S.B. NO. ⁸⁵⁷ S.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ACCESS TO TREATMENT FOR TERMINALLY ILL PATIENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the process of 2 approval for investigational drugs and biological products in 3 the United States protects future patients from premature, 4 ineffective, and unsafe medications and treatments over the long 5 run, but the process often takes many years. Patients who have 6 a terminal illness can be severely restricted in care options 7 until an investigational drug or biological product receives 8 final approval from the United States Food and Drug 9 Administration.

10 The legislature further finds that because patients who 11 have a terminal illness may often not have the time to wait for 12 a potentially lifesaving investigational drug or biological 13 product to gain final approval from the United States Food and 14 Drug Administration, the federal government and forty-one states 15 have enacted "right-to-try" legislation that makes available 16 experimental drugs without Food and Drug Administration approval

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to terminally ill patients with no other medication or treatment
 options.

The purpose of this Act is to grant patients with terminal illnesses access to potentially lifesaving investigational drugs and biological products that have not received final approval from the United States Food and Drug Administration.

7 SECTION 2. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
9 and to read as follows:

10 "§321- Access to investigational drugs and biological products for terminally ill patients. (a) Notwithstanding 11 section 328-17, beginning January 1, 2024, a manufacturer of an 12 investigational drug or biological product may make available 13 the manufacturer's investigational drug or biological product to 14 15 eligible patients pursuant to this section. This section does 16 not require that a manufacturer make available an 17 investigational drug or biological product to an eligible 18 patient. A manufacturer may: (1) Provide an investigational drug or biological product 19

20 <u>to an eligible patient without receiving compensation;</u>
21 <u>or</u>



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1	(2) Require an eligible patient to pay the costs of, or
2	the costs associated with, the manufacture of the
3	investigational drug or biological product.
4	(b) A health insurer may, but is not required to, provide
5	coverage for the cost of an investigational drug or biological
6	product.
7	(c) A health insurer may deny coverage to an eligible
8	patient from the time the eligible patient begins use of the
9	investigational drug or biological product through a period not
10	to exceed six months from the time the investigational drug or
11	biological product is no longer used by the eligible patient;
12	provided that coverage may not be denied for a preexisting
13	condition and for coverage for benefits that commence prior to
14	the time the eligible patient begins use of the investigational
15	drug or biological product.
16	(d) If a patient dies while being treated by an
17	investigational drug or biological product, the patient's heirs
18	shall not be liable for any outstanding debt related to the
19	treatment or lack of insurance due to the treatment.
20	(e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a licensing
21	board may not revoke, fail to renew, suspend, or take any action



1	against a health care provider's license based on the health
2	care provider's recommendations to an eligible patient regarding
3	access to or treatment with an investigational drug or
4	biological product that is being developed to treat the type of
5	terminal illness that afflicts the patient, any physical or
6	psychological symptoms of the patient's terminal illness, or for
7	palliative care. Action against a health care provider's
8	medicare certification based on the health care provider's
9	recommendation that a patient have access to an investigational
10	drug or biological product that is being developed to treat the
11	type of terminal illness that afflicts the patient, any physical
12	or psychological symptoms of the patient's terminal illness, or
13	for palliative care shall be prohibited.
14	(f) An official, employee, or agent of the State shall not
15	block or attempt to block an eligible patient's access to an
16	investigational drug or biological product. Counseling, advice,
17	or a recommendation consistent with medical standards of care
18	from a licensed health care provider shall not constitute a
19	violation of this section.
20	(g) This section does not create a private cause of action

