H.C.R. NO. **179** 

## HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE STATE BUILDING CODE COUNCIL TO ADOPT, AMEND, OR UPDATE THE STATE BUILDING CODE TO AUTHORIZE POINT ACCESS BLOCK CONSTRUCTION FOR RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS UP TO SIX STORIES IN THE STATE.

1 2 3 4 5	WHEREAS, existing building code requirements effectively mandate a double-loaded corridor building, where two stairways both access a corridor in the middle of the building with units built on both sides; and
6 7 8 9	WHEREAS, this generally results in most dwelling units in a double-loaded corridor building being single aspect, meaning daylight only comes from the single exterior wall with little to no cross ventilation; and
10 11 12 13 14	WHEREAS, buildings with point access blocks are compact single stair buildings with dwellings that are centered around a stairway and elevator core and have a single point of access vertical corridor leading to the upper levels; and
15 16 17 18 19	WHEREAS, point access blocks provide compact, low-carbon, and livable multifamily housing and offer a greater variety of architecture, as well as unit types and sizes, even on small urban lots; and
20 21 22 23 24 25	WHEREAS, dwelling units in buildings with double-loaded corridors typically have smaller units, whereas floor plans for buildings with point access blocks tend to be very flexible, with a higher proportion of units ranging from two- to four- bedrooms; and
26 27 28 29	WHEREAS, point access blocks offer greater floor plan efficiency, allowing developers to use a greater proportion of the structure for housing units and save money on the



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1 2	construction of extra stairways and the hallways to connect them; and
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4 5 6 7 8	WHEREAS, buildings with point access blocks provide better lighting and ventilation because dwelling units in these buildings tend to be situated either on a corner or have windows on opposite sides of the unit, which can reduce the use of air conditioning; and
o 9	conditioning, and
9 10 11 12 13 14	WHEREAS, with modern fire suppressant technology such as sprinklers, the devastating residential fires that prompted the building code to require a second access point decades ago are increasingly rare; and
15 16 17 18	WHEREAS, nations with widespread use of point access blocks, such as Austria, France, and Germany, have much lower fire death rates than the United States; and
19 20 21 22	WHEREAS, the City and County of Honolulu amended its building code to allow for point access block construction up to six stories; and
23 24 25 26 27 28	WHEREAS, developing buildings with point access blocks presents an innovative solution to increasing the housing supply and can efficiently utilize the State's limited land area by creating compact buildings with environmentally friendly floor plans; now, therefore,
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the Thirty-second Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2024, the Senate concurring, that the State Building Code Council is requested to adopt, amend, or update the State Building Code to authorize point access block construction for residential buildings up to six stories in the State; and
36 37 38 39	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a certified copy of this Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Chairperson of the State Building Code Council.
40 41	OFFERED BY:
	MAR - 8 2024



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