

1 (b) The fund shall make strategic investments that support
2 film and media production to establish Hawaii as a global hub
3 for the industry.

4 § -3 **Island film and media production investment fund**

5 **board of trustees.** (a) There is established the island film
6 and media investment fund board of trustees, which shall
7 administer the fund. The board shall consist of:

8 (1) The director of business, economic development, and
9 tourism, who shall serve as an ex officio, voting
10 member;

11 (2) Three members appointed by the governor, subject to
12 the advice and consent of the senate, with expertise
13 in finance, investment management, or economic
14 development;

15 (3) One member of the senate, appointed by the president
16 of the senate;

17 (4) One member of the house of representatives, appointed
18 by the speaker of the house of representatives; and

19 (5) One member appointed by the office of Hawaiian
20 affairs.

21 (b) The board shall adhere to best practices, including:



- 1 (1) Independence from political interference;
- 2 (2) Transparency and accountability;
- 3 (3) Professional management; and
- 4 (4) Ethical investment guidelines.

5 § -4 Investment strategy. (a) The fund shall
6 prioritize investments that provide a preferred return to the
7 State, structured as:

- 8 (1) Equity stakes in private enterprises that align with
9 the fund's mission;
- 10 (2) Revenue-sharing agreements; and
- 11 (3) Public-private partnerships.

12 (b) The fund may make direct investments or joint ventures
13 or provide financing to qualified film and media projects that
14 align with the economic diversification, import substitution,
15 and self-reliance goals of the fund.

16 (c) The fund shall reinvest earnings into future projects
17 but may allocate up to ten per cent of annual returns to the
18 general fund to support essential state services."

19 SECTION 2. Chapter 237, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
21 and to read as follows:



1 "§237- Exemption for entertainment payroll companies.

2 There shall be exempted from, and excluded from the measure of,
3 the taxes imposed by this chapter all of the gross proceeds
4 arising from entertainment payroll companies."

5 SECTION 3. Section 235-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6 amended as follows:

7 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:

8 "(a) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall
9 be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this
10 chapter, an income tax credit that shall be deductible from the
11 taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this
12 chapter for the taxable year in which the credit is properly
13 claimed. The amount of the credit shall be:

14 (1) Twenty-two per cent of the qualified production costs
15 incurred by a qualified production in any county of
16 the State with a population of over seven hundred
17 thousand; or

18 (2) Twenty-seven per cent of the qualified production
19 costs incurred by a qualified production in any county
20 of the State with a population of seven hundred
21 thousand or less[-];



1 provided that a qualified production with a workforce of at
2 least eighty per cent local hires shall be credited an
3 additional five per cent of the qualified production costs
4 incurred.

5 A qualified production occurring in more than one county
6 may prorate its expenditures based upon the amounts spent in
7 each county, if the population bases differ enough to change the
8 percentage of tax credit.

9 In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or
10 trust, the tax credit allowable is for qualified production
11 costs incurred by the entity for the taxable year. The cost
12 upon which the tax credit is computed shall be determined at the
13 entity level. Distribution and share of credit shall be
14 determined by rule.

15 If a deduction is taken under section 179 (with respect to
16 election to expense depreciable business assets) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, no tax credit shall be allowed
18 for those costs for which the deduction is taken.

19 The basis for eligible property for depreciation of
20 accelerated cost recovery system purposes for state income taxes
21 shall be reduced by the amount of credit allowable and claimed."



