THE SENATE THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2023 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. 1102

JAN 2 0 2023

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS HOSTING PLATFORMS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that illegal and 2 unregulated transient accommodations have caused detrimental 3 impacts to the State's housing supply. Accordingly, the purpose 4 of this Act is to allow the counties to regulate transient 5 accommodation hosting platforms, thereby preventing further 6 proliferation of illegal transient accommodations and preserving 7 residential housing. 8 SECTION 2. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 amended to read as follows: 10 "\$46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties. 11 Subject to general law, each county shall have the following 12 powers and shall be subject to the following liabilities and 13 limitations:

14 (1) Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a
15 charter for its own self-government that shall
16 establish the county executive, administrative, and
17 legislative structure and organization, including but

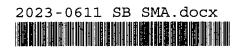


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not limited to the method of appointment or election 1 2 of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and compensation, and the terms of their office; 3 4 (2) Each county shall have the power to provide for and 5 regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and other structures that may be obstructions or hazards 6 7 to aerial navigation, so far as may be necessary or 8 proper for the protection and safeguarding of life, 9 health, and property; Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims 10 (3) on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims 11 12 against the county, but shall be prohibited from entering into, granting, or making in any manner any 13 contract, authorization, allowance payment, or 14 liability contrary to the provisions of any county 15 16 charter or general law; (4) Each county shall have the power to make contracts and 17 to do all things necessary and proper to carry into 18 execution all powers vested in the county or any 19 county officer; 20 Each county shall have the power to: 21 (5)



1	(A)	Maintain channels, whether natural or artificial,
2		including their exits to the ocean, in suitable
3		condition to carry off storm waters;
4	(B)	Remove from the channels, and from the shores and
5		beaches, any debris that is likely to create an
6		unsanitary condition or become a public nuisance;
7		provided that, to the extent any of the foregoing
8		work is a private responsibility, the
9		responsibility may be enforced by the county in
10		lieu of the work being done at public expense;
11	(C)	Construct, acquire by gift, purchase, or by the
12		exercise of eminent domain, reconstruct, improve,
13		better, extend, and maintain projects or
14		undertakings for the control of and protection
15		against floods and flood waters, including the
16		power to drain and rehabilitate lands already
17		flooded;
18	(D)	Enact zoning ordinances providing that lands
19		deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or
20		occasional flooding shall not be used for
21		residence or other purposes in a manner as to



1		endanger the health or safety of the occupants
2		thereof, as required by the Federal Flood
3		Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025, Public Law
4		1016); and
5		(E) Establish and charge user fees to create and
6		maintain any stormwater management system or
7		infrastructure;
8	(6)	Each county shall have the power to exercise the power
9		of condemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
10		public interest to do so;
11	(7)	Each county shall have the power to exercise
12		regulatory powers over business activity as are
13		assigned to them by chapter 445 or other general law;
14	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
15		charges for all official services not otherwise
16		provided for;
17	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
18		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
19		maintenance of districts within the county;
20	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
21		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any



1 person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except 2 for a public purpose; 3 Where not within the jurisdiction of the public (11)4 utilities commission, each county shall have the power 5 to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor 6 vehicle common carriers transporting passengers within 7 the county and adopt and amend rules the county deems 8 necessary for the public convenience and necessity; 9 (12)Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce 10 ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove 11 public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal 12 of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated 13 undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places, 14 and unoccupied lots. In connection with these powers, 15 each county may impose and enforce liens upon the 16 property for the cost to the county of removing and 17 completing the necessary work where the property 18 owners fail, after reasonable notice, to comply with 19 the ordinances. The authority provided by this 20 paragraph shall not be self-executing, but shall 21 become fully effective within a county only upon the



