S.B. NO.908

'JAN 2 0 2023

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SUGAR-SWEETENED BEVERAGES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there is a need to 2 continue to invest in the health of Hawai'i's keiki and ohana. 3 Sugar-sweetened beverages are the largest source of excess sugar in the American diet, contributing excess calories with little 4 5 or no nutritional value. Sugar-sweetened beverage consumption 6 is associated with negative health effects such as obesity, 7 costing the State an estimated \$470,000,000 in obesity-related 8 healthcare costs annually.

9 The legislature finds that a fee on sugar-sweetened 10 beverages is a viable means to reduce sugar-sweetened beverage 11 consumption, improve health, and generate revenue for the State 12 to support public health, prevent chronic disease, and address 13 root causes of disparities in Hawai'i. A 2017 study conducted by 14 the Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health and the department 15 of health found that a sugary drink fee has major cost-savings. 16 Passage of a two-cent-per-ounce sugar-sweetened beverage fee is 17 projected to result in lower levels of sugar-sweetened beverage



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1 consumption, fewer cases of obesity, fewer deaths, and health
2 care savings greater than \$59,000,000 over a ten-year period. A
3 two-cent-per-ounce fee would have raised as much as \$65,800,000
4 in 2020 according to the Rudd Center Revenue Calculator for
5 Sugary Drink Taxes.

6 The consumption of sugar-sweetened beverages is linked to 7 serious health problems, including weight gain, obesity, 8 prediabetes, diabetes, tooth decay, heart disease, and other 9 health problems. In Hawai'i, one out of four middle and high 10 school students, and more than half of all adults, are 11 overweight or obese. Sixty-one per cent of Hawai'i adults are 12 living with at least one chronic disease such as diabetes, heart 13 disease, or cancer. A 2016 report found that seventy-one per 14 cent of third graders in Hawai'i were affected by tooth decay, 15 making Hawai'i the state with the highest prevalence of tooth 16 decay among third graders in the nation. The State also 17 received a failing grade in a series of oral health report cards released by the Pew Center on the States. 18

19 The legislature also finds that sugar-sweetened beverage 20 consumption is a health equity issue, as rates of consumption 21 are greatest among those with lower incomes and people of color,



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1 due in part to issues surrounding a lack of access to healthy 2 foods and the targeted marketing of these groups by the sugary 3 beverage industry. Lower income populations and people of color 4 also have higher rates of chronic disease due to other social 5 determinants of health, including food and housing insecurity, access to health care issues, and lack of spaces for safe 6 7 physical activity. The coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) 8 pandemic has drawn attention to these health and social 9 inequities in Hawai'i. COVID-19 has most severely impacted the 10 Pacific Islander, Filipino, and Native Hawaiian populations, who 11 have the highest rates of chronic disease and sugary drink 12 consumption. Additionally, regulations to mitigate the spread 13 of the virus have created economic hardships for the people of 14 Hawai'i, especially for these vulnerable populations. As the 15 State braces for continued budget challenges, an opportunity 16 exists to implement a sugar-sweetened beverage fee to discourage 17 sugary drink consumption and to help reduce chronic disease 18 risks, significantly save on healthcare costs, and generate 19 revenue that can be used to minimize health disparities and 20 support health promotion programs during projected post-COVID-19 21 challenges. Over the last several years, sugar-sweetened



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1 beverage tax policies have been enacted in several cities 2 throughout the United States and dozens of countries globally. 3 Sugar-sweetened beverage tax policies involve the collection of a tax or fee from sugar-sweetened beverage distributors that is 4 5 passed on to consumers in the form of price increases that 6 influence purchasing behavior. Jurisdictions with sugar-7 sweetened beverage taxes such as Berkeley, California and 8 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania have seen a reduction in sugary drink 9 consumption, while sales of bottled water and other healthier 10 options increased. Further evaluation results from these 11 jurisdictions show that overall sales and revenue were not harmed by a fee at the distributor level. A sugar-sweetened 12 13 beverage fee has instead provided a source of revenue that has 14 generated millions of dollars to aid in reducing health and 15 socioeconomic disparities. Recently, some of these locations 16 reallocated their funding to specifically address critical needs 17 resulting from COVID-19, such as assisting low-income families 18 facing food insecurity.

Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to enact a fee on sugar-sweetened beverages in Hawai'i to improve health and generate revenue for the State to support health, prevent



chronic disease, and address root causes of health disparities 1 2 in Hawai'i. This Act shall be known and cited as the Healthy 3 Ohana Act of 2023. 4 SECTION 2. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and 6 to read as follows: 7 "PART . SUGAR-SWEETENED BEVERAGE FEE PROGRAM 8 §321-A Definitions. As used in this part, unless the 9 context otherwise requires: 10 "Auditor" means the office of the auditor established 11 pursuant to chapter 23. 12 "Bottle" means any closed or sealed container regardless of 13 size or shape, including those made of glass, metal, paper, 14 plastic, or any other material or combination of materials. 15 "Bottled sugar-sweetened beverage" means any sugar-16 sweetened beverage contained in a bottle that is ready for 17 consumption without further processing, such as dilution or 18 carbonation. 19 "Caloric sweetener" means any substance containing calories 20 suitable for human consumption, that humans perceive as sweet, 21 and includes, without limitation, sucrose, fructose, glucose,



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1 other sugars, or fruit juice concentrates. "Caloric sweetener" 2 shall not include non-caloric sweeteners. 3 "Consumer" means a person who purchases a sugar-sweetened 4 beverage for consumption and not for sale to another. 5 "Department" means the department of health. "Dietary aid" means: 6 7 (1)A liquid product manufactured for use as an oral 8 nutritional therapy for persons who cannot absorb or 9 metabolize dietary nutrients from food or beverages; 10 (2) A source of necessary nutrition used due to a medical 11 condition; or 12 (3) An oral electrolyte solution for infants and children 13 that is formulated to prevent dehydration due to 14 illness. 15 "Director" means the director of health. 16 "Distributor" means any person, including a manufacturer or a wholesale dealer, who receives, stores, manufactures, bottles, 17 18 or distributes bottled sugar-sweetened beverages, syrup, or 19 powder for sale to a retailer doing business in the State 20 whether or not that person is also a retailer as defined in this 21 section.





"Infant formula" means a food that purports to be or is
 represented for special dietary use solely as a food for infants
 by reason of its simulation of human milk or its suitability as
 a complete or partial substitute for human milk.

5 "Milk substitute without caloric sweetener" means a plant-6 based beverage in which the principal ingredients by weight are 7 water and grains, nuts, legumes, or seeds. "Milk substitute" 8 includes soy milk, almond milk, rice milk, coconut milk, oat 9 milk, hazelnut milk, and flax milk.

10 "Milk without added caloric sweetener" means any beverage 11 of which the principal ingredient by weight is natural liquid 12 milk as secreted by an animal, regardless of animal source or 13 butterfat content, or natural milk concentrate and dehydrated 14 natural milk, whether or not reconstituted.

15 "Non-alcoholic beverage" means any beverage that contains16 less than one-half of one per cent alcohol per volume.

17 "Non-caloric sweetener" means any substance that contains
18 fewer than five calories per serving, suitable for human
19 consumption, that humans perceive as sweet, and includes,
20 without limitation, aspartame, saccharin, stevia, and sucralose.



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"One hundred per cent fruit juice or vegetable juice" means
 any liquid consisting of one hundred per cent fruit juice or
 vegetable juice having no added sugar, corn syrup, or caloric
 sweetener.

5 "Person" means any natural person, partnership, cooperative 6 association, limited liability company, corporation, personal 7 representative, receiver, trustee, assignee, or any other legal 8 entity.

