A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO LITTLE FIRE ANTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the Wasmannia
- 2 auropunctata, commonly known as the little fire ant, threatens
- 3 native biodiversity, alters tropical ecosystems, impairs human
- 4 health, diminishes agricultural and horticultural productivity,
- 5 and ranks among one of the world's worst invasive species.
- 6 Hawaii's tropical climate is ideally suited for the
- 7 establishment and growth of the little fire ant, and since they
- 8 were first discovered in the State on the island of Hawaii in
- 9 1999, they have since been found on the islands of Hawaii,
- 10 Kauai, Lanai, Maui, and Oahu. Little fire ants can invade
- 11 agricultural areas and nurseries, as well as yards and homes.
- 12 These pests have a painful sting that can cause long-lasting
- 13 itchy rashes or welts. Their bites also irritate, and sometimes
- 14 blind, household pets and livestock. The legislature further
- 15 finds that little fire ants nurture other invasive pests, such
- 16 as aphids, mealy bugs, soft scale insects, and whiteflies; and

- 1 have also been known to kill hatchlings of ground-nesting birds
- 2 and sea turtles.
- 3 The legislature recognizes that although there are
- 4 individuals who have gone to extreme lengths to limit the spread
- 5 of little fire ants, there are others who do not take reasonable
- 6 steps to prevent little fire ant infestations, nor do they have
- 7 any responsibility to treat their property once it has been
- 8 infested, thereby leading to the infestation of little fire ants
- 9 on surrounding properties. The legislature further recognizes
- 10 that, if action is not taken, little fire ants will continue to
- 11 spread, reach critical numbers, and significantly disrupt and
- 12 economically damage the State. The legislature finds that it is
- 13 more than likely that over half of the private properties on
- 14 Hawaii Island are currently infested with little fire ants,
- 15 without their owners' knowledge.
- 16 The legislature also finds that chapter 508D, Hawaii
- 17 Revised Statutes, requires a written disclosure statement
- 18 prepared by the seller, or at the seller's direction, that
- 19 purports to fully and accurately disclose all material facts
- 20 relating to residential real property being offered for sale.
- 21 The legislature believes that a little ant infestation is a

- 1 material fact, as defined under existing law, that could
- 2 measurably affect the value of residential real property being
- 3 offered for sale. Requiring disclosure of little fire ant
- 4 infestations can also help raise awareness of the changes posed
- 5 by little fire ants and provide prospective buyers with
- 6 information to help anticipate any future mitigation costs.
- 7 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to require the
- 8 disclosure of any little fire ant infestations as part of the
- 9 sale of residential real property.
- 10 SECTION 2. Section 508D-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended to read as follows:
- 12 "§508D-15 Notification required; ambiguity. (a) When
- 13 residential real property lies within:
- 14 (1) The boundaries of a special flood hazard area as
- officially designated on flood maps promulgated by the
- 16 National Flood Insurance Program of the Federal
- 17 Emergency Management Agency for the purposes of
- determining eligibility for emergency flood insurance
- 19 programs;
- 20 (2) The boundaries of the noise exposure area shown on
- 21 maps prepared by the department of transportation in

1		accordance with Federal Aviation Regulation part 150,
2		Airport Noise Compatibility Planning (14 C.F.R. part
3		150), for any public airport;
4	(3)	The boundaries of the Air Installation Compatible Use
5		Zone of any Air Force, Army, Navy, or Marine Corps
6		airport as officially designated by military
7		authorities;
8	(4)	The anticipated inundation areas designated on the
9		department of defense's emergency management tsunami
10		inundation maps; or
11	(5)	The sea level rise exposure area as designated by the
12		Hawaii climate change mitigation and adaptation
13		commission or its successor,
14	subject to the availability of maps that designate the five	
15	areas by tax map key (zone, section, parcel), the seller shall	
16	include the material fact information in the disclosure	
17	statement provided to the buyer subject to this chapter. Each	
18	county shall provide, where available, maps of its jurisdiction	
19	detailing the five designated areas specified in this	
20	subsection. The maps shall identify the properties situated	
21	within th	e five designated areas by tay man key number (zone

- 1 section, parcel) and shall be of a size sufficient to provide
- 2 information necessary to serve the purposes of this section.
- 3 Each county shall provide legible copies of the maps and may
- 4 charge a reasonable copying fee.
- 5 (b) When residential real property lies adjacent to the
- 6 shoreline, the seller shall disclose all permitted and
- 7 unpermitted erosion control structures on the parcel, expiration
- 8 dates of any permitted structures, any notices of alleged
- 9 violation associated with the parcel, and any fines for expired
- 10 permits or unpermitted structures associated with the parcel.
- 11 (c) When it is questionable whether residential real
- 12 property lies within any of the designated areas referred to in
- 13 subsection (a) due to the inherent ambiguity of boundary lines
- 14 drawn on maps of large scale, the ambiguity shall be construed
- 15 in favor of the seller; provided that a good faith effort has
- 16 been made to determine the applicability of subsection (a) to
- 17 the subject real property.
- (d) Except as required under subsections (a), (b), and (c)
- 19 and section 508D-3.5, the seller shall have no duty to examine
- 20 any public record when preparing a disclosure statement.

- 1 (e) Notwithstanding subsection (a) to the contrary, the
- 2 seller shall disclose in the disclosure statement provided to
- 3 the buyer subject to this chapter whether the real property has
- 4 had any infestation of little fire ants, and if there was a
- 5 treatment made to a prior infestation, the date and who provided
- 6 the treatment. Any ambiguity arising from this subsection shall
- 7 be construed in favor of the seller; provided that a good faith
- 8 effort has been made to determine the applicability of this
- 9 subsection.
- 10 For purposes of this subsection, "little fire ant" means
- 11 living ants of the species Wasmannia auropunctata."
- 12 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 13 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 14 begun before its effective date.
- 15 SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.
- 16 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Report Title:

Little Fire Ants; Mandatory Seller Disclosure; Real Property Transactions

Description:

Requires the disclosure of any little fire ant infestation as part of any sale of residential real property. (SD1)

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