A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH CARE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that four states,
- 2 including Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, and Utah, have introduced
- 3 legislation that establishes a voluntary framework for health
- 4 care providers and health care facilities to offer
- 5 compassionate, honest, timely, and thorough responses to
- 6 patients who experience an adverse health care incident. This
- 7 is called the communication and optimal resolution, or CANDOR,
- 8 process. By participating in a CANDOR process, patients who
- 9 have an adverse health care incident, and their families, are
- 10 able to engage in open discussions with the health care
- 11 providers and health care facilities involved in the incident.
- 12 This process is intended to help patients and their families
- 13 understand why the incident occurred and what is being done to
- 14 prevent similar issues in the future. The CANDOR process allows
- 15 patients to help identify and implement procedures designed to
- 16 improve patient safety and is designed to expedite the process

H.B. NO. 2775 H.D. 2

- 1 of addressing an adverse outcome and offering patients
- 2 compensation when warranted.
- 3 The legislature notes that the CANDOR process established
- 4 by this Act is not intended to limit a patient's ability to seek
- 5 redress through the legal process. Patients can choose to
- 6 withdraw from the CANDOR process at any time and discussions and
- 7 communications that occur during the CANDOR process, including
- 8 any offers of compensation, remain privileged and confidential.
- 9 The legislature also notes that any offer of compensation under
- 10 the CANDOR process established by this Act does not constitute
- 11 an admission of liability. In addition, if a patient chooses to
- 12 accept an offer of compensation, a health care provider or
- 13 health care facility may require a patient to sign a release of
- 14 liability, so they cannot bring a subsequent lawsuit.
- The purpose of this Act is to establish a CANDOR process
- 16 through which patients and their families, health care
- 17 providers, and health care facilities can engage in open
- 18 communication about how an adverse health care incident
- 19 occurred, how it will be prevented in the future, and what
- 20 compensation, if any, will be offered to the patient or their
- 21 family.

H.B. NO. 2775 H.D. 2

1	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER
5	CANDOR PROCESS
6	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
7	context otherwise requires:
8	"Adverse health care incident" means an objective and
9	definable outcome arising from or related to patient care that
10	results in the death or physical injury of a patient.
11	"Health care provider" means a chiropractor licensed under
12	chapter 442; podiatrist licensed under chapter 463E; dentist
13	licensed under chapter 448; physician assistant licensed and
14	practicing under a supervising physician pursuant to chapter
15	453; physician or osteopathic physician licensed under chapter
16	453; advanced practice registered nurse, registered nurse, or
17	licensed practical nurse licensed under chapter 457; optometris
18	licensed under chapter 459; pharmacist licensed under chapter
19	461; or any other person who is licensed, certified, or
20	otherwise authorized or permitted by state law to administer

H.B. NO. 2775 H.D. 2

- 1 health care in the ordinary course of business or practice of a
- profession.
- 3 "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section
- 4 323D-2.
- 5 "Open discussion" means all communications that are made
- 6 under section -2. "Open discussion" includes all memoranda,
- 7 work products, documents, and other materials that are prepared
- 8 for or submitted in the course of or in connection with
- 9 communications under section -2.
- 10 "Patient" means a person who receives medical care from a
- 11 health care provider or, if the person is a minor, deceased, or
- 12 incapacitated, the person's legal representative.
- 13 § -2 Open discussions; requirements; notice. (a) If an
- 14 adverse health care incident occurs in a health care facility,
- 15 the health care provider, health care facility, or health care
- 16 provider jointly with the health care facility may provide the
- 17 patient with written notice of the desire of the health care
- 18 provider, health care facility, or health care provider jointly
- 19 with the health care facility to enter into an open discussion
- 20 under this chapter. A health care facility may designate a
- 21 person or class of persons who have authority to provide notice

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

H.B. NO. H.D. 2

3	shall be sent within one year after the date on which the health
4	care provider knew, or should have known through the exercise of
5	due diligence, of the adverse health care incident.
6	(b) Written notice under this section shall include:
7	(1) The desire of the health care provider, or health care
8	provider jointly with the health care facility, to
9	proceed with an open discussion in accordance with
10	this chapter;

on behalf of the health care facility. If the health care

provider or health care facility provides notice, the notice

- (2) The patient's right to receive a copy of the medical records related to the adverse health care incident and the patient's right to authorize the release of the patient's medical records related to the adverse health care incident to any third party;
- (3) The patient's right to seek legal counsel;
- (4) A copy of section 657-7.3 and notice that the time for a patient to bring a lawsuit is limited under section 657-7.3 and shall not be extended by engaging in an open discussion under this chapter unless all parties agree to an extension in writing; and

