A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO STUDENT TRANSPORTATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that 52,416 students were 2 enrolled in the department of education schools in grades nine 3 through twelve for the 2022-2023 academic year. While the 4 department is authorized to provide transportation to students 5 to and from school for students in grades kindergarten through 6 twelve, a bus driver shortage has led to significant lapses in 7 transportation services. At the beginning of the 2021-2022 8 academic year, the department had a shortage of one hundred bus 9 drivers, resulting in disruptions to timing and schedule 10 consistency, consolidations, and cancellations of school bus 11 routes. In the county of Hawaii, a fifty per cent shortage of 12 bus drivers led to transportation disruptions in expected school 13 bus services for two thousand students. Similarly, at the 14 beginning of the 2022-2023 academic year, the State had a 15 shortage of nearly ninety bus drivers, indicating a downward trend in the available labor pool for the school bus driving 16 17 profession. Presently, 53.2 per cent of high school students



live within a mile and a half of their high school campus, which
would exclude them from school bus transportation.

3 The legislature notes that other cities in the United 4 States offer student free-fare transportation, including Austin, 5 Los Angeles, Minneapolis, New York City, and Sacramento. A 2021 6 study conducted by the University of Minnesota and Princeton 7 University analyzed the Minneapolis Go-To Student Pass Program, 8 a transportation program that provided students with free access 9 to public transit that began in August 2013. The findings 10 concluded that student-reported pass usage and pass eligibility 11 reduced student excused absences by 11.5 per cent and 27.5 per 12 cent, respectively. Further, students living within two miles 13 of their campus with pass use and pass eligibility reduced 14 excused absences by 30.5 per cent and 37.6 per cent, respectively. In addition, pass users had grade point averages 15 16 0.28 points higher than non-pass users (Wexler et al, 2021). 17 The findings conclude that providing free access to public 18 transit is broadly useful to improve student attendance and grades, including for students who live within walking distance 19 20 of their schools and may not use transit passes regularly. A 21 multi-pronged approach to student transportation is an ideal

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method to address equity concerns and ensure efforts to support
school choice and attendance.

Additionally, in 2008, Portland, Oregon began a program to provide free bus passes to all public high school students. On average, students made approximately sixty trips per month, with nearly eighty per cent of the trips made for getting to and from jobs, visiting friends, and running errands. Less than ten per cent of students had never used the pass.

9 A key benefit from increased student use of public transit 10 is the experience of using public transit systems. Positive 11 experiences with public transit as a child can form behavioral 12 habits that often carry over into adulthood. If transit 13 agencies can encourage taking the bus as a lifestyle choice in 14 young adults, there is greater awareness and an increased 15 likelihood that bus ridership behavior will continue.

16 The department of education distributes an average of six 17 hundred city bus passes per month. However, students who 18 qualify must meet strict demographic eligibility requirements, 19 including an active department identification number. By 20 simplifying the eligibility requirement, the State can provide 21 increased transportation options to high school students,

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including after school and weekend access to medical care, 1 groceries, shelters, workforce development opportunities, 2 3 libraries, and other childhood development needs. Presently, 4 there is a bus stop within one mile of nearly every school on 5 Oahu, Maui, and Kauai. Funding for Hawaii island may also assist in the development of more transportation options for 6 rural areas. For parents or legal guardians of students who 7 sign up for school buses, a completed and signed waiver must be 8 9 submitted that accepts responsibility to locate the closest bus 10 route and safe walking route to the nearest bus stop. Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to: 11 Require the department of education to collect certain 12 (1)data on city bus pass usage for public high school and 13 14 charter school students; 15 (2) Require annual reports to the legislature; and 16 (3) Appropriate funds to the department of education to 17 offer student transportation through a city bus pass for public high school and charter school students. 18 19 SECTION 2. The department of education shall collect data on the city bus pass program for public high school students and 20

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charter school students. The data shall include but not be 1 2 limited to: 3 The total number of first-time users per month; (1) 4 (2) The total number of active cards per month; 5 The total number of blocked or replaced cards per (3) 6 month; The total amount billed per month; 7 (4)8 (5) The total number of taps based on uses per month; 9 (6) The total number of taps based on time of day usage per hour; and 10 11 The total number of taps based on day of week usage. (7) 12 SECTION 3. The department shall submit a report of its findings and data collected, including any proposed legislation, 13 14 to the legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of each regular session beginning with the regular 15 16 session of 2024. 17 SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ 18 or so 19 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2023-2024 and 20 the same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal



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year 2024-2025 for bus passes for all public high school and
charter school students.

3 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department4 of education for the purposes of this Act.

5 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.



Report Title:

Department of Education; Student Transportation; Bus Passes; High School Students; Charter School Students; Report; Appropriation

Description:

Requires the Department of Education to collect certain data on city bus pass usage for public high school and charter school students. Requires an annual report to the Legislature. Appropriates funds to the Department of Education to provide public high school and charter school students with bus passes. (SD1)

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