S.R. NO. 17

MAR - 5 2024

SENATE RESOLUTION

ENCOURAGING THE UNITED STATES NAVY TO ERADICATE OCTOCORAL AND OTHER INVASIVE SPECIES FROM PEARL HARBOR.

WHEREAS, two invasive species of octocoral, or 1 2 Unomiastolonifera and Capnellaspicata, are two of many invasive species that threaten Pearl Harbor's maritime ecosystem; and 3 4 WHEREAS, octocoral takes over marine habitats extremely 5 quickly because it is a "soft coral" that does not form a 6 calcium exoskeleton like reef-building corals, allowing it to 7 rapidly grow and spread colonies, smothering Hawaiian coral reef 8 ecosystems; and 9 10 WHEREAS, in areas where octocorals dominate the marine 11 12 habitat, there is a lower density and diversity of fish; and 13 14 WHEREAS, the United States Navy reported the presence of octocoral near Pearl Harbor in late 2020 during surveys that 15 16 were not focused on these octocorals and recent surveys have documented these species in a much larger area and indicate that 17 they were most likely present before 2019; and 18 19 20 WHEREAS, a strong unified response is required to remove 21 and eradicate octocorals and other invasive species from the 22 waters of Pearl Harbor; and 23 WHEREAS, the United States Navy is the principal caretaker 24 of Pearl Harbor and its waters; now, therefore, 25 26 27 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Thirty-second Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2024, 28 29 that the United States Navy is encouraged to take responsibility for the eradication of octocoral and other invasive species from 30 the waters of Pearl Harbor; and 31 32 33 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the United States Navy is 34 encouraged to allocate resources to eradicate octocoral and other invasive species from the waters of Pearl Harbor, 35 including West Loch, Middle Loch, and East Loch; and 36



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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a certified copy of this Resolution be transmitted to the United States Secretary of the Navy. OFFERED BY:

