A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SEA LEVEL RISE ADAPTATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that climate change and
- 2 sea level rise pose significant, dangerous, and imminent threats
- 3 to the State's social and economic well-being, public safety,
- 4 nature and environments, cultural resources, property,
- 5 infrastructure, and government functions and will likely have a
- 6 disproportionate impact on low-income and otherwise vulnerable
- 7 communities. Chronic impacts of sea level rise, including
- 8 coastal erosion, high tide flooding, and annual high wave
- 9 flooding, are already impacting many low-lying coastal areas and
- 10 are predicted to increase in extent and severity in the coming
- 11 decades. Climate change and sea level rise will exacerbate the
- 12 impacts of disaster events, such as hurricanes, extreme
- 13 rainfall, high-wave events, and tsunamis.
- 14 The legislature further finds that a 2017 report by the
- 15 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration projects that
- 16 3.2 feet of global mean sea level rise will occur by 2100 in an

- 1 intermediate scenario and could occur as early as the 2060s in
- 2 an extreme scenario.
- 3 The legislature notes that the Hawaii sea level rise
- 4 vulnerability and adaptation report completed by the department
- 5 of land and natural resources and accepted by the Hawaii climate
- 6 change mitigation and adaptation commission, along with map data
- 7 available via the Hawaii sea level rise viewer online mapping
- 8 tool and the Hawaii statewide GIS program, provide a relevant
- 9 assessment, based on the best available science, of the State's
- 10 coastal areas' exposure to the chronic impacts of sea level
- 11 rise. The State of Hawaii hazard mitigation plan provides
- 12 expanded assessment of natural hazards and potential impacts of
- 13 disaster events in recognition of climate change and sea level
- 14 rise. Both documents provide current references; are consistent
- 15 with sea level rise projections reported in the latest and best
- 16 available science, including National Oceanic and Atmospheric
- 17 Administration reporting; and serve as key references for the
- 18 State in assessing vulnerabilities and developing actions to
- 19 improve resilience to impacts of sea level rise and extreme
- 20 climate events, and therefore can serve as useful tools for
- 21 executive departments in preparing for sea level rise.

I	The purpose of this Act is to require the executive		
2	departments of the State to:		
3	(1)	Identify existing and planned facilities that are	
4		vulnerable to sea level rise, flooding impacts, and	
5		natural hazards;	
6	(2)	Assess a range of options for mitigating the impacts	
7		of sea level rise to existing and planned facilities;	
8	(3)	Establish staff level points of contact to improve	
9		interagency coordination for sea level rise	
10	: •	adaptation, flooding, and resilience; and	
11	(4)	Submit annual reports to the governor, legislature,	
12		and Hawaii climate change mitigation and adaptation	
13		commission regarding vulnerability and adaptation	
14		assessments for state facilities and progress in	
15		implementing sea level rise and disaster resiliency	
16		considerations.	
17	SECTION 2. Chapter 27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amende		
18	by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to		
19	read as follows:		
20	" <u>§27</u>	- Sea level rise; responsibilities. (a) Each state	
21	departmen	t shall:	

1	(1)	Identify existing and planned facilities, including
2		critical infrastructure, that are vulnerable to sea
3		level rise, flooding impacts, and natural hazards,
4		utilizing projections and map data from the most
5		recent update of the Hawaii sea level rise
6		vulnerability and adaptation report and State of
7		Hawaii hazard mitigation plan; and
8	(2)	Assess a range of options for mitigating the impacts
9		of sea level rise to existing and planned facilities,
10		including flood-proofing in-place and relocation of
11		facilities, especially in locations, where
12		conservation of beaches and coastal environments is
13		desired as defined by the head of the department;
14		provided that the departments shall take sea level
15		rise, flooding, and disaster resilience into account
16		in their planning and investment decisions; identify
17		and consider risk from climate change; and employ full
18		life-cycle cost accounting to evaluate and compare
19		facilities investments and alternatives; provided
20		further that the departments shall be guided by the
21		following principles:

1	(A)	Prioritize actions that build disaster resilience
2		and climate adaptation;
3	(B)	Take actions to protect the State's most
4		vulnerable populations; and
5	<u>(C)</u>	Prioritize nature-based adaptation and resilience
6		solutions.
7	<u>In c</u>	carrying out these functions, the departments shall
8	<u>coo1</u>	dinate resiliency actions with county and federal
9	ager	cies, relevant communities, and the private
10	sect	cor.
11	(b) Each	department shall establish staff level points of
12	contact with r	relevant expertise to build internal capacity and
13	work with Hawa	ii climate change mitigation and adaptation
14	commission sta	ff to improve interagency coordination for sea
15	level rise ada	ptation, flooding, and resilience.
16	(c) Each	department shall submit a report to the governor,
17	legislature, a	nd Hawaii climate change mitigation and adaptation
18	commission no	later than twenty days prior to the convening of
19	each regular s	ession regarding its vulnerability and adaptation
20	assessments fo	or its facilities and any progress made toward
21	implementing s	ea level rise and disaster resiliency

1 considerations in its plans, programs, and capital improvement 2 decisions. 3 (d) Each department shall ensure its commitment to 4 protecting the public trust and natural beach resources while 5 balancing the public interests of health, safety, and the 6 welfare of residents." 7 SECTION 3. Section 27-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended to read as follows: 9 "\$27-1 Functions of statewide concern. The purpose of the 10 chapter is to fix responsibility for certain functions, which 11 are of statewide concern, in the state government. These 12 functions which are declared to be state functions are as follows: 13 14 (1) Planning, construction, improvement and maintenance of 15 public school facilities and grounds and the 16 transportation of school children; provided that 17 nothing in this paragraph shall preclude the several 18 counties from expending their own funds to supplement 19 state funds; (2) Burial of indigents; 20

S.B. NO. 509 S.D. 1

1	(3)	Planning, construction, improvement, maintenance, and
2		operation of public hospitals and other public health
3		and medical facilities;
4	(4)	Rendering of medical treatment and hospitalization
5		services to state and county pensioners;
6	(5)	Administration and operation of district courts; [and]
7	(6)	Providing information and services to the public
8		through joint cooperation with the several
9		counties [-] ; and
10	(7)	Planning and implementing considerations, policies,
11		and practices related to disaster resilience and
12		climate adaptation, including sea level rise."
13	SECT	ION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
15	SECT	ION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2112.

Report Title:

State Responsibilities; Executive Departments; Climate Change; Sea Level Rise Adaptation

Description:

Requires each executive branch department to: identify existing and planned facilities that are vulnerable to sea level rise, flooding impacts, and natural hazards; assess options for mitigating the impacts of sea level rise to existing and planned facilities; establish staff level points of contact to improve interagency coordination for sea level rise adaptation, flooding, and resilience; and submit annual reports to the Governor, Legislature, and Hawaii Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation Commission. Effective 7/1/2112. (SD1)

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