9 "Powder" means any solid mixture of ingredients that 10 contains caloric sweetener, which is intended to be used in 11 making, mixing, or compounding a sugar-sweetened beverage by 12 combining the powder with one or more other ingredients.

13 "Retailer" means any person who sells or otherwise 14 dispenses in the State a sugar-sweetened beverage to a consumer 15 whether or not that person is also a distributor as defined in 16 this section.

17 "Sale" or "sell" means the transfer of title or possession 18 for valuable consideration regardless of the manner the transfer 19 is completed.

20 "Sugar-sweetened beverage" means any non-alcoholic21 beverage, carbonated or noncarbonated, that is intended for



1	human consumption and contains any added caloric sweetener.	
2	Sugar-sweetened beverages does not include:	
3	(1)	Beverages consisting of one hundred per cent fruit
4		juice or vegetable juice with no added caloric
5		sweetener;
6	(2)	Milk without added caloric sweetener;
7	(3)	Milk substitute without added caloric sweetener;
8	(4)	Dietary aids;
9	(5)	Infant formula;
10	(6)	Sweetened medication such as cough syrup, liquid pain
11		relievers, fever reducers and similar products; or
12	(7)	Any product commonly used exclusively to mix with
13		alcohol that may exceed five grams or more per serving
14		of caloric sweetener per twelve ounces of fluid that
15		is not a sugar sweetened beverage, including without
16		limitation margarita mix, bloody mary mix, daiquiri
17		mix, or similar products.
18	"Syr	up" means a liquid mixture of ingredients that contains
19	caloric s	weetener, which is intended to be used in making,
20	mixing, o	r compounding a sugar-sweetened beverage by combining
21	the syrup	with any one or more other ingredients.



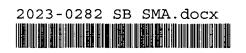
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1	§321-B Registration required. (a) Every distributor
2	shall register with the department on forms to be prescribed,
3	prepared, and furnished by the department.
4	(b) No retailer may sell at retail, or hold out or display
5	for sale at retail, any sugar-sweetened beverage acquired by the
6	retailer on or after June 30, 2024, unless the sugar-sweetened
7	beverage was acquired by the retailer from a registered
8	distributor in the State.
9	§321-C Sugar-sweetened beverage fee. (a) Every
10	distributor selling sugar-sweetened beverages in the State shall
11	pay the department a sugar-sweetened beverage fee that is
12	imposed at the following rates:
13	(1) Two cents per fluid ounce of bottled sugar-sweetened
14	beverages sold or offered for sale to a retailer for
15	sale in the State to a consumer; and
16	(2) Two cents per fluid ounce of sugar-sweetened beverage
17	that can be produced from syrup or powder, calculated
18	according to the manufacturer's specifications for the
19	use of the syrup or powder, sold or offered for sale
20	to a retailer for resale in the State to a consumer.



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1	(b) <i>F</i>	A distributor shall add the amount of the fee imposed	
2	by this sec	ction to the price of sugar-sweetened beverages,	
3	syrups, and	d powders sold to a retailer, and the retailer shall	
4	pass the am	mount of the fee through to a consumer as a component	
5	of the fina	al retail purchase price. The amount of the fee shall	
6	be stated separately on all invoices, signs, sales or delivery		
7	slips, bill	s, and statements that advertise or indicate the	
8	price of th	ne sugar-sweetened beverages, syrups, and powders.	
9	§321-D	Exemptions. The following shall be exempt from the	
10	fee imposed	by this part:	
11	(1) E	Bottled sugar-sweetened beverages, syrups, and powder	
12	S	sold by a distributor or retailer expressly for resale	
13	с	or consumption outside the State; and	
14	(2) B	Bottled sugar-sweetened beverages, syrups, and powder	
15	S	old by a distributor to another distributor who is	
16	r	registered pursuant to section 321-B, if the sales	
17	i	nvoice clearly indicates that the sale is exempt. If	
18	t	the sale is to a person who is both a distributor and	
19	a	retailer, the sale shall also be exempt from the fee	
20	a	nd the fee shall be paid when the purchasing	
21	đ	listributor who is also a retailer resells the product	



