A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RENEWABLE ENERGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii is an 2 isolated island chain that is uniquely vulnerable to climate 3 change. As evidenced by the August 8, 2023, wildfires that devastated Lāhainā and impacted areas of West Maui and other 4 5 communities, climate disasters increasingly threaten the State's 6 wellbeing. 7 Act 109, Session Laws of Hawaii 2011, amended section 269-8 6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to require the public utilities 9 commission to explicitly consider the effect of the State's 10 reliance on fossil fuels in various areas, including greenhouse 11 gas emissions, in its determinations of the reasonableness of 12 various costs. When Act 109 was being considered, the members 13 of the committee on energy and environmental protection found 14 that "Hawaii is dangerously reliant on imported fossil fuel, 15 which subjects the State and residents to greater oil and gas **16** price volatility, increased air pollution, and potentially **17** harmful climate change due to the release of harmful greenhouse 18 gases." The committee also found that requiring the commission

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- 1 to factor in the hidden and long-term costs of the State's
- 2 detrimental reliance on fossil fuels when exercising its
- 3 statutory authority would assist in reducing the State's
- 4 reliance on fossil fuels.
- 5 The purpose of this act is to clarify that the public
- 6 utilities commission may determine that analysis of the effect
- 7 of the State's reliance on fossil fuels on greenhouse gas
- 8 emissions is not necessary under certain circumstances when
- 9 generation-based emissions for a project are zero.
- 10 SECTION 2. Section 269-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 11 amended to read as follows:
- 12 "§269-6 General powers and duties. (a) The public
- 13 utilities commission shall have the general supervision
- 14 hereinafter set forth over all public utilities, and shall
- 15 perform the duties and exercise the powers imposed or conferred
- 16 upon it by this chapter. Included among the general powers of
- 17 the public utilities commission is the authority to adopt rules
- 18 pursuant to chapter 91 necessary for the purposes of this
- 19 chapter.
- 20 (b) The public utilities commission shall consider the
- 21 need to reduce the State's reliance on fossil fuels through
- 22 energy efficiency and increased renewable energy generation in

an individual basis.

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1 exercising its authority and duties under this chapter. 2 making determinations of the reasonableness of the costs pertaining to electric or gas utility system capital 3 4 improvements and operations, the public utilities commission 5 shall explicitly consider, quantitatively or qualitatively, the effect of the State's reliance on fossil fuels on: 6 7 (1) Price volatility; Export of funds for fuel imports; 8 (2) Fuel supply reliability risk; and 9 (3) 10 (4)[Greenhouse] Generation-based greenhouse gas 11 emissions [-]; provided that the public utilities 12 commission may require a greenhouse gas emissions 13 analysis for energy projects that do not result in 14 generation-based greenhouse gas emissions. **15** The public utilities commission may determine that short-term **16** costs or direct costs of renewable energy generation that are **17** higher than alternatives relying more heavily on fossil fuels 18 are reasonable, considering the impacts resulting from the use 19 of fossil fuels. The public utilities commission shall 20 determine whether such analysis is necessary for proceedings 21 involving water, wastewater, or telecommunications providers on

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1	(c) The analysis described in subsection (b) shall not be
2	required for a utility's routine system replacements, such as
3	overhauls and overhead or underground line determinations, or
4	determinations that do not pertain to capital improvements or
5	operations, including but not limited to financing requests.
6	(d) In exercising its authority and duties under this
7	chapter, the public utilities commission shall consider the
8	costs and benefits of a diverse [$\frac{fossil\ fuel}{}$] portfolio $\frac{of}{}$
9	energy resources and of maximizing the efficiency of all
10	electric utility assets to lower and stabilize the cost of
11	electricity. Nothing in this section shall subvert the
12	obligation of electric utilities to meet the renewable portfolic
13	standards set forth in section 269-92.
14	(e) The public utilities commission, in carrying out its
15	responsibilities under this chapter, shall consider whether the
16	implementation of one or more of the following economic
17	incentives or cost recovery mechanisms would be in the public
18	interest:
19	(1) The establishment of a shared cost savings incentive
20	mechanism designed to induce a public utility to
21	reduce energy costs and operating costs and accelerate
22	the implementation of energy cost reduction practices;

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1	(2)	The establishment of a renewable energy curtailment
2		mitigation incentive mechanism to encourage public
3		utilities to implement curtailment mitigation
4		practices when lower cost renewable energy is
5		available but not utilized through the sharing of
6		energy cost savings between the public utility,
7		ratepayer, and affected renewable energy projects;
8	(3)	The establishment of a stranded cost recovery
9		mechanism to encourage the accelerated retirement of
10		an electric utility fossil fuel electric generation
11		plant by allowing an electric utility to recover the
12		stranded costs created by early retirement of a fossil
13		generation plant; and
14	(4)	The establishment of differentiated authorized rates
15		of return on common equity to encourage increased
16		utility investments in transmission and distribution
17		infrastructure, discourage an electric utility
18		investment in fossil fuel electric generation plants
19		to incentivize grid modernization, and disincentivize
20		fossil generation, respectively.
21	(f)	The chairperson of the <u>public utilities</u> commission may
22	appoint a	hearings officer, who shall not be subject to chapter

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1	76, to hear and recommend decisions in any proceeding before it
2	other than a proceeding involving the rates or any other matters
3	covered in the tariffs filed by the public utilities. The
4	hearings officer shall have the power to take testimony, make
5	findings of fact and conclusions of law, and recommend a
6	decision; provided that the findings of fact, the conclusions of
7	law, and the recommended decision shall be reviewed and may be
8	approved by the <u>public utilities</u> commission after notice to the
9	parties and an opportunity to be heard. The hearings officer
10	shall have all of the above powers conferred upon the public
11	utilities commission under section 269-10."
12	SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
13	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
14	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
15	
16	INTRODUCED BY:
17	BY REQUEST
	JAN 2 2 2024

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Report Title:

PUC; Renewable Energy; Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Description:

Amends section 269-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to clarify that the Public Utilities Commission shall consider the effect of the State's reliance on fossil fuels on generation-based greenhouse gas emissions and may require a greenhouse gas emissions analysis for energy projects that do not result in generation-based greenhouse gas emissions.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Commerce and Consumer Affairs

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO RENEWABLE

ENERGY.

PURPOSE:

To clarify that the Public Utilities Commission (Commission) shall consider the effect of the State's reliance on fossil fuels on generation-based greenhouse gas emissions and may require an analysis of greenhouse gas emissions for energy projects that do not result in generation-based

greenhouse gas emissions.

MEANS:

Amend section 269-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes

(HRS).

JUSTIFICATION:

Currently, section 269-6, HRS, requires the Commission to consider the effect of the State's reliance on fossil fuels on all energy projects, including renewable projects that do not result in generationbased greenhouse gas emissions. required analysis is time-consuming and can be costly, and those costs are usually passed on to the ratepayer.

This bill will make it unnecessary for the Commission to make that analysis for energy projects that do not result in generationbased greenhouse gas emissions. It allows the Commission to still require it for those projects.

Impact on the public: The general public would benefit by not being burdened with costs and time associated with those greenhouse gas emissions analyses that are not necessary.

Impact on the department and other agencies: This bill will save the Commission time when reviewing renewable projects that do not result in generation-based greenhouse gas emissions.

GENERAL FUND:

None.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

CCA901.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

None.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.