HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2023 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. **498**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE COUNTIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended to read as follows:

3 "§46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties.
4 Subject to general law, each county shall have the following
5 powers and shall be subject to the following liabilities and
6 limitations:

Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a 7 (1)charter for its own self-government that shall 8 9 establish the county executive, administrative, and 10 legislative structure and organization, including but not limited to the method of appointment or election 11 of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and 12 13 compensation, and the terms of their office; Each county shall have the power to provide for and 14 (2)15 regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and other structures that may be obstructions or hazards 16 to aerial navigation, so far as may be necessary or 17



1		proper for the protection and safeguarding of life,
2		health, and property;
3	(3)	Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims
4		on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims
5		against the county, but shall be prohibited from
6		entering into, granting, or making in any manner any
7		contract, authorization, allowance payment, or
8		liability contrary to the provisions of any county
9		charter or general law;
10	(4)	Each county shall have the power to make contracts and
11		to do all things necessary and proper to carry into
12		execution all powers vested in the county or any
13		county officer;
14	(5)	Each county shall have the power to:
15		(A) Maintain channels, whether natural or artificial,
16		including their exits to the ocean, in suitable
17		condition to carry off storm waters;
18		(B) Remove from the channels, and from the shores and
19		beaches, any debris that is likely to create an
20		unsanitary condition or become a public nuisance;
21		provided that, to the extent any of the foregoing



1		work is a private responsibility, the
2		responsibility may be enforced by the county in
3		lieu of the work being done at public expense;
4	(C)	Construct, acquire by gift, purchase, or by the
5		exercise of eminent domain, reconstruct, improve,
6		better, extend, and maintain projects or
7		undertakings for the control of and protection
8		against floods and flood waters, including the
9		power to drain and rehabilitate lands already
10		flooded;
11	(D)	Enact zoning ordinances providing that lands
12		deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or
13		occasional flooding shall not be used for
14		residence or other purposes in a manner as to
15		endanger the health or safety of the occupants
16		thereof, as required by the Federal Flood
17		Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025, Public Law
18		1016); and
19	(E)	Establish and charge user fees to create and
20		maintain any stormwater management system or
21		infrastructure;



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1	(6)	Each county shall have the power to exercise the power
2		of condemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
3		public interest to do so;
4	(7)	Each county shall have the power to exercise
5		regulatory powers over business activity as are
6		assigned to them by chapter 445 or other general law;
7	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
8		charges for all official services not otherwise
9		provided for;
10	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
11		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
12		maintenance of districts within the county;
13	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
14		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any
15		person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except
16		for a public purpose;
17	(11)	Where not within the jurisdiction of the public
18		utilities commission, each county shall have the power
19		to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor
20		vehicle common carriers transporting passengers within



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the county and adopt and amend rules the county deems 1 necessary for the public convenience and necessity; 2 Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce 3 (12)ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove 4 public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal 5 of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated 6 undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places, 7 and unoccupied lots. In connection with these powers, 8 9 each county may impose and enforce liens upon the 10 property for the cost to the county of removing and completing the necessary work where the property 11 12 owners fail, after reasonable notice, to comply with the ordinances. The authority provided by this 13 14 paragraph shall not be self-executing, but shall 15 become fully effective within a county only upon the enactment or adoption by the county of appropriate and 16 particular laws, ordinances, or rules defining "public 17 nuisances" with respect to each county's respective 18 circumstances. The counties shall provide the 19 property owner with the opportunity to contest the 20 summary action and to recover the owner's property; 21



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1		provided that a county may proceed with a power of		
2		sale of the property after all notices, orders, and		
3		appeal proceedings are exhausted;		
4	(13)	Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances		
5		deemed necessary to protect health, life, and		
6		property, and to preserve the order and security of		
7		the county and its inhabitants on any subject or		
8		matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat,		
9		the intent of any state statute where the statute does		
10		not disclose an express or implied intent that the		
11		statute shall be exclusive or uniform throughout the		
12		State;		
13	(14)	Each county shall have the power to:		
14		(A) Make and enforce within the limits of the county		
15		all necessary ordinances covering all:		
16		(i) Local police matters;		
17		(ii) Matters of sanitation;		
18		(iii) Matters of inspection of buildings;		
19		(iv) Matters of condemnation of unsafe		
20		structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk,		
21		fish, and morgues; and		



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1			(v) Matters of the collection and disposition of	
2			rubbish and garbage;	
3		(B)	(B) Provide exemptions for homeless facilities and	
4			any other program for the homeless authorized by	
5			part XVII of chapter 346, for all matters under	
6			this paragraph;	
7		(C)	Appoint county physicians and sanitary and other	
8			inspectors as necessary to carry into effect	
9			ordinances made under this paragraph, who shall	
10			have the same power as given by law to agents of	
11			the department of health, subject only to	
12			limitations placed on them by the terms and	
13			conditions of their appointments; and	
14		(D)	Fix a penalty for the violation of any ordinance,	
15			which penalty may be a misdemeanor, petty	
16			misdemeanor, or violation as defined by general	
17			law;	
18	(15)	Each	county shall have the power to provide public	
19		poun	ds; to regulate the impounding of stray animals	
20		and	fowl, and their disposition; and to provide for	