21 against a manufacturer of an investigational drug or biological

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1	product o	r against another person or entity involved in the care
2	of an eli	gible patient using the investigational drug or
3	biologica	l product, for any harm done to the eligible patient
4	resulting	from the investigational drug or biological product;
5	provided	that the manufacturer or other person or entity is
6	complying	in good faith with the terms of this section; provided
7	further t	hat there was no failure to exercise reasonable care.
8	<u>(h)</u>	For the purposes of this section:
9	<u>"Eli</u>	gible patient" means a person who has:
10	(1)	A terminal illness, attested to by the patient's
11		treating physician;
12	(2)	Considered all other treatment options currently
13		approved by the United States Food and Drug
14		Administration;
15	(3)	Been unable to participate in a clinical trial for the
16		terminal illness within one hundred miles of the
17		patient's home address for the terminal illness, or
18		not been accepted to the clinical trial within one
19		week of completion of the clinical trial application
20		process;

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1	(4)	Received a recommendation from the patient's physician
2		for an investigational drug or biological product to
3		treat the patient's terminal illness, physical or
4		psychological symptoms of the patient's terminal
5		illness, or for palliative care;
6	(5)	Given written, informed consent for the use of the
7		investigational drug or biological product or, if the
8		patient is a minor or lacks the mental capacity to
9		provide informed consent, a parent or legal guardian
10		has given written, informed consent on the patient's
11		behalf; and
12	(6)	Documentation from the patient's physician that the
13		patient meets the requirements of this definition.
14	"Eligible	patient" does not include a person being treated as an
15	inpatient	in an institution with an organized medical staff,
16	regulated	under section 321-11(10), or a health care facility
17	under chap	pter 323F.
18	"Inve	estigational drug or biological product" means a drug
19	or biolog	ical product that has successfully completed phase one
20	<u>of a clin</u> :	ical trial but has not yet been approved for general
21	use by the	e United States Food and Drug Administration and



1	remains u	nder investigation in a United States Food and Drug
2	Administr	ation-approved clinical trial.
3	"Ter	minal illness" means a disease that, without life-
4	sustainin	g procedures, will result in death or a state of
5	permanent	unconsciousness from which recovery is unlikely.
6	<u>"Wri</u>	tten, informed consent" means a written document signed
7	by the el	igible patient and attested to by the patient's
8	physician	and a witness that, at a minimum:
9	(1)	Explains the existing approved products and treatments
10		for the disease or condition from which the patient
11		suffers;
12	(2)	Attests to the fact that the patient concurs with the
13		patient's physician in believing that all existing
14		approved and conventionally recognized treatments are
15		unlikely to prolong the patient's life;
16	(3)	Clearly identifies the specific proposed
17		investigational drug or biological product that the
18		patient is seeking to use;
19	(4)	Describes the potentially best and worst outcomes of
20		using the investigational drug or biological product
21		with a realistic description of the most likely



1		outcome, including the possibility that new,
2		unanticipated, different, or worse symptoms might
3		result, and that death could be hastened by the
4		proposed treatment, based on the physician's knowledge
5		of the proposed treatment in conjunction with an
6		awareness of the patient's condition;
7	(5)	Makes clear that the patient's health insurer and
8		health care provider are not obligated to pay for any
9		care or treatments consequent to the use of the
10		investigational drug or biological product;
11	(6)	Makes clear that the patient's eligibility for hospice
12		care may be withdrawn by the hospice care provider if
13		the patient begins curative treatment and care may be
14		reinstated if the curative treatment ends and the
15		patient meets hospice eligibility requirements;
16	(7)	Makes clear that in-home health care may be denied if
17		treatment begins; and
18	(8)	States that the patient understands that the patient
19		is liable for all expenses consequent to the use of
20		the investigational drug or biological product, and
21		that this liability extends to the patient's estate,



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1	unless a contract between the patient and the
2	manufacturer of the investigational drug or biological
3	product states otherwise."
4	SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
5	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on December 31,
6	2050.



Report Title: Right-to-Try Act; Terminally Ill Patients; Investigational Drugs; Biological Products

Description:

Beginning on January 1, 2024, permits manufacturers of investigational drugs or biological products to make these drugs and products available to terminally ill patients under certain conditions. Effective 12/31/2050. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

