A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the emergence of 1 COVID-19) and its variants created a great challenge to global health, the economy, and our way of life. The Governor and 3 county mayors have had to exercise their emergency powers under 4 chapter 127A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to impose rules aimed to 5 control the spread of COVID-19. The enforcement of those rules 6 has been critical to efforts to limit the spread of COVID-19, 7 protect the health and safety of the community, manage medical 8 resources, and promote economic recovery. The COVID-19 pandemic 9 10 has highlighted the importance of clear legal frameworks for 11 State and county emergency management to ensure the State and 12 counties are ready for any type of emergency. The purpose of this Act is to clarify State and county emergency management 13 authority, ensure effective and adaptable emergency responses, 14 15 and further the goals of transparency and democratic accountability within our constitutional system. 16

1	The legislature linds that chapter 127A, hawaii kevised
2	Statutes, should clearly specify and articulate the bases for
3	emergency actions. To that end, this Act amends chapter 127A to
4	require specificity when suspending provisions of law during an
5	emergency; clarify when and how Hawaii's emergency management
6	system involves coordination between state and county emergency
7	management functions; and clarify the legal framework governing
8	the extension and termination of states of emergency.
9	SECTION 2. Section 127A-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
11	"(c) It is the intent of the legislature to provide for
12	and confer comprehensive powers for the purposes stated herein.
13	This chapter shall be liberally construed to effectuate its
14	purposes; provided that this chapter shall not be construed as
15	conferring any power or permitting any action [which] that is
16	inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United
17	States[$ au$] or the constitution of the State of Hawaii, but, in so
18	construing this chapter, due consideration shall be given to the
19	circumstances [as they exist from time to time] upon the
20	expiring of the second consecutive emergency proclamation issued
21	under this section, at which time the legislature shall be

- 1 granted authority to convene for the purpose of discussing
- 2 whether or not the situation does in fact meet the character and
- 3 magnitude of an emergency or disaster as contemplated by
- 4 sections 127A-2 and 127A-14. For a state of emergency to be
- 5 extended, the legislature must approve of the extension by a
- 6 two-thirds majority vote in both houses. For a county state of
- 7 emergency to be extended, the county council must approve the
- 8 mayor's request for extension by a two-thirds majority vote. The
- 9 county council may also vote to terminate a mayor's state of
- 10 emergency by a two-thirds majority vote. This chapter shall not
- 11 be deemed to have been amended by any act hereafter enacted at
- 12 the same or any other session of the legislature, unless this
- 13 chapter is amended by express reference."
- 14 SECTION 3. Section 127A-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
- 16 and to read as follows:
- 17 ""Severe weather warning" means the issuance by the
- 18 National Weather Service of a public notification that a
- 19 dangerous weather condition exists that could impact the State,
- 20 or any portion of it, within a specified period of time. This

1	term	includes	but	is	not	limited	to.	warnings	of	coastal
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- 2 inundation, high surf, flash flooding, tsunami, or hurricane."
- 3 SECTION 4. Section 127A-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "\$127A-13 Additional powers in an emergency period. (a)
- 6 In the event of a state of emergency declared by the governor
- 7 pursuant to section 127A-14, the governor may exercise the
- 8 following additional powers pertaining to emergency management
- 9 during the emergency period:
- 10 (1) Provide for and require the quarantine or segregation of persons who are affected with or believed to have 11 been exposed to any infectious, communicable, or other 12 disease that is, in the governor's opinion, dangerous 13 to the public health and safety, or persons who are 14 the source of other contamination, in any case where, 15 16 in the governor's opinion, the existing laws are not 17 adequate to assure the public health and safety; 18 provide for the care and treatment of the persons; supplement the provisions of sections 325-32 to 325-38 19 20 concerning compulsory immunization programs; provide 21 for the isolation or closing of property [which] that

1		is a source of contamination or is in a dangerous
2		condition in any case where, in the governor's
3		opinion, the existing laws are not adequate to assure
4		the public health and safety, and designate as public
5		nuisances acts, practices, conduct, or conditions that
6		are dangerous to the public health or safety or to
7		property; authorize that public nuisances be summarily
8		abated and, if need be, that the property be
9		destroyed, by any police officer or authorized person,
10		or provide for the cleansing or repair of property,
11		and if the cleansing or repair is to be at the expense
12		of the owner, the procedure therefor shall follow as
13		nearly as may be the provisions of section 322-2,
14		which shall be applicable; and further, authorize
15		without the permission of the owners or occupants,
16		entry on private premises for any such purposes;
17	(2)	Relieve hardships and inequities, or obstructions to
18		the public health, safety, or welfare, found by the
19		governor to exist in the laws and to result from the
20		operation of federal programs or measures taken under
21		this chapter, by suspending the laws, in whole or in

