A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE CONVEYANCE TAX.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the present and
- 2 future health, happiness, and well-being of Hawaii's people
- 3 depends on the State's ability to address the high cost of
- 4 living, particularly the high cost of housing, that is fueling
- 5 the homelessness crisis and forcing local families to move out
- 6 of the State. The sustainability of the State's unique and
- 7 irreplaceable natural resources is critical to its residents'
- 8 quality of life. To address these problems and secure a
- 9 prosperous future for the State's children, greater investment
- 10 into public resources from a sustainable revenue source is
- 11 needed to reduce the cost of housing for residents, preserve the
- 12 State's natural resources, and provide solutions for community
- 13 members experiencing houselessness.
- 14 The legislature also finds that the conveyance tax, a one-
- 15 time tax at the time of real property sales, is an appropriate
- 16 revenue source for affordable housing, land conservation, and
- 17 homeless services. Although housing prices in the State have

1 risen dramatically over the past thirteen years, the State's conveyance tax rates have not been updated since Act 59, Session 2 Laws of Hawaii 2009. Presently, the State's conveyance tax is 3 4 significantly lower than the rates of other high-cost areas in 5 the country. 6 Cities across the country are increasing their conveyance 7 tax rates to fund affordable housing. San Francisco increased 8 the tax rate to 5.5 per cent on homes valued over \$10,000,000 in 9 2020, and two years ago Los Angeles increased the real property 10 transfer tax to 4.5 per cent on any residential or commercial 11 property over \$5,000,000 in value and six per cent on property 12 sales over \$10,000,000 in value. Smaller cities with high 13 housing costs are also increasing the taxes on real estate sales 14 to mitigate the impacts of housing costs. Crested Butte and Telluride in Colorado, which attract wealthy buyers due to 15 16 access to world class ski opportunities, have a tax of three per 17 cent on home sales regardless of price. Aspen, Colorado, which 18 has the most well-developed workforce housing program in the 19 country where almost forty per cent of the housing total housing 20 stock is reserved as permanently affordable housing for full-21 time residents, has largely funded their workforce housing

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- 1 program through a 1.5 per cent tax on property sales that has
- 2 been in place since 1989.
- 3 Presently, it is common practice to tax property sales as a
- 4 means to mitigate the impacts of high home costs and the loss of
- 5 land due to housing development. Furthermore, a conveyance tax
- 6 of 0.5 per cent on homes valued at less than \$5,000,000, a rate
- 7 of four per cent on homes valued between \$5,000,000 and
- 8 \$10,000,000, and six per cent on homes valued at over
- 9 \$10,000,000 conforms to tax rates that other cities are
- 10 assessing to fund their various housing programs.
- 11 The legislature additionally finds that increases in tax
- 12 rates on homes over \$5,000,000 is unlikely to have any negative
- 13 impact on local full-time residents as the vast majority of
- 14 buyers who purchase these homes do so as an investment and not
- 15 as their full-time residence. The monthly mortgage costs of a
- 16 \$5,000,000 home are approximately \$32,600 a month, which would
- 17 be considered affordable for an individual or a couple earning
- 18 \$81,500 per month, or roughly \$978,000 a year. Very few
- 19 families in Hawaii would fall within these income categories,
- 20 and those that do most likely already own a home and are not
- 21 impacted by rising rents or the lack of affordable housing.

- 1 Accordingly, it is appropriate for out-of-state investors of
- 2 real estate to assist in mitigating the impacts for residents
- 3 who are not benefiting from the current market dynamics.
- 4 Renters, houseless residents, and the local workforce are
- 5 struggling with the rising cost of housing, thus a tax on real
- 6 estate at the time of sale to help mitigate those costs is
- 7 appropriate and fair.
- 8 The legislature recognizes that the increases in housing
- 9 prices, residential rent, and the homeless population over the
- 10 past several years has accelerated the urgent need to
- 11 sustainably fund affordable housing and homeless services in
- 12 Hawaii. The 2023 point in time count estimates that there are
- 13 currently 6,223 individuals living unsheltered in the State, not
- 14 including the greater number of "hidden homeless" individuals
- 15 temporarily living with friends or relatives because they cannot
- 16 afford to live on their own. Investing in affordable housing
- 17 and homeless services, including supportive housing, is key to
- 18 addressing homelessness and ensuring that everyone in the State
- 19 has an affordable place to live.
- 20 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 21 (1) Establish the homeless services special fund;

