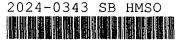
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii's cost of
- 2 living continues to be burdensome for island residents.
- 3 According to the National Low Income Housing Coalition's "Out of
- 4 Reach 2023" report, a minimum-wage employee must work one
- 5 hundred seven hours per week to afford a one-bedroom rental home
- 6 at fair market prices. To afford a two-bedroom residence
- 7 without being cost-burdened, the National Low Income Housing
- 8 Coalition estimates that a person must earn \$41.83 per hour.
- 9 Hawaii's electricity prices are also the highest in the nation,
- 10 while the cost of other essential items, like food and clothing,
- 11 has risen significantly in recent years.
- 12 The legislature further finds that taxing unemployment
- 13 compensation worsens the financial hardship faced by individuals
- 14 who have lost their jobs. Fifteen states, including Alabama,
- 15 Alaska, California, Florida, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New
- 16 Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia,
- 17 Washington, and Wyoming, do not tax unemployment compensation;



- 1 nine of those states do not impose personal income taxes.
- 2 Moreover, Hawaii was one of only thirteen states that levied its
- 3 personal income tax on the first \$10,200 of unemployment income
- 4 received by individuals in 2020, when the first emergency public
- 5 health orders related to the COVID-19 pandemic went into effect.
- 6 The legislature additionally finds that on August 8, 2023,
- 7 wildfires swept across Maui and killed at least one hundred
- 8 persons, making it one of the nation's deadliest natural
- 9 disasters. The wildfires destroyed over two thousand two
- 10 hundred structures, including homes and businesses. According
- 11 to a report issued by the University of Hawaii economic research
- 12 organization on September 22, 2023, the unemployment rate on
- 13 Maui was expected to soar above eleven per cent by the end of
- 14 2023 and remain above four per cent through 2026. A total of
- 15 10,448 new claims for unemployment in Maui county were filed in
- 16 the four weeks following the wildfires, about nine thousand nine
- 17 hundred more than in the preceding four weeks. As displaced
- 18 families and workers who lost their jobs attempt to recover from
- 19 the disaster, eliminating the state income tax on unemployment
- 20 compensation would boost their ability to regain financial
- 21 security.

1	There	fore, the purpose of this Act is to strengthen
2	financial	security for individuals who have lost their income by
3	exempting	unemployment compensation from the State's personal
4	income tax	and increasing the maximum weekly benefit a person
5	may receiv	re in unemployment compensation.
6	SECTI	ON 2. Section 235-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by	amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
8	"(a)	There shall be excluded from gross income, adjusted
9	gross inco	ome, and taxable income:
10	(1)	Income not subject to taxation by the State under the
11		Constitution and laws of the United States;
12	(2)	Rights, benefits, and other income exempted from
13		taxation by section 88-91, having to do with the state
14		retirement system, and the rights, benefits, and other
15		income, comparable to the rights, benefits, and other
16		income exempted by section 88-91, under any other
17		<pre>public retirement system;</pre>
18	(3)	Any compensation received in the form of a pension for
19		past services;
20	(4)	Compensation paid to a patient affected with Hansen's
21		disease employed by the State or the United States in

1		any hospital, settlement, or place for the treatment
2		of Hansen's disease;
3	(5)	Except as otherwise expressly provided, payments made
4		by the United States or this State, under an act of
5		Congress or a law of this State, which by express
6		provision or administrative regulation or
7		interpretation are exempt from both the normal and
8		surtaxes of the United States, even though not so
9		exempted by the Internal Revenue Code itself;
10	(6)	Any income expressly exempted or excluded from the
11		measure of the tax imposed by this chapter by any
12		other law of the State, it being the intent of this
13		chapter not to repeal or supersede any such express
14		exemption or exclusion;
15	(7)	Income received by each member of the reserve
16		components of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps,
17		or Coast Guard of the United States of America, and
18		the Hawaii National Guard as compensation for
19		performance of duty, equivalent to pay received for
20		forty-eight drills (equivalent of twelve weekends) and
21		fifteen days of annual duty, at an:

1		(A)	E-1 pay grade after eight years of service;
2			provided that this subparagraph shall apply to
3			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004;
4		(B)	E-2 pay grade after eight years of service;
5			provided that this subparagraph shall apply to
6			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005;
7		(C)	E-3 pay grade after eight years of service;
8			provided that this subparagraph shall apply to
9			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006;
10		(D)	E-4 pay grade after eight years of service;
11			provided that this subparagraph shall apply to
12			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007;
13			and
14		(E)	E-5 pay grade after eight years of service;
15			provided that this subparagraph shall apply to
16			taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008;
17	(8)	Inco	me derived from the operation of ships or aircraft
18		if t	he income is exempt under the Internal Revenue
19		Code	pursuant to the provisions of an income tax
20		trea	ty or agreement entered into by and between the
21		Unit	ed States and a foreign country[;] provided that

1		the tax laws of the local governments of that country
2		reciprocally exempt from the application of all of
3		their net income taxes, the income derived from the
4		operation of ships or aircraft that are documented or
5		registered under the laws of the United States;
6	(9)	The value of legal services provided by a legal
7		service plan to a taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and
8		the taxpayer's dependents;
9	(10)	Amounts paid, directly or indirectly, by a legal
10		service plan to a taxpayer as payment or reimbursement
11		for the provision of legal services to the taxpayer,
12		the taxpayer's spouse, and the taxpayer's dependents;
13	(11)	Contributions by an employer to a legal service plan
14		for compensation (through insurance or otherwise) to
15		the employer's employees for the costs of legal
16		services incurred by the employer's employees, their
17		spouses, and their dependents; and
18	(12)	Amounts received in the form of a monthly surcharge by
19		a utility acting on behalf of an affected utility
20		under section 269-16.3; provided that amounts retained

1	by the acting utility for collection or other costs
2	shall not be included in this exemption $[-]$; and
3	(13) Income received as unemployment compensation benefits
4	under chapter 383."
5	SECTION 3. Section 383-161, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
7	"(a) Any agreement by an individual to waive, release, or
8	commute the individual's rights to benefits or any other rights
9	under this chapter shall be void, except agreements to withhold
10	and deduct benefits for the following purposes:
11	(1) The payment of child support obligations as provided
12	in section 383-163.5;
13	(2) The voluntary deduction and withholding of federal
14	[and state] income tax from unemployment compensation
15	as provided in section 383-163.6; and
16	(3) The repayment of uncollected overissuances of food
17	stamp coupons as provided in section 383-163.7."
18	SECTION 4. Section 383-163, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended to read as follows:
20	"§383-163 No assignment of benefits; waiver. No
21	assignment, pledge, or encumbrance of any right to benefits

- 1 which are or may become due or payable under this chapter shall
- 2 be valid and the right to benefits shall not be subject to levy,
- 3 execution, attachment, garnishment, or any other remedy for the
- 4 collection of debt. No waiver of this section shall be valid,
- 5 except that this section shall not apply to:
- 6 (1) Section 383-163.5 with respect to the withholding and
- 7 deduction of benefits for the payment of child support
- 8 obligations;
- 9 (2) Section 383-163.6 with respect to the voluntary
- withholding and deduction of benefits for payment of
- federal [and state] income taxes; and
- 12 (3) Section 383-163.7 with respect to the withholding and
- deduction of benefits for repayment of uncollected
- 15 SECTION 5. Section 383-163.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) An individual filing a new claim for unemployment
- 18 compensation shall, at the time of filing the claim, be advised
- **19** that:
- 20 (1) Unemployment compensation is subject to federal [and
- 21 state | income tax;



•	(2)	Requirements exist pertaining to estimated tax
2		payments;
3	(3)	The individual may elect to have federal income tax
4		deducted and withheld from the individual's payment of
5		unemployment compensation at the amount specified in
6		the federal Internal Revenue Code;
7	[(4)	The individual may elect to have state income tax
8		deducted and withheld from the individual's payment of
9		unemployment compensation at the amount specified in
10		section 235-69;
11	(5)]	(4) The individual may elect to have state and local
12		income taxes deducted and withheld from the
13		individual's payment of unemployment compensation for
14		other states and localities outside this State at the
15		percentage established by the state or locality, if
16		the department by agreement with the other state or
17		locality is authorized to deduct and withhold income
18		tax; and
19	[(6)]	(5) The individual shall be permitted to change a
20		previously elected withholding status no more than
21		once during a benefit year."

