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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 Section 127A-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is SECTION 1. 2 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows: 3 It is the intent of the legislature to provide for "(C) 4 and confer comprehensive powers for the purposes stated herein. 5 This chapter shall be liberally construed to effectuate its 6 purposes; provided that this chapter shall not be construed as 7 conferring any power or permitting any action [which] that is 8 inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United 9 States [7] or the Hawaii State Constitution, but, in so 10 construing this chapter, due consideration shall be given to the 11 circumstances as they exist from time to time. This chapter 12 shall not be deemed to have been amended by any act hereafter 13 enacted at the same or any other session of the legislature, 14 unless this chapter is amended by express reference." SECTION 2. Section 127A-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15 16 amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:



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1	"(e)	The agency shall perform emergency management
2	functions	within the territorial limits of the State. In
3	performin	g its duties, the agency shall:
4	(1)	Prepare a state comprehensive emergency management
5		plan, which shall be integrated into and coordinated
6		with the emergency management plans of the federal
7		government. The plan shall be integrated by a
8		continuous, integrated comprehensive emergency
9		management program. The plan shall contain provisions
10		to ensure that the State [is prepared] prepares for,
11		mitigates against, responds to, and recovers from
12		emergencies and minor, major, and catastrophic
13		disasters. In preparing and maintaining the plan, the
14		agency shall work closely with agencies and
15		organizations with emergency management
16		responsibilities;
17	(2)	Assign lead and support responsibilities to state
18		agencies and personnel for emergency management
19		functions $[\tau]$ and other support activities;
20	(3)	Adopt standards and requirements for county emergency
21		management plans. The standards and requirements





1		shall ensure that county plans are coordinated and
2		consistent with the state comprehensive emergency
3		management plan;
4	(4)	Make recommendations to the legislature, building code
5		organizations, and counties for zoning, building, and
6		other land use controls; and other preparedness,
7		prevention, and mitigation measures designed to
8		eliminate emergencies or reduce their impact;
9	(5)	Anticipate trends and promote innovations that will
10		enhance the emergency management system;
11	(6)	Institute statewide public awareness programs. This
12		shall include intensive public educational campaigns
13		on emergency preparedness issues, including but not
14		limited to the personal responsibility of individual
15		citizens to be self-sufficient for up to fourteen days
16		following a natural or human-caused disaster;
17	(7)	Coordinate federal, state, and local emergency
18		management activities and take all other steps,
19		including the partial or full mobilization of
20		emergency management forces and organizations in
21		advance of an actual emergency, to ensure the

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1		availability of adequately trained and equipped forces
2		of emergency management personnel before, during, and
3		after emergencies and disasters;
4	(8)	Implement training programs to improve the ability of
5		state and local emergency management personnel to
6		prepare and implement emergency management plans and
7		programs. This shall include a continuous training
8		program for agencies and individuals that will be
9		called on to perform key roles in state and local
10		post-disaster response and recovery efforts and for
11		local government personnel on federal and state
12		post-disaster response and recovery strategies and
13		procedures;
14	(9)	Adopt standards and requirements for state agency
15		emergency operating procedures and periodically review
16		emergency operating procedures of state agencies and
17		recommend revisions as needed to ensure consistency
18		with the state comprehensive emergency management plan
19		and program; and
20	(10)	Coordinate, in advance whenever possible, [such] <u>any</u>

executive orders, proclamations, and rules for

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issuance by the governor as are necessary or 1 2 appropriate for coping with emergencies and 3 disasters." SECTION 3. Section 127A-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended to read as follows: 5 6 "§127A-14 State of emergency. (a) The governor may 7 declare the existence of a state of emergency in the State by 8 proclamation if the governor finds that an emergency or a disaster has occurred or that there is imminent danger or threat 9 10 of an emergency or a disaster in any portion of the State. 11 A mayor may declare the existence of a local state of (b) 12 emergency in the county by proclamation if the mayor finds that 13 an emergency or a disaster has occurred or that there is 14 imminent danger or threat of an emergency or a disaster in any 15 portion of the county. 16 (c) The governor or mayor shall be the sole judge of the 17 existence of the danger, threat, or circumstances giving rise to

18 a declaration, an extension, or a termination of a state of 19 emergency in the State or a local state of emergency in the 20 county, as applicable. This section shall not limit the power 21 and authority of the governor under section 127A-13(a)(5).