1	(2)	Allow countres to apply for matching funds from the
2		affordable homeownership revolving fund for housing
3		projects that are subject to a perpetual affordability
4		requirement;
5	(3)	Amend conveyance tax rates based on property values;
6	(4)	Repeal conveyance tax rates set separately for
7		conveyances for which the purchasers are ineligible
8		for a county homeowner's exemption on property tax;
9	(5)	Exempt from conveyance taxes conveyances of real
10		property to organizations with certain affordability
11		requirements and to certain nonprofit organizations;
12		and
13	(6)	Allocate collected conveyance taxes to the affordable
14		homeownership revolving fund and homeless services
15		special fund, and amend allocations to the land
16		conservation fund and rental housing revolving fund.
17	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 356D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
19	and to rea	ad as follows:
20	" <u>§35</u> 0	6D- Homeless services special fund. (a) There is
21	establish	ed within the state treasury a homeless services

and into	which shall be deposited:
(1)	Ten per cent of the conveyance tax collected and
	allocated to the homeless services fund pursuant to
	section 247-7;
(2)	Appropriations made by the legislature; and
<u>(3)</u>	Interest earned upon any moneys in the fund.
(b)	Moneys from any other private or public source may be
deposited	in or credited to the fund; provided that any
mandates,	regulations, or conditions on these funds do not
conflict	with the use of the fund under this section. Moneys
received	as a deposit or private contribution shall be
deposited	, used, and accounted for in accordance with the
condition	s established by the agency or person making the
contribut	ion.
(c)	Moneys in the homeless services special fund shall be
used by t	he authority for homeless services and supportive
housing,	including homeless facilities programs for the homeless
authorize	d by the authority.
(d)	The authority shall submit a report to the legislature
providing	an accounting of the fund no later than twenty days
	(2) (3) (b) deposited mandates, conflict received deposited condition contribut (c) used by the housing, authorized (d)

1 prior to the convening of each regular session. The report 2 shall include, at minimum: 3 (1)A detailed account of all funds received; and 4 (2) All moneys expended from the homeless services special 5 fund." 6 SECTION 3. Section 201H-206, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 7 amended to read as follows: 8 "[+]\$201H-206[+] Affordable homeownership revolving fund. 9 There is established an affordable homeownership revolving 10 fund to be administered by the corporation for the purpose of 11 providing, in whole or in part, loans to nonprofit community 12 development financial institutions and nonprofit housing 13 development organizations for the development of affordable 14 homeownership housing projects. 15 Loans shall be awarded in the following descending 16 order of priority: **17** (1)Projects or units in projects that are funded by programs of the United States Department of Housing 18 19 and Urban Development, United States Department of

Agriculture Rural Development, and United States

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.1.		рера	rement of the freasury community beveropment
2		Fina	ncial Institutions Fund, wherein:
3		(A)	At least fifty per cent of the available units
4			are reserved for persons and families having
5			incomes at or below eighty per cent of the mediar
6			family income and of which at least five per cent
7			of the available units are for persons and
8			families having incomes at or below fifty per
9			cent of the median family income; and
10		(B)	The remaining units are reserved for persons and
11			families having incomes at or below one hundred
12			twenty per cent of the median family income; and
13	(2)	Mixe	d-income affordable for-sale housing projects or
14		unit	s in a mixed-income affordable for-sale housing
15		proj	ect wherein all of the available units are
16		rese	rved for persons and families having incomes at or
17		belo	w one hundred per cent of the median family
18		inco	me.
19	(c)	Mone	ys in the fund shall be used to provide loans for
20	the devel	opmen	t, pre-development, construction, acquisition,
21	preservat	ion,	and substantial rehabilitation of affordable for-