SECTION 6. Section 383-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 1 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 2 In the case of an individual whose benefit year 3 begins after January 4, 1992, the individual's weekly benefit 4 5 amount shall be, except as otherwise provided in this section, 6 an amount equal to one twenty-first of the individual's total 7 wages for insured work paid during the calendar quarter of the 8 individual's base period in which such total wages were highest. 9 The weekly benefit amount, if not a multiple of \$1, shall be 10 computed to the next higher multiple of \$1. If an individual's weekly benefit amount is less than \$5, it shall be \$5. The 11 maximum weekly benefit amount shall be determined annually as 12 follows: On or before November 30 of each year the total 13 14 remuneration paid by employers, as reported on contribution 15 reports submitted on or before such date, with respect to all 16 employment during the four consecutive calendar quarters ending 17 on June 30 of the year shall be divided by the average monthly 18 number of individuals performing services in the employment 19 during the same four calendar quarters as reported on the 20 contribution reports. The amount thus obtained shall be divided 21 by fifty-two and the average weekly wage (rounded to the nearest

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S.B. NO. 2662

1992, but prior to January 1, 2008, and beginning again on 2 January 1, 2012, but prior to April 1, 2012, then beginning 3 again on January 1, 2013, but prior to January 1, 2025, seventy 4 5 per cent of the average weekly wage shall constitute the maximum weekly benefit amount and shall apply to all claims for benefits 6 filed by an individual qualifying for payment at the maximum 7 weekly benefit amount in the benefit year commencing on or after 8 9 the first day of the calendar year immediately following the 10 determination of the maximum weekly benefit amount. For benefit years beginning January 1, 2008, and ending December 31, 2011, 11 12 and beginning again on April 1, 2012, and ending December 31, 13 2012, seventy-five per cent of the average weekly wage shall 14 constitute the maximum weekly benefit amount and shall apply to 15 all claims for benefits filed by an individual qualifying for 16 payment at the maximum weekly benefit amount in the benefit year 17 commencing on or after the first day of the calendar year immediately following the determination of the maximum weekly 18

benefit amount. For benefit years beginning January 1, 2025,

eighty-five per cent of the average weekly wage shall constitute

the maximum weekly benefit amount and shall apply to all claims

cent) thus determined. For benefit years beginning January 1,

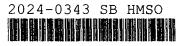
- 1 for benefits filed by an individual qualifying for payment at
- 2 the maximum weekly benefit amount in the benefit year commencing
- 3 on or after the first day of the calendar year immediately
- 4 following the determination of the maximum weekly benefit
- 5 amount. The maximum weekly benefit amount, if not a multiple of
- 6 \$1, shall be computed to the next higher multiple of \$1.