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1 to a retailer or a consumer. This exemption shall not 2 apply to any other sale to a retailer. 3 **§321-E Payment.** (a) Every distributor or retailer 4 subject to the fee imposed by this part shall file a form identifying all sales of sugar-sweetened beverages made on a 5 6 periodic basis as determined by the department and submit 7 payment of the fee to the department. The form shall be 8 prescribed by the department and contain any information that the department deems necessary for the proper administration of 9 10 the sugar-sweetened beverage fee program. 11 (b) The revenues from the fee shall be deposited into the 12 healthy ohana special fund. 13 §321-F Healthy ohana special fund; established. (a) 14 There is established in the state treasury the healthy ohana 15 special fund into which shall be deposited: 16 (1) All revenues collected from sugar-sweetened beverage 17 fees established under section 321-C; 18 (2) All revenues collected from penalties pursuant to 19 section 321-M; 20 (3) All interest and earnings accruing from the investment 21 of moneys in the healthy ohana special fund; and



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(4) Appropriations made by the legislature into the fund.
 (b) The healthy ohana special fund shall be administered
 by the department. On a periodic basis as determined by the
 director of finance, the moneys in the healthy ohana special
 fund shall be expended or deposited as follows:

6 (1)per cent shall be expended by the department for 7 implementation and evaluation of the sugar-sweetened beverage fee program to address obesity prevention and 8 9 oral health promotion services in the State; 10 per cent shall be expended by the department for (2) 11 the purposes of supporting primary prevention and 12 chronic disease prevention programs and supports; and 13 (3) per cent shall be deposited into the healthy 14 ohana trust fund established pursuant to section 15 321-G.

16 §321-G Healthy ohana trust fund; established. (a) There
17 is established the healthy ohana trust fund as a separate fund
18 of a nonprofit entity having a board of directors and qualifying
19 under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
20 amended, into which shall be deposited moneys received as
21 provided under section 321-F(b)(3). The director, with the



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1 concurrence of the governor, shall select, pursuant to chapter 103D, the entity based upon its proven record of accomplishment 2 3 in administering a similar trust fund. The director, with the 4 concurrence of the governor and in their sole discretion, may 5 rescind the selection of the entity that administers the trust 6 fund. If the selection of the entity is rescinded, moneys in 7 the healthy ohana trust fund shall revert back to the State and 8 shall be deemed to be trust moneys.

9 (b) The department of budget and finance shall have
10 oversight authority over the healthy ohana trust fund and may
11 make periodic financial audits of the healthy ohana trust fund;
12 provided that the director of finance may contract with a
13 certified public accountancy firm to conduct the financial
14 audits.

(c) The entity selected under subsection (a), for each fiscal year, may expend up to ten per cent of the total market value of the healthy ohana trust fund on the preceding June 30, for the prevention and control of obesity and chronic disease on behalf of families in the State. These activities may include comprehensive programs and methods to support access to healthy food, active living and healthy eating, school and work based



health, nutrition and physical education, oral health, programs
 supporting farm-to-school, locally grown and sustainable
 agriculture practices, school gardens, and obesity and chronic
 disease prevention.

5 The healthy ohana trust fund may receive (d) 6 appropriations, contributions, grants, endowments, or gifts in 7 cash or otherwise from any source, including the State, corporations or other businesses, foundations, government, 8 9 individuals, and other interested parties; provided that any 10 appropriations made by the legislature to the healthy ohana 11 trust fund shall not supplant or diminish the funding of 12 existing chronic disease prevention programs or any health-13 related programs funded in whole or in part by the State.

