at http://ets.hawaii.gov (see "Reports").

Sincerely,

Christine M. Sakuda Chief Information Officer State of Hawai'i

Attachments (2)



Hawaii Department of Human Services Systems Modernization Project

Final IV&V Status Report for Reporting Period: August 1 – 31, 2025

Submitted: September 18, 2025



Overview

- Executive Summary
- IV&V Findings and Recommendations
- IV&V Engagement Status
- Appendices
 - A IV&V Criticality Ratings
 - B Risk Identification Report
 - C Acronyms and Glossary
 - D Background Information



Executive Summary

Executive Summary



During August, the BES project team concentrated on System Integration Testing (SIT). Concurrently, DHS and the ASI resumed efforts in Organizational Change Management (OCM), Implementation Readiness, and Training to prepare for the Pilot and Statewide go-live. The IV&V team has identified risks and concerns in the areas below and is working with the ASI and DHS to minimize or clarify risks to the project.

Requirements Management:

- The ASI has not yet completed updates to ensure all requirement documentation is current and accurate.
- DHS lacks visibility into which contractual requirements have been implemented and tested.
- The absence of a comprehensive Requirements Traceability Matrix (RTM) poses a risk of securing federal partner approval for initiating User Acceptance Testing (UAT), which would delay the Pilot and overall project schedule.
- IV&V notes that the DHS-approved schedule has the RTM submitted to DHS in December 2025. The project team needs early identification of all requirements required for Pilot to minimize the impact to the schedule, DHS resources (rework), and downstream planned activities (e.g. Reporting, ADA, Disaster Recovery, Service Level Agreement Reporting).

Testing:

- The ASI initiated execution of end-to-end (E2E) testing. This comprehensive, process-focused testing uses the BES application in a manner more closely aligned with how DHS will use the system.
- Defect discovery continues to outpace resolution, raising concerns that ASI technical resources may not be adequate. However, the team has made meaningful progress, resolving approximately 78% of the defects reported in August.

IV&V and DHS have concerns that the project's federal partner has indicated that new legislation (OBBBA) is likely to require the project to implement additional system requirements. Adding these requirements during the late stages of the software development lifecycle could lead to increased cost and/or delay go-live.

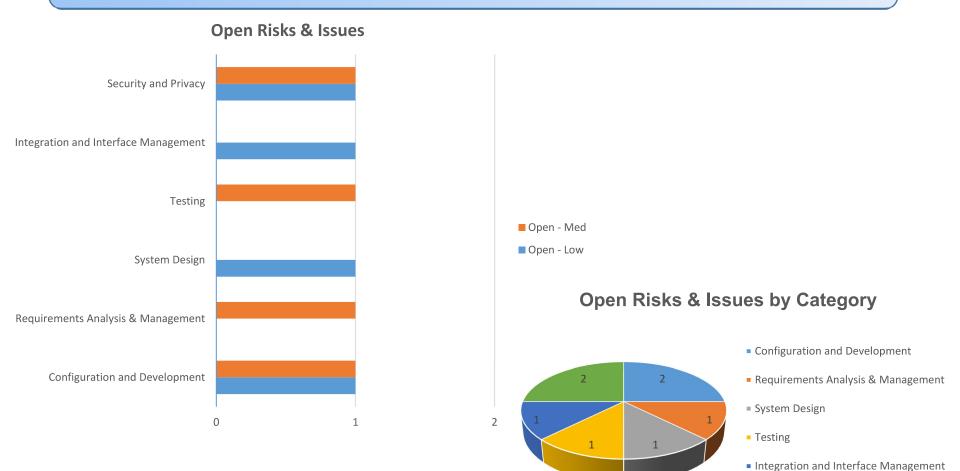
Executive Summary



Jun	Jul	Aug	Category	IV&V Observations
L	L	L	System Design	Communication between the DHS shared platform and BES teams has improved, lowering the risk of unexpected integration issues, while the project has introduced a new Al tool to enhance user support. Differences in operational processes identified during Maintenance and Operations planning — particularly in Security and Incident Management—may complicate implementation timelines and support planning.
M	M	M	Configuration and Development	The ASI has additional development work for recently identified change requests. With SIT underway, and the possibility of development not being completed prior to start of UAT, IV&V is concerned that this late-stage development work might delay the Project.
L	L	L	Integration and Interface Management	Delays initiating physical/technical interface test execution are compressing the System Integration Testing (SIT) timeline, reducing the amount of time the project team must complete testing, analyze and resolve defects, and conduct retesting. This late start increases the risk of unresolved defects/issues impacting User Acceptance Testing (UAT) and subsequent project phases.
M	M	M	Testing	The ASI continued addressing defects, with approximately 73% of all high-severity and high priority defects being resolved by month end.
M	M	M	Security and Privacy	The ASI plans to have the new baseline SSP authored and published by the end of September 2025.
M	M	M	Requirements Analysis & Management	DHS and ASI conducted four sessions to finalize the mapping of all contract requirements, ensuring accurate traceability in JIRA for the RTM deliverable. This effort is critical to confirm that all BES functionality has been properly developed and validated, minimizing the risk of rework or delays; the RTM is scheduled for delivery on 12/23/25.



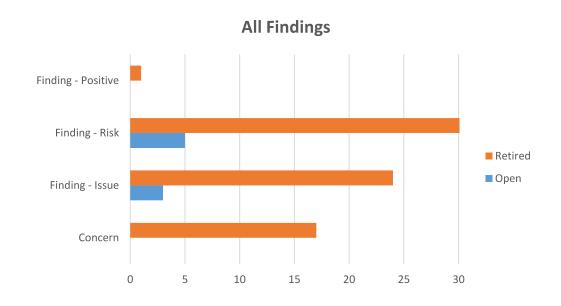
As of the August 2025 reporting period, PCG is tracking 8 open findings (5 risks, 3 issues) and has retired 83 findings. Of the 8 open findings, 4 are Medium, and 4 are Low.



Security and Privacy



The following figure provides a breakdown of the 91 IV&V findings (positive, risks, issues, concerns) by status (open, retired).