1		part, or by alleviating, [the provisions of laws on
2		such] subject to terms and conditions [as] that the
3		governor may [impose] specify, the provisions of laws,
4		including licensing laws, quarantine laws, and laws
5		relating to labels, grades, and standards;
6	(3)	Suspend any law that impedes or tends to impede or be
7		detrimental to the expeditious and efficient execution
8		of, or to conflict with, emergency functions,
9		including laws [which] that by this chapter
10		specifically are made applicable to emergency
11		personnel; provided that any suspension of law shall
12		be no broader and last no longer than the governor
13		deems necessary for the execution of emergency
14		management functions, and any suspension of law shall
15		identify the section of law suspended and, for each
16		section, shall both specify the emergency management
17		functions facilitated and justify the suspension based
18		on protecting the public health, safety, and welfare;
19	(4)	Suspend the provisions of any regulatory law
20		prescribing the procedures for out-of-state utilities
21		to conduct business in the State including any

	licensing laws applicable to out-of-state utilities or
	their respective employees, as well as any order,
	rule, or regulation of any state agency, if strict
	compliance with the provisions of any such law, order,
	rule, or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder,
	or delay necessary action of a state utility in coping
	with the emergency or disaster with assistance that
	may be provided under a mutual assistance agreement;
(5)	In the event of disaster or emergency beyond local
	control, or an event which, in the opinion of the
	governor, is such as to make state operational control
	or coordination necessary, or upon request of the
	[local entity,] county, assume direct operational
	control over all or any part of the emergency
	management functions within the affected area; and
	notwithstanding sections 127A-14 and 127A-25, require
	the county to obtain the governor's approval, or the
	approval of the director of the Hawaii emergency
	management agency, prior to issuing any emergency
	order, rule, or proclamation under this chapter;

1	(6)	Shut off water mains, gas mains, electric power
2		connections, or suspend other services, and, to the
3		extent permitted by or under federal law, suspend
4		electronic media transmission;
5	(7)	Direct and control the mandatory evacuation of the
6		civilian population;
7	(8)	Exercise additional emergency functions to the extent
8		necessary to prevent hoarding, waste, or destruction
9		of materials, supplies, commodities, accommodations,
10		facilities, and services, to effectuate equitable
11		distribution thereof, or to establish priorities
12		therein as the public welfare may require; to
13		investigate; and notwithstanding any other law to the
14		contrary, to regulate or prohibit, by means of
15		licensing, rationing, or otherwise, the storage,
16		transportation, use, possession, maintenance,
17		furnishing, sale, or distribution thereof, and any
18		business or any transaction related thereto;
19	(9)	Suspend section 8-1, relating to state holidays,
20		except the last paragraph relating to holidays
21		declared by the president, which shall remain

1		unaffected, and in the event of the suspension, the
2		governor may establish state holidays by proclamation;
3	(10)	Adjust the hours for voting to take into consideration
4		the working hours of the voters during the emergency
5		period, and suspend those provisions of section 11-131
6		that fix the hours for voting, and fix other hours by
7		stating the same in the election proclamation or
8		notice, as the case may be;
9	(11)	Assure the continuity of service by critical
10		infrastructure facilities, both publicly and privately
11		owned, by regulating or, if necessary to the
12		continuation of the service thereof, by taking over
13		and operating the same; and
14	(12)	Except as provided in section 134-7.2, whenever in the
15		governor's opinion, the laws of the State do not
16		adequately provide for the common defense, public
17		health, safety, and welfare, investigate, regulate, or
18		prohibit the storage, transportation, use, possession,
19		maintenance, furnishing, sale, or distribution of, as
20		well as any transaction related to, explosives,
21		firearms, and ammunition, inflammable materials and

1	other objects, implements, substances, businesses, or
2	services of a hazardous or dangerous character, or
3	particularly capable of misuse, or obstructive of or
4	tending to obstruct law enforcement, emergency
5	management, or military operations, including
6	intoxicating liquor and the liquor business; and
7	authorize the seizure and forfeiture of any such
8	objects, implements, or substances unlawfully
9	possessed, as provided in this chapter.

