A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTRONIC EAVESDROPPING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECT	ION 1. Section 711-1111, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	y amending subsection (1) to read as follows:
3	"(1)	A person commits the offense of violation of privacy
4	in the se	cond degree if, except in the execution of a public
5	duty or a	s authorized by law, the person intentionally:
6	(a)	Trespasses on property for the purpose of subjecting
7		anyone to eavesdropping or other surveillance in a
8		private place;
9	(b)	Peers or peeps into a window or other opening of a
10		dwelling or other structure adapted for sojourn or
11		overnight accommodations for the purpose of spying on
12		the occupant thereof or invading the privacy of
13		another person with a lewd or unlawful purpose, under
14		circumstances in which a reasonable person in the
15		dwelling or other structure would not expect to be
16		observed;

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1 (c) Trespasses on property for the sexual gratification of 2 the actor;

> Installs or uses, or both, in any private place, without consent of the person or persons entitled to privacy therein, any means or device for observing, recording, amplifying, or broadcasting sounds or events in that place other than another person in a stage of undress or sexual activity; provided that this paragraph shall not prohibit a person from making a video or audio recording or taking a photograph of a law enforcement officer while the officer is in the performance of the officer's duties in a public place or under circumstances in which the officer has no reasonable expectation of privacy and the person is not interfering with the officer's ability to maintain safety and control, secure crime scenes and accident sites, protect the integrity and confidentiality of investigations, and protect the public safety and order;

(e) Installs or uses outside a private place any device for hearing, recording, amplifying, or broadcasting

1		sounds originating in that place which would not
2		ordinarily be audible or comprehensible outside,
3		without the consent of the person or persons entitled
4		to privacy therein;
5	(f)	Covertly records or broadcasts an image of another
6		person's intimate area underneath clothing, by use of
7		any device, and that image is taken while that person
8		is in a public place and without that person's
9		consent;
10	(g)	Intercepts, without the consent of the sender [or] and
11		the receiver, a message or photographic image by
12		telephone, telegraph, letter, electronic transmission,
13		or other means of communicating privately; but this
14		paragraph does not apply to:
15		(i) Overhearing of messages through a regularly
16		installed instrument on a telephone party line or
17		an extension; or
18		(ii) Interception by the telephone company, electronic
19		mail account provider, or telephone or electronic
20		mail subscriber incident to enforcement of

1		regulations limiting use of the facilities or
2		incident to other operation and use;
3	(h)	Divulges, without the consent of the sender $[\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}]$ and
4		the receiver, the existence or contents of any message
5		or photographic image by telephone, telegraph, letter,
6		electronic transmission, or other means of
7		communicating privately, if the accused knows that the
8		message or photographic image was unlawfully
9		intercepted or if the accused learned of the message
10		or photographic image in the course of employment with
11		an agency engaged in transmitting it; or
12	(i)	Knowingly possesses materials created under
13		circumstances prohibited in section 711-1110.9."
14	SECT	ION 2. Section 803-42, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended b	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
16	"(b)(1)	It shall not be unlawful under this part for an
17		operator of a switchboard, or an officer, employee, or
18		agent of a provider of wire or electronic
19		communication services, whose facilities are used in
20		the transmission of a wire communication, to
21		intercept, disclose, or use that communication in the

1		normal course of the officer's, employee's, or agent's
2		employment while engaged in any activity that is
3		either a necessary incident to the rendition of the
4		officer's, employee's, or agent's service or to the
5		protection of the rights or property of the provider
6		of that service; provided that providers of wire
7		communication service to the public shall not utilize
8		service observing or random monitoring except for
9		mechanical or service quality control checks.
10	(2)	It shall not be unlawful under this part for an
11		officer, employee, or agent of the Federal
12		Communications Commission, in the normal course of the
13		officer's, employee's, or agent's employment and in
14		discharge of the monitoring responsibilities exercised
15		by the Commission in the enforcement of title 47,
16		chapter 5, of the United States Code, to intercept a
17		wire or electronic communication, or oral
18		communication transmitted by radio, or to disclose or
19		use the information thereby obtained.
20	(3)	[(A) It shall not be unlawful under this part for a
21		person not acting under color of law to intercept