- 1 2. By amending subsection (d) to read:
- 2 "(d) To qualify for this tax credit, a production shall:
- 3 (1) Meet the definition of a qualified production
- 4 specified in subsection (o);
- 5 (2) Have qualified production costs totaling at least
- 6 \$100,000;
- 7 (3) Provide the State a qualified Hawaii promotion, which
- 8 shall be at a minimum, a shared-card, end-title screen
- 9 credit, where applicable;
- 10 (4) Provide evidence of reasonable efforts to hire local
- 11 talent and crew;
- 12 (5) Provide evidence when making any claim for products or
- 13 services acquired or rendered outside of this State
- 14 that reasonable efforts were unsuccessful to secure
- 15 and use comparable products or services within this
- 16 State;
- 17 (6) Provide evidence of financial or in-kind contributions
- 18 or educational or workforce development efforts, in
- 19 partnership with related local industry labor
- 20 organizations, educational institutions, or both,



1 toward the furtherance of the local film and
2 television and digital media industries;
3 ~~(7)~~ Provide evidence of contacting all local labor unions
4 servicing Hawaii's film industry before the start date
5 of production;
6 ~~[(7)]~~ (8) Provide evidence of reasonable efforts to comply
7 with all applicable requirements under title 14,
8 including tax return filing and payments; and
9 ~~[(8)]~~ (9) Provide complete responses to the department of
10 taxation's inquiries and document requests, in the
11 form prescribed by the department, no later than
12 ninety days from the inquiry or request;
13 provided that a taxpayer shall be given notice of and an
14 opportunity to cure any failure to meet the requirements of this
15 subsection, including chapter 237, within thirty days of receipt
16 of the notice; provided further that nothing in this subsection
17 shall be interpreted as waiving any act required by this
18 section."

19 3. By amending subsection (h) to read:

20 "(h) Every taxpayer claiming a tax credit under this
21 section for a qualified production shall, no later than ninety



1 days following the end of each taxable year in which qualified
2 production costs were expended, submit a written, sworn
3 statement to the department of business, economic development,
4 and tourism that identifies:

5 (1) All qualified production costs as provided by
6 subsection (a), if any, incurred in the previous
7 taxable year;

8 (2) The amount of tax credits claimed pursuant to this
9 section, if any, in the previous taxable year; ~~and~~

10 (3) The number of total hires versus the number of local
11 hires by category and by county.

12 If the qualified production costs of a taxpayer exceed
13 \$1,000,000 in a taxable year, the written, sworn statement shall
14 be accompanied by an independent third-party certificate, issued
15 by a certified public accountant, that verifies all
16 representations made for the purpose of claiming the credit
17 under this section. The certificate shall be prepared and
18 submitted in accordance with standards and procedures prescribed
19 by the department of business, economic development, and tourism
20 and the department of taxation. This information may be



1 reported from the department of business, economic development,
2 and tourism to the legislature pursuant to subsection (i) (4)."

3 4. By amending subsections (n) and (o) to read:

4 "(n) The total amount of tax credits allowed under this
5 section in any particular year shall be [~~\$50,000,000,~~
6 \$_____]; however, if the total amount of credits applied for
7 in any particular year exceeds the aggregate amount of credits
8 allowed for that year under this section, the excess shall be
9 treated as having been applied for in the subsequent year and
10 shall be claimed in the subsequent year; provided that no excess
11 shall be allowed to be claimed after December 31, 2032.

12 (o) For the purposes of this section:

13 "Commercial":

14 (1) Means an advertising message that is filmed using
15 film, videotape, or digital media, for dissemination
16 via television broadcast or theatrical distribution;

17 (2) Includes a series of advertising messages if all parts
18 are produced at the same time over the course of six
19 consecutive weeks; and

20 (3) Does not include an advertising message with
21 Internet-only distribution.



1 "Digital media" means production methods and platforms
2 directly related to the creation of cinematic imagery and
3 content, specifically using digital means, including but not
4 limited to digital cameras, digital sound equipment, and
5 computers, to be delivered via film, videotape, interactive game
6 platform, or other digital distribution media.

7 "Post-production" means production activities and services
8 conducted after principal photography is completed, including
9 but not limited to editing, film and video transfers,
10 duplication, transcoding, dubbing, subtitling, credits, closed
11 captioning, audio production, special effects (visual and
12 sound), graphics, and animation.