Findings Opened During the Reporting Period

#	Finding	Category
	None	



Findings Retired During the Reporting Period

#	Finding	Category
	None	



Preliminary Concerns Investigated During the Reporting Period

	#	Finding	Category
1	108	Preliminary Concern Unplanned federally mandated system requirements could lead to project delays and increase the project budget. Observation As part of the OBBBA, there are several new SNAP requirements of which some are	Requirements Analysis &
106		awaiting FNS implementation guidance. Examples include; new conditions for work requirements, prior ABAWD waivers, new exemption classes, and standard utility deductions. The project is currently in the Systems Integration Test (SIT) phase, and the new requirements have yet to be fully defined, developed, and tested.	Management



Preliminary Concerns Investigated During the Reporting Period (cont.)

#	Finding	Category
	Preliminary Concern (Continued)	
	Unplanned federally mandated system requirements could lead to project delays and increase the project budget	
	Significance	
	In 2024, DHS and the ASI agreed to transition from an "Agile" to a "Waterfall" software development life cycle to reduce the risk of future schedule delays. The Waterfall approach requires all requirements to move through the development as a single set of program code, processes, and procedures, ensuring that functionality is tested holistically. Once testing is complete, DHS can be confident that the base system is stable, performs as intended, and that functional interactions operate correctly.	Requirements
108	As the BES system is currently in the testing phase, introducing new requirements at this stage could create several challenges for the BES Pilot Release:	Analysis & Management
	 Rework – Functionality previously tested may need to be retested as new code is introduced. Training materials, content, and operational processes may also require updates to reflect the changes. 	Ü
	 Schedule Delays – If new requirements are added, the project team may defer testing of existing functionality until the new functionality is developed and ready, potentially delaying the Pilot and Statewide Implementation start dates. 	
	 Resources – Additional effort may be required to define, develop, and test new requirements. This could necessitate more ASI and DHS staff support, as well as technical adjustments (e.g., keeping development environments active longer than originally planned). 	



System Design

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
	Risk – The planned BES infrastructure is complex which could be difficult to implement and maintain and could lead to schedule/cost impacts.	
73	The ASI indicated that communication between the DHS shared platform team and the BES project has improved, reducing the likelihood of unforeseen or unexpected issues arising from the shared platform moving forward. The project elected to add a new AI tool to its suite of tools to assist users with online help and user guides. During recent Maintenance and Operations (M&O) planning sessions, the project team identified areas such as Security and Incident Management where BES infrastructure operational processes may differ from those used in the legacy systems. How this added complexity will impact implementation schedules and the scope of M&O planning and support, is not yet known.	L

Recommendations	
 ASI develop a process to closely monitor cloud and other product changes (software updates/new releases), manage changes, and regression test once updates are applied. 	In Process
 The project team work to establish strong governance over the utilization and maintenance of various tools/components. 	In Process
 ASI allot time in the schedule to conduct proof of concepts to assure infrastructure components work as expected. 	In Process
 ASI maintain a detailed schedule for DevOps implementation tasks to avoid unexpected delays that could delay project milestones and the critical path. 	In Process



Configuration and Development

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
70	Risk – Insufficient configuration management could lead to development confusion and reduce the effectiveness of defect resolution. No material update in this reporting period.	L

Recommendations	Progress
 ASI adhere to plans for configuration management as documented in BI-6 DDI Plan, Section 5.2 and clarify details and/or any changes with DHS. 	In Process
 ASI validate plans for configuration management with DHS and agree on a meaningful set of configuration items or settings they will track. 	In Process



Configuration and Development

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
80	Issue – Development delays have negatively impacted the project schedule and delayed go-live. The ASI is reporting System Integration Testing (SIT) is progressing as planned. IV&V continues to monitor for potential development delays and/or code quality issues that may impact the effectiveness and timely completion of the SIT phase. The project team indicated they plan to introduce new functionality during UAT which may slow defect repairs, rework and add additional complexity for developers to manage resulting in the least impact to the project and project team.	M

Recommendations	Progress
 ASI provides DHS with the time needed to effectively evaluate the software demonstrations (demos) and elicit productive design discussions with DHS attendees during each demo. 	In Process
 IV&V recommends the project closely monitor progress on the customer correspondence CR and create a mitigation strategy to avoid delays. 	In Process



Integration and Interface Management

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
	Risk – Due to the lack of physical and technical (Transport Layer) testing of the interfaces and data transfer failure, conditions may exist with data format, boundaries, and dependencies. These failures may result in intermittent and hard-to-isolate problems or errors.	
93	Jira tickets are actively being created to define the specific tests required for each interface. As in the previous testing cycle, these tickets outline test objectives and predefined scenarios rather than detailed, step-by-step scripts. Delays initiating test execution are reducing the available time within the SIT window to complete testing, analyze defects, resolve issues, and conduct retesting. The late start further constrains efforts to address defects before UAT, increasing the risk that unresolved defects/issues may impact downstream phases of the project.	L

Recommendations				
API interfaces should be tested for failure conditions during connection and transfer operations.	In Process			
FTP and file interfaces should be tested for data and file integrity.	In Process			
 Test data fields for system impacts resulting from data that is poorly formatted, out of range, or other unexpected data transmission errors. 	In Process			



Testing

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
	Issue – Gaps in test coverage and slower-than-expected progress in testing may result in schedule delays if subsequent test phases uncover a higher volume of defects and user feedback than initially anticipated.	
83	SIT testing continues to progress. While execution of E2E tests is underway, a substantial portion remains outstanding while blocking defects are being addressed. Timely execution of these tests will enable prompt detection of critical integration issues, validate system stability, and reinforce stakeholder confidence. Recent trends indicate that while the weekly rate of defect discovery remains higher than the rate of resolution, steady progress is observed, with approximately 60% of all high-severity and high-priority defects being resolved by month end. To date in the SIT phase, the highest defect volumes have been found in the following areas, with solid progress made toward resolving them in each: • Eligibility • Batches • ADA • Interview	M
	Data conversion validation testing is underway to proactively mitigate potential UAT issues. Adjustments are ongoing, and BES-conversion defects are being actively resolved.	

