A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO WASTEWATER.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii has
- 2 approximately eighty-three thousand cesspools that discharge an
- 3 estimated fifty million gallons of untreated sewage into the
- 4 State's groundwater and surface waters every day. This
- 5 antiquated technology threatens drinking water, increases the
- 6 risk of human illness, and causes significant harm to streams
- 7 and coastal resources, including coral reefs.
- 8 The legislature also finds that, although the counties are
- 9 responsible for constructing and maintaining wastewater systems,
- 10 the State presently does not require the counties to develop
- 11 wastewater management plans, nor are the counties required to
- 12 identify neighborhoods that could be connected to existing and
- 13 planned wastewater treatment facilities. The legislature
- 14 further finds that state law requires the counties to develop
- 15 plans to manage solid waste and to update those plans every five
- 16 years; however, there is no similar requirement for wastewater.

- Due to this lack of formal planning, individual landowners,
- 2 the counties, and the department of health currently do not know
- 3 which cesspools are situated in areas that will eventually be
- 4 connected with existing and proposed county wastewater
- 5 facilities, and when those connections can be made. The
- 6 legislature notes that although the university of Hawaii
- 7 established the Hawaii cesspool hazard assessment and
- 8 prioritization tool to prioritize cesspools for connection and
- 9 conversion, landowners and government agencies currently are
- 10 unable to identify which priority cesspools are located in areas
- 11 where wastewater facilities will be expanded. This lack of
- 12 information makes it difficult for individuals currently served
- 13 by cesspools to decide whether to invest in cesspool conversions
- 14 or to wait to connect with existing or proposed county
- 15 wastewater systems.
- 16 The legislature further finds that residents who live in
- 17 neighborhoods that are connected to wastewater systems managed
- 18 by a county currently must pay monthly sewer fees, which range
- 19 from \$66.50 per month to more than \$100 per month. Residents
- 20 living on properties having cesspools do not pay a similar
- 21 monthly fee to the county, even though wastewater from these

1	cesspools	threatens	clean	drinking	water,	stream	ecology,	and
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- 2 coastal resources.
- 3 The legislature also finds that counties will need new
- 4 sources of revenue to help pay for new and expanded wastewater
- 5 facilities. Moneys are also needed to assist low- and
- 6 moderate-income landowners to convert cesspools to an approved
- 7 individual wastewater system or to connect to a decentralized or
- 8 municipal wastewater system.
- 9 Therefore, the legislature finds that counties should be
- 10 authorized to assess a cesspool pollution fee, develop a program
- 11 to administer fees, and determine fee amounts and the use of the
- 12 fee revenue.
- 13 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 14 (1) Require each county to develop and maintain a
- wastewater management plan;
- 16 (2) Authorize the director of health to exempt a county
- from creating a wastewater management plan if the
- 18 county has an existing plan that substantially meets
- 20 (3) Require the counties to identify specific priority
- 21 areas in which the county sewerage system or other

1		centralized treatment system will be expanded or
2		constructed to reduce or eliminate cesspools before
3		January 1, 2050, and provide for the designation of
4		these areas as sewer improvement districts;
5	(4)	Authorize each county to assess a monthly cesspool
6		pollution fee beginning on July 1, 2025, on real
7		properties containing a cesspool;
8	(5)	Authorize the counties to use cesspool pollution fee
9		revenues for certain activities that eliminate,
10		reduce, or mitigate the impacts of cesspools,
11		including the expansion of county sewerage systems and
12		the issuance of grants and low-interest loans to
13		property owners; and
14	(6)	Make appropriations.
15	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 342D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended b	y adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
17	to read a	s follows:
18		PART . COUNTY CESSPOOL ELIMINATION PLANNING
19		A. General Provisions
20	§342	D-A Definitions. As used in this part, unless the
21	context c	therwise requires:

- 1 "Alternative plan" means an alternative plan approved or
- 2 conditionally approved by the director pursuant to
- 3 section 342D-H.
- 4 "Cesspool" has the same meaning as in section 342D-72.
- 5 "County advisory body" means either the county advisory
- 6 committee appointed under section 342D-C(b)(1) or an existing
- 7 advisory committee or commission identified under section
- $8 \quad 342D-C(b)(2)$.
- 9 "Hawaii cesspool hazard assessment and prioritization tool"
- 10 means the 2021 Hawaii cesspool hazard assessment and
- 11 prioritization tool developed by the university of Hawaii sea
- 12 grant college program and water resources research center, as
- may be amended.
- "Priority level 1 cesspool" means a cesspool located within
- 15 an area that is designated as a priority level 1 area by the
- 16 Hawaii cesspool hazard assessment and prioritization tool.
- 17 "Priority level 2 cesspool" means a cesspool located within
- 18 an area that is designated as a priority level 2 area by the
- 19 Hawaii cesspool hazard assessment and prioritization tool.