14 (e) The assets of the healthy ohana trust fund shall15 consist of:

17 (2) Moneys appropriated to the healthy ohana trust fund by
18 the state, county, or federal government;
19 (3) Private contributions of cash or property; and

Moneys deposited pursuant to section 321-F(b)(3);

20 (4) Income and capital gains earned by the healthy ohana21 trust fund.



(1)

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(f) The aggregate principal sum deposited in the healthy
 ohana trust fund shall be invested by the entity selected under
 subsection (a) in a manner intended to maximize the rate of
 return on investment of the healthy ohana trust fund consistent
 with the objective of preserving the healthy ohana trust fund's
 principal.

7 (g) If the entity selected under subsection (a) is
8 dissolved, the director, with the concurrence of the governor,
9 shall select a successor entity pursuant to chapter 103D. If
10 the healthy ohana trust fund is terminated, the moneys remaining
11 in the healthy ohana trust fund shall revert back to the State
12 and shall be deemed to be trust moneys.

13 (h) The healthy ohana advisory committee established
14 pursuant to section 321-S shall provide advice to the department
15 regarding the administration of the healthy ohana trust fund.

16 §321-H Records to be kept. Every distributor and
17 retailer, in addition to any requirements under section 321-I,
18 shall prepare or maintain documents involving sugar-sweetened
19 beverages, syrups, and powders, as required by the department.
20 §321-I Audit authority. The records of the distributor

21 and retailer shall be made available, upon request, for



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inspection by the department, a duly authorized agent of the
 department, or the auditor; provided that any proprietary
 information obtained as a result of an inspection or audit shall
 be kept confidential and shall not be disclosed to any other
 person, except:

6 (1) As may be reasonably required in an administrative or
7 judicial proceeding to enforce any provision of this
8 part or any rule adopted pursuant to this part; or
9 (2) Under an order issued by a court or administrative
10 agency hearings officer.

11 §321-J Contract for administrative services. The
12 department may contract the services of a third party to
13 administer the sugar-sweetened beverage fee program.

14 §321-K Management and financial audit. The auditor shall
15 conduct a management and financial audit of the sugar-sweetened
16 beverage fee program on fiscal year 2024 to 2025 and fiscal year
17 2025 to 2026, and for each fiscal year thereafter ending in an
18 odd-numbered year. The auditor shall submit the audit report to
19 the legislature and the department no later than twenty days
20 prior to the convening of the next regular session. The auditor



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1 may contract the audit services of a third party to conduct the 2 audit.

3 §321-L Administration by director; rules. The department
4 shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to effectuate this
5 part.

6 §321-M Civil penalties. (a) Any person subject to this
7 part who:

- 8 (1) Fails to pay the entire fee imposed by this part by
 9 the date that payment is due;
- 10 (2) Fails to register as a distributor as required by
 11 section 321-B;
- 12 (3) Fails to file a form that identifies all sales of
 13 sugar-sweetened beverages during the time specified by
 14 the department as required by section 321-E;
- 15 (4) Fails to make payment to the department at the time
 16 specified by the department as required by section
 17 321-E;

18 (5) Fails to prepare or maintain records required by this19 part; or

20 (6) Violates any other provision of this part,



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shall be liable for the amount of the fee that is due, a penalty
 equal to fifty per cent of the fee due, and administrative fees
 and costs incurred by the department in enforcing this part.

4 (b) The director may determine the amount of the fee and 5 the penalty due under subsection (a) in the event of any 6 nonpayment or underpayment and demand payment of all sugar-7 sweetened beverage fees and penalties. Interest shall accrue on 8 nonpayment or underpayment of the fee at a rate of eight per 9 cent per year from the date the fee was due, until paid. The 10 director shall have the authority to revoke the distributor 11 registration as a penalty under subsection (a).

12 (c) Any criminal penalties for a violation of this part
13 shall not be deemed to preclude the State from recovering
14 additional civil penalties.

15 §321-N Enforcement. (a) If the director determines that 16 the sugar-sweetened beverage fee, penalties, or interest are 17 due, the director shall notify the person of the amount by 18 certified mail.

