

THE LOW INCOME HOUSING TAX CREDIT PROGRAM





Background/Purposes

- LIHTC = indirect federal subsidy used to finance low-income housing
- Congress created as incentive for private developers and investors to provide more affordable rental housing.
- Eligible taxpayers receive a subsidy by claiming a tax credit on their federal income tax returns.
- Dollar for dollar credit (not deduction) claimed pro-rata over 10 years
- Both newly constructed and renovated residential rental buildings



How does the LIHTC work?

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Project Owner

- Proposes project to the state housing agency (
- Applies for and is awarded an allocation of tax credits
- Completes the project
- Certifies development costs
- Rents project to low-income tenants



Equity capital for development costs

- LIHTC provides equity funding for the development cost of lowincome housing
- By allowing an investor (i.e, partners of a partnership, or members of a manager-based LLC, that owns the project) to take a federal tax credit
- Project Owner raises equity capital by "syndicating" the credit to an investor (or group of investors)



Compliance Period

- Initial 15 years after project placed in service
- Extended additional 15 years
- QAP maximum points for 61 years
- Compliance monitoring annual certifications
- Land Use Restrictive Agreement Regulatory Agreement
- Tax recapture of all past and future LIHTC

If the project fails to comply with the requirements of Section 42, including the Set-Asides and Rent Restrictions any time during the initial 15-year Compliance Period



How much in LIHTC does Hawaii receive?



9% LIHTC (competitive/volume cap) are allocated to each state based on population.

For 2024, Hawaii is allocated the following:

\$3,360,000*

*Source: IRS Rev Proc 2023-34, Section 3.09

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4% LIHTC (non-competitive/non-volume cap) are allocated based on the use of private activity tax-exempt bonds. The State does have a bond cap of approximately \$378 million*.

4% LIHTC projects must utilize private activity tax-exempt bonds equal to 50% of the project's eligible basis.

*Source: IRS Rev Proc 2023-34, Section 3.20



How are LIHTC awarded?



The LIHTC are awarded using what is known as the "Qualified Allocation Plan" or QAP.

The QAP is a point-based scoring system which takes into account mandated requirements of the IRS and priorities of the State. It also conveys to applicants other program requirements.



Developers apply for LIHTC through HHFDC's Consolidated Application. The Consolidated Application allows applicants to apply for various other financing programs with one application.



Applications are reviewed and scored by HHFDC's Finance and Development staff utilizing the QAP.

Recommendations for awarding LIHTC and other financing resources are presented to the HHFDC Board for approval.



Income and Rent Restrictions 1-Bedroom Unit / 2-Person Household

| | | | AMI | |
|--------|--------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | 60% | 80% | 100% |
| INCOME | Oahu | \$62,880 | \$83 <i>,</i> 840 | \$104,800 |
| | Hawaii | \$48,420 | \$64,560 | \$80,700 |
| | Kauai | \$57,960 | \$77,280 | \$96,600 |
| | Maui | \$55,620 | \$74,160 | \$92,700 |
| | | | | |
| RENT | Oahu | \$1 <i>,</i> 473 | \$1 <i>,</i> 965 | \$2,456 |
| | Hawaii | \$1,134 | \$1,513 | \$1,891 |
| | Kauai | \$1,358 | \$1,811 | \$2,263 |
| | Maui | \$1,303 | \$1,738 | \$2,172 |

Monthly rent includes the cost of water, sewer, electricity and gas

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Number of Units with Expiring Affordability Commitments

| | Total | Total |
|----------------|----------|-------|
| | Projects | Units |
| 2023 | 3 | 102 |
| 2024 | 4 | 165 |
| Ends within 5 | | |
| Years | 5 | 630 |
| Ends within 10 | | |
| Years | 5 | 303 |
| Ends within 15 | | |
| Years | 4 | 296 |
| Ends within 20 | | |
| Years | 3 | 586 |
| | 24 | 2,082 |



Developer Requirements Prior to Rent Increases

- Rules for rent increases are governed by the Residential Landlord-Tenant Code HRS § 521-21
- LIHTC owners are able raise rents provided they never exceed the limit based on the unit's assigned set-aside vs. HUD's annual corresponding AMI figure.



Future Possible Initiatives for LIHTC Projects

- Require owners to provide notifications to tenants of expiring extended use periods.
 - Minimum 12 months notice
- Limit one rent increase per certification period, per household
- Minimum notification of rent increases
 - Minimum 60 days' notice of any rent increase
 - Minimum 90 days' notice of any rent increase in excess of five percent of existing rents with option to terminate lease without penalty.
- Explore incentives to achieve extended affordability with needed project rehabilitation.



Five Year Unit Projection

| FISCAL YEAR | RENTAL | FOR SALE | TBD | TOTAL |
|-------------|--------|----------|-----|-------|
| 2024 | 1,466 | 331 | 0 | 1,797 |
| 2025 | 2,345 | 39 | 0 | 2,384 |
| 2026 | 1,237 | 1,092 | 0 | 2,329 |
| 2027 | 668 | 937 | 390 | 1,995 |
| 2028 | 781 | 275 | 97 | 1,153 |
| TOTAL | 6,497 | 2,674 | 487 | 9,658 |





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