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8	(Column A)	(Column B)	(Column C)	(Column D)
9	High	Basic	Minimum	Maximum
10	Quarter	Weekly	Qualifying	Total Benefits
11	Wages	Benefit	Wages	in Benefit Year
12				
13	\$ 37.50 - 125.00	\$ 5.00	\$ 150.00	\$ 130.00
14	125.01 - 150.00	6.00	180.00	156.00
15	150.01 - 175.00	7.00	210.00	182.00
16	175.01 - 200.00	8.00	240.00	208.00
17	200.01 - 225.00	9.00	270.00	234.00
18	225.01 - 250.00	10.00	300.00	260.00
19	250.01 - 275.00	11.00	330.00	286.00
20	275.01 - 300.00	12.00	360.00	312.00
21	300.01 - 325.00	13.00	390.00	338.00
22	325.01 - 350.00	14.00	420.00	364.00
23	350.01 - 375.00	15.00	450.00	390.00
24	375.01 - 400.00	16.00	480.00	416.00
25	400.01 - 425.00	17.00	510.00	442.00
26	425.01 - 450.00	18.00	540.00	468.00
27	450.01 - 475.00	19.00	570.00	494.00
28	475.01 - 500.00	20.00	600.00	520.00
29	500.01 - 525.00	21.00	630.00	546.00
30	525.01 - 550.00	22.00	660.00	572.00
31	550.01 - 575.00	23.00	690.00	598.00
32	575.01 - 600.00	24.00	720.00	624.00
33	600.01 - 625.00	25.00	750.00	650.00
34	625.01 - 650.00	26.00	780.00	676.00

1	650.01 - 675.00	27.00	810.00	702.00
2	675.01 - 700.00	28.00	840.00	728.00
3	700.01 - 725.00	29.00	870.00	754.00
4	725.01 - 750.00	30.00	900.00	780.00
5	750.01 - 775.00	31.00	930.00	806.00
6	775.01 - 800.00	32.00	960.00	832.00
7	800.01 - 825.00	33.00	990.00	858.00
8	825.01 - 850.00	34.00	1020.00	884.00
9	850.01 - 875.00	35.00	1050.00	910.00
10	875.01 - 900.00	36.00	1080.00	936.00
11	900.01 - 925.00	37.00	1110.00	962.00
12	925.01 - 950.00	38.00	1140.00	988.00
13	950.01 - 975.00	39.00	1170.00	1014.00
14	975.01 -1000.00	40.00	1200.00	1040.00
15	1000.01 -1025.00	41.00	1230.00	1066.00
16	1025.01 -1050.00	42.00	1260.00	1092.00
17	1050.01 -1075.00	43.00	1290.00	1118.00
18	1075.01 -1100.00	44.00	1320.00	1144.00
19	1100.01 -1125.00	45.00	1350.00	1170.00
20	1125.01 -1150.00	46.00	1380.00	1196.00
21	1150.01 -1175.00	47.00	1410.00	1222.00
22	1175.01 -1200.00	48.00	1440.00	1248.00
23	1200.01 -1225.00	49.00	1470.00	1274.00
24	1225.01 -1250.00	50.00	1500.00	1300.00
25	1250.01 -1275.00	51.00	1530.00	1326.00
26	1275.01 -1300.00	52.00	1560.00	1352.00
27	1300.01 -1325.00	53.00	1590.00	1378.00
28	1325.01 -1350.00	54.00	1620.00	1404.00
29	1350.01 and over	55.00	1650.00	1430.00."
30				

- 31 SECTION 7. Section 235-69, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 32 repealed.
- 33 ["[\$235-69] Voluntary deduction and withholding of state
- 34 income tax from unemployment compensation. An individual
- 35 receiving unemployment compensation benefits under chapter 383



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<u>в</u> п	iay -crect	co nave	3 cace Income	tax acauctea	ana	-wrcmmera-rrow

- 2 the individual's payment of unemployment compensation at the
- 3 rate of five per cent in accordance with section 383-163.6."]
- 4 SECTION 8. The department of taxation shall retroactively
- 5 refund any state income tax deducted and withheld from
- 6 individuals for unemployment compensation benefits, as set forth
- 7 under chapter 383, Hawaii Revised Statutes, during the period of
- **8** January 1, 2023, through December 31, 2023.
- 9 SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 11 SECTION 10. This Act, upon its approval, shall apply to
- 12 taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022.

13

INTRODUCED BY:



Report Title:

Unemployment Compensation; State Income Tax Exemption; Maximum Weekly Benefit

Description:

Exempts unemployment compensation from state personal income tax beginning in the 2023 tax year. Increases the maximum weekly benefit a person may receive in unemployment compensation beginning on 1/1/2025.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.