(b) Any notice issued under subsection (a) shall become
final, unless not later than thirty days after the notice is
mailed, the person named therein requests in writing a hearing



1 before the director. Whenever a hearing is requested, the 2 amount owed shall become payable only upon completion of all 3 review proceedings and the issuance of a final order confirming 4 the fee, interest, and penalty in whole or in part. Upon 5 request for a hearing, the director shall require the requestor 6 to appear before the director for a hearing at the time and 7 place specified in a notice.

8 (c) Any hearing conducted under this section shall be 9 conducted as a contested case under chapter 91. If, after a 10 hearing held pursuant to this section, the director finds that 11 all or a portion of the fee, interest, or penalty is due, the 12 director shall take action to collect the amount due as provided 13 by subsection (d).

(d) If the amount of any fee, interest, or penalty is not paid to the department within thirty days after it becomes due and payable, the director may institute a civil action in the name of the State to collect the fee, interest, and penalty. In any proceeding to collect the fee, interest, or penalty imposed, the director need only show that:

20 (1) Notice was given;



1 (2) A hearing was held, or the time granted for requesting 2 a hearing expired without a request for a hearing; 3 The fee, interest, or penalty was imposed; and (3) The fee, interest, or penalty remains unpaid. 4 (4) 5 (e) In connection with any hearing held pursuant to this 6 section, the director shall have the power to subpoena the 7 attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence on behalf 8 of all parties.

§ §321-0 Distribution of revenues. One hundred per cent of
revenues collected from the sugar-sweetened beverage fee
program, interest payments, and penalty payments imposed
pursuant to this part shall be paid to the healthy ohana special
fund, established in section 321-F.

14 §321-P Evaluation. The department shall develop criteria 15 and components for an independent evaluation to assess the 16 impact of the sugar-sweetened beverage fee on consumption of 17 products subject to the fee. The evaluation shall seek to 18 determine the impact of the fee on sugar-sweetened beverage 19 prices, consumer purchasing behavior, and health outcomes. The 20 reasonable costs of evaluation shall be paid from the healthy





ohana special fund and be considered an implementation cost of
 this part.
 §321-Q Costs. The costs to implement this part may
 include:

5 (1) Administrative, contractual, audit, independent
6 evaluation, and compliance activities associated with
7 collection and payment of the sugar-sweetened beverage
8 fee program;

- 9 (2) Personnel to implement the sugar-sweetened beverage10 fee program;
- 11 (3) Communication and education activities to inform the
 12 public and distributors about the sugar-sweetened
 13 beverage fee program; and
- 14 (4) Associated office expenses.

15 §321-R Annual reports. The department shall provide 16 annual reports on the sugar-sweetened beverage fee program to 17 the legislature and the governor no later than twenty days prior 18 to the convening of each regular session for the period 19 beginning when the program is in effect following the adoption 20 of rules pursuant to section 321-L. The reports shall address: 21 (1) Measures of effectiveness;



1	(2)	Amounts of revenues collected in the prior fiscal
2		year;
3	(3)	Distributions and expenditures from the healthy ohana
4		special fund in the prior fiscal year; and
5	(4)	The status of program activities.
6	If admini	stration of the program is contracted to a third party
7	pursuant	to section 321-J, a copy of the contract shall be
8	appended	to the next applicable report and the contractor shall
9	comply wi	th the reporting requirements.
10	§321	-S Healthy ohana advisory committee. (a) There is
11	establish	ed a healthy ohana trust fund advisory committee within
12	the depar	tment for administrative purposes.
13	(b)	Members of the committee shall:
14	(1)	Be appointed by the director, and shall serve at the
15		director's pleasure; and
16	(2)	Have background and expertise in chronic disease
17		prevention.
18	(c)	The healthy ohana advisory committee shall advise the
19	departmen	t on the administration of the healthy ohana trust
20	fund.	