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1	"Properly closed" means a cesspool that has been closed, as
2	determined by the director, and the wastewater system on the
3	property on which the cesspool is located has been:
4	(1) Connected to an existing sewer system with available
5	capacity;
6	(2) Connected to a new private or public sewer system;
7	(3) Connected to a community-scale package wastewater
8	treatment system; or
9	(4) Converted to a director-approved wastewater treatment
10	system.
11	"Sewer improvement district" means a sewer improvement
12	district designated pursuant to section 342D-G.
13	"Wastewater management plan" means a wastewater management
14	plan pursuant to section 342D-C.
15	§342D-B Rules. The director may adopt rules pursuant to
16	chapter 91 for the purposes of this part.
17	B. Wastewater Management Plan
18	§342D-C Wastewater management plan; establishment;
19	development. (a) By June 30, 2027, each county shall submit to
20	the department a wastewater management plan that has been

1 formally adopted by the county and is consistent with	Ţ	tent	consisten	na is	an	county	tne	ya	ptea	ado	rormally	Ţ
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- 2 requirements of this part.
- 3 (b) Before preparing a wastewater management plan, a
- 4 county shall establish or identify a county advisory body by
- 5 either:
- 6 (1) Forming an advisory committee appointed by the mayor,
- 7 which may be composed of representatives from citizen
- 8 organizations, the private wastewater industry
- 9 operating within the county, other industries,
- 10 relevant county officials and employees, or any other
- 11 persons deemed appropriate by the mayor; or
- 12 (2) Identifying an existing county advisory committee or
- 13 commission that has a composition similar to the
- membership described in paragraph (1).
- 15 The county advisory body shall review the plan during its
- 16 preparation, make suggestions, and propose any changes the
- 17 committee believes are appropriate.
- (c) Before formal adoption by the county, the county shall
- 19 submit the proposed wastewater management plan to the department
- 20 for review and comment. The department shall provide its
- 21 comments to the county within ninety calendar days of receiving

- 1 the proposed plan. Following the department's review, the
- 2 county shall make the proposed plan available for public review
- 3 and comment for a period of not less than sixty calendar days.
- 4 The county shall hold at least one public hearing on the
- 5 proposed plan during this period.
- 6 (d) Following formal adoption of the wastewater management
- 7 plan by the county council, the county shall submit the adopted
- 8 plan to the department for review. The adopted plan shall be
- 9 accompanied by a document that contains a summary table of
- 10 comments received from the State or the public and a response
- 11 detailing how the comments have been addressed in the plan or,
- 12 if it has not been addressed, the reason it was not.
- 13 §342D-D State review of county wastewater management plan.
- 14 (a) After submitting to the department a wastewater management
- 15 plan that has been formally adopted by a county, the department
- 16 shall review the plan and approve, conditionally approve,
- 17 approve specific elements or components of, or disapprove the
- 18 plan. The department shall have sixty calendar days to render a
- 19 decision, unless the department gives written notice to the
- 20 county that additional time is necessary to complete the review.

1	(b)	The department shall approve any county wastewater
2	managemen	t plan or revised plan that demonstrates to its
3	satisfact	ion that:
4	(1)	The plan is reasonably complete and accurate,
5		incorporates United States Environmental Protection
6		Agency agreements of consent or consent decrees, as
7		applicable, and is consistent with this chapter and
8		any applicable laws and rules;
9	(2)	The plan provides for the maximum feasible developmen
10		and implementation of the program elements described
11		in section 342D-F(b)(3), (4), and (5), and
12		demonstrates feasible schedules, funding sources, and
13		amounts for doing so; and
14	(3)	The plan accomplishes all of the above in a manner
15		consistent with chapter 226.
16	(c)	To expedite and facilitate the wastewater management
17	plan deve	lopment, review, and adoption process, the department,
18	at the re	quest of the county, may participate directly in the
19	county ad	option process by attending public hearings and county
20	council s	essions.

1	(d) The department shall notify the public of the
2	approval, conditional approval, approval of specific elements or
3	components of, or disapproval of the plan. The director may
4	hold a public hearing on the plan if the director determines
5	that a public hearing is in the public interest or at the
6	request of the county.
7	§342D-E Submission schedule for revised wastewater
8	management plans. (a) Each state-approved county wastewater
9	management plan shall be revised and submitted to the department
10	on the following schedule:
11	(1) The first revised plan shall be submitted to the
12	department not later than June 30, 2037; and
13	(2) Subsequent revised plans shall be submitted to the
14	department once every ten years; provided that an
15	interim status report on the implementation of a
16	revised plan shall be submitted five years after every
17	submission of a revised plan to the department.
18	All revised plans shall be consistent with the requirements of
19	this part.
20	(b) Not less than one hundred and twenty calendar days

21 before the submission of a revised wastewater management plan to

- 1 the department, the county shall submit a copy of the proposed
- 2 revision to the county advisory body for review and comment.
- 3 All revisions determined by the county advisory body or the
- 4 department to be substantial revisions shall be subject to:
- 5 (1) At least one county public hearing prior to final
- 6 submission of the revised plan to the department for
- 7 review;
- 8 (2) Reconsideration and approval by the county advisory
- 9 body; and
- 10 (3) Review by the department, where the department shall
- approve, conditionally approve, approve specific
- 12 elements or components of, or disapprove the plan.
- 13 In general, any significant changes in policy, program
- 14 implementation, the identification of facilities necessary to
- 15 accomplish plan goals, or funding mechanisms shall be considered
- 16 substantial revisions. Deadlines for the submittal of
- 17 substantial revisions shall be pursuant to the schedule outlined
- 18 in this section.
- 19 (c) If neither the county advisory body nor the department
- 20 deems any changes to be substantial, then those changes shall be
- 21 incorporated immediately into the wastewater management plan.