13 "Production" means a series of activities that are directly
14 related to the creation of visual and cinematic imagery to be
15 delivered via film, videotape, or digital media and to be sold,
16 distributed, or displayed as entertainment or the advertisement
17 of products for mass public consumption, including but not
18 limited to scripting, casting, set design and construction,
19 transportation, videography, photography, sound recording,
20 interactive game design, and post-production.

21 "Qualified production":



1 (1) Means a production, with expenditures in the State,
2 for the total or partial production of a feature-
3 length motion picture, short film, made-for-television
4 movie, commercial, music video, interactive game,
5 television (including broadcast and streaming
6 platforms) series pilot, single season (up to
7 twenty-two episodes[+] for broadcast television and up
8 to eight episodes for an ongoing series for streaming
9 platforms) of a [~~television~~] series [~~regularly~~] filmed
10 in the State [~~if~~]. If the number of episodes per
11 single season for a broadcast television series
12 exceeds twenty-two, and if the number of episodes per
13 single season for a streaming platform series exceeds
14 eight, additional episodes for the same season shall
15 constitute a separate qualified production[+].
16 "Qualified production" also includes a television or
17 streaming platform special, single [~~television~~]
18 episode that is not part of a television or streaming
19 platform series regularly filmed or based in the
20 State, national magazine show, [~~or~~] and national talk
21 show. For the purposes of subsections (d) and (l),



1 each of the aforementioned qualified production
2 categories shall constitute separate, individual
3 qualified productions; and

4 (2) Does not include:

5 (A) News;

6 (B) Public affairs programs;

7 (C) Non-national magazine or talk shows;

8 (D) Televised sporting events or activities;

9 (E) Productions that solicit funds;

10 (F) Productions produced primarily for industrial,
11 corporate, institutional, or other private
12 purposes; and

13 (G) Productions that include any material or
14 performance prohibited by chapter 712.

15 "Qualified production costs" means the costs incurred by a
16 qualified production within the State that are subject to the
17 general excise tax under chapter 237 at the highest rate of tax
18 or income tax under this chapter if the costs are not subject to
19 general excise tax and that have not been financed by any
20 investments for which a credit was or will be claimed pursuant



1 to section 235-110.9. "Qualified production costs" include but
2 are not limited to:

- 3 (1) Costs incurred during preproduction such as location
4 scouting and related services;
- 5 (2) Costs of set construction and operations, purchases or
6 rentals of wardrobe, props, accessories, food, office
7 supplies, transportation, equipment, and related
8 services;
- 9 (3) Wages or salaries of cast, crew, and musicians;
- 10 (4) Costs of photography, sound synchronization, lighting,
11 and related services;
- 12 (5) Costs of editing, visual effects, music, other post-
13 production, and related services;
- 14 (6) Rentals and fees for use of local facilities and
15 locations, including rentals and fees for use of state
16 and county facilities and locations that are not
17 subject to general excise tax under chapter 237 or
18 income tax under this chapter;
- 19 (7) Rentals of vehicles and lodging for cast and crew;
- 20 (8) Airfare for flights to or from Hawaii, and interisland
21 flights;



1 (9) Insurance and bonding;
2 (10) Shipping of equipment and supplies to or from Hawaii,
3 and interisland shipments; and
4 (11) Other direct production costs specified by the
5 department in consultation with the department of
6 business, economic development, and tourism;
7 provided that any government-imposed fines, penalties, or
8 interest that are incurred by a qualified production within the
9 State shall not be "qualified production costs". "Qualified
10 production costs" [~~does~~] do not include any costs funded by any
11 grant, forgivable loan, or other amounts not included in gross
12 income for purposes of this chapter.

13 "Streaming platform" means an online provider of media
14 content that delivers the content via internet connection to the
15 subscriber's computer, television, or mobile device."

16 SECTION 4. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17 amended to read as follows:

18 "**§237-13 Imposition of tax.** There is hereby levied and
19 shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
20 persons on account of their business and other activities in the
21 State measured by the application of rates against values of



1 products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
2 specified, as follows:

3 (1) Tax on manufacturers.

