

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ACCESS TO TREATMENT FOR TERMINALLY ILL PATIENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the process of
- 2 approval for investigational drugs, biological products, and
- 3 devices in the United States protects future patients from
- 4 premature, ineffective, and unsafe medications and treatments
- 5 over the long run, but the process often takes many years.
- 6 Patients who have a terminal illness do not have the luxury of
- 7 waiting until an investigational drug, biological product, or
- 8 device receives final approval from the United States Food and
- 9 Drug Administration.
- 10 According to the National Conference of the State
- 11 Legislatures, as of the end of 2015, twenty-five states have
- 12 enacted "right-to-try" legislation that makes available
- 13 experimental drugs without Food and Drug Administration approval
- 14 to terminally ill patients with no other medication or treatment
- 15 options.



1	The	purpose of this Act is to allow for terminally ill
2	patients	to use potentially life-saving investigational drugs,
3	and biolo	gical products.
4	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended b	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
6	and to re	ad as follows:
7	" <u>§32</u>	1- Access to investigational drugs, biological
8	products,	or devices for terminally ill patients. (a) For the
9	purposes	of this section:
10	<u>"Eli</u>	gible patient" means a person who has:
11	(1)	A terminal illness, attested to by the patient's
12		treating physician;
13	(2)	Considered all other treatment options currently
14		approved by the United States Food and Drug
15		Administration;
16	(3)	Been unable to participate in a clinical trial for the
17		terminal illness within one hundred miles of the
18		patient's home address for the terminal illness, or
19		not been accepted to the clinical trial within one
20		week of completion of the clinical trial application
21		process;

(4)	Received a recommendation from the patient's physician
	for an investigational drug, biological product;
(5)	Given written, informed consent for the use of the
	investigational drug or biological product or, if the
	patient is a minor or lacks the mental capacity to
	provide informed consent, a parent or legal guardian
	has given written, informed consent on the patient's
	behalf; and
(6)	Documentation from the patient's physician that the
	patient meets the requirements of this definition.
<u>"Eli</u>	gible patient" does not include a person being treated
as an inp	atient in an institution with an organized medical
staff, re	gulated under section 321-11(10), or a health care
facility	under chapter 323F.
<u>"Inv</u>	estigational drug, biological product, or device" means
a drug, b	iological product, or device that has successfully
completed	phase one of a clinical trial but has not yet been
approved	for general use by the United States Food and Drug
Administr	ation and remains under investigation in a United
States Fo	od and Drug Administration-approved clinical trial.
	(6) "Eli as an inp staff, re facility "Inv a drug, b completed approved Administr

1	"Ter	minal illness" means a disease that, without life-
2	sustainin	g procedures, will soon result in death or a state of
3	permanent	unconsciousness from which recovery is unlikely.
4	<u>"Wri</u>	tten, informed consent" means a written document signed
5	by the pa	tient and attested to by the patient's physician and a
6	witness t	hat, at a minimum:
7	(1)	Explains the currently approved products and
8		treatments for the disease or condition from which the
9		<pre>patient suffers;</pre>
10	(2)	Attests to the fact that the patient concurs with the
11		patient's physician in believing that all currently
12		approved and conventionally recognized treatments are
13		unlikely to prolong the patient's life;
14	(3)	Clearly identifies the specific proposed
15		investigational drug or biological product that the
16		patient is seeking to use;
17	(4)	Describes the potentially best and worst outcomes of
18		using the investigational drug or biological product
19		with a realistic description of the most likely
20		outcome, including the possibility that new,
21		unanticipated, different, or worse symptoms might

1		result, and that death could be hastened by the
2		proposed treatment, based on the physician's knowledge
3		of the proposed treatment in conjunction with an
4		awareness of the patient's condition;
5	<u>(5)</u>	Makes clear that the patient's health insurer and
6		provider are not obligated to pay for any care or
7		treatments consequent to the use of the
8		investigational drug or biological product;
9	<u>(6)</u>	Makes clear that the patient's eligibility for hospice
10		care may be withdrawn by the hospice care provider if
11		the patient begins curative treatment and care may be
12		reinstated if the curative treatment ends and the
13		patient meets hospice eligibility requirements;
14	<u>(7)</u>	Makes clear that in-home health care may be denied if
15		treatment begins; and
16	(8)	States that the patient understands that the patient
17		is liable for all expenses consequent to the use of
18		the investigational drug or biological product, and
19		that this liability extends to the patient's estate,
20		unless a contract between the patient and the

1	manufacturer of the drug or biological product stat	<u>ces</u>
2	otherwise.	
3	(b) Notwithstanding section 328-17, beginning January 1	L,
4	2023, a manufacturer of an investigational drug, biological	
5	product, or device may make available the manufacturer's	
6	investigational drug, biological product, or device to eligib	<u>ole</u>
7	patients pursuant to this section. This section does not	
8	require that a manufacturer make available an investigational	<u>l</u>
9	drug or biological product to an eligible patient. A	
10	manufacturer may:	
11	(1) Provide an investigational drug or biological produ	<u>ıct</u>
12	to an eligible patient without receiving compensat:	ion;
13	<u>or</u>	
14	(2) Require an eligible patient to pay the costs of, or	<u>r</u>
15	the costs associated with, the manufacture of the	
16	investigational drug or biological product.	
17	(c) A health insurance carrier may, but is not required	<u>d</u>
18	to, provide coverage for the cost of an investigational drug	or
19	biological product.	
20	(d) An insurer may deny coverage to an eligible patien	<u>t</u>
2.1	from the time the eligible patient begins use of the	

- 1 investigational drug or biological product through a period not
- 2 to exceed six months from the time the investigational drug or
- 3 biological product may not be denied for a preexisting condition
- 4 and for coverage for benefits that commence prior to the time
- 5 the eligible patient begins use of such investigational drug or
- 6 biological product.
- 7 (e) If a patient dies while being treated by an
- 8 investigational drug or biological product, the patient's heirs
- 9 shall not be liable for any outstanding debt related to the
- 10 treatment or lack of insurance due to the treatment.
- 11 (f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a licensing
- 12 board may not revoke, fail to renew, suspend, or take any action
- 13 against a health care provider's license based on the health
- 14 care provider's recommendations to an eligible patient regarding
- 15 access to or treatment with an investigational drug or
- 16 biological product that is being developed to treat the type of
- 17 terminal illness that afflicts the patient. Action against a
- 18 health care provider's medicare certification based on the
- 19 health care provider's recommendation that a patient have access
- 20 to an investigational drug or biological product that is being

- 1 developed to treat the type of terminal illness that afflicts
- 2 the patient is prohibited.
- 3 (g) An official, employee, or agent of the State shall not
- 4 block or attempt to block an eligible patient's access to an
- 5 investigational drug or biological product. Counseling, advice,
- 6 or a recommendation consistent with medical standards of care
- 7 from a licensed health care provider is not a violation of this
- 8 section.
- 9 (h) This section does not create a private cause of action
- 10 against a manufacturer of an investigational drug or biological
- 11 product or against another person or entity involved in the care
- 12 of an eligible patient using the investigational drug or
- 13 biological product, for any harm done to the eligible patient
- 14 resulting from the investigational drug or biological product,
- 15 so long as the manufacturer or other person or entity is
- 16 complying in good faith with the terms of this section, unless
- 17 there was a failure to exercise reasonable care."
- 18 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
- 19 SECTION 4. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 20 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 21 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or

- 1 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
- 2 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 3 of this Act are severable.
- 4 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon approval.

5

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 0 2023

Report Title:

Right to Try

Description:

Codifies a terminally ill patient's right to try experimental treatment options.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.