- 1 If any member of the public contests a determination of "lack of
- 2 substantial revision, " that person may appeal the determination
- 3 to the director. The decision of the director shall be final.
- 4 (d) The department may require a county to modify and
- 5 submit to the department an entire wastewater management plan or
- 6 specific elements of a plan at a date earlier than the schedule
- 7 outlined in this section if the county's wastewater management
- 8 plan:
- 9 (1) Is incomplete;
- 10 (2) Inadequately addresses section 342D-F; or
- 11 (3) Does not address cesspool elimination and mitigation
- goals.
- 13 §342D-F Contents of county wastewater management plans.
- 14 (a) Each county wastewater management plan and subsequent
- 15 revision shall include:
- 16 (1) A program component; and
- 17 (2) A facility capacity and siting element.
- 18 A county may include additional elements at its discretion.
- 19 (b) The program element shall incorporate and coordinate
- 20 existing plans, ordinances, and guidelines and, at a minimum,
- 21 shall:

1	(1)	Provide an estimate of the total number of:
2		(A) Priority level 1 cesspools;
3		(B) Priority level 2 cesspools; and
4		(C) Total cesspools,
5		in the county by watershed, based on the Hawaii
6		cesspool hazard assessment and prioritization tool;
7	(2)	Provide any other information that the department may
8		prescribe;
9	(3)	Identify areas that the county has designated or
10		intends to designate as a sewer improvement district
11		pursuant to section 342D-G, and include information
12		required by section 342D-G(b);
13	(4)	Identify areas that are suitable for new alternative
14		treatment processes; and
15	(5)	Identify actions to:
16		(A) Facilitate the conversion and connection of
17		cesspools throughout the county pursuant to
18		section 342D-72;
19		(B) Manage existing point sources of wastewater
20		pollution;

1		(C) Manage onsite residential wastewater treatment
2		facilities, including septic tanks;
3		(D) Address industrial waste treatment;
4		(E) Address procedures for the approval of wastewater
5		systems for new or developing areas;
6		(F) Address urban stormwater runoff; and
7		(G) Address the recycling and reuse of water for
8		irrigation purposes.
9	(c)	The facility capacity and siting element shall
10	include,	at a minimum:
l 1	(1)	An existing capacity and future needs component that
12		identifies existing and future facilities needed by
13		the county for wastewater management; and
14	(2)	A plan to improve and expand existing facilities and
15		construct new facilities to implement actions
16		identified in the program element, including:
17		(A) A description of the specific tasks that are
18		necessary to provide for the development or
19		expansion of the facilities;
20		(B) The planning, design, funding, staffing, siting,
21		construction, and operation of each facility; and

•	(c) The schedule, eschaded costs, and anticipated
2	funding sources for the expansion or construction
3	of facilities.
4	§342D-G Sewer improvement districts. (a) Each county
5	shall designate in its wastewater management plan one or more
6	sewer improvement districts; provided that a county that is
7	granted a partial exemption under section 342D-H shall designate
8	sewer improvement districts by ordinance. Each sewer
9	improvement district shall be a specific contiguous or
10	noncontiguous geographic area that:
11	(1) Contains properties having cesspools;
12	(2) Is not currently connected to a county sewerage
13	system; and
14	(3) Is identified by the county as an area in which the
15	county sewerage system or other centralized treatment
16	system will, before January 1, 2050, be expanded or
17	constructed for the purpose of reducing or eliminating
18	cesspools within the sewer improvement district.
19	(b) The wastewater management plan or ordinance
20	designating a sewer improvement district shall include the
21	following information for each sewer improvement district:

1	(1)	An identification of specific improvements that are
2		necessary to expand or construct the county sewerage
3		systems or other centralized treatment systems within
4		the sewer improvement district; and
5	(2)	A projected timeline for the construction of the
6		improvements identified in paragraph (1), including
7		the estimated date by which all identified
8		improvements will be completed.
9	(c)	In determining which geographic areas are designated
10	as sewer	improvement districts, the county, to the extent
11	reasonabl	y practicable, shall prioritize locations that contain
12	priority	level 1 cesspools or priority level 2 cesspools.
13	§342	D-H Partial exemption. (a) A county that already
14	maintains	an alternative plan that substantially addresses the
15	elements	required in a wastewater management plan pursuant to
16	section 3	42D-F, except for provisions relating to sewer
17	improveme	nt districts, may apply to the director for a partial
18	exemption	in a manner prescribed by the director. The partial
19	exemption	shall exempt the county from the requirements of this
20	subpart,	except that the partial exemption shall not apply to
21	sections	342D-G and 342D-I.

1	(b)	The alternative plan shall:
2	(1)	Have been published or comprehensively amended no
3		earlier than ten days before the date on which the
4		county applies for a partial exemption; and
5	(2)	Be updated at least once every ten years.
6	(c)	The director shall review the county's alternative
7	plan and	determine whether the plan sufficiently addresses the
8	elements	required by section 342D-F, except for provisions
9	relating	to sewer improvement districts. The determination of
10	whether a	an element is sufficiently addressed shall be made by
11	the direc	ctor in the director's sole discretion.
12	(d)	If the director determines that the alternative plan
13	sufficier	ntly addresses the elements required under
14	section 3	342D-F, then the director shall approve the application
15	for a par	ctial exemption.
16	(e)	If the director determines that one or more required
17	elements	are not sufficiently addressed by the county's
18	alternati	ve plan, the director may either:
19	(1)	Conditionally approve the application for a partial
20		exemption: provided that the county develops and

submits a supplemental plan to the department that

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1	addresses any elements that are not sufficiently
2	addressed by the county's alternative plan. The
3	director shall set the requirements of and deadlines
4	for the supplemental plan; or
5	(2) Deny the application for a partial exemption.
6	The decision to conditionally approve or deny an
7	application for a partial exemption shall be made at the sole
8	discretion of the director.
9	§342D-I Records; reporting. The department or a county,
10	by rule or ordinance, may require an operator of a private sewer
11	system, community-scale package wastewater treatment system, or
12	other wastewater treatment facility to keep records and report
13	data to the department or county.
14	§342D-J Guidelines. The process of county wastewater
15	management planning shall be expedited to the greatest extent
16	possible. Within six months of the effective date of this Act,
17	the department shall issue guidelines for the development of
18	county plans. The draft guidelines shall be circulated to the
19	counties for review and comment not less than ninety calendar
20	days before their issuance.