Recommendations	Progress
DHS and ASI revisit the testing approach to prioritize completion of remaining test activities and conduct comprehensive System Integration testing (SIT) to minimize defect leakage to User Acceptance Testing (UAT).	In Progress
ASI test team provide a visual of progress of test case execution compared to current testing schedule.	New



Security and Privacy

#		Key Findings	Criticality Rating
		Issue – The lack of technical documentation may lead to incorrect implementation statements or delay the System Security Plan (SSP).	
82	2	The ASI completed a security impact analysis (SIA) procedure for changes that are introduced to the BES system to prevent changes that might cause a compromised component of BES. The SIA is currently in a review and comment period, which will conclude on August 29, 2025. The ASI began testing the IRS Computer Security Evaluation Matrix (SCSEM) by loading the SCSEM profiles in Tenable Nessus to scan BES servers and other devices. Scanning the BES systems with the IRS SCSEMS will identify where a computing device is not compliant with the IRS requirements. The ASI is completing the updates to the System Security Plan (SSP) to ensure accuracy of the implementation statements. The ASI plans to have the new baseline SSP authored and published by the end of September 2025.	L

Recommendations	Progress
Collaborate and communicate with SSP authors about when reliable and correct documentation will be available.	In Process
 Include the Secure Enclave within the work breakdown structure along with the known tasks related to the IRS Assessment to continue receiving FTI in BES. 	Closed



Security and Privacy

#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
	Risk – Critical and high vulnerability and configuration scan findings are not remediated within the documented timeframes, potentially impacting the project schedule and causing delays.	
106	As of August 27, 2025, BES had 28 critical findings in an open state outside the 15-day remediation timeframe, and 3 critical findings were within the timeframe. BES had 52 high-rated findings in an open state outside the 30-day remediation timeframe, and 42 high-rated findings were within the timeframe. 10 critical findings and 30 high findings are part of the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure, which Oracle is supposed to patch quarterly.	M

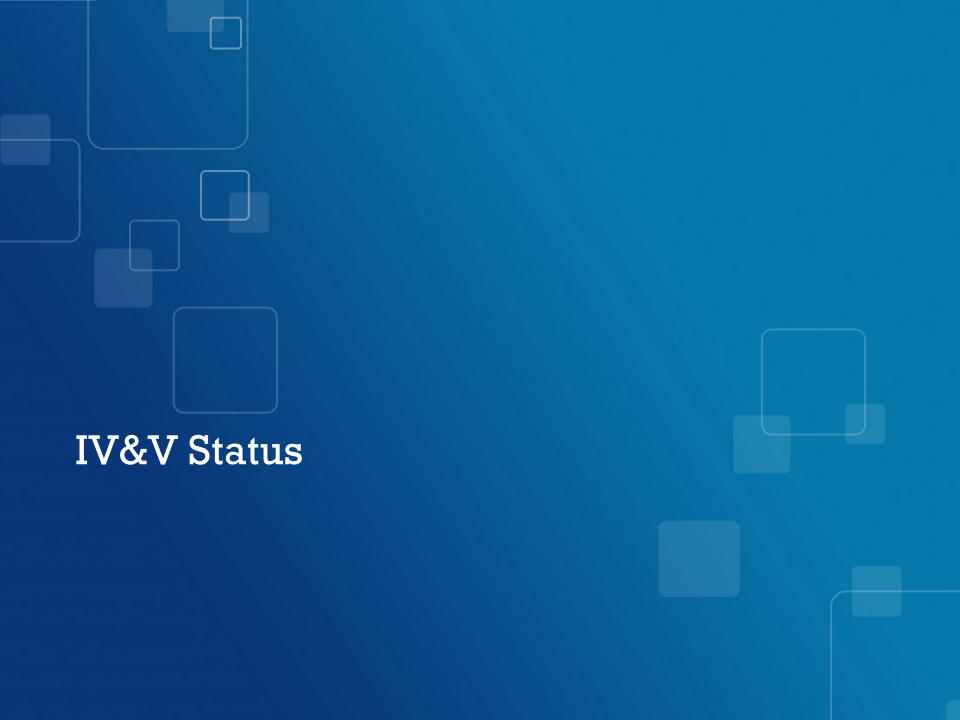
Recommendations	Progress
Implement an escalation process to involve senior leadership if deadlines are missed.	In Progress



Requirements Analysis & Management

	#	Key Findings	Criticality Rating
		Risk - The lack of an effective way to validate BES requirements could lead to project delays and unfulfilled user needs if DHS later identifies unmet contractual requirements.	
Ş	94	DHS and the ASI held four working sessions to continue to review and agree upon the remaining deferred, obsolete and in/out of scope contract requirements to ensure all requirements for the project are mapped correctly. This will help to verify the complete and accurate traceability of the contract requirements in the JIRA tool that is being used to generate the Requirements Traceability Matrix (RTM) Deliverable. A finalized set of mapped requirements must be established to be able to confirm that all necessary BES functionality and supporting components have been developed and have been validated during past, current and future testing phases. Missed or misunderstood requirements may lead to rework, new development and/or project schedule delays. The RTM is currently scheduled to be delivered by the ASI to DHS on 12/23/25.	M

Recommendations	Progress
 Develop a document that provides DHS with a feasible and effective way to map contract requirements to passed test cases, and, per the BI-19 (Complete and Final Test Plan),"Maps the implementation, functional and technical requirements to the test cases and test scripts". 	In Process
 Ensure test scripts thoroughly and comprehensively test the system to assure each requirement has been fully met. 	In Process
 Develop a deliverable that provides an audit trail for changes to the requirements from the contract such as obsoleted requirements, when that decision was made, and the change requests. 	In Process
 Provide weekly updates about the clean-up efforts in JIRA regarding incorrect statuses of epics, use case, and requirements. 	In Process



IV&V Engagement Status



IV&V Engagement Area	Jun	Jul	Aug	Comments
IV&V Budget				
IV&V Schedule				
IV&V Deliverables				PCG submitted the final July IV&V Monthly Status Report.
IV&V Staffing				
IV&V Scope				

	Engagement Status Legend	
The engagement area is within acceptable parameters.	The engagement area is somewhat outside acceptable parameters.	The engagement area poses a significant risk to the IV&V project quality and requires immediate attention.