- (b) In the event of a local state of emergency declared by the mayor pursuant to [+] section[+] 127A-14, the mayor may exercise the following additional powers pertaining to emergency management during the emergency period:
- Relieve hardships and inequities, or obstructions to 14 (1)the public health, safety, or welfare, found by the 15 mayor to exist in the laws of the county and to result 16 from the operation of federal programs or measures 17 taken under this chapter, by suspending the county 18 19 laws, in whole or in part, or by alleviating, [the provisions of county laws on such] subject to terms 20 21 and conditions [as] that the mayor may [impose]

1		specify, the provisions of county laws, including
2		county licensing laws $[au]$ and county laws relating to
3		labels, grades, and standards;
4	(2)	Suspend any county law that impedes or tends to impede
5		or be detrimental to the expeditious and efficient
6		execution of, or to conflict with, emergency
7		functions, including laws [which] that by this chapter
8		specifically are made applicable to emergency
9		personnel; provided that any suspension of law shall
10		be no broader and last no longer than the mayor deems
11		necessary for the execution of emergency management
12		functions, and any suspension of law shall identify
13		the section of law suspended and, for each section,
14		shall both specify the emergency management functions
15		facilitated and justify the suspension based on
16		protecting the public health, safety, and welfare;
17	(3)	Shut off water mains, gas mains, electric power
18		connections, or suspend other services; and, to the
19		extent permitted by or under federal law, suspend
20		electronic media transmission;

I	(4)	Direct and control the mandatory evacuation of the
2		civilian population; and
3	(5)	Exercise additional emergency functions, to the extent
4		necessary to prevent hoarding, waste, or destruction
5		of materials, supplies, commodities, accommodations,
6		facilities, and services, to effectuate equitable
7		distribution thereof, or to establish priorities
8		therein as the public welfare may require; to
9		investigate; and any other county law to the contrary
10		notwithstanding, to regulate or prohibit, by means of
11		licensing, rationing, or otherwise, the storage,
12		transportation, use, possession, maintenance,
13		furnishing, sale, or distribution thereof, and any
14		business or any transaction related thereto."
15	SECT	ION 5. Section 127A-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended t	o read as follows:
17	"§12	7A-14 State of emergency. (a) The governor may
18	declare t	the existence of a state of emergency in the State by
19	proclamat	tion if the governor finds that an emergency or disaster
20	has occur	ered or that there is imminent danger or threat of an
21	emergency	or disaster in any portion of the State.

1	(b) A mayor may declare the existence of a local state of
2	emergency in the county by proclamation if the mayor finds that
3	an emergency or disaster has occurred or that there is imminent
4	danger or threat of an emergency or disaster in any portion of
5	the county.
6	(c) The governor or mayor shall be the sole judge of the
7	existence of the danger, threat, or circumstances giving rise to
8	a declaration, or a request to the legislature for an extension,
9	or termination of a state of emergency in the State or a local
10	state of emergency in the county, as applicable. This section
11	shall not limit the power and authority of the governor under
12	section 127A-13(a)(5).
13	(d) A state of emergency and a local state of emergency
14	shall terminate automatically [sixty] thirty days after the
15	issuance of a proclamation of a state of emergency or local
16	state of emergency, respectively, [or] unless extended or
17	terminated by a separate or supplementary proclamation of the
18	governor or mayor[, whichever occurs first]. The governor or
19	mayor shall proclaim the termination of a state of emergency or
20	local state of emergency, respectively, at the earliest possible

date that conditions warrant."

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1	SECTION 6. Section 127A-30, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
3	"(c) The prohibitions under subsection (a) shall remain in
4	effect until twenty-four hours after the severe weather warning
5	is canceled by the National Weather Service; or in the event of
6	a declaration, [the later of a date specified by the governor or
7	mayor in the declaration or ninety-six] seventy-two hours after
8	the effective date and time of the declaration, unless such
9	prohibition is identified and continued [by a supplementary
10	declaration issued] by the governor or mayor[-] in the
11	proclamation or any supplementary proclamation. Any
12	proclamation issued under this chapter that fails to state the
13	time at which it will take effect, shall take effect at twelve
14	noon of the day on which it takes effect."
15	SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
16	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
17	SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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	INTRODUCED BY:
	JAN 2 0 2023

HB HMIA 2023-39-03

Report Title:

Emergency Management

Description:

Amends chapter 127A, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), to clarify State and local authority, ensure effective and adaptable emergency response, and further the goals of transparency and democratic accountability. Clarifies that powers granted for emergency purposes shall not be construed as permitting actions inconsistent with the state constitution. Amends chapter 127A, HRS, to provide for greater clarity and specificity regarding the scope of suspensions of law. Clarifies that Hawaii's emergency management system includes coordination between State and county emergency management functions, where appropriate. Clarifies the legal framework governing the extension and termination of emergency periods. Adds the definition of the term "severe weather warning" as used in section 127A-30, HRS.

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