A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RENEWABLE ENERGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that it has established
- 2 goals for the State to achieve a one hundred per cent renewable
- 3 energy portfolio standard by 2045, promote the use of renewable
- 4 energy sources, reduce greenhouse gas emissions to at least
- 5 fifty per cent below 2005 levels by 2030, and uphold the State's
- 6 zero emissions clean economy target to sequester more
- 7 atmospheric carbon and greenhouse gases than emitted within the
- 8 State by no later than 2045.
- 9 The legislature also finds that greenhouse gas emissions
- 10 are not just the result of electricity generation, but also of
- 11 transportation and other uses of fossil fuels. With the
- 12 advancement of various technologies, there are now more
- 13 renewable fuel options available to replace fossil fuels and
- 14 mitigate carbon emissions. These advancements include
- 15 sustainable aviation fuels and hydrogen, which can help the
- 16 State reach its renewable energy goals. However, with limited
- 17 land, it is difficult to advance policies that promote renewable



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- 1 fuels. The legislature recognizes that the State has a role to
- 2 play in continuing to support renewable energy.
- 3 The legislature further finds that section 171-95, Hawaii
- 4 Revised Statutes, enables the board of land and natural
- 5 resources to assist in the State's achievement of its renewable
- 6 energy and emission reduction goals by allowing the board to
- 7 lease, without public auction, certain public lands to public
- 8 utilities and renewable energy producers. However, the
- 9 legislature finds that the definition of "renewable energy
- 10 producer" could be broadened to allow more public lands to be
- 11 leased for the generation of more types of renewable energy.
- 12 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to broaden the
- 13 definition of "renewable energy producer" that is used to
- 14 determine the board of land and natural resources' disposition
- 15 of public lands to renewable energy producers.
- 16 It is not the intent of this Act to address the regulation
- 17 of public utilities or the topic of wheeling.
- 18 SECTION 2. Section 171-95, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
- "(c) For the purposes of this section, "renewable energy"
- 21 producer" means:



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1	(1)	Any producer or developer of [electrical or thermal]
2		renewable energy [produced by wind, solar energy,
3		hydropower, geothermal resources, landfill gas, waste-
4		to-energy, ocean thermal energy conversion, cold
5		seawater, wave energy, biomass, including municipal
6		solid waste, biofuels or fuels derived from organic
7		sources, hydrogen fuels derived primarily from
8		renewable energy, or fuel cells where the fuel is
9		derived primarily from renewable sources], as defined
10		in section 269-91, that [sell all of] sells the net
11		power produced from the demised premises [to an
12		electric utility company regulated under chapter 269
13		or that sells all of the thermal energy it produces to
14		customers of district cooling systems; provided that
15		up to twenty-five per cent of the power produced by a
16		renewable energy producer and sold to the utility or
17		to district cooling system customers may be derived
18		from fossil fuels; or];
19	(2)	Any grower or producer of plant or animal materials
20		used primarily for the production of biofuels or other
21		fuels; provided that nothing herein is intended to

1		prevent the waste product or byproduct of the plant or	
2		animal material grown or produced for the production	
3		of biofuel, biogas, hydrogen, or other fuels[7	
4		electrical energy, or thermal energy,] from being used	
5		for other useful purposes[-]; or	
6	(3)	Any producer of renewable energy, as defined in	
7		section 269-91, that uses the renewable energy to	
8		provide district heating or cooling services;	
9	provided	that a producer or developer of renewable energy or	
10	grower or	producer of materials used primarily for the	
11	productio	n of biofuels or other fuels does not meet this	
12	definitio	n unless the production or development of the renewable	
13	energy, b	iofuel, or other fuel has lifecycle greenhouse gas	
14	emissions	at least seventy-five per cent below that of the	
15	fossil fu	el that is most likely to be replaced by that renewable	
16	energy source, biofuel, or other fuel; provided further that		
17	nothing in this definition shall be construed to allow wheeling		
18	that is n	ot authorized by law or rule or approved by the public	
19	utilities	commission."	
20	SECT	ION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed	
21	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.	

1 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.

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Report Title:

Renewable Energy; Renewable Energy Producer; Public Land Leases; Direct Negotiation

Description:

Expands the definition of "renewable energy producer" that is used to determine the Board of Land and Natural Resources' disposition of public lands by direct negotiation to renewable energy producers. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

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