JOSH GREEN, M.D.

SYLVIA LUKELIEUTENANT GOVERNOR | KA HOPE KIA'ĀINA





STATE OF HAWAI'I | KA MOKU'ĀINA 'O HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES KA 'OIHANA KUMUWAIWAI 'ĀINA

P.O. BOX 621 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809

DAWN N.S. CHANG

CHAIRPERSON
BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE
MANAGEMENT

RYAN K.P. KANAKA'OLE FIRST DEPUTY

CIARA W.K. KAHAHANE DEPUTY DIRECTOR - WATER

AQUATIC RESOURCES
BOATING AND OCEAN RECREATION
BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE
MANAGEMENT
CONSERVATION AND CODASTAL LANDS
CONSERVATION AND RESOURCES
ENFORCEMENT
ENGINEERING
FORESTRY AND WILDLIFE
HISTORIC PRESERVATION
KAHOOLAWE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION
LAND
STATE PARKS

Testimony of DAWN N.S. CHANG Chairperson

Before the House Committee on AGRICULTURE

Wednesday, March 19, 2025 9:30 AM State Capitol, Conference Room 325, Via Videoconference

In consideration of SENATE BILL 739, SENATE DRAFT 2, HOUSE DRAFT 1 RELATING TO LAND EXCHANGE

Senate Bill 739, Senate Draft 2, House Draft 1 proposes to allow the Governor to negotiate land exchanges subject to approval by the Board of Land and Natural Resources (Board), to acquire lands suitable for long-term diversified agricultural production in exchange for land for private affordable housing development. The measure also proposes to require a report to the Legislature. The Department of Land and Natural Resources (Department) appreciates the intent of this measure and offers the following comments.

The Department and the Board are responsible for managing approximately 1.3 million acres of public lands comprised of sensitive natural, cultural, and recreational resources. The Department's responsibilities include managing and maintaining the State's coastal lands and waters, water resources, conservation and forestry lands, historical sites, small boat harbors, parks, and recreational facilities; performing public safety duties (e.g., flood and rockfall prevention); issuing and managing leases of public lands (agriculture, pasture, commercial, industrial, and resort leases); maintaining unencumbered public lands; and enforcing the Department's rules/regulations.

To properly perform these fiduciary duties, the Legislature and the Board determined that the Department should use a portion of the lands it manages to generate revenues to support the Department's operations and management of public lands/programs. Annual lease revenues currently support the Special Land and Development Fund (SLDF), with revenues coming primarily from leases for commercial, industrial, resort, geothermal and other renewable energy projects. The SLDF revenues collected by the Department's Land Division cover the entire annual operating budget for the Land Division, the Department's Office of Conservation and Coastal Lands, and the Dam Safety and Mineral

Resources Programs of the Department. The revenues fund over 80 Department staff positions, including 5 positions within the Commission on Water Resource Management, and provide funding support to the Division of State Parks and various resource protection programs administered by the Division of Forestry and Wildlife such as the protection of threatened and endangered species, removal of invasive species, wildland firefighting and lifeguard services.

The SLDF is a critical and increasingly important funding source for various divisions within the Department to deal with emergency response to natural catastrophes such as fire, rockfall, flood or earthquake and hazard investigation and mitigation. The SLDF also is critical for staff support of various programs and funding conservation projects on all state lands. It has also become an important source of state match for federally funded endangered species and invasive species initiatives that otherwise would not go forward.

Thus, the Department supports the intent of the bill, and appreciates the House Committee on Water & Land including the amendments requested by the Department in House Draft 1 of this measure. The Department believes that those amendments would protect the Board's constitutional and statutory authority as the steward of the public trust lands. The Department believes that the amendment declaring that state lands that are currently going through the development entitlement process and substantial state funds have been expended shall not be considered priority lands for land exchange ensures that those lands can be used for those designated public purposes.

The Department also believes that the amendments in House Draft 1 strengthens provisions in this bill to adequately protect the public interest regarding the alienation of important public lands in fee. While the measure provides that land exchanged by the State to a private party would be used for the development of affordable, workforce or other housing, it now includes mechanisms that obligate the private party to develop the former public lands consistent with that intent. In order to ensure that the public purpose of affordable, workforce and other housing development is fulfilled by the private party, House Draft 1 requires a covenant or reversionary interest in favor of the State as part of any exchange.

Finally, House Draft 1 also amends SECTION 2, subsection (a), of the bill to require approval from the Board for any land exchanges.. The Board's review process ensures transparency and public accountability through Chapter 92, public sunshine-decision-making process, allowing for public input in evaluating land exchanges. This amendment ensures that the Board retains its role in reviewing and approving land exchanges, pursuant to its fiduciary obligation to the public land trust.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on this measure.



