

JAN 20 2023

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ACCESS TO TREATMENT FOR TERMINALLY ILL PATIENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the process of
2 approval for investigational drugs and biological products in
3 the United States protects future patients from premature,
4 ineffective, and unsafe medications and treatments over the long
5 run, but the process often takes many years. Patients who have
6 a terminal illness can be severely restricted in care options
7 until an investigational drug or biological product receives
8 final approval from the United States Food and Drug
9 Administration.

10 The legislature further finds that because patients who
11 have a terminal illness may often not have the time to wait for
12 a potentially lifesaving investigational drug or biological
13 product to gain final approval from the United States Food and
14 Drug Administration, the federal government and forty-one states
15 have enacted "right-to-try" legislation that makes available
16 experimental drugs without Food and Drug Administration approval



1 to terminally ill patients with no other medication or treatment
2 options.

3 The purpose of this Act is to grant patients with terminal
4 illnesses access to potentially life-saving investigational
5 drugs and biological products that have not received final
6 approval from the United States Food and Drug Administration.

7 SECTION 2. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
9 and to read as follows:

10 "§321- Access to investigational drugs and biological
11 products for terminally ill patients. (a) Notwithstanding
12 section 328-17, beginning January 1, 2024, a manufacturer of an
13 investigational drug or biological product may make available
14 the manufacturer's investigational drug or biological product to
15 eligible patients pursuant to this section. This section does
16 not require that a manufacturer make available an
17 investigational drug or biological product to an eligible
18 patient. A manufacturer may:

- 19 (1) Provide an investigational drug or biological product
20 to an eligible patient without receiving compensation;
21 or



1 (2) Require an eligible patient to pay the costs of, or
2 the costs associated with, the manufacture of the
3 investigational drug or biological product.

4 (b) A health insurance carrier may, but is not required
5 to, provide coverage for the cost of an investigational drug or
6 biological product.

7 (c) An insurer may deny coverage to an eligible patient
8 from the time the eligible patient begins use of the
9 investigational drug or biological product through a period not
10 to exceed six months from the time the investigational drug or
11 biological product is no longer used by the eligible patient;
12 provided that coverage may not be denied for a preexisting
13 condition and for coverage for benefits that commence prior to
14 the time the eligible patient begins use of the investigational
15 drug or biological product.

16 (d) If a patient dies while being treated by an
17 investigational drug or biological product, the patient's heirs
18 shall not be liable for any outstanding debt related to the
19 treatment or lack of insurance due to the treatment.

20 (e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a licensing
21 board may not revoke, fail to renew, suspend, or take any action



1 against a health care provider's license based on the health
2 care provider's recommendations to an eligible patient regarding
3 access to or treatment with an investigational drug or
4 biological product that is being developed to treat the type of
5 terminal illness that afflicts the patient, any physical or
6 psychological symptoms of the patient's terminal illness, or for
7 palliative care. Action against a health care provider's
8 medicare certification based on the health care provider's
9 recommendation that a patient have access to an investigational
10 drug or biological product that is being developed to treat the
11 type of terminal illness that afflicts the patient, any physical
12 or psychological symptoms of the patient's terminal illness, or
13 for palliative care shall be prohibited.

14 (f) An official, employee, or agent of the State shall not
15 block or attempt to block an eligible patient's access to an
16 investigational drug or biological product. Counseling, advice,
17 or a recommendation consistent with medical standards of care
18 from a licensed health care provider shall not constitute a
19 violation of this section.

20 (g) This section does not create a private cause of action
21 against a manufacturer of an investigational drug or biological



1 product or against another person or entity involved in the care
2 of an eligible patient using the investigational drug or
3 biological product, for any harm done to the eligible patient
4 resulting from the investigational drug or biological product;
5 provided that the manufacturer or other person or entity is
6 complying in good faith with the terms of this section; provided
7 further there was no failure to exercise reasonable care.

8 (h) For the purposes of this section:

9 "Eligible patient" means a person who has:

10 (1) A terminal illness, attested to by the patient's
11 treating physician;

12 (2) Considered all other treatment options currently
13 approved by the United States Food and Drug
14 Administration;

15 (3) Been unable to participate in a clinical trial for the
16 terminal illness within one hundred miles of the
17 patient's home address for the terminal illness, or
18 not been accepted to the clinical trial within one
19 week of completion of the clinical trial application
20 process;



1 (4) Received a recommendation from the patient's physician
2 for an investigational drug or biological product in
3 order to treat the patient's terminal illness,
4 physical or psychological symptoms of the patient's
5 terminal illness, or for palliative care;

6 (5) Given written, informed consent for the use of the
7 investigational drug or biological product or, if the
8 patient is a minor or lacks the mental capacity to
9 provide informed consent, a parent or legal guardian
10 has given written, informed consent on the patient's
11 behalf; and

12 (6) Documentation from the patient's physician that the
13 patient meets the requirements of this definition.

14 "Eligible patient" does not include a person being treated as an
15 inpatient in an institution with an organized medical staff,
16 regulated under section 321-11(10), or a health care facility
17 under chapter 323F.

18 "Investigational drug or biological product" means a drug
19 or biological product that has successfully completed phase one
20 of a clinical trial but has not yet been approved for general
21 use by the United States Food and Drug Administration and



1 remains under investigation in a United States Food and Drug
2 Administration-approved clinical trial.

3 "Terminal illness" means a disease that, without life-
4 sustaining procedures, will result in death or a state of
5 permanent unconsciousness from which recovery is unlikely.

6 "Written, informed consent" means a written document signed
7 by the patient and attested to by the patient's physician and a
8 witness that, at a minimum:

- 9 (1) Explains the currently approved products and
10 treatments for the disease or condition from which the
11 patient suffers;
- 12 (2) Attests to the fact that the patient concurs with the
13 patient's physician in believing that all currently
14 approved and conventionally recognized treatments are
15 unlikely to prolong the patient's life;
- 16 (3) Clearly identifies the specific proposed
17 investigational drug or biological product that the
18 patient is seeking to use;
- 19 (4) Describes the potentially best and worst outcomes of
20 using the investigational drug or biological product
21 with a realistic description of the most likely



1 outcome, including the possibility that new,
2 unanticipated, different, or worse symptoms might
3 result, and that death could be hastened by the
4 proposed treatment, based on the physician's knowledge
5 of the proposed treatment in conjunction with an
6 awareness of the patient's condition;

7 (5) Makes clear that the patient's health insurer and
8 provider are not obligated to pay for any care or
9 treatments consequent to the use of the
10 investigational drug or biological product;

11 (6) Makes clear that the patient's eligibility for hospice
12 care may be withdrawn by the hospice care provider if
13 the patient begins curative treatment and care may be
14 reinstated if the curative treatment ends and the
15 patient meets hospice eligibility requirements;

16 (7) Makes clear that in-home health care may be denied if
17 treatment begins; and

18 (8) States that the patient understands that the patient
19 is liable for all expenses consequent to the use of
20 the investigational drug or biological product, and
21 that this liability extends to the patient's estate,



1 unless a contract between the patient and the
2 manufacturer of the investigational drug or biological
3 product states otherwise."

4 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.

5 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

6

INTRODUCED BY: 



S.B. NO. 857

Report Title:

Right-to-Try Act; Terminally Ill Patients; Investigational
Drugs; Biological Products

Description:

Beginning on January 1, 2024, permits manufacturers of
investigational drugs or biological products to make these drugs
and products available to terminally ill patients under certain
conditions.

*The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is
not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.*