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enactment or adoption by the county of appropriate and 1 particular laws, ordinances, or rules defining "public 2 3 nuisances" with respect to each county's respective circumstances. The counties shall provide the 4 5 property owner with the opportunity to contest the summary action and to recover the owner's property; 6 7 (13)Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances 8 deemed necessary to protect health, life, and property, and to preserve the order and security of 9 the county and its inhabitants on any subject or 10 11 matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat, the intent of any state statute where the statute does 12 not disclose an express or implied intent that the 13 statute shall be exclusive or uniform throughout the 14 15 State; Each county shall have the power to: 16 (14)(A) Make and enforce within the limits of the county 17 all necessary ordinances covering all: 18 19 (i) Local police matters; 20 Matters of sanitation; (ii) 21 (iii) Matters of inspection of buildings;



1		(iv)	Matters of condemnation of unsafe
2			structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk,
3			fish, and morgues; and
4		(v)	Matters of the collection and disposition of
5			rubbish and garbage;
6	(B)	Prov	ide exemptions for homeless facilities and
7		any d	other program for the homeless authorized by
8		part	XVII of chapter 346, for all matters under
9		this	paragraph;
10	(C)	Appo	int county physicians and sanitary and other
11		insp	ectors as necessary to carry into effect
12		ordi	nances made under this paragraph, who shall
13		have	the same power as given by law to agents of
14		the o	department of health, subject only to
15		limi	tations placed on them by the terms and
16		cond	itions of their appointments; and
17	(D)	Fix a	a penalty for the violation of any ordinance,
18		whick	n penalty may be a misdemeanor, petty
19		misde	emeanor, or violation as defined by general
20		law;	



1 Each county shall have the power to provide public (15) 2 pounds; to regulate the impounding of stray animals 3 and fowl, and their disposition; and to provide for 4 the appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal 5 control officers; 6 (16) Each county shall have the power to purchase and 7 otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal 8 property within the defined boundaries of the county 9 and to dispose of the real and personal property as 10 the interests of the inhabitants of the county may 11 require, except that: 12 (A) Any property held for school purposes may not be 13 disposed of without the consent of the 14 superintendent of education; 15 (B) No property bordering the ocean shall be sold or 16 otherwise disposed of; and 17 (C) All proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be 18 expended only for the acquisition of property for 19 park or recreational purposes; 20 (17) Each county shall have the power to provide by charter 21 for the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute



1		for c	offenses against the laws of the State under the
2		autho	ority of the attorney general of the State;
3	(18)	Each	county shall have the power to make
4		appro	opriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any
5		money	vs in the treasury, for the purpose of:
6		(A)	Community promotion and public celebrations;
7		(B)	The entertainment of distinguished persons as may
8			from time to time visit the county;
9		(C)	The entertainment of other distinguished persons,
10			as well as, public officials when deemed to be in
11			the best interest of the community; and
12		(D)	The rendering of civic tribute to individuals
13			who, by virtue of their accomplishments and
14			community service, merit civic commendations,
15			recognition, or remembrance;
16	(19)	Each	county shall have the power to:
17		(A)	Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,
18			sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,
19			maintain, or dispose of buildings for county
20			purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping
21			stations, waterworks, including reservoirs,



1			wells, pipelines, and other conduits for
2			distributing water to the public, lighting
3			plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting
4			streets and public buildings, and manage,
5			regulate, and control the same;
6		(B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
7			all appliances necessary to the furnishing of
8			water, heat, light, power, telephone, and
9			telecommunications service to the county;
10		(C)	Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
11			appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the
12			streets and the public ways, and for flushing the
13			sewers; and
14		(D)	Open, close, construct, or maintain county
15			highways or charge toll on county highways;
16			provided that all revenues received from a toll
17			charge shall be used for the construction or
18			maintenance of county highways;
19	(20)	Each	county shall have the power to regulate the
20		rent	ing, subletting, and rental conditions of property
21		for	places of abode by ordinance;