COMMENTS ON SENATE BILL 739_SD2_HD1 RELATING TO LAND EXCHANGE

House Committee on Agriculture & Food Systems

March 19, 2025 9:30 a.m. Room 325

Aloha e Chair Kahaloa, Vice Chair Kusch, and Members of the House Committee on Agriculture and Food Systems:

The Office of Hawaiian Affairs offers COMMENTS on SB739_SD2_HD1. OHA appreciates the intent of this measure to prioritize diversified agricultural development while also seeking solutions to our housing crisis. However, OHA recommends specific provisions be included to protect OHA's beneficiaries and their interests in ceded lands.

First, the Native Hawaiian community has special rights and interests in the disposition and exchange of our public lands, much of which are "ceded" lands acquired without the consent of the Native Hawaiian people, to which Native Hawaiians have never relinquished their claims, and which contribute to OHA's 20% of public land trust revenues. **OHA appreciates the last Committees' amendment specifying that private lands exchanged for ceded or public land trust lands assume the ceded or public land trust lands character of the exchanged lands.**

Second, given the public's overwhelming interest in the disposition of public lands, OHA respectfully requests that current legislative approval requirements for the sale or alienation of any state lands, as found in HRS §171-64.7, also apply to the lands which may negotiated for exchange under this bill. The statutory requirements of HRS §171-64.7 are critical to maintaining the "ceded" lands corpus, and were enacted was a condition precedent to the settlement agreement in the OHA v. Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawai'i lawsuit, brought in response to the State's actions to sell and otherwise alienate "ceded" lands. The legislative approval requirements in HRS § 171-64.7 ensure a high level of accountability and transparency in any proposed alienation of the state's limited land base, including lands that could be removed from the "ceded" lands corpus prior to the resolution of Native Hawaiians' unrelinquished claims.

Mahalo for the opportunity to testify.



March 16, 2025

Subject: SB 739 SD2 HD1 Long-Term Agricultural Production

Aloha Chair Kahaloa, Vice Chair Kusch, and Members of the Agriculture & Food Systems Committee.

Hawaii Food+ Policy **supports SB 739** SD2 HD1, a measure crucial for promoting diversified agriculture and self-sufficiency across Hawaii. Imani is an intern of ours, as well as a student at the University of Hawaii at Hilo. Finding affordable housing close to campus can be a challenge, and although there has been progress through Hawaii Revised Statutes, we need to ensure their goals are fully met. Although SB 739 focuses on the West Oʻahu railways, its impact extends across all Hawaiian islands, reinforcing the need to protect agricultural lands and expand affordable housing. Both require urgent funding and legislative support.

This bill addresses Hawaii's historical agricultural decline by offering a strategic approach to diversifying agriculture while preserving farmland. We also support proposed amendments that enhance Land Board oversight, ensuring transparency in agricultural land approvals. This safeguard will prevent farmland from being misused for privatized development.

It is for these reasons that we strongly urge the Agriculture and Food Systems committee to support SB 739 to secure Hawaii's future in agriculture and housing.

Mahalo, The Hawaii Food+ Policy Team

The Food+ Policy internship develops student advocates who learn work skills while increasing civic engagement to become emerging leaders. We focus on good food systems policy because we see the importance and potential of the food system in combating climate change and increasing the health, equity, and resiliency of Hawai'i communities.

In 2024, the cohort of interns are undergrads and graduate students from throughout the UH System. They are a mix of traditional and nontraditional students, including parents and veterans, who have backgrounds in education, farming, public health, nutrition, and Hawaiian culture.



P.O. Box 253, Kunia, Hawai'i 96759 Phone: (808) 848-2074; Fax: (808) 848-1921 e-mail info@hfbf.org; www.hfbf.org

March 19, 2025

HEARING BEFORE THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE & FOOD SYSTEMS

TESTIMONY ON SB 739, SD2, HD1 RELATING TO LAND EXCHANGE

Conference Room 325 & Videoconference 9:30 AM

Aloha Chair Kahaloa, Vice-Chair Kusch, and Members of the Committee:

I am Brian Miyamoto, Executive Director of the Hawai'i Farm Bureau (HFB). Organized since 1948, the HFB is comprised of 1,800 farm family members statewide and serves as Hawai'i's voice of agriculture to protect, advocate and advance the social, economic, and educational interests of our diverse agricultural community.

The Hawai'i Farm Bureau supports SB 739, SD2, HD1, which allows the Governor to negotiate land exchanges in consultation with the Board of Land and Natural Resources for the acquisition of lands suitable for long-term diversified agricultural production in exchange for lands to be used for private affordable housing development. This measure provides an opportunity to expand the state's agricultural landholdings, ensuring that critical farmland remains dedicated to agricultural production rather than being acquired for non-agricultural uses.