1	c.	Cesspool	Pollution	Fee

- 2 §342D-K Cesspool pollution fee. (a) Beginning July 1,
- 3 2025, each county may assess a monthly cesspool pollution fee on
- 4 any real property that contains a cesspool.
- 5 (b) Each county shall set the amount of the cesspool
- 6 pollution fee assessed on each applicable real property parcel
- 7 to be no less than fifty per cent and no more than one hundred
- 8 per cent of the amount of the monthly sewage fee that would be
- 9 applicable to the property if the property were connected to the
- 10 county's sewerage system; provided that, if a county adjusts the
- 11 amount of the applicable sewage fee, the county shall amend the
- 12 amount of the relevant cesspool pollution fee to be comparable
- 13 to the county sewage fee that would be applicable for a
- 14 similar-sized class of property in that county.
- (c) Each county shall maintain on its website a schedule
- 16 of cesspool pollution fees applicable to each class of property
- 17 in the county.
- (d) The cesspool pollution fee shall not be assessed on
- 19 any property containing a cesspool that has been properly
- 20 closed.

- 1 (e) If all cesspools on a property that is subject to the
- 2 cesspool pollution fee are properly closed, the property owner
- 3 shall provide notice of the cesspool's or cesspools' closure,
- 4 as-built drawings, and construction inspection report to the
- 5 director. Upon receipt of these documents from the property
- 6 owner, the director shall verify that all cesspools on the
- 7 property are properly closed. If the director confirms that all
- 8 cesspools are properly closed, the director shall issue an
- 9 approval-to-use letter. The county in which the property is
- 10 located shall waive future payment of the cesspool pollution fee
- 11 beginning from the date of the cesspool's proper closure;
- 12 provided that nothing in this subsection shall relieve the
- 13 property owner of any obligations that were incurred prior to
- 14 the date of the cesspool's proper closure.
- 15 (f) Each county shall be responsible for collecting the
- 16 cesspool pollution fee from the owners of affected properties
- 17 within the county's jurisdiction. All fee revenues shall be
- 18 deposited into the special fund established by the county
- 19 pursuant to section 342D-L. The penalty for nonpayment of the
- 20 cesspool pollution fee shall be determined by each county.

1	(g)	Each desspoor pollution ree billing statement or
2	account s	tatement shall include:
3	(1)	A conspicuous notice to the property owner that the
4		proper closure of all cesspools on the property will
5		relieve the property owner of future payments of the
6		cesspool pollution fee; and
7	(2)	Instructions on how to provide notice to the director
8		that all cesspools on a property are properly closed.
9	§342	D-L County cesspool closure and mitigation special
10	funds; au	thorized. (a) Each county, by ordinance, may
11	establish	a cesspool closure and mitigation special fund, into
12	which sha	ll be deposited:
13	(1)	All cesspool pollution fee revenues collected by the
14		county pursuant to section 342D-K;
15	(2)	All moneys received as repayments of loans pursuant to
16		section 342D-M, including any interest on those loans;
17	(3)	All real property tax revenues designated for the
18		special fund;
19	(4)	Gifts, donations, and grants from any source
20		designated for the special fund; and

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2	the special fund.
3	(b) The fund shall be administered by the respective
4	county and shall be expended in a manner that is consistent with
5	subsection (c) and the county's wastewater management plan or an
6	alternative plan approved by the director pursuant to
7	section 342D-H, including any required supplemental plans.
8	(c) A county may use cesspool closure and mitigation
9	special fund moneys for:
10	(1) Any costs associated with the establishment and
11	maintenance of a sewer improvement district;
12	(2) The conversion of cesspools outside of sewer
13	improvement districts to a wastewater system approved
14	by the director;
15	(3) The establishment of new sewerage systems or
16	community-scale package wastewater treatment systems;
17	(4) Costs associated with the connection of a property
18	having a cesspool to an existing sewerage system
19	having available capacity; a new private or public
20	sewerage system; or a community-scale package
21	wastewater treatment system that meet the minimum

(5) Any interest earned or accrued on moneys deposited in

1		wastewater treatment standards established by the
2		United States Environmental Protection Agency;
3	(5)	The expansion of county sewerage systems, including
4		costs for plans, land acquisition, design,
5		construction, and equipment;
6	(6)	Compliance with any planning or permitting
7		requirements relating to the activities described in
8		paragraphs (1) through (5), including costs to comply
9		with chapter 343 and other requirements;
10	(7)	Projects that mitigate the impacts of cesspools on the
11		environment;
12	(8)	Grants and low-interest loans as provided in
13		section 342D-M;
14	(9)	Community engagement relating to the activities
15		described in paragraphs (1) through (8); and
16	(10)	Costs to administer this part.
17	§3 4 2	D-M Grants and loans. (a) A county may offer grants
18	or low-in	terest loans to pay for costs, in whole or in part,
19	associate	d with the conversion of a cesspool to a
20	director-	approved wastewater system or the connection of a
21	property	having a cesspool to a public or private sewerage