IV&V Activities



- IV&V activities in the August reporting period:
 - Completed July Monthly Status Report
 - Ongoing Review the BES Project Artifacts and Deliverables
 - Ongoing Attend BES Project meetings (see <u>Additional Inputs</u> pages for details)
 - Ongoing Review available ASI contracts and contract amendment documentation
- Planned IV&V activities for the September reporting period:
 - Ongoing Observe BES Design and Development sessions as scheduled
 - Ongoing Observe Bi-Weekly Project Status meetings
 - Ongoing Observe Weekly Architecture meetings
 - Ongoing Observe Weekly Security meetings
 - Ongoing Monthly IV&V findings meetings with the ASI
 - Ongoing Monthly IV&V Draft Report Review with DHS, ETS, and ASI
 - Ongoing Participate in Bi-Weekly DHS and IV&V Touch Base meetings
 - Ongoing Review BES artifacts and deliverables

Deliverables Reviewed



Deliverable Name	Deliverable Date	Version
BI-05 Project Schedule	08/06/2025, 08/12/2025, 08/20/2025, 08/26/2025	N/A
BI-02 Project Status Report	08/06/2025, 08/12/2025, 08/20/2025, 08/26/2025	N/A
BES Procedure for Conducting Security Impact Analysis (SIA)	8/13/2025	N/A

Additional Inputs – Artifacts



Artifact Name	Artifact Date	Version
FNS Handbook 901	01/2020	V2.4
NIST Special Publication 800-53 Security and Privacy Controls for Information Systems and Organizations	12/20/2020	Rev.5
R0.13 SIT Defect Dashboard	N/A	N/A
Interface Dashboard – Confluence page	N/A	N/A
Jira Requirements Details	N/A	N/A
Jira Testing Lists	N/A	N/A
BES RO.13 System Testing Results - CRs and Pending Epics	N/A	N/A
BES R0.13 System Testing Results - Core	N/A	N/A

Additional Inputs



Meetings and/or Sessions Attended/Observed:

- 1. IV&V Team Meeting 8/4/2025, 8/11/2025, 8/18/2025, 8/25/2025
- 2. IV&V/ASI June Pre-draft Review –8/6/2025
- 3. HI DHS BES June Draft IV&V Report Review 8/13/2025
- 4. Bi-Weekly DHS BES PMO/IV&V Check-in 8/28/2025
- 5. Bi-Weekly DHS and IV&V Touch Base 8/5/2025, 8/19/2025
- 6. Weekly BES Infrastructure meeting 8/1/2025, 8/8/2025, 8/22/2025, 8/29/2025
- 7. Weekly Client BES 2023 Project Status Meeting 8/6/2025, 8/13/2025, 8/20/2025, 8/27/2025
- 8. Security Touchpoint 8/6/2025, 8/13/2025, 8/20/2025, 8/27/2025
- 9. (Externa(I) Weekly Interfaces Touchpoint 8/4/2025, 8/18/2025, 8/25.2025
- 10. (External) Bi-weekly BES CCB Meeting 8/6/2025, 8/13/2025, 8/20/2025, 8/27/2025
- 11. (External) BES 1.0 Release Deliverables Response 8/19/2025, 8/22/2025
- 12. (External) C!A Current Monthly Checkpoint 8/5/2025
- 13. (External) BES M&O Working Group 8/6/2025, 8/20/2025, 8/27/2025
- 14. (External) Weekly BES Testing Workgroup Meeting 8/7/2025, 8/14/2025, 8/21/2025, 8/28/2025
- 15. (External) BES Readiness/BI-29 Updates 8/25/2025
- 16. eWorld/IV&V Mid-Month Check-in 8/26/2025
- 17. (External) BES: FNS Connect 8/7/2025
- 18. (External) BES: OCM and Communications 8/11/2025, 8/25/2025
- 19. (External) BES Data Conversion DC Validation Issue Huddle 8/12/2025, 8/19/2025





Appendix A – IV&V Criticality Ratings

Criticality Rating	Definition
Н	A high rating is assigned if there is a possibility of substantial impact to product quality, scope, cost, or schedule. A major disruption is likely, and the consequences would be unacceptable. A different approach is required. Mitigation strategies should be evaluated and acted upon immediately.
M	A medium rating is assigned if there is a possibility of moderate impact to product quality, scope, cost, or schedule. Some disruption is likely, and a different approach may be required. Mitigation strategies should be evaluated and implemented as soon as feasible.
L	A low rating is assigned if there is a possibility of slight impact to product quality, scope, cost, or schedule. Minimal disruption is likely, and some oversight is most likely needed to ensure that the risk remains low. Mitigation strategies should be considered for implementation when possible.

Appendix B – Findings Log



The complete Findings Log for the BES Project is provided in a separate file.

Appendix C – Acronyms and Glossary



Acronym	Definition
APD	Advance Planning Document
ASI	Application System Integrator
BES	Benefits Eligibility Solution
CCWIS	Comprehensive Child Welfare Information System
CM	Configuration Management
CMMI	Capability Maturity Model Integration
CMS	Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services
CR	Change Request
DDI	Design, Development and Implementation
DED	Deliverable Expectation Document
DHS	Hawaii Department of Human Services
DLV	Deliverable
E&E	Eligibility and Enrollment
EA	Enterprise Architecture
ECM	Enterprise Content Management (FileNet and DataCap)
ESI	Enterprise System Integrator (Platform Vendor)
ETS	State of Hawaii Office of Enterprise Technology Services
FIPS	Federal Information Processing Standard
HIPAA	Health Information Portability and Accountability Act of 1996
IDM	Identity and Access Management (from KOLEA to State Hub)
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IES	Integrated Eligibility Solution
ITIL	Information Technology Infrastructure Library



Appendix C – Acronyms and Glossary

Acronym	Definition
IV&V	Independent Verification and Validation
KOLEA	Kauhale On-Line Eligibility Assistance
M&O	Maintenance & Operations
MEELC	Medicaid Eligibility and Enrollment Life Cycle
MEET	Medicaid Eligibility and Enrollment Toolkit
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
MQD	Hawaii Department of Human Services MedQuest Division
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
OE	Operating Environment
OIT	Department of Human Services Office of Information Technology
PIP	Performance/Process Improvement Plan
PMBOK®	Project Management Body of Knowledge
PMI	Project Management Institute
PMO	Project/Program Management Office
PMP	Project Management Plan
QA	Quality Assurance
QM	Quality Management
RFP	Request for Proposal
ROM	Rough Order of Magnitude
RMP	Requirements Management Plan
RTM	Requirements Traceability Matrix
SEI	Software Engineering Institute
SLA	Service-Level Agreement
SME	Subject Matter Expert



Appendix C – Acronyms and Glossary

Acronym	Definition
SOA	Service Oriented Architecture
SOW	Statement of Work, Scope of Work
VVP	Software Verification and Validation Plan
XLC	Expedited Life Cycle

Appendix D – Background Information



Systems Modernization Project

The DHS Enterprise Program Roadmap includes contracting with three separate vendors with the following high-level scope:

- ESI or Platform Vendor responsible for the shared technology and services required for multiple Application vendors to implement and support functionality that leverages the DHS Enterprise Platform.
- ASI or ASI Vendor responsible for the DDI of the Benefits Eligibility Solution (BES Project) enhancing the currently implemented Medicaid E&E Solution (KOLEA) and providing support for the combined Solutions.
- CCWIS Vendor responsible for the DDI of the CCWIS Solution to meet the needs of child welfare services and adult protective services (CCWIS Project) and providing support for the Solution.