1 sale housing units. Uses of moneys in the fund may include but 2 are not limited to planning, design, and land acquisition, 3 including the costs of options, agreements of sale, and down 4 payments; equity financing as matching funds for nonprofit 5 community development financial institutions; or other housing 6 development services or activities as provided in rules adopted 7 by the corporation pursuant to chapter 91. The rules may 8 provide that money from the fund shall be leveraged with other . 9 financial resources to the extent possible. 10 (d) The fund may include [sums]: 11 Sums appropriated by the legislature [, private]; (1)12 (2) Private contributions[, proceeds]; 13 (3) Proceeds from repayment of loans[__interest_]; 14 (4) Interests and other returns[7]; 15 (5) Conveyance taxes collected under chapter 247 and 16 allocated to the affordable homeownership revolving 17 fund pursuant to the percentage identified in section 18 247-7; and [moneys]

(e) An amount from the fund, to be set by the corporation

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(6) Moneys from other sources.

and authorized by the legislature, may be used for

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- 1 administrative expenses incurred by the corporation in
- 2 administering the fund; provided that moneys in the fund shall
- 3 not be used to finance day-to-day administrative expenses of the
- 4 projects allotted moneys from the fund.
- 5 (f) The corporation may provide loans under this section
- 6 as provided in rules adopted by the corporation pursuant to
- 7 chapter 91.
- 8 (g) The corporation may contract with nonprofit community
- 9 development financial institutions to fund loans under this
- 10 section. The corporation may contract for the service and
- 11 custody of its loans.
- 12 (h) The corporation may establish, revise, charge, and
- 13 collect a reasonable service fee, as necessary, in connection
- 14 with its loans, services, and approvals under this part. The
- 15 fees shall be deposited into the affordable homeownership
- 16 revolving fund.
- (i) Counties may be eligible to apply for matching funds
- 18 from the fund; provided that prior to applying for any matching
- 19 funds, the counties shall have an approved comprehensive
- 20 affordable housing plan that:

1	(1)	Consulted with at least one per cent of their full-
2		time resident population;
3	(2)	Identifies available lands for affordable housing;
4	(3)	Identifies infrastructure needs and availability; and
5	(4)	Requires housing projects developed using moneys from
6		the fund to be subject to an affordability clause that
7		keeps the property affordable in perpetuity, also
8		known as a "deed-restricted property";
9	provided	further that costs for the development of or an update
10	to an exi	sting county comprehensive affordable housing plan may,
11	upon appl	ication, be paid out of these funds;
12	[(i)] <u>(j)</u> The corporation shall submit a report to the
13	legislatu	re no later than twenty days prior to the convening of
14	each regu	lar session describing the projects funded using moneys
15	from the	affordable homeownership revolving fund."
16	SECT	ION 4. Section 247-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended t	o read as follows:
18	"§24	7-2 Basis and rate of tax. The tax imposed by section
19	247-1 sha	ll be based on the actual and full consideration
20	(whether	cash or otherwise, including any promise, act,
21	forbearan	ce, property interest, value, gain, advantage, benefit,

1	or profit), pa	id or to be paid for all transfers or conveyance
2	of realty	or a	ny interest therein, that shall include any liens
3	or encumb	rance	s thereon at the time of sale, lease, sublease,
4	assignmen	t, tr	ansfer, or conveyance, and shall be at the
5	following	rate	s:
6	[(1)	Exce	pt as provided in paragraph (2):
7		(A)	Ten cents per \$100 for properties with a value of
8			less than \$600,000;
9		(B)	Twenty cents per \$100 for properties with a value
10			of at least \$600,000, but less than \$1,000,000;
11		(C)	Thirty cents per \$100 for properties with a value
12			of at least \$1,000,000, but less than \$2,000,000;
13		(D)	Fifty cents per \$100 for properties with a value
14			of at least \$2,000,000, but less than \$4,000,000;
15		(E)	Seventy cents per \$100 for properties with a
16			value of at least \$4,000,000, but less than
17			\$6,000,000;
18		(F)	Ninety cents per \$100 for properties with a value
19			of at least \$6,000,000, but less than
20			\$10,000,000; and