1		the appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal
2		control officers;
3	(16)	Each county shall have the power to purchase and
4		otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal
5		property within the defined boundaries of the county
6		and to dispose of the real and personal property as
7		the interests of the inhabitants of the county may
8		require, except that:
9		(A) Any property held for school purposes may not be
10		disposed of without the consent of the
11		superintendent of education;
12		(B) No property bordering the ocean shall be sold or
13		otherwise disposed of; and
14		(C) All proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be
15		expended only for the acquisition of property for
16		park or recreational purposes;
17	(17)	Each county shall have the power to provide by charter
18		for the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute
19		for offenses against the laws of the State under the
20		authority of the attorney general of the State;



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1	(18)	Each	Each county shall have the power to make		
2		appro	appropriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any		
3		mone	moneys in the treasury, for the purpose of:		
4		(A)	(A) Community promotion and public celebrations;		
5		(B)	The entertainment of distinguished persons as may		
6			from time to time visit the county;		
7		(C)	The entertainment of other distinguished persons,		
8			as well as, public officials when deemed to be in		
9			the best interest of the community; and		
10		(D)	The rendering of civic tribute to individuals		
11			who, by virtue of their accomplishments and		
12			community service, merit civic commendations,		
13			recognition, or remembrance;		
14	(19)	Each	county shall have the power to:		
15		(A)	Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,		
16			sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,		
17			maintain, or dispose of buildings for county		
18			purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping		
19			stations, waterworks, including reservoirs,		
20			wells, pipelines, and other conduits for		
21			distributing water to the public, lighting		



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1			plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting
2			streets and public buildings, and manage,
3			regulate, and control the same;
4		(B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
5			all appliances necessary to the furnishing of
6			water, heat, light, power, telephone, and
7			telecommunications service to the county;
8		(C)	Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
9			appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the
10			streets and the public ways, and for flushing the
11			sewers; and
12		(D)	Open, close, construct, or maintain county
13			highways or charge toll on county highways;
14			provided that all revenues received from a toll
15			charge shall be used for the construction or
16			maintenance of county highways;
17	(20)	Each	county shall have the power to regulate the
18		rent	ing, subletting, and rental conditions of property
19		for	places of abode by ordinance;
20	(21)	Unle	ss otherwise provided by law, each county shall
21		have	the power to establish by ordinance the order of



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1		succession of county officials in the event of a		
2		military or civil disaster;		
3	(22)	Each county shall have the power to sue and be sued in		
4		its corporate name;		
5	(23)	Each county shall have the power to:		
6		(A) Establish and maintain waterworks and sewer		
7		works;		
8		(B) Implement a sewer monitoring program that		
9		includes the inspection of sewer laterals that		
10		connect to county sewers, when those laterals are		
11		located on public or private property, after		
12		providing a property owner not less than ten		
13		calendar days' written notice, to detect leaks		
14		from laterals, infiltration, and inflow, any		
15		other law to the contrary notwithstanding;		
16		(C) Compel an owner of private property upon which is		
17		located any sewer lateral that connects to a		
18		county sewer to inspect that lateral for leaks,		
19		infiltration, and inflow and to perform repairs		
20		as necessary;		



1	(D)	Collect rates for water supplied to consumers and		
2		for the use of sewers;		
3	(E)	Install water meters whenever deemed expedient;		
4		provided that owners of premises having vested		
5		water rights under existing laws appurtenant to		
6		the premises shall not be charged for the		
7		installation or use of the water meters on the		
8		premises; [and]		
9	(F)	Take over from the State existing waterworks		
10		systems, including water rights, pipelines, and		
11		other appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer		
12		systems, and to enlarge, develop, and improve the		
13		same; and		
14	(G)	For purposes of subparagraphs (B) and (C):		
15		(i) "Infiltration" means groundwater, rainwater,		
16		and saltwater that enters the county sewer		
17		system through cracked, broken, or defective		
18		sewer laterals; and		
19		(ii) "Inflow" means non-sewage entering the		
20		county sewer system via inappropriate or		
21		illegal connections;		



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1	(24) (A)	Each county may impose civil fines, in addition
2		to criminal penalties, for any violation of
3		county ordinances or rules after reasonable
4		notice and requests to correct or cease the
5		violation have been made upon the violator. Any
6		administratively imposed civil fine shall not be
7		collected until after an opportunity for a
8		hearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be
9		filed within thirty days from the date of the
10		final written decision. These proceedings shall
11		not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or
12		injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court;
13	(B)	Each county by ordinance may provide for the
14		addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by
15		any court of competent jurisdiction, to any
16		taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of
17		fees or charges for water for residential use and
18		sewer charges, collected by the county. Each
19		county by ordinance may also provide for the
20		addition of any unpaid administratively imposed
21		civil fines, which remain due after all judicial