1 (d) A state of emergency and a local state of emergency 2 shall terminate automatically sixty days after the issuance of a 3 proclamation of a state of emergency or local state of 4 emergency, respectively, [or] unless extended or terminated by a 5 separate or supplementary proclamation of the governor or 6 mayor [, whichever occurs first]." 7 SECTION 4. Section 127A-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 9 "(a) The administrator shall submit requests to the 10 legislature to appropriate from the general revenues of the 11 State sufficient moneys as may be necessary for expenditure by, 12 or under the direction of, the governor for immediate relief in 13 response to an emergency or disaster in any part of the State; 14 provided that: 15 (1)The governor has issued a proclamation of a state of 16 emergency; 17 The governor shall not expend in excess of \$10,000,000 (2) 18 for immediate relief as a result of any single 19 emergency or disaster; and 20 (3) In addition to the funds in paragraph (2), an 21 additional [\$5,000,000] \$10,000,000 may be made





1	available solely for the purpose of matching federal			
2	disaster relief funds when these funds become			
3	available to the State following a [presidential]			
4	federal disaster declaration.			
5	In expending the moneys, the governor may allot any portion			
6	thereof to any agency, office, or employee of the State or a			
7	county for the most efficient relief for the population.			
8	Notwithstanding this subsection, the only exception to			
9	paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) is that the administrator may use			
10	up to \$250,000 per year to support the emergency management			
11	reserve corps. The funds identified in this subsection shall be			
12	deemed to be trust moneys and shall be deposited into a trust			
13	account under the control of the Hawaii emergency management			
14	agency. These funds may be used for open federally declared			
15	disasters that are being managed by the Hawaii emergency			
16	management agency."			
17	SECTION 5. Section 127A-30, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
18	amended as follows:			
19	1. By amending subsections (a) to (c) to read:			
20	"(a) [Whenever] <u>If</u> the governor declares a state of			
21	emergency for the entire State or any portion thereof, or a			





1 mayor declares a local state of emergency for the county or any 2 portion thereof, or when the State, or any portion thereof, is 3 the subject of a severe [weather] warning: 4 There shall be prohibited any increase in the selling (1) 5 price of any commodity, whether at the retail or 6 wholesale level, in the area that is the subject of 7 the proclamation or [the] severe [weather] warning; 8 and 9 (2) No landlord shall terminate any tenancy for a 10 residential dwelling unit in the area that is the 11 subject of the proclamation or [the] severe [weather] 12 warning, except for a breach of a material term of a 13 rental agreement or lease, or if the unit is unfit for 14 occupancy as defined in this chapter; provided that: 15 (A) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to 16 extend a fixed-term lease beyond its termination date, except that a periodic tenancy for a 17 18 residential dwelling unit may be terminated by 19 the landlord upon forty-five days' written 20 notice:

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1	(i) When the residential d	welling unit is sold
2	to a bona fide purchase	er for value; or
3	(ii) When the landlord or a	n immediate family
4	member of the landlord	will occupy the
5	residential dwelling u	nit; or
6	(B) Under a fixed-term lease or	[a] periodic tenancy,
7	upon forty-five days' writte	en notice, a landlord
8	may require a tenant or tena	ants to relocate
9	during the actual and contin	nuous period of any
10	repair to render a resident:	ial dwelling unit fit
11	for occupancy; provided that	:
12	(i) Reoccupancy shall firs	t be offered to the
13	same tenant or tenants	upon completion of
14	the repair;	
15	(ii) The term of the fixed-	term lease or periodic
16	tenancy shall be extend	ded by a period of
17	time equal to the dura	tion of the repair;
18	and	
19	(iii) It shall be the respons	sibility of the tenant
20	or tenants to find othe	er accommodations
21	during the period of re	epair.