Systems Modernization IV&V Project

IV&V performs objective assessments of the design, development/configuration and implementation (DDI) of DHS' System Modernization Projects. DHS has identified three high-risk areas where IV&V services are required:

- Transition of M&O from DHS' incumbent vendor to the ESI and ASI vendors
- BES DDI
- CCWIS DDI

On the BES DDI Project, IV&V is responsible for:

- Evaluating efforts performed by the Project (processes, methods, activities) for consistency with federal requirements and industry best practices and standards
- Reviewing or validating the work effort performed and deliverables produced by the ASI vendor as well as that of DHS to ensure alignment with project requirements
- Anticipating project risks, monitoring project issues and risks, and recommending potential risk mitigation strategies
 and issue resolutions throughout the Project's life cycle
- Developing and providing independent project oversight reports to DHS, ASI vendors, State of Hawaii Office of Enterprise Technology Services (ETS) and DHS' Federal partners

Appendix D – Background Information



What is Independent Verification and Validation (IV&V)?

- Oversight by an independent third party that assesses the Project against industry standards to provide an unbiased view to stakeholders
- The goal of IV&V is to help the State get the solution they want based on requirements and have it built according to best practices
- IV&V helps improve design visibility and traceability and identifies (potential) problems early
- IV&V objectively identifies risks and communicates to project leadership for risk management

PCG's Eclipse IV&V® Technical Assessment Methodology

- Consists of a 4-part process made up of the following areas:
 - 1. **Discovery** Discovery consists of reviewing documentation, work products and deliverables, interviewing project team members, and determining applicable standards, best practices and tools.
 - 2. Research and Analysis Research and analysis is conducted in order to form an objective opinion.
 - 3. Clarification Clarification from project team members is sought to ensure agreement and concurrence of facts between the State, the Vendor, and PCG.
 - 4. Delivery of Findings Findings, observations, and risk assessments are documented in this monthly report and the accompanying Findings and Recommendations log. These documents are then shared with project leadership on both the State and Vendor side for them to consider and take appropriate action on.

IV&V Assessment Categories for the BES Project

- Project Management
- Requirements Analysis & Management
- System Design
- Configuration and Development
- Integration and Interface Management
- Data Management and Conversion

- Security and Privacy
- Testing
- OCM and Knowledge Transfer
- Pilot Test Deployment
- Deployment

Ending Slide



Solutions that Matter

	Web Commit	In 1912/2023 of the control of the c	1997/2034 In the control of the con	No. 14700001 An entitlent at the Fernish An entitlent at the Fernish An entitlent at the An entitle at the An e
	Chen Comment	controllange in an opportunity and controllange are controllange as controllange as controllange as controllange as controllange as controllange as part of cell to cell cell cell cell cell cell cell cel	the state of the s	first the tree street, if you have been controlled to the street, the street, the street of the street, and street of the street, and stre
	of the state of th	WERTORISTS, and external TOURS IN EAST to resident integers are open integers to the control of the control of the control of the control of the resident by School of the control of the control of the control of the medical policy of the control of the control of the control of the medical policy of the control of the c	receives and agree course for remaining element, choicals and folior of Engorage and agree course for remaining element, choicals and folior of Engorage and agree course for remaining element, choicals and folior of Engorage content, in an inflament of the support of the supp	MISTINGS.—It is cause as earliery beginned self-self-self-self-self-self-self-self-
Finding		Open \$1,320,000.50 Whith the complete the c	Open 8/3/8/55 SM contractive	Open (ALTONS - 1) and a sett required to the chart of the
Analyst	Ag	3 Med	3 Med	2 [cw
	mpact (Market Market Ma	the fils sessioners as the fils sessioners of the fils sessioners of the next two party transformers.	3.	e do
	fort form	indexing a Doday. The property of the propert	Suit proposales and S/10/2004	out to the confine of
	omeration	In PRINCISE DIRECTOR IN PROCESSION IN PROCES	The IN IN INTEGED STORE A COUNTY OF A COUN	onto a will interest solding be resided to Market condition onto an att sording ventions. The adult in territories of the condition and tradition of sections. The adult is required to section and tradition. The adult is required to section and tradition. The market sold software management of the condition of t
	The State of the size of special to installed from a "Note" of the state of special to installed the size of the s	es risk i formation are obtained specially controlled in est risk i formation are remedient with the expension of the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in in the controlled in the controlled in the controlled in t	to be about the control of the contr	This starting is considered to inflored their protect intercent of a Princet should be tradition should be trade to effect inflored control of the protect intercent of the protect intercent of the protect of the protect intercent of the protect o
	Contractions. As part of the Collect, that are several raw, 20ch requirements of which contracts are contracts and contracts are contracted as a contract of the contract are contracted and contract are contracted and contract. The contract contract are contracted and contract are contracted as a contract and contracted and contract are contracted and contracted and contracted and contracted are contracted and contracted as a contracted and contracted are contracted as a contracted and contracted are contracted as a contracted and contracted and contracted are contracted as a contr	The Its system about control with control to the co	The statement in the statement in the statement in the statement of the st	Ande from the functional installs accomplished during spec tearlist, streating data flow tearing is usually part of an mention definition.
Identified			4757272 Requirements Analysis & Analysis a	4/35/202 beggenen et vorface variation et vorface v
Finding Identi	Concern			Fording - Risk
		Heath, boarin of	daden BES Morrill, St. Cebinyr eler rements.	Transfer Remedo. Remedo. Remedo. Remedo. Remedo. Remedo.
	O Time. The committee of the committee	configuration and projection and pro	To This Last of actives were two states as States of Sta	To bee the take of parties and extending the state of the

