HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REOUESTING THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION TO CONDUCT A STUDY ON DISALLOWING THE DIVIDENDS PAID DEDUCTION FOR REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS.

WHEREAS, real estate investment trusts were established by the federal government to give investors, especially small investors, access to income-producing real estate; and

WHEREAS, the Internal Revenue Code allows a dividends paid deduction to the real estate investment trust, thereby allowing the real estate investment trust to not pay tax on income 8 distributed to its shareholders, who would then pay tax on that income: and

WHEREAS, existing state law conforms to these provisions but creates an anomaly because a real estate investment trust that does business in Hawaii and pays dividends to shareholders outside the State results in no Hawaii income tax collected, because shareholders pay tax on dividends to the state in which they reside, not where the income was generated; and

WHEREAS, while some real estate investment trusts that do business in Hawaii have shareholders who reside in the State, a substantial majority do not; and

WHEREAS, real estate investment trusts own more real estate in Hawaii per capita than in any other state; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the Thirty-second Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2024, the Senate concurring, that the Department of Taxation is requested to conduct a study on the advantages and disadvantages of disallowing the dividends paid deduction for real estate investment trusts; and

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED the study is requested to estimate the change in revenue collected by the State after disallowing the dividends paid deduction, including the impact to the amount of general excise taxes collected from the operation of hotels owned by real estate investment trusts, other corporate income tax deductions that real estate investment trusts could take, and any differences in the levels of maintenance and capital improvements to properties between real estate investment trusts and non-real estate investment trust owners; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the study consider other states' policies on the dividends paid deduction for real estate investment trusts, and any impacts or effects resulting therefrom; and

 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the study consider possible exceptions to disallowing the dividends paid deduction on all real estate investment trusts, including but not limited to real estate investment trusts with a majority of their assets in Hawaii and revenue from hotels owned by real estate investment trusts; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a certified copy of this Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Director of Taxation.

OFFERED BY:

MAR - 4 2024