1	(d)	The healthy ohana advisory committee, in collaboration	
2	with the	department, shall develop a strategic plan for chronic	
3	disease prevention, including:		
4	(1)	Developing and implementing effective and cost-	
5		efficient policies and programs, including health	
6		promotion and disease prevention;	
7	(2)	Developing adequate standards and benchmarks by which	
8		measures of chronic disease prevention policies and	
9		programs may be appropriately evaluated; and	
10	(3)	Assessing the effectiveness of policies and programs	
11		engaged in chronic disease prevention.	
12	(e)	A simple majority of the committee members shall	
13	constitut	e quorum."	
14	SECT	ION 3. No later than June 30, 2024, the department	
15	shall adopt interim rules without regard to chapters 91 and		
16	201M, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to implement the sugar-sweetened		
17	beverage fee program. The interim rules shall remain in effect		
18	until January 1, 2026, or until rules are adopted pursuant to		
19	section 321-L, Hawaii Revised Statutes, whichever occurs sooner.		
20	SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general		
21	revenues	of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$250,000 or so much	



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1 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2023-2024 and the 2 same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 3 2024-2025 to be deposited into the healthy ohana special fund established pursuant to section 321-F, Hawaii Revised Statutes. 4 5 SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general 6 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$250,000 or so much 7 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2023-2024 and the same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 8 2024-2025 to carry out the purposes of section 2 of this Act, 9 10 including the establishment, hiring, and filling of positions 11 and contractors.

12 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department13 of health for the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 6. Not later than July 1, 2025, the department of health shall establish a repayment plan and schedule to repay the general fund for the sums deposited into the healthy ohana special fund established pursuant to section 321-F, Hawaii Revised Statutes. The department of health shall use only moneys from the healthy ohana special fund to repay the general fund.



1	SECTI	ON 7. Not later than March 15, 2024, the director of	
2	health, or	the director's designee, shall submit a report and	
3	provide an	informational briefing to the legislature concerning	
4	the progre	ss of implementing the provisions in this Act,	
5	including	the status of rulemaking by the department of health	
6	pertaining to the sugar-sweetened beverage fee program.		
7	SECTI	ON 8. For the purposes of effectuating this Act, the	
8	personnel	hired and the contracts entered into by the department	
9	of health,	pursuant to this Act, shall be exempt from chapter	
10	76, Hawaii	Revised Statutes, for a period beginning on July 1,	
11	2023, and	ending on June 30, 2025; provided that:	
12	(1)	All personnel actions taken pursuant to this Act by	
13		the department of health after June 30, 2025, shall be	
14	:	subject to chapter 76, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as	
15	i	appropriate; and	
16	(2)	Any employee hired by the department of health to	
17		effectuate this Act, who occupies a position exempt	
18	:	from civil service on July 1, 2025, shall:	
19		(A) Be appointed to a civil service position; and	



1 (B) Not suffer any loss of prior service credit, 2 vacation or sick leave credits previously earned 3 or other employee benefits or privileges; provided that the employee possesses the minimum 4 5 qualifications and public employment requirements for 6 the class or position to which appointed; provided 7 further that subsequent changes in status shall be 8 made pursuant to applicable civil service and 9 compensation laws.

SECTION 9. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.

16 SECTION 10. In codifying the new sections added by section 17 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute 18 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating 19 the new sections in this Act.

20



1 SECTION 11. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.

2

INTRODUCED BY:

Kal Nhort



Report Title:

Healthy Ohana Act; Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Fee Program; Department of Health; Appropriations

Description:

Imposes a fee for selling sugar-sweetened beverages at the distributor level to be collected by the Department of Health. Establishes a special fund into which revenues are deposited. Establishes a trust fund in the private sector to receive revenues from the special fund to support prevention and control of obesity and chronic diseases. Establishes a healthy ohana advisory committee to advise the Department of Health on the administration of the trust fund. Makes appropriations.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