Fin	ding Identified				Analyst Fin	ns	
ID Title Reporter Ty 83 Gaps in test coverage and slower-than- Ho, Justin Findin	ype Date Category	Observation After examining the Project's R11 OA Dashboards, R11 Traceability	Significance	Recommendation Even OPEN = DHS and ASI revisit the testing approach to prioritize completion of UAT	ent Horizon Impact Probability Priority Sta	ss Status Update Client 8/31/25 – SIT testing continues to progress. While execution of EZE tests is	t Comments Vendor Comments
83 Gaps in test coverage and slower-than- Ho, Justin Findir expected progress in testing may result in Issue	ng - 6/2/2023 Testing		Identifying defects early is vital for effective testing, as it is more efficient e and cost-effective to address issues during the early testing stages. If there		4 4 Med Op	 8/31/25 – SIT testing continues to progress. While execution of E2E tests is underway, a substantial portion remains outstanding while blocking defects 	
schedule delays if subsequent test phases		progress of testing might be lagging. Concerning testing coverage, it appear	s is slow progress or incomplete testing in the early stages, it can result in	testing (SIT) to minimize defect leakage to User Acceptance Testing (UAT)		are being addressed. Timely execution of these tests will enable prompt	
uncover a higher volume of defects and user feedback than initially anticipated.		that not all epics and use cases in R11 have associated test cases or are testing the correct use cases. In terms of progress, some test cases remain	more defects leaking into subsequent testing phases, necessitating more extensive and rigorous testing efforts. Insufficient testing coverage or slower	ASI test team provide a visual of progress of test case execution compared		detection of critical integration issues, validate system stability, and reinforce stakeholder confidence. Recent trends indicate that while the	9/12/2025 We questioned the
reedback trian initially anticipated.		unexecuted, and not all defects have been resolved as the project	than-anticipated progress throughout the project lifecycle increases the risk	large number of unresolved defects on future development efforts, ensuring		weekly rate of defect discovery remains higher than the rate of resolution.	inclusion of ADA in the
		commences System Integration Testing (SIT). The ASI has plans to complete	of encountering significant delays, extensions, or the introduction of defects	a more robust and efficient development process - ASI develop and		steady progress is observed, with approximately 60% of all high-severity and	list of highest volume
		the INT exit criteria by June 16, 2023, about 2 weeks after SIT begins.	into the production environment during the final testing stage, known as Final Acceptance Testing (FATI.	implement a revised testing approach to improve the completeness and thoroughness of future testing cycles The ASI should determine the root		high-priority defects being resolved by month end. To date in the SIT phase, the highest defect volumes have been found in the following areas, with	of identified defects in our previous meeting.
			riid Acceptance resulg (rAri).	cause of the failure to identify simple defects in INT and SIT and implement		solid progress made toward resolving them in each: • Eligibility • Batches •	For SIT, we only have
				effective improvement processes to confirm early testing is adequate before entering UAT/FAT (Closed 4/30/2024) - DHS and ASI monitor INT/SIT closely		ADA • Interview Data conversion validation testing is underway to	SS ADA related defects identified so far out of
				entering UAT/FAT (Closed 4/30/2024) - DHS and ASI monitor INT/SIT closely for both breadth and depth of testing to ensure the system is adequately		proactively mitigate potential UAT issues. Adjustments are ongoing, and BES- conversion defects are being actively resolved. 7/30/25 - In mid-July, the	identified so far out of which 35 defects are
				tested (Closed 10/30/2024) - ASI utilize the two-week FAT testing pause to		final set of 22 end-to-end (E2E) tests were approved for the ongoing SIT	in Done status. Details
				address and resolve outstanding SIT defects and apply the fixes in the FAT environment, ensuring that these defects do not recur when FAT resumes,		phase. As these tests were developed after SIT started and diverted ASI testing resources, timely execution will enable prompt detection of critical	can be made available if needed. We request
				ontimizing testing efficiency and reducing notential defect rediscovery		integration issues, validate system stability, and reinforce stakeholder	ADA be removed from
				(Closed 10/30/2024) NOT COMPLETED - The Project team reviews the SIT		confidence. Recent trends indicate that while the weekly rate of defect	the list.
				exit criteria and revises them as needed to ensure UAT/FAT begins with the best system possible. (3/31/2024) - DHS should request that the ASI develop		discovery remains higher than the rate of resolution, steady progress is evident, with approximately 50% of high-severity and high priority defects	4/11/2025
				a Corrective Action Plan to address the failure of prior test phases (Unit, INT)		being resolved each week. This pattern is influenced in part by the first full	Per eW Test Lead:
				to capture defects that rolled into SIT (09/26/2024)		execution of end-to-end SIT, as well as the recent shift from twice weekly to	What is needed to
						weekly deployments. IVV will continue to monitor test execution progress and areas with high defect volumes as potential indicators of inadequate	close the testing risk? Let's discuss at
						test coverage, system instability, or the need for root cause analysis (RCA)	Mid-month.
						activities. 6/30/2025 On June 20, 2025, DHS provided the go decision for	3/13/2025
						R0.13 to move to the SIT phase, which officially began on June 23, 2025. A	3/13/2025 Our eWorld Test
82 The lack of technical documentation may Heath, Dustin Findin	ng - 4/27/2023 Security and	In April, the ASI/DHS system security plan (SSP) authors began writing	Once the system architecture and design have been completed, the SSP	In Progress - Collaborate and communicate with SSP authors about when Prior	or to the start of 2 2 Low Op	contingency required the ASI to review a subset of DHS-identified defects. 8/28/2025 – The ASI completed a security impact analysis (SIA) procedure	
lead to incorrect implementation statements Issue	Privacy	implementation statements. Currently, the technical documentation	authors may need to edit or rewrite implementation statements. A full draft	r reliable and correct documentation will be available. CLOSED - include the the ti	third-party	for changes that are introduced to the BES system to prevent changes that	7/15/2025
or delay the System Security Plan		aupporting the son is unavariable, outdated, or in a draft form. During April decisions on what tools support the SSP controls are still being decided on.	, of the SSP is scheduled to be published August 15th , 2023, and the final SSP (ready for federal partner review) is scheduled for September 15, 2023. The	 Secure Enclave within the work breakdown structure along with the known assestasks related to the IRS Assessment to continue receiving FTI in BES. 	essinen.	might cause a compromised component of BES. The SIA is currently in a review and comment period, which will conclude on August 29, 2025. The	The lack of technical documentation may