1	system	or	а	community-scale	package	wastewater	treatment	system
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- 2 that meets the minimum wastewater treatment standards
- 3 established by the United States Environmental Protection
- 4 Agency.
- 5 (b) To be eligible for a grant under this section, a
- 6 property owner shall:
- 7 (1) Be part of a household having an income that does not
- 8 exceed eighty per cent of the area median income as
- 9 determined by the United States Department of Housing
- and Urban Development;
- 11 (2) Agree to use any grant funds received exclusively for
- the purposes described in subsection (a);
- 13 (3) Comply with all applicable federal, state, and local
- 14 laws;
- 15 (4) Indemnify and hold harmless the State and any
- subdivision thereof and their officers, agents, and
- 17 employees from and against any and all claims arising
- out of or resulting from activities carried out or
- 19 projects undertaken with funds provided under this
- 20 section;

•	(3)	Agree to make available any records the grantee may
2		have relating to the grant to allow the department to
3		monitor the grantee's compliance with this section;
4		and
5	(6)	Comply with any other requirements that the department
6		may prescribe.
7	(c)	To be eligible for a loan under this section, a
8	property	owner shall:
9	(1)	Be part of a household having an income that:
10		(A) Is at least eighty per cent of the area median
11		income; and
12		(B) Does not exceed one hundred twenty per cent of
13		the area median income,
14		as determined by the United States Department of
15		Housing and Urban Development;
16	(2)	Agree to use any loan funds received exclusively for
17		the purposes described in subsection (a);
18	(3)	Comply with all applicable federal, state, and local
19		laws;
20	(4)	Indemnify and hold harmless the State and any
21		subdivision thereof and their officers, agents, and

	employees from and against any and all claims arising
	out of or resulting from activities carried out or
	projects undertaken with funds provided under this
	section;
(5)	Agree to make available any records the grantee may
	have relating to the loan to allow the department to
	monitor the grantee's compliance with this section;
	and
(6)	Comply with any other requirements that the department
	may prescribe.
(d)	The county shall set the interest rate and term of a
loan issu	ed under this section. Loan repayments, including any
interest	thereon, shall be deposited into the cesspool closure
and mitig	ation special fund and may be used to provide new
grants or	loans pursuant to this section.
(e)	The liability of a loan issued under this section
shall run	with the property and future owners of the affected
property	shall be liable for on-bill payments until the loan is
	(6) (d) loan issu interest and mitig grants or (e) shall run

fully repaid.

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1	(f) The county may create an on-bill financing option to
2	facilitate the repayment of a loan under this section
3	concurrently with the property owner's real property tax bill.
4	§342D-N Reports. (a) No later than November 1 of each
5	year, each county that assesses a cesspool pollution fee shall
6	submit a report to the department of health that includes:
7	(1) The amount of cesspool pollution fee revenue collected
8	by the county;
9	(2) A summary of the county's expenditure of cesspool
10	closure and mitigation special fund moneys, including:
11	(A) A summary of the projects funded under
12	section 342D-L(c)(1) to (7); and
13	(B) The number of:
14	(i) Priority level 1 cesspools;
15	(ii) Priority level 2 cesspools; and
16	(iii) Total cesspools,
17	closed in the county due to projects funded under
18	section 342D-L(c)(1) to (7);
19	(C) The number of grants and loans issued in the
20	county pursuant to section 342D-L(c)(8);

1		(D) The amount of moneys used for grants and loans in
2		the county pursuant to section 342D-L(c)(8); and
3		(E) The number of:
4		(i) Priority level 1 cesspools;
5		(ii) Priority level 2 cesspools; and
6		(iii) Total cesspools,
7		closed in the county due to grants and loans
8		issued under section 342D-L(c)(8);
9	(3)	The number of:
10		(A) Priority level 1 cesspools;
11		(B) Priority level 2 cesspools; and
12		(C) Total cesspools,
13		in the county that have not yet been closed; and
14	(4)	Any findings and recommendations, including any
15		proposed legislation.
16	(b)	No later than twenty days prior to the convening of
17	each regul	ar session, the department shall submit an annual
18	report to	the legislature that includes:
19	(1)	Data aggregated from the county reports submitted
20		pursuant to subsection (a); and

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S.B. NO. 2952

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2	proposed legislation."
3	SECTION 3. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended to read as follows:
5	"§46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties.
6	Subject to general law, each county shall have the following
7	powers and shall be subject to the following liabilities and
8	limitations:
9	(1) Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a
10	charter for its own self-government that shall
11	establish the county executive, administrative, and
12	legislative structure and organization, including but
13	not limited to the method of appointment or election
14	of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and
15	compensation, and the terms of their office;
16	(2) Each county shall have the power to provide for and

regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and

other structures that may be obstructions or hazards

to aerial navigation, so far as may be necessary or

proper for the protection and safeguarding of life,

(2) Any findings and recommendations, including any

health, and property;

Ţ	(3)	Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims
2		on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims
3		against the county, but shall be prohibited from
4		entering into, granting, or making in any manner any
5		contract, authorization, allowance payment, or
6		liability contrary to the provisions of any county
7		charter or general law;
8	(4)	Each county shall have the power to make contracts and
9		to do all things necessary and proper to carry into
10		execution all powers vested in the county or any
11		county officer;
12	(5)	Each county shall have the power to:
13		(A) Maintain channels, whether natural or artificial,
14		including their exits to the ocean, in suitable
15		condition to carry off storm waters;
16		(B) Remove from the channels, and from the shores and
17		beaches, any debris that is likely to create an
18		unsanitary condition or become a public nuisance;
19		provided that, to the extent any of the foregoing
20		work is a private responsibility, the

