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#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HOUSING.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State is facing a housing crisis. A 2019 study commissioned by the department of business, economic development, and tourism found that the State will require an additional 50,156 homes by the year 2025, with the city and county of Honolulu requiring 22,168 new units, Hawaii county requiring 13,303 new units, Maui county requiring 10,404 new units, and Kauai county requiring 4,281 new units.

8 The legislature further finds that a more targeted approach 9 is needed to engage the private sector to increase the inventory 10 of housing in the State. During the Regular Session of 2022, 11 the legislature passed a series of measures that allocated nearly \$1,000,000,000 in the aggregate to assist homeless, very 12 low-income, moderate-income, and working families with rent 13 14 relief and housing. Developers may apply for a portion of these funds to develop new rental and for-sale affordable housing 15 16 throughout the State; however, the legislature recognizes that

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two of the largest obstacles for developers to construct more 1 2 housing in the State are: (1) A lack of areas with the proper zoning for residential 3 dwellings to be constructed; and 4 (2) A lack of infrastructure to support newly developed 5 residential dwellings. 6 The legislature notes that infrastructure exists in urban areas 7 that are zoned for industry, trade, and business use, therefore 8 developing housing in these areas will be faster and may create 9 10 more housing opportunities since less funding is required to 11 construct infrastructure. The legislature further notes that 12 the existing businesses in these urban areas may benefit from increased residential density, which could provide more foot 13 14 traffic and customers for those businesses. 15 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to allow the 16 construction of multi-family dwelling units on any lot within 17 certain designated county zoning districts, subject to 18 reasonable standards that each county may adopt. 19 SECTION 2. Section 46-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 amended to read as follows:

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"\$46-4 County zoning. (a) This section and any
 ordinance, rule, or regulation adopted in accordance with this
 section shall apply to lands not contained within the forest
 reserve boundaries as established on January 31, 1957, or as
 subsequently amended.

6 Zoning in all counties shall be accomplished within the 7 framework of a long-range, comprehensive general plan prepared 8 or being prepared to guide the overall future development of the 9 county. Zoning shall be one of the tools available to the 10 county to put the general plan into effect in an orderly manner. 11 Zoning in the counties of Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai means the 12 establishment of districts of such number, shape, and area, and 13 the adoption of regulations for each district to carry out the 14 purposes of this section. In establishing or regulating the 15 districts, full consideration shall be given to all available 16 data as to soil classification and physical use capabilities of 17 the land to allow and encourage the most beneficial use of the 18 land consonant with good zoning practices. The zoning power 19 granted herein shall be exercised by ordinance, which may relate 20 to:



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1	(1)	The areas within which agriculture, forestry,
2		industry, trade, and business may be conducted;
3	(2)	The areas in which residential uses may be regulated
4		or prohibited;
5	(3)	The areas bordering natural watercourses, channels,
6		and streams, in which trades or industries, filling or
7		dumping, erection of structures, and the location of
8		buildings may be prohibited or restricted;
9	(4)	The areas in which particular uses may be subjected to
10		special restrictions;
11	(5)	The location of buildings and structures designed for
12		specific uses and designation of uses for which
13		buildings and structures may not be used or altered;
14	(6)	The location, height, bulk, number of stories, and
15		size of buildings and other structures;
16	(7)	The location of roads, schools, and recreation areas;
17	(8)	Building setback lines and future street lines;
18	(9)	The density and distribution of population;
19	(10)	The percentage of a lot that may be occupied, size of
20		yards, courts, and other open spaces;
21	(11)	Minimum and maximum lot sizes; and

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(12) Other regulations the boards or city council find
 necessary and proper to permit and encourage the
 orderly development of land resources within their
 jurisdictions.

5 The council of any county shall prescribe rules, 6 regulations, and administrative procedures and provide personnel 7 it finds necessary to enforce this section and any ordinance 8 enacted in accordance with this section. The ordinances may be 9 enforced by appropriate fines and penalties, civil or criminal, 10 or by court order at the suit of the county or the owner or 11 owners of real estate directly affected by the ordinances.

Any civil fine or penalty provided by ordinance under this section may be imposed by the district court, or by the zoning agency after an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to chapter 91. The proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court.

Nothing in this section shall invalidate any zoning
ordinance or regulation adopted by any county or other agency of
government pursuant to the statutes in effect [prior to] before
July 1, 1957.

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1 The powers granted herein shall be liberally construed in favor of the county exercising them, and in [such] a manner as 2 3 to promote the orderly development of each county or city and county in accordance with a long-range, comprehensive general 4 5 plan to ensure the greatest benefit for the State as a whole. This section shall not be construed to limit or repeal any 6 7 powers of any county to achieve these ends through zoning and building regulations, except insofar as forest and water reserve 8 9 zones are concerned and as provided in subsections (c) and 10 [<del>(d).</del>] (e).