4 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
5 the State in the business of manufacturing,
6 including compounding, canning, preserving,
7 packing, printing, publishing, production as
8 defined in section 235-17, milling, processing,
9 refining, or preparing for sale, profit, or
10 commercial use, either directly or through the
11 activity of others, in whole or in part, any
12 article or articles, substance or substances,
13 commodity or commodities, the amount of the tax
14 to be equal to the value of the articles,
15 substances, or commodities, manufactured,
16 compounded, canned, preserved, packed, printed,
17 milled, processed, refined, or prepared for sale,
18 as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the
19 sale thereof by the manufacturer or person
20 compounding, preparing, or printing them,
21 multiplied by one-half of one per cent.



1 (B) The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
2 value of the entire product for sale.

3 (2) Tax on business of selling tangible personal property;
4 producing.

5 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing in the
6 business of selling any tangible personal
7 property whatsoever, there is likewise hereby
8 levied, and shall be assessed and collected, a
9 tax equivalent to four per cent of the gross
10 proceeds of sales of the business; provided that,
11 in the case of a wholesaler, the tax shall be
12 equal to one-half of one per cent of the gross
13 proceeds of sales of the business; and provided
14 further that insofar as the sale of tangible
15 personal property is a wholesale sale under
16 section 237-4(a)(8), the tax shall be one-half of
17 one per cent of the gross proceeds. Upon every
18 person engaging or continuing within this State
19 in the business of a producer, the tax shall be
20 equal to one-half of one per cent of the gross



1 proceeds of sales of the business, or the value
2 of the products, for sale.

3 (B) Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in
4 interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute
5 a part of the measure of the tax imposed on
6 persons in the business of selling tangible
7 personal property, to the extent, under the
8 conditions, and in accordance with the provisions
9 of the Constitution of the United States and the
10 Acts of the Congress of the United States which
11 may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted,
12 and whenever there occurs in the State an
13 activity to which, under the Constitution and
14 Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross
15 proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
16 attributed.

17 (C) No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
18 business in the State and selling the
19 manufacturer's or producer's products for
20 delivery outside of the State (for example,
21 consigned to a mainland purchaser via common



1 carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
2 pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
3 privilege of so selling the products, and the
4 value or gross proceeds of sales of the products
5 shall be included only in determining the measure
6 of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or
7 producer.

8 (D) A manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
9 business in the State, shall pay the tax imposed
10 in this chapter for the privilege of selling its
11 products in the State, and the value or gross
12 proceeds of sales of the products, thus subjected
13 to tax, may be deducted insofar as duplicated as
14 to the same products by the measure of the tax
15 upon the manufacturer or producer for the
16 privilege of manufacturing or producing in the
17 State; provided that no producer of agricultural
18 products who sells the products to a purchaser
19 who will process the products outside the State
20 shall be required to pay the tax imposed in this



1 chapter for the privilege of producing or selling
2 those products.

3 (E) A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
4 contractor may make the election provided for by
5 paragraph (3) (C), and in that case the tax shall
6 be computed pursuant to the election,
7 notwithstanding this paragraph or paragraph (1)
8 to the contrary.

9 (F) The department, by rule, may require that a
10 seller take from the purchaser of tangible
11 personal property a certificate, in a form
12 prescribed by the department, certifying that the
13 sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:

14 (i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
15 shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
16 upon demand, the amount of the additional
17 tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
18 the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and

19 (ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
20 give rise to the presumption that the sale



1 is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
2 business are exclusively at wholesale.

3 (3) Tax upon contractors.

4 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
5 the State in the business of contracting, the tax
6 shall be equal to four per cent of the gross
7 income of the business.

8 (B) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph,
9 there shall be deducted from the gross income of
10 the taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
11 in the measure of the tax levied under
12 subparagraph (A), on another taxpayer who is a
13 contractor, as defined in section 237-6; provided
14 that any person claiming a deduction under this
15 paragraph shall be required to show in the
16 person's return the name and general excise
17 number of the person paying the tax on the amount
18 deducted by the person.