1 Notwithstanding this section, any additional operating (b) 2 expenses incurred by the seller or landlord because of the 3 emergency [or], disaster, or [the] severe [weather, and which] 4 warning that can be documented $[\tau]$ may be passed on to the 5 consumer. In the case of a residential dwelling unit, if rent 6 increases are contained in a written instrument that was signed 7 by the tenant [prior to] before the declaration or severe 8 [weather] warning, the increases may take place pursuant to the 9 written instrument.

10 The prohibitions under subsection (a) shall remain in (C) 11 effect until twenty-four hours after the severe [weather] 12 warning is canceled by the [National Weather Service;] issuing 13 agency; or in the event of a declaration, [the later of a date 14 specified by the governor or mayor in the declaration or ninety-15 six] seventy-two hours after the effective date and time of the 16 declaration, unless [such] the prohibition is identified and 17 continued [by a supplementary declaration-issued] and the types 18 of commodities are identified by the governor or mayor [-,] in the 19 proclamation or any supplementary proclamation. Any 20 proclamation issued under this chapter that fails to state the



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1 time at which it will take effect, shall take effect at [twelve]
2 noon [of] on the day on which it takes effect."

3 2. By amending subsection (f) to read:

4 "(f) As used in this section:

5 "Breach of a material term" means the failure of a party to
6 perform an obligation under the rental agreement or lease, which
7 constitutes the consideration for entering into the contract and
8 includes the failure to make a timely payment of rent.

9 "Commodity" means any good or service necessary for the
10 health, safety, and welfare of the people of Hawaii; provided
11 that this term shall include[7] but not be limited to:
12 materials; merchandise; supplies; equipment; resources; and
13 other articles of commerce that shall include food; water; ice;
14 chemicals; petroleum products; construction materials; or
15 residential dwellings.

16 "Fixed-term lease" means a lease for real property that 17 specifies its beginning date and its termination date as 18 calendar dates, or contains a formula for determining the 19 beginning and termination dates; and the application of the 20 formula as of the date of the agreement will produce a calendar 21 date for the beginning and termination of the lease.





1	"Periodic tenancy" means a tenancy wherein real property is			
2	leased for an indefinite time with monthly or other periodic			
3	rent reserved. A periodic tenancy may be created by express			
4	agreement of the parties, or by implication upon the expiration			
5	of a fixed-term lease when neither landlord nor tenant provides			
6	the other with written notice of termination and the tenant			
7	retains possession of the premises for any period of time after			
8	the expiration of the original term.			
9	"Severe warning" means the issuance by the National Weather			
10	Service, Pacific Tsunami Warning Center, United States			
11	Geological Survey, or other public authority of a public			
12	notification that a dangerous condition exists that could impact			
13	the State, or any portion of it, within a specified period of			
14	time. "Severe warning" includes but is not limited to warnings			
15	of coastal inundation, high surf, flash flooding, volcano,			
16	tsunami, or hurricane.			
17	"Unfit for occupancy" means that a residential dwelling			
18	unit has been damaged to the extent that the appropriate county			
19	agency determines that the unit creates a dangerous or			

20 unsanitary situation and is dangerous to the occupants or [to

21 the] neighborhood."



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1 SECTION 6. There is appropriated out of the general 2 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so 3 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2023-2024 and 4 the same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal 5 year 2024-2025 for the planning and design of a new Hawaii 6 emergency management agency facility. 7 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the Hawaii emergency management agency for the purposes of this Act. 8 9 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 11 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on June 30, 3000.





Report Title:

Emergency Management; State of Emergency; Price Control; Appropriation

Description:

Clarifies that emergency management powers must be consistent with the state constitution. Clarifies the scope of the Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan. Clarifies the powers of the Governor and mayors to extend or terminate a state of emergency or local state of emergency, respectively. Delineates allowable uses of Major Disaster Fund moneys. Increases the amount of additional funds that may be made available for the purpose of matching federal disaster relief fund. Shortens the duration of price control periods from 96 hours to 72 hours. Defines "severe warning" to recognize that entities other than the National Weather Service may issue warnings that may require the activation of the emergency management system. Appropriates moneys to the Hawaii Emergency Management Agency for the planning and design of a new facility. Effective 6/30/3000. (HD1)

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