11 Neither this section nor any ordinance enacted pursuant to 12 this section shall prohibit the continued lawful use of any 13 building or premises for any trade, industrial, residential, 14 agricultural, or other purpose for which the building or 15 premises is used at the time this section or the ordinance takes 16 effect; provided that a zoning ordinance may provide for 17 elimination of nonconforming uses as the uses are discontinued, 18 or for the amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses or 19 signs over a reasonable period of time in commercial, 20 industrial, resort, and apartment zoned areas only. In no event 21 shall [such] the amortization or phasing out of nonconforming

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uses apply to any existing building or premises used for
 residential (single-family or duplex) or agricultural uses.
 Nothing in this section shall affect or impair the powers and
 duties of the director of transportation as set forth in chapter
 262.

6 (b) Any final order of a zoning agency established under
7 this section may be appealed to the circuit court of the circuit
8 in which the land in question is found. The appeal shall be in
9 accordance with the Hawaii rules of civil procedure.

10 (c) Each county may adopt reasonable standards to allow 11 the construction of two single-family dwelling units on any lot 12 where a residential dwelling unit is permitted.

13 (d) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the

14 construction of multi-family dwelling units shall be permitted

15 on any lot designated with the following zoning district

16 classifications, subject to reasonable standards adopted by each 17 county:

- 18 (1) City and county of Honolulu:
  - (A) B-1: business neighborhood district;
- 20 (B) B-2: business community district;
- 21 (C) I-1: limited industrial district;



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1		(D)	I-2: intensive industrial district; and
2		<u>(E)</u>	I-3: waterfront industrial district;
3	(2)	Coun	ty of Maui:
4		<u>(A)</u>	SBR service: service business residential
5			district;
6		<u>(B)</u>	B-CT: business country town district;
7		(C)	B-1: business neighborhood district;
8		<u>(D)</u>	B-2: business community district;
9		<u>(E)</u>	B-3: business central district;
10		<u>(F)</u>	B-R: business resort commercial district;
11		<u>(G)</u>	M-1: light industrial district;
12		<u>(H)</u>	M-2: heavy industrial district; and
13		<u>(I)</u>	M-3: restricted industrial district;
14	(3)	Coun	ty of Hawaii:
15		<u>(A)</u>	CN: neighborhood commercial district;
16		<u>(B)</u>	CG: general commercial district;
17		<u>(C)</u>	CV: village commercial district;
18		<u>(D)</u>	MCX: industrial-commercial mixed district;
19		<u>(E)</u>	ML: limited industrial district; and
20		<u>(F)</u>	MG: general industrial district; and
21	(4)	Coun	ty of Kauai:



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1	(A) CM: neighborhood commercial district;					
2	(B) CG: general commercial district;					
3	(C) IL: limited industrial district; and					
4	(D) IG: general industrial district.					
5	[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(e)</u> Neither this section nor any other law, county					
6	ordinance, or rule shall prohibit group living in facilities					
7	with eight or fewer residents for purposes or functions that are					
8	licensed, certified, registered, or monitored by the State;					
9	provided that a resident manager or a resident supervisor and					
10	the resident manager's or resident supervisor's family shall not					
11	be included in this resident count. These group living					
12	facilities shall meet all applicable county requirements not					
13	inconsistent with the intent of this subsection, including but					
14	not limited to building height, setback, maximum lot coverage,					
15	parking, and floor area requirements.					
16	[-(e)] (f) Neither this section nor any other law, county					
17	ordinance, or rule shall prohibit the use of land for employee					
18	housing and community buildings in plantation community					

19 subdivisions as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(12); in addition,

20 no zoning ordinance shall provide for the elimination,

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1 amortization, or phasing out of plantation community 2 subdivisions as a nonconforming use. 3 [-(f)] (g) Neither this section nor any other law, county ordinance, or rule shall prohibit the use of land for medical 4 5 cannabis production centers or medical cannabis dispensaries established and licensed pursuant to chapter 329D; provided that 6 the land is otherwise zoned for agriculture, manufacturing, or 7 retail purposes." 8 9 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 11 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on April 14, 2112.



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#### Report Title:

Housing; County Zoning Districts; Multi-Family Dwelling Units

#### Description:

Allows the construction of multi-family dwelling units on any lot within certain designated county zoning districts, subject to reasonable standards adopted by each county. Takes effect 4/14/2112. (SD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