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1	(21)	Unle	ss otherwise provided by law, each county shall
2		have	the power to establish by ordinance the order of
3		succ	ession of county officials in the event of a
4		mili	tary or civil disaster;
5	(22)	Each	county shall have the power to sue and be sued in
6		its	corporate name;
7	(23)	Each	county shall have the power to:
8		(A)	Establish and maintain waterworks and sewer
9			works;
10		(B)	Implement a sewer monitoring program that
11			includes the inspection of sewer laterals that
12			connect to county sewers, when those laterals are
13			located on public or private property, after
14			providing a property owner not less than ten
15			calendar days' written notice, to detect leaks
16			from laterals, infiltration, and inflow, any
17			other law to the contrary notwithstanding;
18		(C)	Compel an owner of private property upon which is
19			located any sewer lateral that connects to a
20			county sewer to inspect that lateral for leaks,

1		infiltration, and inflow and to perform repairs
2		as necessary;
3	(D)	Collect rates for water supplied to consumers and
4		for the use of sewers;
5	(E)	Install water meters whenever deemed expedient;
6		provided that owners of premises having vested
7		water rights under existing laws appurtenant to
8		the premises shall not be charged for the
9		installation or use of the water meters on the
10		premises; [and]
11	(F)	Take over from the State existing waterworks
12		systems, including water rights, pipelines, and
13		other appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer
14		systems, and to enlarge, develop, and improve the
15		same; and
16	(G)	For purposes of subparagraphs (B) and (C):
17		(i) "Infiltration" means groundwater, rainwater,
18		and saltwater that enters the county sewer
19		system through cracked, broken, or defective
20		sewer laterals; and

1		(ii) "Inflow" means non-sewage entering the
2		county sewer system via inappropriate or
3		illegal connections;
4	(24) (A)	Each county may impose civil fines, in addition
5		to criminal penalties, for any violation of
6		county ordinances or rules after reasonable
7		notice and requests to correct or cease the
8		violation have been made upon the violator. Any
9		administratively imposed civil fine shall not be
10		collected until after an opportunity for a
11		hearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be
12		filed within thirty days from the date of the
13		final written decision. These proceedings shall
14		not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or
15		injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court;
16	(B)	Each county by ordinance may provide for the
17		addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by
18		any court of competent jurisdiction, to any
19		taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of
20		fees or charges for water for residential use and
21		sewer charges, collected by the county. Each



1 county by ordinance may also provide for the 2 addition of any unpaid administratively imposed 3 civil fines, which remain due after all judicial 4 review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted, 5 to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the 6 exception of water for residential use and sewer 7 charges, collected by the county. The ordinance 8 shall specify the administrative procedures for the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the 9 10 eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require 11 hearings or other proceedings. After addition of 12 the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or 13 charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become 14 a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. The 15 county by ordinance may condition the issuance or 16 renewal of a license, approval, or permit for 17 which a fee or charge is assessed, except for 18 water for residential use and sewer charges, on 19 payment of the unpaid civil fines. Upon 20 recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in 21 the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the



civil fines, including any increase in the amount 1 2 of the fine which the county may assess, shall 3 constitute a lien upon all real property or 4 rights to real property belonging to any person 5 liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in 6 favor of the county shall be subordinate to any 7 lien in favor of any person recorded or 8 registered prior to the recordation of the notice of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien 9 10 recorded or registered after the recordation of the notice. The lien shall continue until the 11 12 unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a 13 certificate of release or partial release of the 14 lien, prepared by the county at the owner's expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil 15 16 fines shall state the amount of the fine as of 17 the date of the notice and maximum permissible 18 daily increase of the fine. The county shall not 19 be required to include a social security number, 20 state general excise taxpayer identification 21 number, or federal employer identification number