1			a wire, oral, or electronic communication when
2			the person is a party to the communication or
3			when one of the parties to the communication has
4			given prior consent to the interception unless
5			the communication is intercepted for the purpose
6			of committing any criminal or tortious act in
7			violation of the Constitution or laws of the
8			United States or of this State.
9	-(-	B)]	It shall not be unlawful for a person acting
10			under color of law to install in any private
11			place, without consent of the person or persons
12			entitled to privacy therein, any device for
13			recording, amplifying, or broadcasting sounds or
14			events in that place, or use of any such
15			unauthorized installation, or install or use
16			outside a private place any such device to
17			intercept sounds originating in that place which
18			would not ordinarily be audible or comprehensible
19			outside.
20	[(4)	It s l	hall not be unlawful under this part for a person
21		acti	ng under color of law to intercept a wire, oral,

1		or electronic communication, when the person is a
2		party to the communication or one of the parties to
3		the communication has given prior consent to the
4		interception.
5	(5)]	(4) It shall not be unlawful under this part for any
6		person to intercept a wire, oral, or electronic
7		communication, or to disclose or use the contents of
8		an intercepted communication, when such interception
9		is pursuant to a valid court order under this chapter
10		or otherwise authorized by law; provided that a
11		communications provider with knowledge of an
12		interception of communications accomplished through
13		the use of the communications provider's facilities
14		shall report the fact and duration of the interception
15		to the administrative director of the courts of this
16		State.
17	[(6)]	(5) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
18		providers of wire or electronic communication service,
19		their officers, employees, and agents, landlords,
20		custodians, or other persons, are authorized to
21		provide information, facilities, or technical

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assistance to persons authorized by law to intercept or access wire, oral, or electronic communications, to conduct electronic surveillance, or to install a pen register or trap and trace device if such provider, its officers, employees, or agents, landlord, custodian, or other specified person, has been provided with:

- (A) A court order directing such assistance signed by the designated judge; or
- (B) A certification in writing from the Attorney

 General of the United States, the Deputy Attorney

 General of the United States, the Associate

 Attorney General of the United States, the

 attorney general of the State of Hawaii, or the

 prosecuting attorney for each county that no

 warrant or court order is required by law, that

 all statutory requirements have been met, and

 that the specific assistance is required, setting

 forth the period of time during which the

 providing of the information, facilities, or

 technical assistance is authorized and specifying

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1	the information, facilities, or technical
2	assistance required.
3	No provider of wire or electronic

communication service, officer, employee, or agent thereof, or landlord, custodian, or other specified person shall disclose the existence of any access, interception, or surveillance or the device used to accomplish the interception or surveillance for which the person has been furnished a court order or certification under this part, except as may otherwise be required by legal process and then only after prior notification to the party that provided the court order or certification.

No cause of action shall lie in any court against any provider of wire or electronic communication service, its officers, employees, or agents, landlord, custodian, or other specified person for providing information, facilities, or assistance in accordance with the

1		term	s of a court order or certification under
2		this	part.
3	[(7)] <u>(6)</u>	. It s	hall not be unlawful under this part for any
4	per	son:	
5	(A)	To i	ntercept or access an electronic
6		comm	unication made through an electronic
7		comm	unication system configured so that the
8		elec	tronic communication is readily accessible to
9		the	general public.
10	(B)	To i	ntercept any radio communication that is
11		tran	smitted:
12		(i)	By any station for the use of the general
13			public, or that relates to ships, aircraft,
14			vehicles, or persons in distress;
15		(ii)	By any governmental, law enforcement,
16			emergency management, private land mobile,
17			or public safety communications system,
18			including police and fire, readily
19			accessible to the general public;
20		(iii)	By a station operating on an authorized
21			frequency within the bands allocated to the