		Implementation statements are currently being written from the perspective	 SSP is a large technical document with hundreds of controls and control 	7/31/2025 COMPLETE - Determine when the infrastructure design baseline		ASI began testing the IRS Computer Security Evaluation Matrix (SCSEM) by	lead to incorrect
		of how the system should be designed from the SSP author's perspective instead of how the system is actually designed. The SSP authors need to	enhancements, and each one requires an implementation statement of how	will be completed. (06/30/2024) - Perform a full review of all draft SSP controls for content and accuracy prior to the start of the Independent		loading the SCSEM profiles in Tenable Nessus to scan BES servers and other devices. Scanning the BES systems with the IRS SCSEMS will identify where a	implementation
		know and use documentation such as System Architecture and Design,	and come or an emillionient has peer med	Security Controls Assessment of BES and submission of the SSP package to		computing device is not compliant with the IRS requirements. The ASI is	the System Security
		network topology, dataflow, ports and protocols, tools used for logging, etc.		federal regulators. This will allow the SSP authors to update controls with		completing the updates to the System Security Plan (SSP) to ensure accuracy	Plan (SSP). It would
				changes from Design through Implementation. (9/26/2024) - Begin monthly Plan of Action and Milestone update meetings between DHS Security and		of the implementation statements. The ASI plans to have the new baseline SSP authored and published by the end of September 2025. 7/31/2025	help to clarify the specific
				the ASI Security teams to inform each other of progress and updates made		-The ASI continued updating the SSP with information obtained during the	documentation that is
				against each POAM. (10/31/2024) CLOSED - Moved to Risk #106 IV&V		SSP Control implementation validation effort completed last month. The ASI	expected to satisfy this
				recommends prioritizing the 82 Critical and High finding POAMs as a result of the Tenable Nessus Configuration scans. Implementing the security		also performed Tenable Nessus integration with ServiceNow. The ASI has continued work on the Secure Enclave and has been reviewing options for a	finding. Currently, we have
				configurations later in development may cause the system to become		Data Loss Prevention (DLP) solution as required by Internal Revenue Service	compiled all available
				unfunctional, and require additional development time to fix.		(IRS) Publication 1075. 6/30/2025 – The ASI completed all draft system- level policies and gave them to DHS. DHS and the ASI are currently	documents except for the Secure Enclave
						progressing using the process created in April to review and prepare the	design details.
						policies for final signature. The ASI Security Team completed the SSP	which is still under
						Control Implementation validation with DevOps at the end of June. The ASI will utilize the information gathered during the validation initiative to	construction. We will include those once
						update the SSP, commencing in July. Additionally, the ASI demoed the	finalized.Our position
						Secure Enclave to DHS on June 17th. S/29/2025 - Throughout May, the	is that the SSP is a
						ASI's Security Team continued performing SSP Control implementation validation with the DevOps team. They have completed validation against	living document and will be regularly
						the deployed system for six out of twenty control families. The ASI has	updated based on 1
						submitted fourteen policies to DHS for approval: four policies are currently	newly available
80 Development delays have negatively Fors, Michael Findir impacted the project schedule and delayed Issue	ng - 6/30/2022 Configuration - Development	and ASI had previously reported development activities have been slowed as they have been unable to achieve and/or maintain their expected	If the ASI is unable to achieve a velocity that enables them to meet planned milestones, schedule delays may lead to a delayed system go-live date.	OPEN ASI provides DHS with the time needed to effectively evaluate the Immi	mediate 3 3 Med Op	n 8/31/2025 -The ASI is reporting System Integration Testing (SIT) is progressing as planned. IVV continues to monitor for potential development	7/15/2025
go-live.	and the second	development velocity. Previously, the development team was challenged	Failure to achieve a level of accuracy in estimating development tasks could	with DHS attendees during each demo. • The project closely monitor		delays and/or code quality issues that may impact the effectiveness and	Per our Development
		with accurately estimating development task level of effort (i.e., story points) and the project has been challenged with producing a project	lead to a project schedule that is flawed and unrealistic. Previously, DHS had indicated, and IVV agreed, that some of these delays were due to some	progress on development efforts that are complex and/or require a		timely completion of the SIT phase. The project team indicated they plan to introduce new functionality during UAT which may slow defect repairs,	Lead: "We had cleared
		schedule that accurately reflects realistic timelines (see Finding #74). The	ASI BAs lacking the expertise required to create optimal designs and system	COMPLETE CLOSED • ASI regularly report metrics that accurately track the		rework and add additional complexity for developers to manage resulting in	the entire backlog before SIT. We had
		ASI continues to be challenged with finding qualified resources in a timely	specifications that developers could consume without requiring extensive	total amount of remaining work to reach go-live and present a dynamic		the least impact to the project and project team. 7/30/2025 - The ASI	50+ defects
		manner.	clarification from the ASI BA/SA team. DHS and IVV observed instances where ASI BAs/SAs have presented less than optimal designs and left it to	burndown chart to clearly display progress to stakeholders. (closed		appears to be making good progress with System Integration Testing (SIT). It remains unclear whether development delays will impact the successful	pending[med/lows] when we started SIT
			DHS (who may lack software or III design expertise) to improve, which has	the weekly DDI status meeting) with an accurate velocity (e.g., story points		completion of SIT. 6/30/2025 - It remains unclear to IVV whether there has	and all those defects
			contributed to unproductive design sessions (see Finding #61). It remains unclear if scope creep has contributed to these delays.	per day/week/month) and assure that the current velocity is accurately and		been meaningful improvement in ASI's code quality. While the ASI stated	were raised post
			unclear if scope creep has contributed to these delays.	consistently reflected in the project schedule (closed 2/28/2025) • DHS request the ASI strategically add the right project team resources to		that unresolved defect counts were low enough to meet the criteria (below 20% of all reported defects) for entering SIT, IVV raised questions regarding	6/1/2025, everything old was completed."
				effectively increase velocity. Note that adding additional junior resources		the inclusion of defects that existed prior to INT that were not answered by	oto was completed.
				may not be as effective as staffing additional expert-level development,		the end of June. The level of defects could elevate development and system	