H.B. NO. 2775 H.D. 2

Ţ	(5)	A statement that II the pattent chooses to engage in
2		an open discussion with the health care provider or
3		health care facility, all communications made in the
4	•	course of a discussion under this chapter, including
5		communications regarding the initiation of an open
6		discussion, shall be privileged and confidential;
7	,	shall not be subject to discovery, subpoena, or other
8		means of legal compulsion for release; and shall not
9	,	be admissible in evidence in a judicial,
10		administrative, or arbitration proceeding.
11	(c)	If the patient agrees in writing to engage in an open
12	discussio	n, the patient, health care provider, or health care
13	facility	may include other persons in the open discussion.
14	Written n	otice shall be provided to any additional parties to
15	the open	discussion before the discussion that:
16	(1)	All communications are privileged and confidential;
17		are not subject to discovery, subpoena, or other means
18		of legal compulsion for release; and are not
19		admissible in evidence in a judicial, administrative,

or arbitration proceeding; and

20

H.B. NO. 4775 H.D. 2

1	(2)	Communications, memoranda, work products, documents,			
2		and other materials otherwise subject to discovery			
3		that were not prepared specifically for use in the			
4		open discussion are not confidential.			
5	(d)	The health care provider or health care facility that			
6	agrees to	engage in an open discussion may:			
7	(1)	Investigate how the adverse health care incident			
8		occurred and gather information regarding the medical			
9	٠	care or treatment provided;			
10	(2)	Disclose the results of the investigation into the			
11		adverse health care incident to the patient;			
12	(3)	Openly communicate to the patient the steps the health			
13		care provider or health care facility will take to			
14		prevent future occurrences of the adverse health care			
15		incident; or			
16	(4)	Make a determination that:			
17		(A) No offer of compensation for the adverse health			
18		care incident is warranted and orally communicate			
19		that determination to the patient; or			

H.B. NO. H.D. 2

Ţ	(B) An offer of compensation for the adverse health
2	care incident is warranted and extend an offer of
3	compensation in writing to the patient.
4	(e) If a health care provider or health care facility
5	makes an offer of compensation under subsection (d)(4)(B) and
6	the patient is not represented by legal counsel, the health care
7	provider or health care facility shall advise the patient of the
8	patient's right to seek legal counsel regarding the offer of
9	compensation.
10	(f) A health care provider or health care facility may
11	require any patient who accepts an offer of compensation under
12	subsection (d)(4)(B) to sign a release of liability that bars
13	the patient from bringing a subsequent lawsuit associated with
14	the adverse health care incident that is the subject of the oper
15	discussion.
16	(g) Except for written offers of compensation under
17	subsection (d)(4)(B), discussions between the health care
18	provider or health care facility and the patient about the
19	compensation offered under subsection (d)(4) shall remain oral.

H.B. NO. 2775 H.D. 2

1	§ _.	-3 C	onfidentiality of open discussions. (a) Open
2	discussi	on com	munications and offers of compensation made under
3	section	-2:	
4	(1)	Shal	l not constitute an admission of liability;
5	(2)	Shal	l be privileged and confidential, and not be
6		disc	losed; and
7	(3)	Shal	l not be:
8		(A)	Admissible as evidence in any subsequent
9			judicial, administrative, or arbitration
10			proceeding;
11		(B)	Subject to discovery, subpoena, or other means of
12			legal compulsion for release; or
13		(C)	Disclosed by any party in any subsequent
14			judicial, administrative, or arbitration
15			proceeding.
16	(b) Communications, memoranda, work products, documents,		
17	and othe	r mate	rials otherwise subject to discovery that were not
18	prepared	speci	fically for use in a discussion under
19	section	-2,	shall not be confidential.
20	(c)	The	limitation on disclosure imposed by this section
21	shall in	clude	disclosure during any discovery conducted as part

H.B. NO. 2775 H.D. 2

- 1 of a subsequent adjudicatory proceeding. A court or other
- 2 adjudicatory body shall not compel any person who engages in an
- 3 open discussion under this chapter to disclose confidential
- 4 communications or agreements made under section -2.
- 5 (d) This section shall not affect any other law, rule, or
- 6 requirement with respect to confidentiality.
- 7 § -4 Payment and resolution. (a) A payment made to a
- 8 patient pursuant to section -2 shall not be considered a
- 9 payment resulting from a written claim or demand for payment.
- 10 (b) A health care provider or health care facility may
- 11 require the patient, as a condition of an offer of compensation
- 12 under section -2, to execute all documents and obtain any
- 13 necessary court approval to resolve an adverse health care
- 14 incident. The parties shall negotiate the form of the documents
- or obtain court approval as necessary."
- 16 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 17 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 18 begun before its effective date.
- 19 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.

Report Title:

CANDOR Process; Open Discussions; Adverse Health Care Incidents; Health Care Providers; Health Care Facilities; Confidentiality

Description:

Establishes a communication and optimal resolution process through which patients and their families, health care providers, and health care facilities can engage in open communication about how an adverse care health incident occurred, how it will be prevented in the future, and what compensation, if any, will be offered to the patient or their family. Establishes notice and confidentiality requirements for open discussions. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD2)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.