One of the greatest challenges facing Hawai'i's agricultural industry is the loss of prime agricultural lands to development and speculation. With increasing pressure to convert farmland into residential or commercial projects, it is essential that the state actively secures agricultural lands to support food production, agricultural self-sufficiency, and long-term economic sustainability. Additionally, securing more agricultural land under state ownership provides greater stability for local farmers by ensuring that these lands are used for their intended purpose. With affordable, long-term agricultural leases, farmers and ranchers can invest in infrastructure, expand production, and contribute to food security efforts.

While we recognize the potential benefits of land exchanges in addressing both agricultural self-sufficiency and housing needs, we emphasize the importance of ensuring that agricultural lands remain protected and that any exchanges result in a net benefit for agriculture.

We appreciate the intent of SB 739, SD2, HD1, and urge its passage to protect Hawai'i's agricultural lands, strengthen food security, and prevent farmland from being lost to non-agricultural development.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on this measure.

SB-739-HD-1

Submitted on: 3/16/2025 3:02:37 PM

Testimony for AGR on 3/19/2025 9:30:00 AM

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Testify
Johnnie-Mae L. Perry	Individual	Oppose	Written Testimony Only

Comments:

I, Johnnie-Mae L. Perry OPPOSE 739 SB RELATING TO LAND EXCHANGE.

TRANSFERR LANDS TO DHHL to lower the waitlist of 29,000 beneficiaries.

<u>SB-739-HD-1</u> Submitted on: 3/17/2025 7:25:43 PM

Testimony for AGR on 3/19/2025 9:30:00 AM

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Testify
Glen Kagamida	Individual	Support	Written Testimony Only

Comments:

Good idea that can lead to more land for sustainable agriculture. Mahalo!

JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR

> SYLVIA LUKE LT. GOVERNOR



WENDY GADY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

STATE OF HAWAI'I

AGRIBUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

HUI HO'OULU AINA MAHIAI

TESTIMONY OF WENDY L. GADY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AGRIBUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

BEFORE THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE & FOOD SYSTEMS
March 18, 2025
9:30 a.m.
Conference Room 325 & Videoconference

SENATE BILL NO. 739 SD2 HD1 RELATING TO LAND EXCHANGE

Chairperson Kahaloa, Vice Chair Kusch, and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for the opportunity to testify in <u>support</u> of Senate Bill No. 739 SD2 HD1, which allows the governor to negotiate land exchanges to acquire lands that are suitable for long-term diversified agricultural production in exchange for land for private affordable housing development. Requires a report to legislature. This strategic initiative addresses two critical needs in our state: enhancing agricultural sustainability and increasing affordable housing availability.

Enhancing Agricultural Sustainability

Hawai'i's reliance on imported food poses significant risks to our food security. By acquiring lands ideal for diversified agriculture, SB 739 SD2 HD1 promotes local farming, which:

- Reduces Dependence on Imports: Increasing local food production diminishes our vulnerability to global supply chain disruptions.
- Stimulates Economic Growth: Supporting local agriculture creates jobs and invigorates rural economies.
- Encourages Sustainable Practices: Diversified farming promotes
 environmentally friendly methods, preserving our natural resources for
 future generations.

Increasing Affordable Housing Availability

The high cost of housing in Hawai'i has long been a pressing issue. SB 739 SD2 facilitates the development of private affordable housing by:

- Providing Land for Development: Exchanging state lands for private lands suitable for agriculture allows for the construction of affordable housing units.
- Encouraging Public-Private Partnerships: Collaborations between the state and private developers can expedite housing projects and leverage additional resources.
- Addressing Housing Shortages: Increasing the supply of affordable homes helps meet the demand and supports the well-being of our residents.

Strategic Land Exchanges

The land exchanges proposed in SB 739 SD2 are a prudent approach to utilizing state assets effectively. By acquiring agricultural lands through these exchanges, the state can:

- Optimize Land Use: Ensure that lands are utilized in a manner that best serves public interests, whether for agriculture or housing.
- Preserve Open Spaces: Maintain green spaces and agricultural zones,
 contributing to environmental conservation.
- Balance Development and Conservation: Thoughtfully plan land use to meet housing needs while protecting agricultural areas.

Conclusion

Senate Bill 739 SD2 HD1 presents a balanced and forward-thinking strategy to tackle two of Hawai'i's most pressing challenges: food security and affordable housing. By authorizing the Governor to negotiate land exchanges, we can simultaneously bolster our agricultural sector and provide much-needed affordable housing for our residents. I respectfully urge the committee to pass SB 739 SD2 to promote a sustainable and prosperous future for Hawai'i. We support this bill provided that its passage does not replace or adversely impact priorities indicated in our Executive Budget. Mahalo for your time and consideration.