1 on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the 2 bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at such 3 time, for all purposes and without any further 4 action, to procure a lien on land registered in 5 land court under chapter 501. After the unpaid 6 civil fines are added to the taxes, fees, or 7 charges as specified by county ordinance, the 8 unpaid civil fines shall be deemed immediately 9 due, owing, and delinquent and may be collected 10 in any lawful manner. The procedure for 11 collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in 12 this paragraph shall be in addition to any other 13 procedures for collection available to the State 14 and county by law or rules of the courts; 15 (C) Each county may impose civil fines upon any 16 person who places graffiti on any real or 17 personal property owned, managed, or maintained 18 by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or 19 may be equal to the actual cost of having the 20 damaged property repaired or replaced. The 21 parent or quardian having custody of a minor who



1 places graffiti on any real or personal property owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall 2 3 be jointly and severally liable with the minor for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any such 4 fine may be administratively imposed after an 5 opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, but 6 7 such a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any civil fine ordered by any court. As used in 8 this subparagraph, "graffiti" means any 9 10 unauthorized drawing, inscription, figure, or mark of any type intentionally created by paint, 11 ink, chalk, dye, or similar substances; 12 13 (D) At the completion of an appeal in which the county's enforcement action is affirmed and upon 14 correction of the violation if requested by the 15 violator, the case shall be reviewed by the 16 17 county agency that imposed the civil fines to determine the appropriateness of the amount of 18 19 the civil fines that accrued while the appeal proceedings were pending. In its review of the 20



1	amount of the accrued fines, the county agency
2	may consider:
3	(i) The nature and egregiousness of the
4	violation;
5	(ii) The duration of the violation;
6	(iii) The number of recurring and other similar
7	violations;
8	(iv) Any effort taken by the violator to correct
9	the violation;
10	(v) The degree of involvement in causing or
11	continuing the violation;
12	(vi) Reasons for any delay in the completion of
13	the appeal; and
14	(vii) Other extenuating circumstances.
15	The civil fine that is imposed by administrative
16	order after this review is completed and the
17	violation is corrected shall be subject to
18	judicial review, notwithstanding any provisions
19	for administrative review in county charters;
20	(E) After completion of a review of the amount of
21	accrued civil fine by the county agency that



1			imposed the fine, the amount of the civil fine
2			determined appropriate, including both the
3			initial civil fine and any accrued daily civil
4			fine, shall immediately become due and
5			collectible following reasonable notice to the
6			violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine
7			is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not
8			to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior
9			to correcting the violation, shall immediately
10			become due and collectible following reasonable
11			notice to the violator, at the completion of all
12			appeal proceedings; and
13		(F)	If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
14			proceedings for a particular civil fine action
15			taken by the county, then one shall be
16			established by ordinance before the county shall
17			impose the civil fine;
18	(25)	Any i	law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county
19		mayo:	r, by executive order, may exempt donors, provider
20		agen	cies, homeless facilities, and any other program
21		for	the homeless under part XVII of chapter 346 from



1		real property taxes, water and sewer development fees,
2		rates collected for water supplied to consumers and
3		for use of sewers, and any other county taxes,
4		charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact
5		ordinances to regulate and grant the exemptions
6		granted by this paragraph;
7	(26)	Any county may establish a captive insurance company
8		pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; [and]
9	(27)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
10		ordinances regulating towing operations[-]; and
11	(28)	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any
12		county may adopt an ordinance regulating the operation
13		of hosting platforms that provide booking services for
14		transient accommodation operators conducting business
15		within the county.
16		For purposes of this paragraph:
17		"Booking service" means any reservation or
18		payment service provided by a person who facilitates a
19		transient accommodations transaction between a
20		prospective transient user and a host.



1	"Hosting platform" means a person who
2	participates in the transient accommodations business
3	by collecting or receiving a fee, directly or
4	indirectly through an agent or intermediary, for
5	conducting a booking service transaction using any
6	medium of facilitation."
7	SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
8	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
9	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
10	
	INTRODUCED BY: COMPC Fith and



Report Title:

Transient Accommodations; Booking Services; Hosting Platforms; County Regulation

Description:

Authorizes the counties to adopt an ordinance regulating the operation of hosting platforms that provide booking services for transient accommodation operators.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