19 (C) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph
20 against any federal cost-plus contractor, there
21 shall be excluded from the gross income of the



1 contractor so much thereof as fulfills the
2 following requirements:

3 (i) The gross income exempted shall constitute
4 reimbursement of costs incurred for
5 materials, plant, or equipment purchased
6 from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter,
7 not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
8 the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
9 and

10 (ii) The taxpayer making the sale shall have
11 certified to the department that the
12 taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
13 gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
14 taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross
15 income computed the same as upon a sale to
16 the state government.

17 (D) A person who, as a business or as a part of a
18 business in which the person is engaged, erects,
19 constructs, or improves any building or
20 structure, of any kind or description, or makes,
21 constructs, or improves any road, street,



1 sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other
2 improvements on land held by the person (whether
3 held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise),
4 upon the sale or other disposition of the land or
5 improvements, even if the work was not done
6 pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the
7 same tax as if engaged in the business of
8 contracting, unless the person shows that at the
9 time the person was engaged in making the
10 improvements the person intended, and for the
11 period of at least one year after completion of
12 the building, structure, or other improvements
13 the person continued to intend to hold and not
14 sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
15 improvements. The tax in respect of the
16 improvements shall be measured by the amount of
17 the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
18 that is attributable to the erection,
19 construction, or improvement of such building or
20 structure, or the making, constructing, or
21 improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,



1 or water system, or other improvements. The
2 measure of tax in respect of the improvements
3 shall not exceed the amount which would have been
4 taxable had the work been performed by another,
5 subject as in other cases to the deductions
6 allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the election
7 of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be applied
8 notwithstanding that the improvements were not
9 made by the taxpayer, or were not made as a
10 business or as a part of a business, or were made
11 with the intention of holding the same. However,
12 this paragraph shall not apply in respect of any
13 proceeds that constitute or are in the nature of
14 rent, which shall be taxable under paragraph (9);
15 provided that insofar as the business of renting
16 or leasing real property under a lease is taxed
17 under section 237-16.5, the tax shall be levied
18 by section 237-16.5.

19 (4) Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
20 stations, etc.



- 1 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
2 the State in the business of operating a theater,
3 opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville,
4 amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio
5 broadcasting station, or any other place at which
6 amusements are offered to the public, the tax
7 shall be equal to four per cent of the gross
8 income of the business, and in the case of a sale
9 of an amusement at wholesale under section 237-
10 4(a) (13), the tax shall be one-half of one per
11 cent of the gross income.
- 12 (B) The department may require that the person
13 rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
14 licensed seller a certificate, in a form
15 prescribed by the department, certifying that the
16 sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
- 17 (i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
18 certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
19 person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
20 the amount of additional tax that is imposed



1 upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
2 wholesale; and

3 (ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
4 give rise to the presumption that the sale
5 is not at wholesale unless the person
6 rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
7 the amusement at wholesale.

8 (5) Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
9 person classified as a representative or purchasing
10 agent under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
11 within the State in the business of performing
12 services for another, other than as an employee, there
13 is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
14 collected a tax equal to four per cent of the
15 commissions and other compensation attributable to the
16 services so rendered by the person.

17 (6) Tax on service business.
18 (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
19 the State in any service business or calling
20 including professional services not otherwise
21 specifically taxed under this chapter, there is



1 likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
2 collected a tax equal to four per cent of the
3 gross income of the business, and in the case of
4 a wholesaler under section 237-4(a)(10), the tax
5 shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the
6 gross income of the business.

7 (B) The department may require that the person
8 rendering a service at wholesale take from the
9 licensed seller a certificate, in a form
10 prescribed by the department, certifying that the
11 sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:

12 (i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
13 certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
14 person rendering the service, upon demand,
15 the amount of additional tax that is imposed
16 upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
17 wholesale; and

18 (ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
19 give rise to the presumption that the sale
20 is not at wholesale unless the person



1 rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
2 services at wholesale.

3 (C) Where any person is engaged in the business of
4 selling interstate or foreign common carrier
5 telecommunication services within and without the
6 State, other than as a home service provider, the
7 tax shall be imposed on that portion of gross
8 income received by a person from service which is
9 originated or terminated in this State and is
10 charged to a telephone number, customer, or
11 account in this State notwithstanding any other
12 state law (except for the exemption under section
13 237-23(a)(1)) to the contrary. If, under the
14 Constitution and laws of the United States, the
15 entire gross income as determined under this
16 paragraph of a business selling interstate or
17 foreign common carrier telecommunication services
18 cannot be included in the measure of the tax, the
19 gross income shall be apportioned as provided in
20 section 237-21; provided that the apportionment



1 factor and formula shall be the same for all
2 persons providing those services in the State.
3 (D) Where any person is engaged in the business of a
4 home service provider, the tax shall be imposed
5 on the gross income received or derived from
6 providing interstate or foreign mobile
7 telecommunications services to a customer with a
8 place of primary use in this State when the
9 services originate in one state and terminate in
10 another state, territory, or foreign country;
11 provided that all charges for mobile
12 telecommunications services which are billed by
13 or for the home service provider are deemed to be
14 provided by the home service provider at the
15 customer's place of primary use, regardless of
16 where the mobile telecommunications originate,
17 terminate, or pass through; provided further that
18 the income from charges specifically derived from
19 interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications
20 services, as determined by books and records that
21 are kept in the regular course of business by the



1 home service provider in accordance with section
2 239-24, shall be apportioned under any
3 apportionment factor or formula adopted under
4 subparagraph (C). Gross income shall not
5 include:

- 6 (i) Gross receipts from mobile
7 telecommunications services provided to a
8 customer with a place of primary use outside
9 this State;
- 10 (ii) Gross receipts from mobile
11 telecommunications services that are subject
12 to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
- 13 (iii) Gross receipts from mobile
14 telecommunications services taxed under
15 section 237-13.8; and
- 16 (iv) Gross receipts of a home service provider
17 acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
18 telecommunications services to another home
19 service provider's customer.

20 For the purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
21 mobile telecommunications services", "customer",



1 "home service provider", "mobile
2 telecommunications services", "place of primary
3 use", and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
4 as in section 239-22.

5 (7) Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged
6 as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there
7 is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a
8 tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to
9 that activity.

10 (8) Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
11 amounts received from the United States government by
12 any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal
13 representative or heirs), as defined under and by
14 virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other
15 Acts of the Congress of the United States relating
16 thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of
17 one per cent of the gross amount received; provided
18 that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so
19 received and actually disbursed to another by a
20 producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be
21 paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is



1 actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a
2 benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim
3 on the producer's return a deduction from the gross
4 amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so
5 disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph
6 shall not be taxable under any other paragraph,
7 subsection, or section of this chapter.

8 (9) Tax on other business. Upon every person engaging or
9 continuing within the State in any business, trade,
10 activity, occupation, or calling not included in the
11 preceding paragraphs or any other provisions of this
12 chapter, there is likewise hereby levied and shall be
13 assessed and collected, a tax equal to four per cent
14 of the gross income thereof. In addition, the rate
15 prescribed by this paragraph shall apply to a business
16 taxable under one or more of the preceding paragraphs
17 or other provisions of this chapter, as to any gross
18 income thereof not taxed thereunder as gross income or
19 gross proceeds of sales or by taxing an equivalent
20 value of products, unless specifically exempted."