1		responsibility may be enforced by the county in
2		lieu of the work being done at public expense;
3	(C)	Construct, acquire by gift, purchase, or by the
4		exercise of eminent domain, reconstruct, improve
5		better, extend, and maintain projects or
6		undertakings for the control of and protection
7		against floods and flood waters, including the
8		power to drain and rehabilitate lands already
9		flooded;
10	(D)	Enact zoning ordinances providing that lands
11		deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or
12		occasional flooding shall not be used for
13		residence or other purposes in a manner as to
14		endanger the health or safety of the occupants
15		thereof, as required by the Federal Flood
16		Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025, Public Law
17		1016); and
18	(E)	Establish and charge user fees to create and
19		maintain any stormwater management system or
20		infrastructure; provided that no county shall
21		charge against or collect user fees from the

1		department of transportation in excess of
2		\$1,500,000 in the aggregate per year; provided
3		further that no services shall be denied to the
4		department of transportation by reason of
5		nonpayment of the fees;
6	(6)	Each county shall have the power to exercise the power
7		of condemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
8		public interest to do so;
9	(7)	Each county shall have the power to exercise
10		regulatory powers over business activity as are
11		assigned to them by chapter 445 or other general law;
12	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
13		charges for all official services not otherwise
14		provided for;
15	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
16		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
17		maintenance of districts within the county;
18	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
19		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any
20		person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except
21		for a public purpose;

Where not within the jurisdiction of the public
utilities commission, each county shall have the power
to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor
vehicle common carriers transporting passengers within
the county and adopt and amend rules the county deems
necessary for the public convenience and necessity;
Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove
public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal
of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated
undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places,
and unoccupied lots. In connection with these powers,
each county may impose and enforce liens upon the
property for the cost to the county of removing and
completing the necessary work where the property
owners fail, after reasonable notice, to comply with
the ordinances. The authority provided by this
paragraph shall not be self-executing, but shall
become fully effective within a county only upon the
enactment or adoption by the county of appropriate and
particular laws, ordinances, or rules defining "public

1		nuisances" with respect to each county's respective
2		circumstances. The counties shall provide the
3		property owner with the opportunity to contest the
4		summary action and to recover the owner's property;
5	(13)	Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances
6		deemed necessary to protect health, life, and
7		property, and to preserve the order and security of
8		the county and its inhabitants on any subject or
9		matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat,
10		the intent of any state statute where the statute does
11		not disclose an express or implied intent that the
12		statute shall be exclusive or uniform throughout the
13		State;
14	(14)	Each county shall have the power to:
15		(A) Make and enforce within the limits of the county
16		all necessary ordinances covering all:
17		(i) Local police matters;
18		(ii) Matters of sanitation;
19		(iii) Matters of inspection of buildings;

1		(iv)	Matters of condemnation of unsafe
2			structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk,
3			fish, and morgues; and
4		(v)	Matters of the collection and disposition of
5			rubbish and garbage;
6	(B)	Prov	ide exemptions for homeless facilities and
7		any	other program for the homeless authorized by
8		part	XVII of chapter 346, for all matters under
9		this	paragraph;
10	(C)	Appo	int county physicians and sanitary and other
11		insp	ectors as necessary to carry into effect
12		ordi	nances made under this paragraph, who shall
13		have	the same power as given by law to agents of
14		the	department of health, subject only to
15		limi	tations placed on them by the terms and
16		cond	itions of their appointments; and
17	(D)	Fix	a penalty for the violation of any ordinance,
18		whic	h penalty may be a misdemeanor, petty
19		misd	emeanor, or violation as defined by general
20		law;	

•	(13)	Each councy shall have the power to provide public
2		pounds; to regulate the impounding of stray animals
3		and fowl, and their disposition; and to provide for
4		the appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal
5		control officers;
6	(16)	Each county shall have the power to purchase and
7		otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal
8		property within the defined boundaries of the county
9		and to dispose of the real and personal property as
10		the interests of the inhabitants of the county may
11		require, except that:
12		(A) Any property held for school purposes may not be
13		disposed of without the consent of the
14		superintendent of education;
15		(B) No property bordering the ocean shall be sold or
16		otherwise disposed of; and
17		(C) All proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be
18		expended only for the acquisition of property for
19		park or recreational purposes;
20	(17)	Each county shall have the power to provide by charter
21		for the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute

1		for offenses against the laws of the State under the
2		authority of the attorney general of the State;
3	(18)	Each county shall have the power to make
4		appropriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any
5		moneys in the treasury, for the purpose of:
6		(A) Community promotion and public celebrations;
7		(B) The entertainment of distinguished persons as may
8		from time to time visit the county;
9		(C) The entertainment of other distinguished persons,
10		as well as, public officials when deemed to be in
11		the best interest of the community; and
12		(D) The rendering of civic tribute to individuals
13		who, by virtue of their accomplishments and
14		community service, merit civic commendations,
15		recognition, or remembrance;
16	(19)	Each county shall have the power to:
17		(A) Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,
18		sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,
19		maintain, or dispose of buildings for county
20		purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping
21		stations, waterworks, including reservoirs.

1			wells, pipelines, and other conduits for
2			distributing water to the public, lighting
3			plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting
4			streets and public buildings, and manage,
5			regulate, and control the same;
6		(B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
7			all appliances necessary to the furnishing of
8			water, heat, light, power, telephone, and
9			telecommunications service to the county;
10		(C)	Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
11			appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the
12			streets and the public ways, and for flushing the
13			sewers; and
14		(D)	Open, close, construct, or maintain county
15			highways or charge toll on county highways;
16			provided that all revenues received from a toll
17			charge shall be used for the construction or
18			maintenance of county highways;
19	(20)	Each	county shall have the power to regulate the
20		rent	ing, subletting, and rental conditions of property
21		for	places of abode by ordinance;

1	(21)	Unle	ss otherwise provided by law, each county shall
2		have	the power to establish by ordinance the order of
3		succ	ession of county officials in the event of a
4		mili	tary or civil disaster;
5	(22)	Each	county shall have the power to sue and be sued in
6		its	corporate name;
7	(23)	Each	county shall have the power to:
8		(A)	Establish and maintain waterworks and sewer
9			works;
10		(B)	Implement a sewer monitoring program that
11			includes the inspection of sewer laterals that
12			connect to county sewers, when those laterals are
13			located on public or private property, after
14			providing a property owner not less than ten
15			calendar days' written notice, to detect leaks
16			from laterals, infiltration, and inflow, any
17			other law to the contrary notwithstanding;
18		(C)	Compel an owner of private property upon which is
19			located any sewer lateral that connects to a
20			county sewer to inspect that lateral for leaks

1		infiltration, and inflow and to perform repairs
2		as necessary;
3	(D)	Collect rates for water supplied to consumers and
4		for the use of sewers;
5	(E)	Install water meters whenever deemed expedient;
6		provided that owners of premises having vested
7		water rights under existing laws appurtenant to
8		the premises shall not be charged for the
9		installation or use of the water meters on the
10		premises;
11	(F)	Take over from the State existing waterworks
12		systems, including water rights, pipelines, and
13		other appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer
14		systems, and to enlarge, develop, and improve the
15		same; [and]
16	<u>(G)</u>	Assess cesspool pollution fees and expend fee
17		revenues and real property tax revenues as
18		provided in section 342D-L; and
19	[(G)]	(H) For purposes of subparagraphs (B) and (C):
20		(i) "Infiltration" means groundwater, rainwater,
21		and saltwater that enters the county sewer

1		system through cracked, broken, or defective
2		sewer laterals; and
3	į)	i) "Inflow" means non-sewage entering the
4		county sewer system via inappropriate or
5		illegal connections;
6	(24) (A) I	Each county may impose civil fines, in addition
7	•	to criminal penalties, for any violation of
8	•	county ordinances or rules after reasonable
9	1	notice and requests to correct or cease the
10	•	violation have been made upon the violator. Any
11	ė	administratively imposed civil fine shall not be
12	•	collected until after an opportunity for a
13	1	nearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be
14	:	filed within thirty days from the date of the
15	:	final written decision. These proceedings shall
16	1	not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or
17	;	injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court;
18	(B)	Each county by ordinance may provide for the
19	•	addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by
20	•	any court of competent jurisdiction, to any
21		taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of

1	fees or charges for water for residential use and
2	sewer charges, collected by the county. Each
3	county by ordinance may also provide for the
4	addition of any unpaid administratively imposed
5	civil fines, which remain due after all judicial
6	review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted,
7	to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the
8	exception of water for residential use and sewer
9	charges, collected by the county. The ordinance
10	shall specify the administrative procedures for
11	the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the
12	eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require
13	hearings or other proceedings. After addition of
14	the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or
15	charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become
16	a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. The
17	county by ordinance may condition the issuance or
18	renewal of a license, approval, or permit for
19	which a fee or charge is assessed, except for
20	water for residential use and sewer charges, on
21	payment of the unpaid civil fines. Upon

1	recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in
2	the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the
3	civil fines, including any increase in the amount
4	of the fine which the county may assess, shall
5	constitute a lien upon all real property or
6	rights to real property belonging to any person
7	liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in
8	favor of the county shall be subordinate to any
9	lien in favor of any person recorded or
10	registered prior to the recordation of the notice
11	of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien
12	recorded or registered after the recordation of
13	the notice. The lien shall continue until the
14	unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a
15	certificate of release or partial release of the
16	lien, prepared by the county at the owner's
17	expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil
18	fines shall state the amount of the fine as of
19	the date of the notice and maximum permissible
20	daily increase of the fine. The county shall not
21	be required to include a social security number,

1	state general excise taxpayer identification
2	number, or federal employer identification number
3	on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the
4	bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at such
5	time, for all purposes and without any further
6	action, to procure a lien on land registered in
7	land court under chapter 501. After the unpaid
8	civil fines are added to the taxes, fees, or
9	charges as specified by county ordinance, the
10	unpaid civil fines shall be deemed immediately
11	due, owing, and delinquent and may be collected
12	in any lawful manner. The procedure for
13	collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in
14	this paragraph shall be in addition to any other
15	procedures for collection available to the State
16	and county by law or rules of the courts;
17 (0	C) Each county may impose civil fines upon any
18	person who places graffiti on any real or
19	personal property owned, managed, or maintained
20	by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or
21	may be equal to the actual cost of having the

1	damaged property repaired or replaced. The
2	parent or guardian having custody of a minor who
3	places graffiti on any real or personal property
4	owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall
5	be jointly and severally liable with the minor
6	for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any such
7	fine may be administratively imposed after an
8	opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, but
9	such a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for
10	any civil fine ordered by any court. As used in
11	this subparagraph, "graffiti" means any
12	unauthorized drawing, inscription, figure, or
13	mark of any type intentionally created by paint,
14	ink, chalk, dye, or similar substances;
15 (1) At the completion of an appeal in which the
16	county's enforcement action is affirmed and upon
17	correction of the violation if requested by the
18	violator, the case shall be reviewed by the
19	county agency that imposed the civil fines to
20	determine the appropriateness of the amount of
21	the civil fines that accrued while the appeal

1	proceedings were pending. In its review of the
2	amount of the accrued fines, the county agency
3	may consider:
4	(i) The nature and egregiousness of the
5	violation;
6	(ii) The duration of the violation;
7	(iii) The number of recurring and other similar
8	violations;
9	(iv) Any effort taken by the violator to correct
10	the violation;
11	(v) The degree of involvement in causing or
12	continuing the violation;
13	(vi) Reasons for any delay in the completion of
14	the appeal; and
15	(vii) Other extenuating circumstances.
16	The civil fine that is imposed by administrative
17	order after this review is completed and the
18	violation is corrected shall be subject to
19	judicial review, notwithstanding any provisions
20	for administrative review in county charters;

1		(E)	After completion of a review of the amount of
2			accrued civil fine by the county agency that
3			imposed the fine, the amount of the civil fine
4			determined appropriate, including both the
5			initial civil fine and any accrued daily civil
6			fine, shall immediately become due and
7			collectible following reasonable notice to the
8			violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine
9			is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not
10			to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior
11			to correcting the violation, shall immediately
12			become due and collectible following reasonable
13			notice to the violator, at the completion of all
14			appeal proceedings; and
15		(F)	If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
16			proceedings for a particular civil fine action
17			taken by the county, then one shall be
18			established by ordinance before the county shall
19			impose the civil fine;
20	(25)	Any	law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county
21		mayo	r, by executive order, may exempt donors, provider

•	agencies, nomeress facilities, and any other program
2	for the homeless under part XVII of chapter 346 from
3	real property taxes, water and sewer development fees,
4	rates collected for water supplied to consumers and
5	for use of sewers, and any other county taxes,
6	charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact
7	ordinances to regulate and grant the exemptions
8	granted by this paragraph;
9	(26) Any county may establish a captive insurance company
10	pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; and
11	(27) Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
12	ordinances regulating towing operations."
13	SECTION 4. In accordance with section 9 of article VII, of
14	the Constitution of the State of Hawaii and sections 37-91 and
15	37-93, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the legislature has determined
16	that the appropriations contained in this Act will cause the
17	state general fund expenditure ceiling for fiscal year 2024-2025
18	to be exceeded by \$, or per cent. The reasons
19	for exceeding the general fund expenditure ceiling are that the
20	appropriations made in this Act are necessary to serve the
21	public interest and to meet the needs provided for by this Act.

1	SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general
2	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
3	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2024-2025 for
4	the department of health to perform duties required pursuant to
5	section 2 of this Act; provided that:
6	(1) \$80,000 shall be expended to establish one permanent,
7	full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) program specialist V
8	(SR-24) position; and
9	(2) \$71,000 shall be expended to establish one permanent,
10	full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) planner IV (SR-22)
11	position;
12	provided further that the positions established by this section
13	shall implement the cesspool compliance pilot grant project
14	established by Act 153, Session Laws of Hawaii 2022, and perform
15	other duties relating to the conversion of cesspools.
16	The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
17	health for the purposes of this Act; provided that the moneys
18	appropriated shall not lapse at the end of the fiscal biennium
19	for which the appropriation is made; provided further that all
20	moneys from the appropriation unencumbered as of June 30, 2026,
21	shall lapse as of that date.

I	SECTION 6. There is appropriated out of the general
2	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
3	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2024-2025 to
4	assist the counties in implementing section 2 of this Act:
5	County of Hawaii \$
6	County of Kauai \$
7	County of Maui \$
8	City and county of Honolulu \$
9	Total \$
10	The sums appropriated shall constitute the State's share of
11	the cost of the mandated program under article VIII, section 5,
12	of the state constitution.
13	The sums appropriated shall be expended by the respective
14	county for the purposes of this Act.
15	SECTION 7. In codifying the new sections added by
16	section 2 and referenced in section 3 of this Act, the revisor
17	of statutes shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the
18	letters used in designating the new sections in this Act.
19	SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
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1 SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

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INTRODUCED BY:

By Request

Report Title:

DOH; Counties; Cesspools; Wastewater; Sewer Improvement Districts; Wastewater Management Plan; Cesspool Pollution Fee; Grants; Low-Interest Loans; General Fund Expenditure Ceiling Exceeded; Appropriations

Description:

Requires each county to develop and maintain a wastewater management plan. Specifies the requirements of the wastewater management plan. Authorizes the Director of Health to exempt a county from creating a wastewater management plan if the county has an existing plan that substantially meets certain requirements. Requires the counties to identify specific priority areas in which the county sewerage system or other centralized treatment system will be expanded or constructed to reduce or eliminate cesspools before 1/1/2050. Provides for the designation of these priority areas as sewer improvement districts. Authorizes each county to assess a monthly cesspool pollution fee beginning in 7/1/2025 on real properties containing a cesspool. Authorizes the counties to use fee revenues for certain activities that eliminate, reduce, or mitigate the impacts of cesspools, including the expansion of county sewerage systems and the issuance of grants and low-interest loans to property owners. Declares that the appropriation exceeds the state general fund expenditure ceiling for 2024-2025. Makes appropriations.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.