### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AQUATIC RESOURCES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the department of
- 2 land and natural resources is responsible for managing the
- 3 aquatic life resources of the State. To effectively manage
- 4 these resources, the department utilizes a variety of tools and
- 5 methods to increase yields for Hawaii fishers and to conserve
- 6 and protect aquatic resources to ensure abundant fisheries for
- 7 future generations.
- 8 To achieve the twin goals of ensuring healthy, well-managed
- 9 fisheries in Hawaii and protecting aquatic resources from over-
- 10 exploitation, the department utilizes management tools, such as
- 11 size limits, daily bag limits, seasonal restrictions, gear
- 12 restrictions, bait restrictions, and marine managed areas, all
- 13 of which are expressly authorized by the provisions of section
- 14 187A-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and other authorizing statutes.
- 15 Other management tools are implied in statute but not expressly
- 16 authorized.

1 The legislature further finds that clarifying the rulemaking authority provided in section 187A-5, Hawaii Revised 2 3 Statutes, would enable the department to more effectively carry 4 out its responsibility to manage the aquatic resources of the 5 State. 6 The department of land and natural resources is designated 7 as the lead state agency for preventing the introduction and 8 carrying out the destruction of aquatic nuisance species through 9 regulation of ballast water discharges and hull fouling 10 organisms. New aquatic nuisance species can emerge at any time. 11 One devastating recent example is stony coral tissue loss 12 disease, which was first discovered off the coast of Florida in 13 2014. This unprecedented coral disease is a substantial threat 14 to the continued existence and health of stony coral reef 15 ecosystems. The disease has spread along the Florida coast and 16 throughout the Caribbean basin. New information about the 17 disease and methods to prevent its spread into the Pacific and 18 into state marine waters is developing and changing rapidly. 19 The legislature finds that to effectively prevent the 20 introduction of aquatic nuisance species, the department needs 21 flexibility to quickly and efficiently implement rules to

- 1 respond to threats from new species or employ new technology
- 2 based on the best available scientific information.
- 3 Furthermore, the legislature finds it necessary to improve
- 4 the adaptive management authority granted in section 187A-5(b),
- 5 Hawaii Revised Statutes. The existing statute authorizes the
- 6 adoption of temporary rules by formal board action only if the
- 7 board finds the rule necessary "in response to rapidly changing
- 8 resource conditions". However, it has come to the legislature's
- 9 attention that this provision is extremely limiting and that
- 10 there are other compelling reasons to authorize temporary
- 11 rulemaking through the adaptive management process. Therefore,
- 12 the legislature finds it necessary to expand the adaptive
- 13 management authority granted to the department to include
- 14 adaptive management rulemaking authority in response to new or
- 15 previously benign aquatic nuisance species, in light of newly
- 16 available data and in light of newly available technology.
- 17 The purpose of this Act is to:
- 18 (1) Clarify that the department of land and natural
- 19 resources' rulemaking authority includes adopting,
- amending, or repealing any rule deemed necessary to

1		implement the purposes of section 187A-5, Hawaii
2		Revised Statutes;
3	(2)	Expand the board of land and natural resources'
4		authority to temporarily adopt, amend, or repeal
5		certain rules by formal action at a publicly noticed
6		meeting if the board finds that such adoption,
7		amendment, or repeal is necessary to implement
8	·	effective and adaptive management measures in response
9		to new or previously benign aquatic nuisance species,
10		in light of newly available technology, or in light of
11		newly available data; and
12	(3)	Create new fines for violations of rules pertaining to
13		the department's prevention of or response to
14		previously benign aquatic nuisance species.
15	SECT	ION 2. Section 187A-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended t	o read as follows:
17	"§18	<b>7A-5 Rules</b> . (a) Subject to chapter 91, the
18	departmen	t shall adopt, amend, and repeal rules for and
19	concernin	g the protection and propagation of introduced and
20	transplan	ted aquatic life or the conservation and allocation of