1			amateur, citizens band, or general mobile
2			radio services; or
3		(iv)	By any marine or aeronautical communications
4			system.
5	(C)	To e	ngage in any conduct that:
6		(i)	Is prohibited by section 633 of the
7			Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. §553);
8			or
9		(ii)	Is excepted from the application of section
10			705(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 by
11			section 705(b) of that Act (47 U.S.C. §605).
12	(D)	To i	ntercept any wire or electronic communication
13		the	transmission of which is causing harmful
14		inte	rference to any lawfully operating station or
15		cons	umer electronic equipment to the extent
16		nece	ssary to identify the source of the
17		inte	rference.
18	(E)	For	other users of the same frequency to
19		inte	rcept any radio communication made through a
20		syst	em that uses frequencies monitored by
21		indi	viduals engaged in the providing or the use

1		of the system, if the communication is not
2		scrambled or encrypted.
3	[(8)] <u>(7)</u>	It shall not be unlawful under this part:
4	(A)	To use a pen register or a trap and trace device
5		as specified in this part.
6	(B)	For a provider of electronic communication
7		service to record the fact that a wire or
8		electronic communication was initiated or
9		completed in order to protect the provider,
10		another provider furnishing service toward the
11		completion of the wire or electronic
12		communication, or a user of that service, from
13		the fraudulent, unlawful, or abusive use of such
14		service.
15	(C)	For a provider of electronic or wire
16		communication service to use a pen register or a
17		trap and trace device for purposes relating to
18		the operation, maintenance, and testing of the
19		wire or electronic communication service or to
20		the protection of the rights or property of the
21		provider, or to the protection of users of that

1		service from abuse of service or unlawful use of
2		service.
3		(D) To use a pen register or a trap and trace device
4		where consent of the user of the service has been
5		obtained.
6	[(9)]	(8) Good faith reliance upon a court order shall be a
7		complete defense to any criminal prosecution for
8		illegal interception, disclosure, or use.
9	[-(10)-]	(9) Except as provided in this section, a person or
10		entity providing an electronic communication service
11		to the public shall not intentionally divulge the
12		contents of any communication (other than a
13		communication to the person or entity or an agent
14		thereof) while in transmission on that service to any
15		person or entity other than an addressee or intended
16		recipient of the communication or an agent of the
17		addressee or intended recipient.
18	[(11)]	(10) A person or entity providing electronic
19		communication service to the public may divulge the
20		contents of any such communication:

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2		this part;
3	(B)	With the lawful consent of the originator[$ au$
4		addressee, or intended] and recipient of the
5		communication;
6	(C)	To a person employed or authorized, or whose
7		facilities are used, to forward the communication
8		to its destination;
9	(D)	That was inadvertently obtained by the service
10		provider and that appears to pertain to the
11		commission of a crime, if divulged to a law
12		enforcement agency; or
13	(E)	To a law enforcement agency, public safety
14		agency, or public safety answering point if the
15		provider, in good faith, believes that an
16		emergency involving danger of death or serious
17		bodily injury to any person requires disclosure
18		without delay of communications relating to the
19		emergency, and is provided with a certification
20		in writing from the governmental entity that
21		provides the facts and circumstances establishing

(A) As otherwise authorized by a court order or under

1	the existence of the emergency, that the specific
2	disclosure is required, and sets forth the period
3	of time during which the disclosure of the
4	information is authorized and specifies the
5	information required.
6	No cause of action shall lie in any court against any
7	provider of electronic communication service, its officers,
8	employees, or agents, custodian, or other specified person for
9	disclosing information in accordance with the terms of a
10	certification under this part."
11	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
12	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
13	begun before its effective date.
14	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
15	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
16	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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	INTRODUCED BY:
	JAN 1 9 2023

HB LRB 23-0554.docx

Report Title:

Electronic Eavesdropping; Prohibition

Description:

Prohibits the interception or use of certain communications unless both parties consent.

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