1 SECTION 5. Section 237-24.75, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 **"§237-24.75 Additional exemptions.** In addition to the
4 amounts exempt under section 237-24, this chapter shall not
5 apply to:

- 6 (1) Amounts received as a beverage container deposit
7 collected under chapter 342G, part VIII;
- 8 (2) Amounts received by the operator of the Hawaii
9 convention center for reimbursement of costs or
10 advances made pursuant to a contract with the Hawaii
11 tourism authority under section 201B-7; [~~and~~]
- 12 (3) Amounts received by a professional employer
13 organization that is registered with the department of
14 labor and industrial relations pursuant to chapter
15 373L, from a client company equal to amounts that are
16 disbursed by the professional employer organization
17 for employee wages, salaries, payroll taxes, insurance
18 premiums, and benefits, including retirement,
19 vacation, sick leave, health benefits, and similar
20 employment benefits with respect to covered employees
21 at a client company; provided that this exemption



1 shall not apply to amounts received by a professional
2 employer organization after:

3 (A) Notification from the department of labor and
4 industrial relations that the professional
5 employer organization has not fulfilled or
6 maintained the registration requirements under
7 this chapter; or

8 (B) A determination by the department that the
9 professional employer organization has failed to
10 pay any tax withholding for covered employees or
11 any federal or state taxes for which the
12 professional employer organization is
13 responsible.

14 As used in this paragraph, "professional employer
15 organization", "client company", and "covered
16 employee" shall have the meanings provided in
17 section 373L-1[-]; and

18 (4) Amounts received by a motion picture project employer
19 from a client equal to amounts that are disbursed by
20 the motion picture project employer for employee
21 wages, salaries, payroll taxes, insurance premiums,



1 and benefits, including retirement, vacation, sick
2 leave, health benefits, and similar employment
3 benefits with respect to motion picture project
4 workers at a client and for payments to loan-out
5 companies.

6 As used in this paragraph, "motion picture
7 project employer" and "motion picture project worker"
8 have the same meanings as in section 3512 of the
9 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended."

10 SECTION 6. Act 143, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, is
11 amended by amending section 6 to read as follows:

12 ~~"SECTION 6. [No later than January 1, 2018, and each~~
13 ~~January 1 thereafter, each film production that has production~~
14 ~~expenditures of \$1,000,000 or more and is claiming a tax credit~~
15 ~~pursuant to section 235-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall~~
16 ~~obtain an independent third party certification of qualified~~
17 ~~production costs eligible for the motion picture, digital media,~~
18 ~~and film production income tax credit in the form of a tax~~
19 ~~opinion, as required under section 235-17(h), Hawaii Revised~~
20 ~~Statutes, submitted to the department of business, economic~~
21 ~~development, and tourism.] Repealed."~~



1 SECTION 7. There is appropriated out of the general
2 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
3 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2025-2026 and
4 the same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal
5 year 2026-2027 to be deposited into the island film and media
6 production investment fund.

7 SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
8 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

9 SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000;
10 provided that section 3 shall apply to taxable years beginning
11 after December 31, 2025.



Report Title:

Island Film and Media Production Investment Fund; Entertainment Payroll Companies; Unions; General Excise Tax; Motion Picture, Digital Media, and Film Production Income Tax Credit; Broadcast and Streaming Platforms

Description:

Establishes the Island Film and Media Production Investment Fund. Provides an additional five per cent tax credit to qualified productions with a workforce of at least eighty percent local hires. Adds a requirement that productions contact all local labor unions servicing Hawaii's film industry to qualify for the Motion Picture, Digital Media, and Film Production Income Tax Credit. Requires qualified production costs of a taxpayer that exceed \$1,000,000 to be certified by an independent third-party certified public accountant to qualify for the film production tax credit. Increases to an unspecified amount the aggregate cap amount of film production tax credits allowed in any given year. Includes broadcast and streaming platform productions under the film production tax credit. Defines "streaming platform". Applies the GET rate for manufacturers to productions. Exempts from the GET amounts received by a motion picture project employer from a client equal to amounts that are disbursed by the motion picture project employer for employee wages, salaries, payroll taxes, insurance premiums, and employment benefits and payments to loan-out companies. Appropriates funds. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