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review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted, 1 to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the 2 exception of water for residential use and sewer 3 charges, collected by the county. The ordinance 4 shall specify the administrative procedures for 5 the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the 6 7 eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require hearings or other proceedings. After addition of 8 9 the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become 10 a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. 11 The 12 county by ordinance may condition the issuance or renewal of a license, approval, or permit for 13 which a fee or charge is assessed, except for 14 water for residential use and sewer charges, on 15 payment of the unpaid civil fines. Upon 16 recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in 17 the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the 18 civil fines, including any increase in the amount 19 of the fine which the county may assess, shall 20 constitute a lien upon all real property or 21



rights to real property belonging to any person 1 liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in 2 favor of the county shall be subordinate to any 3 4 lien in favor of any person recorded or registered prior to the recordation of the notice 5 of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien 6 recorded or registered after the recordation of 7 8 the notice. The lien shall continue until the unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a 9 10 certificate of release or partial release of the lien, prepared by the county at the owner's 11 12 expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil fines shall state the amount of the fine as of 13 14 the date of the notice and maximum permissible 15 daily increase of the fine. The county shall not be required to include a social security number, 16 17 state general excise taxpayer identification 18 number, or federal employer identification number on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the 19 20 bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at [such] 21 that time, for all purposes and without any



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further action, to procure a lien on land 1 registered in land court under chapter 501. 2 After the unpaid civil fines are added to the 3 4 taxes, fees, or charges as specified by county ordinance, the unpaid civil fines shall be deemed 5 immediately due, owing, and delinquent and may be 6 collected in any lawful manner. The procedure 7 8 for collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in this paragraph shall be in addition to any 9 other procedures for collection available to the 10 State and county by law or rules of the courts; 11 12 Each county may impose civil fines upon any (C) 13 person who places graffiti on any real or 14 personal property owned, managed, or maintained 15 by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or may be equal to the actual cost of having the 16 17 damaged property repaired or replaced. The 18 parent or guardian having custody of a minor who places graffiti on any real or personal property 19 owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall 20 21 be jointly and severally liable with the minor



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for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any 1 [such] fine may be administratively imposed after 2 an opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, 3 4 but [such] a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any civil fine ordered by any 5 court. As used in this subparagraph, "graffiti" 6 means any unauthorized drawing, inscription, 7 8 figure, or mark of any type intentionally created by paint, ink, chalk, dye, or similar substances; 9 (D) At the completion of an appeal in which the 10 county's enforcement action is affirmed and upon 11 12 correction of the violation if requested by the violator, the case shall be reviewed by the 13 14 county agency that imposed the civil fines to 15 determine the appropriateness of the amount of the civil fines that accrued while the appeal 16 17 proceedings were pending. In its review of the 18 amount of the accrued fines, the county agency 19 may consider: 20 The nature and egregiousness of the (i)

violation;



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1	(ii) The du	ration of the violation;
2	(iii) The nu	mber of recurring and other similar
3	violat	ions;
4	(iv) Any ef	fort taken by the violator to correct
5	the vi	olation;
6	(v) The de	gree of involvement in causing or
7	contin	uing the violation;
8	(vi) Reason	s for any delay in the completion of
9	the ap	peal; and
10	(vii) Other	extenuating circumstances.
11	The civil f	ine that is imposed by administrative
12	order after	this review is completed and the
13	violation i	s corrected shall be subject to
14	judicial re	eview, notwithstanding any provisions
15	for adminis	strative review in county charters;
16	(E) After compl	etion of a review of the amount of
17	accrued civ	vil fine by the county agency that
18	imposed the	e fine, the amount of the civil fine
19	determined	appropriate, including both the
20	initial civ	vil fine and any accrued daily civil
21	fine, shall	immediately become due and



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1		collectible following reasonable notice to the
2		violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine
3		is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not
4		to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior
5		to correcting the violation, shall immediately
6		become due and collectible following reasonable
7		notice to the violator, at the completion of all
8		appeal proceedings; and
9	(F)	If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
10		proceedings for a particular civil fine action
11		taken by the county, then one shall be
12		established by ordinance before the county shall
13		impose the civil fine $[+]$. After all notices,
14		orders, and appeal proceedings are exhausted, a
15		county may satisfy all unpaid civil fines through
16		the power of sale on the real property subject to
17		a recorded lien. A power of sale shall become
18		fully effective within a county upon the
19		enactment or adoption by the county of
20		appropriate and particular laws, ordinances, or
21		rules establishing the power of sale;



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Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county 1 (25)mayor, by executive order, may exempt donors, provider 2 agencies, homeless facilities, and any other program 3 for the homeless under part XVII of chapter 346 from 4 real property taxes, water and sewer development fees, 5 rates collected for water supplied to consumers and 6 for use of sewers, and any other county taxes, 7 charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact 8 9 ordinances to regulate and grant the exemptions granted by this paragraph; 10 Any county may establish a captive insurance company 11 (26) 12 pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; and Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce 13 (27)ordinances regulating towing operations." 14 SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 15 16 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. 17 18

INTRODUCED BY: JAN 2 0 2023



Report Title: Counties; Civil Fines; Real Property; Power of Sale

Description:

Authorizes counties, after adoption of an ordinance, to sell private property after all notices, orders, and appeal proceedings are exhausted and to use those revenues to pay unpaid civil fines related to that property.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