1		-(G)	One dollar per \$100 for properties with a value
2			of \$10,000,000 or greater; and
3	(2)	For	the sale of a condominium or single family
4		resi	dence for which the purchaser is ineligible for a
5		coun	ty homeowner's exemption on property tax:
6		(A)	Fifteen cents per \$100 for properties with a
7			value of less than \$600,000;
8		(B)	Twenty-five cents per \$100 for properties with a
9			value of at least \$600,000, but less than
10			\$1,000,000;
11		(C)	Forty cents per \$100 for properties with a value
12			of at least \$1,000,000, but less than \$2,000,000;
13		(D)	Sixty cents per \$100 for properties with a value
14			of at least \$2,000,000, but less than \$4,000,000;
15		(E)	Eighty-five cents per \$100 for properties with a
16			value of at least \$4,000,000, but less than
17			\$6,000,000;
18		(F)	One dollar and ten cents per \$100 for properties
19			with a value of at least \$6,000,000, but less
20			than \$10,000,000; and

1		(G)	One dollar and twenty-five cents per \$100 for
2			properties with a value of \$10,000,000 or
3			greater,]
4	(1)	\$0.50	per \$100 for properties with a value of less
5		than	\$5,000,000;
6	(2)	\$4.00	per \$100 for properties with a value of at least
7		\$5,00	0,000, but less than \$10,000,000; and
8	(3)	\$6.00	per \$100 for properties with a value of
9		\$10,0	00,000 or greater,
10	of [such]	the a	ctual and full consideration; provided that in
11	the case of	of a l	ease or sublease, this chapter shall apply only
12	to a lease	e or s	ublease whose full unexpired term is for a period
13	of five ye	ears c	r more[, and in those cases, including (where
14	appropria	te) t h	ose cases where the]; provided further that if a
15	lease has	been	extended or amended, the tax in this chapter
16	shall be b	pased	on the cash value of the lease rentals discounted
17	to present	t day	value and capitalized at the rate of six per
18	cent, plus	s the	actual and full consideration paid or to be paid
19	for any ar	nd all	improvements, if any, that shall include on-site
20	as well as	s off-	site improvements, applicable to the leased

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1	premises;	and provided further that the tax imposed for each
2	transacti	on shall be not less than \$1."
3	SECT	ION 5. Section 247-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended to	o read as follows:
5	"§ 24	7-3 Exemptions. The tax imposed by section 247-1
6	shall not	apply to:
7	(1)	Any document or instrument that is executed prior to
8		January 1, 1967;
9	(2)	Any document or instrument that is given to secure a
10		debt or obligation;
11	(3)	Any document or instrument that only confirms or
12		corrects a deed, lease, sublease, assignment,
13		transfer, or conveyance previously recorded or filed;
14	(4)	Any document or instrument between husband and wife,
15		reciprocal beneficiaries, or parent and child, in
16		which only a nominal consideration is paid;
17	(5)	Any document or instrument in which there is a
18		consideration of \$100 or less paid or to be paid;
19	(6)	Any document or instrument conveying real property
20		that is executed pursuant to an agreement of sale, and
21		where applicable, any assignment of the agreement of

Ţ		sale, or assignments thereof; provided that the taxes
2		under this chapter have been fully paid upon the
3		agreement of sale, and where applicable, upon such
4		assignment or assignments of agreements of sale;
5	(7)	Any deed, lease, sublease, assignment of lease,
6		agreement of sale, assignment of agreement of sale,
7		instrument or writing in which the United States or
8		any agency or instrumentality thereof or the State or
9		any agency, instrumentality, or governmental or
10		political subdivision thereof are the only parties
11		thereto;
12	(8)	Any document or instrument executed pursuant to a tax
13		sale conducted by the United States or any agency or
14		instrumentality thereof or the State or any agency,
15		instrumentality, or governmental or political
16		subdivision thereof for delinquent taxes or
17		assessments;
18	(9)	Any document or instrument conveying real property to
19		the United States or any agency or instrumentality
20		thereof or the State or any agency, instrumentality,
21		or governmental or political subdivision thereof