1	the natural supply of aquatic life in any area. The rules may			
2	include b	ut are not limited to the following:		
3	(1)	Size limits;		
4	(2)	Bag limits;		
5	(3)	Open and closed fishing seasons;		
6	(4)	Permits for the use and possession of lay nets,		
7		including reasonable permit fees and provisions for		
8		revocation, suspension, and withholding of permits for		
9		noncompliance with lay net rules;		
10	(5)	Specifications and numbers of fishing or taking gear		
11		that may be used or possessed; [and]		
12	(6)	Prescriptions and limits on the kind and amount of		
13		bait that may be used in taking aquatic life and the		
14		conditions for entry into areas for taking aquatic		
15		life[-]; and		
16	<u>(7)</u>	Any other restriction or requirement as deemed		
17		necessary by the department to implement the purposes		
18		of this section.		
19	The rules	may vary from county to county or in any part of a		
20	county an	d may specify certain days of the week or certain hours		
21	of the day in designating open and closed fishing seasons. All			

1	rules shall have the force and effect of law. Except as				
2	provided by subsection (b), any person who violates any of the				
3	rules adopted pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a				
4	petty misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished				
5	as provided by section 188-70.				
6	(b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the board may				
7	adopt, amend, or repeal any rule pertaining to bag limits, size				
8	limits, open or closed fishing seasons, or gear restrictions by				
9	formal board action at a publicly noticed meeting; provided				
10	that:				
11	(1) The board finds that the timely adoption, amendment,				
12	or repeal of the rule is necessary to implement				
13	effective and adaptive management measures $[\frac{in}{2}]$ :				
14	(A) In response to rapidly changing resource				
15	conditions;				
16	(B) To prevent or respond to new or previously benign				
17	aquatic nuisance species;				
18	(C) In light of newly available technology; or				
19	(D) In light of newly available data;				
20	(2) Notice of the rulemaking shall:				

1	(A)	Be given at least once statewide at least thirty
2		days in advance of the public meeting;
3	(B)	Include a statement of the topic of the proposed
4		rule to be adopted, amended, or repealed or a
5		general description of the subjects involved;
6	(C)	Include a statement that a copy of the proposed
7		rule to be adopted, the proposed rule amendment,
8		or the rule proposed to be repealed will be
9		mailed to any interested person who requests a
10		copy and pays the required fees for the copy and
11		the postage, if any, together with a description
12		of where and how the requests may be made;
13	(D)	Include a statement of when, where, and during
14		what times the proposed rule to be adopted, the
15		proposed rule amendment, or the rule proposed to
16		be repealed may be reviewed;
17	(E)	Include the date, time, and place where the
18		public meeting will be held and where interested
19		persons may be heard on the proposed rule
20		adoption, amendment, or repeal: and

1	(r) Be mailed to all persons who have made a timely
2	written request of the board for advance notice
3	of its rule-making proceedings; and
4	(3) The adoption, amendment, or repeal of the rule shall
5	be effective for an initial period of no longer than
6	two years, subject to legislative approval and renewal
7	by the board; provided that renewal by the board shall
8	extend for up to one year at a time.
9	Each rule hereafter adopted, amended, or repealed under
10	this subsection shall become effective ten days after formal
11	action by the board; provided that if a later effective date is
12	specified in the rule, the later date shall be the effective
13	date. The department shall post the final adopted, amended, or
14	repealed rule on its website for the duration of time the rule
15	is in effect.
16	Any such rule established by such action of the board
17	pursuant to this subsection shall have the force and effect of
18	law. Any person who violates any rule established by such
19	action of the board shall be subject to administrative penalties
20	as provided by section $187A-12.5[-]$ ; provided that for rules
21	adopted pursuant to section 187A-5(b)(1)(B), a person who

- 1 violates the rule shall be subject to a fine of no more than
- 2 \$50,000 per day of violation for a first violation and a fine of
- 3 no more than \$100,000 per day of violation for each subsequent
- 4 violation."
- 5 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 6 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 7 begun before its effective date.
- 8 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 9 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 10 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on June 30, 3000.

11

#### Report Title:

Aquatic Resources; DLNR; Rulemaking Authority; Flexibility; Adaptive Management

#### Description:

Expands the department of land and natural resources' rulemaking authority to include any rule deemed necessary to protect certain aquatic life. Expands the board of land and natural resources' authority to temporarily adopt, amend, or repeal certain natural resource rules by formal action at a publicly noticed meeting if the board finds that such adoption, amendment, or repeal is necessary to implement effective and adaptive management measures in response to new or previously benign aquatic nuisance species, in light of newly available technology, or in light of newly available data. Creates new fines for violations of rules pertaining to the department's prevention of or response to previously benign aquatic nuisance species. Effective 6/30/3000. (HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.