#### JAN 2 4 2024

### A BILL FOR AN ACT

PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 12 AND 13, OF THE HAWAII CONSTITUTION TO EXPRESSLY PROVIDE THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY AUTHORIZE THE COUNTIES TO ISSUE TAX INCREMENT BONDS AND TO EXCLUDE TAX INCREMENT BONDS FROM DETERMINATIONS OF THE FUNDED DEBT OF THE COUNTIES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to propose
- 2 amendments to article VII, sections 12 and 13, of the
- 3 Constitution of the State of Hawaii to:
- 4 (1) Expressly provide that the legislature may authorize
- 5 political subdivisions, such as the counties, to issue
- 6 tax increment bonds; and
- 7 (2) Exclude tax increment bonds from determinations of the
- 8 funded debt of the political subdivisions.
- 9 SECTION 2. Article VII, section 12, of the Constitution of
- 10 the State of Hawaii is amended to read as follows:
- 11 "DEFINITIONS; ISSUANCE OF INDEBTEDNESS
- 12 Section 12. For the purposes of this article:
- 13 1. The term "bonds" shall include bonds, notes and other
- 14 instruments of indebtedness.
- 15 2. The term "general obligation bonds" means all bonds for
- 16 the payment of the principal and interest of which the full

- 1 faith and credit of the State or a political subdivision are
- 2 pledged and, unless otherwise indicated, includes reimbursable
- 3 general obligation bonds.
- 4 3. The term "net revenues" or "net user tax receipts"
- 5 means the revenues or receipts derived from:
- 6 a. A public undertaking, improvement or system remaining
- 7 after the costs of operation, maintenance and repair of
- 8 the public undertaking, improvement or system, and the
- 9 required payments of the principal of and interest on
- all revenue bonds issued therefor, have been made; or
- 11 b. Any payments or return on security under a loan program
- or a loan thereunder, after the costs of operation and
- administration of the loan program, and the required
- payments of the principal of and interest on all revenue
- bonds issued therefor, have been made.
- 16 4. The term "dam and reservoir owner" means any person who
- 17 has a right to, title to, or an interest in, a dam, a reservoir,
- 18 or the property upon which a dam, a reservoir, or appurtenant
- 19 work is located or proposed to be located.
- 20 5. The term "person" means an individual, firm,
- 21 partnership, corporation, association, cooperative or other
- 22 legal entity, governmental body or agency, board, bureau or

- 1 other instrumentality thereof, or any combination of the
- 2 foregoing.
- 3 6. The term "rates, rentals and charges" means all
- 4 revenues and other moneys derived from the operation or lease of
- 5 a public undertaking, improvement or system, or derived from any
- 6 payments or return on security under a loan program or a loan
- 7 thereunder; provided that insurance premium payments,
- 8 assessments and surcharges, shall constitute rates, rentals and
- 9 charges of a state property insurance program.
- 10 7. The term "reimbursable general obligation bonds" means
- 11 general obligation bonds issued for a public undertaking,
- 12 improvement or system from which revenues, or user taxes, or a
- 13 combination of both, may be derived for the payment of the
- 14 principal and interest as reimbursement to the general fund and
- 15 for which reimbursement is required by law, and, in the case of
- 16 general obligation bonds issued by the State for a political
- 17 subdivision, general obligation bonds for which the payment of
- 18 the principal and interest as reimbursement to the general fund
- 19 is required by law to be made from the revenue of the political
- 20 subdivision.
- 21 8. The term "revenue bonds" means all bonds payable from
- 22 the revenues, or user taxes, or any combination of both, of a

- 1 public undertaking, improvement, system or loan program and any
- 2 loan made thereunder and secured as may be provided by law,
- 3 including a loan program to provide loans to a state property
- 4 insurance program providing hurricane insurance coverage to the
- 5 general public.
- 6 9. The term "special purpose revenue bonds" means all
- 7 bonds payable from rental or other payments made to an issuer by
- 8 a person pursuant to contract and secured as may be provided by
- 9 law.
- 10. The "term tax increment bonds" means all bonds, the
- 11 principal of and interest on which are payable from and secured
- 12 solely by the amount of real property taxes levied and collected
- 13 by a political subdivision, such as a county, on the difference
- 14 between the assessed value of the taxable real property located
- 15 within the boundaries of a tax increment district established by
- 16 a political subdivision in a given year and the assessed value
- 17 of the taxable real property in the tax increment district
- 18 during the year of creation of that tax increment district.
- 19 [10.] 11. The term "user tax" means a tax on goods or
- 20 services or on the consumption thereof, the receipts of which
- 21 are substantially derived from the consumption, use or sale of
- 22 goods and services in the utilization of the functions or

- 1 services furnished by a public undertaking, improvement or
- 2 system; provided that mortgage recording taxes shall constitute
- 3 user taxes of a state property insurance program.
- 4 The legislature, by a majority vote of the members to which
- 5 each house is entitled, shall authorize the issuance of all
- 6 general obligation bonds, bonds issued under special improvement
- 7 statutes and revenue bonds issued by or on behalf of the State
- 8 and shall prescribe by general law the manner and procedure for
- 9 [such] the issuance. The legislature by general law shall
- 10 authorize political subdivisions to issue general obligation
- 11 bonds, bonds issued under special improvement statutes [and],
- 12 revenue bonds and tax increment bonds and shall prescribe the
- 13 manner and procedure for [such] the issuance. All [such] bonds
- 14 issued by or on behalf of a political subdivision shall be
- 15 authorized by the governing body of [such] that political
- 16 subdivision.
- 17 Special purpose revenue bonds shall only be authorized or
- 18 issued to finance facilities of or for, or to loan the proceeds
- 19 of [such] the bonds to assist:
- 20 1. Manufacturing, processing or industrial enterprises;
- 21 2. Utilities serving the general public;

19

20

### S.B. NO. 3051

- 1 Health care facilities provided to the general public 3. 2 by not-for-profit corporations; 3 4. Early childhood education and care facilities provided 4 to the general public by not-for-profit corporations; 5 5. Low and moderate income government housing programs; 6 6. Not-for-profit private nonsectarian and sectarian elementary schools, secondary schools, colleges and 7 8 universities; Agricultural enterprises; or 9 7. **10** 8. Dam and reservoir owners; provided that the bonds are 11 issued for and the proceeds are used to offer loans to 12 assist dam and reservoir owners to improve their 13 facilities to protect public safety and provide 14 significant benefits to the general public as 15 important water sources, 16 each of which is hereinafter referred to in this paragraph as a **17** special purpose entity. 18 The legislature, by a two-thirds vote of the members to
- 21 each special purpose entity, and, by a two-thirds vote of the

the issuance of special purpose revenue bonds separately for

which each house is entitled, may enact enabling legislation for

22 members to which each house is entitled and by separate

- 1 legislative bill, may authorize the State to issue special
- 2 purpose revenue bonds for each single project or multi-project
- 3 program of each special purpose entity; provided that the
- 4 issuance of [such] the special purpose revenue bonds is found to
- 5 be in the public interest by the legislature; [and] provided
- 6 further that the State may combine into a single issue of
- 7 special purpose revenue bonds two or more proposed issues of
- 8 special purpose revenue bonds to assist:
- 9 (1) Not-for-profit private nonsectarian and sectarian
- 10 elementary schools, secondary schools, colleges, and
- 11 universities;
- 12 (2) Dam and reservoir owners; or
- 13 (3) Agricultural enterprises,
- 14 separately authorized as aforesaid, in the total amount not
- 15 exceeding the aggregate of the proposed separate issues of
- 16 special purpose revenue bonds. The legislature may enact
- 17 enabling legislation to authorize political subdivisions to
- 18 issue special purpose revenue bonds. If so authorized, a
- 19 political subdivision by a two-thirds vote of the members to
- 20 which its governing body is entitled and by separate ordinance
- 21 may authorize the issuance of special purpose revenue bonds for
- 22 each single project or multi-project program of each special

- 1 purpose entity; provided that the issuance of [such] the special
- 2 purpose revenue bonds is found to be in the public interest by
- 3 the governing body of the political subdivision. No special
- 4 purpose revenue bonds shall be secured directly or indirectly by
- 5 the general credit of the issuer or by any revenues or taxes of
- 6 the issuer other than receipts derived from payments by a person
- 7 or persons under contract or from any security for [such] the
- 8 contract or contracts or special purpose revenue bonds and no
- 9 moneys other than such receipts shall be applied to the payment
- 10 thereof. The governor shall provide the legislature in November
- 11 of each year with a report on the cumulative amount of all
- 12 special purpose revenue bonds authorized and issued, and [such]
- 13 other information as may be necessary."
- 14 SECTION 3. Article VII, section 13, of the Constitution of
- 15 the State of Hawaii is amended to read as follows:
- 16 "DEBT LIMIT; EXCLUSIONS
- 17 Section 13. General obligation bonds may be issued by the
- 18 State; provided that [such] the bonds at the time of issuance
- 19 would not cause the total amount of principal and interest
- 20 payable in the current or any future fiscal year, whichever is
- 21 higher, on [such] the bonds and on all outstanding general
- 22 obligation bonds to exceed: a sum equal to twenty percent of

- 1 the average of the general fund revenues of the State in the 2 three fiscal years immediately preceding [such] the issuance 3 until June 30, 1982; and thereafter, a sum equal to eighteen and 4 one-half percent of the average of the general fund revenues of 5 the State in the three fiscal years immediately preceding [such] 6 the issuance. Effective July 1, 1980, the legislature shall 7 include a declaration of findings in every general law authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds that the 8 9 total amount of principal and interest, estimated for [such] the 10 bonds and for all bonds authorized and unissued and calculated 11 for all bonds issued and outstanding, will not cause the debt 12 limit to be exceeded at the time of issuance. Any bond issue by 13 or on behalf of the State may exceed the debt limit if an 14 emergency condition is declared to exist by the governor and concurred to by a two-thirds vote of the members to which each 15 **16** house of the legislature is entitled. For the purpose of this **17** paragraph, general fund revenues of the State shall not include **18** moneys received as grants from the federal government and 19 receipts in reimbursement of any reimbursable general obligation 20 bonds [which] that are excluded as permitted by this section.
- 21 A sum equal to fifteen percent of the total of the assessed 22 values for tax rate purposes of real property in each political

- 1 subdivision, as determined by the last tax assessment rolls
- 2 pursuant to law, is established as the limit of the funded debt
- 3 of [such] the political subdivision that is outstanding and
- 4 unpaid at any time.
- 5 All general obligation bonds for a term exceeding two years
- 6 shall be in serial form maturing in substantially equal
- 7 installments of principal, or maturing in substantially equal
- 8 installments of both principal and interest. The first
- 9 installment of principal of general obligation bonds and of
- 10 reimbursable general obligation bonds shall mature not later
- 11 than five years from the date of issue of [such] the series.
- 12 The last installment on general obligation bonds shall mature
- 13 [not] no later than twenty-five years from the date of [such]
- 14 the issue and the last installment on general obligation bonds
- 15 sold to the federal government, on reimbursable general
- 16 obligation bonds and on bonds constituting instruments of
- 17 indebtedness under which the State or a political subdivision
- 18 incurs a contingent liability as a guarantor shall mature [not]
- 19 no later than thirty-five years from the date of [such] the
- 20 issue. The interest and principal payments of general
- 21 obligation bonds shall be a first charge on the general fund of
- 22 the State or political subdivision, as the case may be.

- 1 In determining the power of the State to issue general
- 2 obligation bonds or the funded debt of any political subdivision
- 3 under section  $12\{\frac{1}{2}\}$  of this article, the following shall be
- 4 excluded:
- 5 1. Bonds that have matured, or that mature in the then
- 6 current fiscal year, or that have been irrevocably called for
- 7 redemption and the redemption date has occurred or will occur in
- 8 the then fiscal year, or for the full payment of which moneys or
- 9 securities have been irrevocably set aside.
- 10 2. Revenue bonds, if the issuer thereof is obligated by
- 11 law to impose rates, rentals and charges for the use and
- 12 services of the public undertaking, improvement or system or the
- 13 benefits of a loan program or a loan thereunder or to impose a
- 14 user tax, or to impose a combination of rates, rentals and
- 15 charges and user tax, as the case may be, sufficient to pay the
- 16 cost of operation, maintenance and repair, if any, of the public
- 17 undertaking, improvement or system or the cost of maintaining a
- 18 loan program or a loan thereunder and the required payments of
- 19 the principal of and interest on all revenue bonds issued for
- 20 the public undertaking, improvement or system or loan program,
- 21 and if the issuer is obligated to deposit [such] the revenues or
- 22 tax or a combination of both into a special fund and to apply

- 1 the same to [such] the payments in the amount necessary
- 2 therefor.
- 3. Special purpose revenue bonds, if the issuer thereof is
- 4 required by law to contract with a person obligating [such] the
- 5 person to make rental or other payments to the issuer in an
- 6 amount at least sufficient to make the required payment of the
- 7 principal of and interest on [such] the special purpose revenue
- 8 bonds.
- 9 4. Bonds issued under special improvement statutes when
- 10 the only security for [such] the bonds is the properties
- 11 benefited or improved or the assessments thereon.
- 12 5. General obligation bonds issued for assessable
- 13 improvements, but only to the extent that reimbursements to the
- 14 general fund for the principal and interest on [such] the bonds
- 15 are in fact made from assessment collections available therefor.
- 16 6. Reimbursable general obligation bonds issued for a
- 17 public undertaking, improvement or system but only to the extent
- 18 that reimbursements to the general fund are in fact made from
- 19 the net revenue, or net user tax receipts, or combination of
- 20 both, as determined for the immediately preceding fiscal year.
- 7. Reimbursable general obligation bonds issued by the
- 22 State for any political subdivision, whether issued before or

- 1 after the effective date of this section, but only for as long
- 2 as reimbursement by the political subdivision to the State for
- 3 the payment of principal and interest on [such] the bonds is
- 4 required by law; provided that in the case of bonds issued after
- 5 the effective date of this section, the consent of the governing
- 6 body of the political subdivision has first been obtained; [and]
- 7 provided further that during the period that [such] the bonds
- 8 are excluded by the State, the principal amount then outstanding
- 9 shall be included within the funded debt of [such] the political
- 10 subdivision.
- 11 8. Bonds constituting instruments of indebtedness under
- 12 which the State or any political subdivision incurs a contingent
- 13 liability as a guarantor, but only to the extent the principal
- 14 amount of [such] the bonds does not exceed seven percent of the
- 15 principal amount of outstanding general obligation bonds not
- 16 otherwise excluded under this section; provided that the State
- 17 or political subdivision shall establish and maintain a reserve
- 18 in an amount in reasonable proportion to the outstanding loans
- 19 guaranteed by the State or political subdivision as provided by
- 20 law.
- 21 9. Bonds issued by or on behalf of the State or by any
- 22 political subdivision to meet appropriations for any fiscal

19

be as follows:

- 1 period in anticipation of the collection of revenues for [such] 2 that period or to meet casual deficits or failures of revenue, 3 if required to be paid within one year, and bonds issued by or 4 on behalf of the State to suppress insurrection, to repel 5 invasion, to defend the State in war or to meet emergencies caused by disaster or act of God. 6 7 10. Tax increment bonds issued by a political subdivision 8 such as a county. 9 The total outstanding indebtedness of the State or funded 10 debt of any political subdivision and the exclusions therefrom 11 permitted by this section shall be made annually and certified 12 by law or as provided by law. For the purposes of section 12 of 13 this article and this section, amounts received from on-street 14 parking may be considered and treated as revenues of a parking 15 undertaking. 16 Nothing in section 12 of this article or in this section **17** shall prevent the refunding of any bond at any time." 18 SECTION 4. The question to be printed on the ballot shall
- "Shall the Legislature be authorized to allow
  political subdivisions, such as the counties, to issue tax
  increment bonds, payable from and secured solely by real

1	property taxes levied and collected by a political
2	subdivision, to pay for specified public works, public
3	improvements or other actions by the political subdivision
4	within the tax increment district established by the
5	political subdivision; and also be authorized to exclude
6	tax increment bonds in determining the funded debt of the
7	political subdivisions, such as the counties?"
8	SECTION 5. Constitutional material to be repealed is
9	bracketed and stricken. New constitutional material is
10	underscored.
11	SECTION 6. This amendment shall take effect upon
12	compliance with article XVII, section 3, of the Constitution of
13	the State of Hawaii.
14	
15	INTRODUCED BY:
16	BY REQUEST

#### Report Title:

Tax Increment Bonds; Constitutional Amendment

#### Description:

Proposes amendments to the Constitution of the State of Hawaii to expressly provide that the legislature may authorize political subdivisions, such as counties, to issue tax increment bonds and to exclude tax increment bonds in calculating the debt limit of the political subdivisions.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

#### JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Business, Economic Development, and Tourism

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 12 AND 13, OF THE HAWAII CONSTITUTION TO EXPRESSLY PROVIDE THAT THE LEGISLATURE MAY AUTHORIZE THE COUNTIES TO ISSUE TAX INCREMENT BONDS AND TO EXCLUDE TAX INCREMENT BONDS FROM DETERMINATIONS OF THE FUNDED DEBT OF THE

COUNTIES.

PURPOSE:

To amend the Constitution of the State of Hawaii to expressly provide that the Legislature may authorize the counties to issue tax increment bonds and to exclude tax increment bonds in calculating the debt limit of the political subdivisions, such as the counties.

MEANS:

Amend article VII, sections 12 and 13, of the Hawaii State Constitution.

JUSTIFICATION:

Tax increment financing is a method through which a portion of property taxes in excess of a base assessed value may be dedicated to finance costs of a project through the issuance of bonds. While section 46-103, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), permits a county council to provide for tax increment financing, and section 46-104(2), HRS, grants a county the power to issue tax increment bonds, tax increment bonds do not fit neatly within the types of bonds that counties may issue under Hawaii's Constitution. This can be remedied by this bill, which could enable use of this method to finance costly infrastructure upgrades in smart growth and transit-oriented development areas.

Impact on the public: No direct impacts to the public. Allows bonds to be issued to fund public infrastructure from increases in property taxes attributable to higher density and mixed-use development in transit

areas. Infrastructure improvements could expedite the production of affordable housing.

Impact on the department and other agencies: Redirects property tax revenues to fund public infrastructure in areas that have experienced increased property valuations due to increased density and transit proximity. County concerns could arise from the diversion of future revenues that could restrict the county's ability to pay for basic services such as police, fire, and parks. On the other hand, infrastructure improvements could expedite the construction of housing and thus respond to the housing Agencies with development interests, such as the Hawaii Public Housing Authority (HPHA) and the Hawaii Housing Finance Development Corporation (HHFDC) would benefit from this financing tool that helps fund needed infrastructure.

GENERAL FUND: None.

OTHER FUNDS: None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION: BED-144 PL.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES: County of Kauai, City and County of

Honolulu, County of Maui, and County of

Hawaii, HPHA, and HHFDC.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon compliance with section 3 of article

XVII of the Hawaii State Constitution.