				analysis, and other resources that can lead and mentor junior resources. • ASI reviews the development process and identifies and mitigates the		stability risks, which could lead to slowed development and unexpected project delays. 5/31/2025 - DHS stated that the ASI had not accounted for	5/13/2025 We don't believe this
				challenges preventing them from incorporating Epic demo activities into the		the conversion of data for one legacy system (HARI) for Pilot and the new	issue "Development
				project schedule. (9/29/23 - ASI will not be doing this, with DHS approval) •		scope of work will need to be added to the baselined schedule. It remains unclear whether this scope of work will impact the critical path given	delays" is still an
				ASI consider taking steps to increase code quality, including enhancing the depth of developer unit testing, tracking and proactively preventing leakage,		previous challenges with development velocity. 4/30/2025 - The ASI	issue and is a carry- over. As previously
				and enforcing effective coding standards and good governance. • The ASI should consider enhancing the depth of developer unit testing.		reported they continue to address previous development challenges and	mentioned, eWorld
				should consider enhancing the depth of developer unit testing.		improve their development velocity. However, now that the project has switched to a Waterfall methodology, the ASI has limited system demos to	plans on conducting
						switched to a Waterfall methodology, the ASI has limited system demos to just prior to the start of Integration and System Integration Testing (SIT)	numerous demos despite employing the
						testing. This can limit visibility into development progress and productivity,	waterfall
						potentially leading to unexpected project delays if productivity and system design issues are realized. 3/31/2025 - The ASI completed the IAD sessions	methodology. We stated, and as
73 The planned BES infrastructure is complex Fors, Michael Findin	ng - 10/28/2021 System Design	Current ASI infrastructure plans include a significant number of	If the level of effort to implement and manage the complexities of the BES	ASI develop a process to closely monitor cloud and other product changes Next	ct several 2 2 Low Op	8/31/2025 -The ASI indicated that communication between the DHS shared	
which could be difficult to implement and Risk		sophisticated components that make up a complex cloud infrastructure.	infrastructure is not accurately accounted for and staffed by the ASI, the	(software updates/new releases), manage changes, and regression test once mont		platform team and the BES project has improved, reducing the likelihood of	2/13/2025 Perhaps
lead to schedule/cost impacts.		Further, the Project Team has yet to finalize components that will make up the RES infrastructure and the additional costs and time to configure, test	project could be met with unexpected costs and schedule delays. Delays in finalizing the components being implemented could exacerbate this risks			unforeseen or unexpected issues arising from the shared platform moving forward. The project elected to add a new Al tool to its suite of tools to	for the next MSR we should review the
		and implement the planned complex environment remain unclear.	and lead to further delays. Complex platforms often present system	tools/components. • ASI allot time in the schedule to conduct proof of		assist users with online help and user guides. During recent Maintenance	outstanding
			maintenance and operations challenges as system changes can hold the	concepts to assure infrastructure components work as expected. • ASI		and Operations (M&O) planning sessions, the project team identified areas	recommendations to
			increased potential for system failure (i.e., due to the significant number of "moving parts") and increase the level of time and effort to resolve	maintain a detailed schedule for DevOps implementation tasks to avoid unexpected delays that could delay project milestones and the critical path.		such as Security and Incident Management where BES infrastructure operational processes may differ from those used in the legacy systems.	ensure progress status is reflected accurately.
			infrastructure and application-level bugs. Further, some components			How this added complexity will impact implementation schedules and the	sa conscion accurately.
			remain in an immature state compared to their legacy counterparts. For			scope of M&O planning and support, is not yet known. 7/30/2025 - The	
			example, the project recently experienced a system failure because Google Cloud failed to clearly communicate a change that led to failure in another			project appears to be making efforts to improve communications between the shared platform team and the BES project. IVV remains concerned that	11/17/2023 - Again, why is DR being
			component (i.e., Nexus). Google Cloud is generally viewed as a less mature			changes to the DHS shared services platform could negatively impact the	referenced here? Per
			product offering, compared to their rivals (Amazon Web Services, Microsoft Azure). IV&V remains concerned that this could lead to failures at critical			project schedule and budget, 6/30/2025 - IVV remains concerned that changes to the DHS shared services platform could negatively impact the	the current project schedule, the DR plan
			Azure). IV&V remains concerned that this could lead to failures at critical points in the project (including post-go live production failures) that could			BES project schedule. Governance over the platform has set to be	is scheduled to be
			be difficult to resolve and lead to project disruption. If DHS intends to			formalized. The project team has stated concerns about the recent lack of	submitted at the end
			eventually reduce M&O outsourcing costs turning over M&O tasks to State			effective communication around the recent changes shared services.	of the year. Reminder:
			employees, they could face challenges supporting tools they may not be familiar with in a complex infrastructure environment.			5/31/2025 - The BES system currently relies on services provided by a shared DHS platform. Any changes to these services could increase the	Pilot Go-Live is April 2024.
						complexity of the overall infrastructure and require changes to the BES	
						system, which could negatively impact the BES project schedule. The shared	10/31/2023 -
						platform vendor has notified the project that they will be replacing both the identity management shared service (IDCS) as well as the postal address	Vic - westill do notunderstand why
						verification service (Logate) which will require BES system changes. It	this remains.
						remains unclear whether this will impact the project critical path. 4/30/2025 -The ASI is reporting they are on schedule to complete the	10/11/2023
						4/30/2025 - The ASI is reporting they are on schedule to complete the infrastructure activities and tasks. 3/31/2025 - No material update.	
						action of the contract of the	

2

Vendor Comments 7/10/2025
7/10/2025
7/10/2025
7/10/2025
7/10/2025
It does not appear our
feedback was
addressed. We
mentioned at our last
meeting that
configuration
management is in
place, and we are
currently working on
leveraging ServiceNow
to automate the
related processes. So,
the statement that
configuration
management is not in
place prior to SIT is not
accurate.
5/6/2025
Work hand in hand with M&O and CMDB
with M&O and CMUB work. Good progress
WURK, GOOD Brogress

3