1		pursuant to the threat of the exercise or the exercise
2		of the power of eminent domain;
3	(10)	Any document or instrument that solely conveys or
4		grants an easement or easements;
5	(11)	Any document or instrument whereby owners partition
6		their property, whether by mutual agreement or
7		judicial action; provided that the value of each
8		owner's interest in the property after partition is
9		equal in value to that owner's interest before
10		partition;
11	(12)	Any document or instrument between marital partners or
12		reciprocal beneficiaries who are parties to a divorce
13		action or termination of reciprocal beneficiary
14		relationship that is executed pursuant to an order of
15		the court in the divorce action or termination of
16		reciprocal beneficiary relationship;
17	(13)	Any document or instrument conveying real property
18		from a testamentary trust to a beneficiary under the
19		trust;
20	(14)	Any document or instrument conveying real property
21		from a grantor to the grantor's revocable living

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1		trust, or from a grantor's revocable living trust to
2		the grantor as beneficiary of the trust;
3	(15)	Any document or instrument conveying real property, or
4		any interest therein, from an entity that is a party
5	•	to a merger or consolidation under chapter 414, 414D,
6		415A, 421, 421C, 425, 425E, or 428 to the surviving or
7		new entity;
8	(16)	Any document or instrument conveying real property, or
9		any interest therein, from a dissolving limited
10		partnership to its corporate general partner that
11		owns, directly or indirectly, at least a ninety per
12		cent interest in the partnership, determined by
13		applying section 318 (with respect to constructive
14		ownership of stock) of the federal Internal Revenue
15		Code of 1986, as amended, to the constructive
16		ownership of interests in the partnership; [and]
17	[+](17)[+]Any document or instrument that conforms to the
18		transfer on death deed as authorized under chapter
19		527 [-] <u>;</u>
20	(18)	Any document or instrument conveying real property to
21		an organization that has a minimum of thirty years

1		remai	ning of a price-restricted affordability period,	
2		or pl	aces a deed restriction on the property to	
3		maintain permanent affordability; and		
4	(19)	Any d	ocument or instrument conveying real property to	
5		a non	profit organization that:	
6		(A)	Is exempt from federal income tax by the Internal	
7			Revenue Services; and	
8		<u>(B)</u>	Will hold the property in an undeveloped state	
9			and for conservation purposes in perpetuity	
10			through a deed restriction on the property."	
11	SECTI	ION 6.	Section 247-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
12	amended to	read	as follows:	
13	"§247	7-7 D	isposition of taxes. All taxes collected under	
14	this chapt	er sh	all be paid into the state treasury to the credit	
15	of the ger	neral	fund of the State, to be used and expended for	
16	the purpos	ses fo	r which the general fund was created and exists	
17	by law; pr	covide	d that of the taxes collected each fiscal year:	
18	(1)	Ten p	er cent [or \$5,100,000, whichever is less,] shall	
19		be pa	id into the land conservation fund established	
20		pursu	ant to section 173A-5; [and]	

1	(2)	[Fifty per cent or \$38,000,000, whichever is less,]
2		Forty per cent shall be paid into the rental housing
3		revolving fund established by section 201H-202[\div];
4	(3)	Ten per cent shall be paid into the affordable
5		homeownership revolving fund established pursuant to
6		section 201H-206; and
7	(4)	Ten per cent shall be paid into the homeless services
8		fund established pursuant to section 356D"
9	SECT	ION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
10	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
11	SECT	ION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.

Report Title:

Hawaii Public Housing Authority; Conveyance Tax; Rates; Exemption; Allocation; Homeless Services Fund; Affordable Homeownership Revolving Fund; Land Conservation Fund; Rental Housing Revolving Fund; Affordable Housing; Development; Affordability Requirements

Description:

Establishes the Homeless Services Special Fund. Allows counties to apply for matching funds from the Affordable Homeownership Revolving Fund for housing projects that are subject to a perpetual affordability requirement. Amends the conveyance tax rates based on property values. Repeals the conveyance tax rates set separately for conveyances for which the purchasers are ineligible for a county homeowner's exemption on property tax. Exempts from conveyance taxes, conveyances of real property to organizations with certain affordability requirements and to certain nonprofit organizations. Allocates collected conveyance taxes to be allocated to the Affordable Homeownership Revolving Fund and Homeless Services Fund and amends allocations to the Land Conservation Fund and Rental Housing Revolving Fund. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

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