#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FAMILY LEAVE.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii's working
- 2 families are not adequately supported during times of caregiving
- 3 and illness. According to a 2018 report commissioned by Aloha
- 4 United Way, entitled "ALICE [Asset Limited, Income Constrained,
- 5 Employed] a Study of Financial Hardship in Hawaii", forty-two
- 6 per cent of families in Hawaii are living paycheck to paycheck.
- 7 While the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 allows
- 8 twelve weeks of unpaid leave to employees who have worked at a
- 9 business that employs fifty or more employees, the majority of
- 10 Hawaii's workforce cannot afford to take unpaid leave to care
- 11 for a new child or attend to the needs of a family member with a
- 12 serious health condition. Hawaii law, which offers a modest
- 13 four-week extension of unpaid leave, is available only to
- 14 employees of large employers with more than one hundred
- 15 employees.
- 16 The legislature further finds that in 2018, only seventeen
- 17 per cent of workers in the United States had access to paid

- 1 family leave through their employers. Women, as primary
- 2 caregivers of infants, children, and elderly parents, are
- 3 disproportionately affected by the absence of paid family and
- 4 medical leave. According to AARP Hawaii, there are
- 5 approximately 157,000 unpaid family caregivers in the State.
- 6 Hawaii has one of the fastest growing populations over the age
- 7 of sixty-five in the nation; from 2020 to 2030, the percentage
- $oldsymbol{8}$  of people age sixty-five and over is expected to increase from
- 9 19.1 per cent to 22.5 per cent of the State's population.
- 10 Nearly one third of those who need but do not have access to
- 11 family leave will need the time off to care for an ill spouse or
- 12 elderly parent.
- 13 The legislature additionally finds that the coronavirus
- 14 disease 2019 (COVID-19) spread globally and was declared a
- 15 pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020.
- 16 Upon reaching Hawaii's shores, COVID-19 became a public health
- 17 emergency that infected thousands of people, overwhelmed
- 18 hospital capacities, created medical supply shortages, and
- 19 claimed the lives of numerous Hawaii residents. Enacting a
- 20 comprehensive family leave program would allow employees whose

1	family members are impacted by serious health conditions to
2	provide adequate care for their loved ones.
3	The purpose of this Act is to ensure that employees in
4	Hawaii are provided family leave insurance benefits when they
5	need to provide care for their families.
6	SECTION 2. Chapter 398, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by adding ten new sections to be appropriately
8	designated and to read as follows:
9	"§398- Family leave insurance program. (a) The
10	department shall establish and administer a family leave
11	insurance program and pay family leave insurance benefits as
12	specified in this chapter.
13	(b) The department shall establish procedures and forms
14	for filing claims for family leave insurance benefits.
15	(c) The information collected and the files and records
16	retained about a covered individual pursuant to this chapter,
17	including the existence of a claim, shall be confidential and
18	shall not be open to inspection; provided that:
19	(1) An employee who applied for family leave insurance
20	benefits or that employee's representative, upon
21	presentation of an authorization signed by the

1		employee to the department, shall be allowed to review
2		any information, files, and records obtained by the
3		department;
4	(2)	A public employee acting within the scope of the
5		public employee's official duties shall be permitted
6		to review the minimum necessary information, files,
7		and records to accomplish the public employee's
8		purpose for reviewing the information, files, and
9		records; and
10	(3)	The department shall notify an employee's employer
11		that an employee filed a claim pursuant to this
12		chapter within days after the claim has been
13		filed.
14	<u>§398</u>	Notice to employers. (a) An employer may
15	require a	n eligible employee to give the employer written notice
16	at least	thirty days before commencing a period of family leave.
17	(b)	An eligible employee may commence leave without thirty
18	days' adva	ance notice if the leave is not foreseeable, as in
19	circumsta	nces including but not limited to:
20	(1)	An unexpected serious health condition of the employee
21		or a family member of the employee; or

1	(2) A premature birth, unexpected adoption, or unexpected
2	foster placement by or with the employee.
3	(c) If an eligible employee commences leave without thirty
4	days' advance notice, as described under subsection (b), the
5	employee shall give oral notice to the employer within
6	twenty-four hours after the commencement of leave and shall
7	provide written notice of leave within three days after the
8	commencement of leave.
9	§398- Employment protection; retaliation prohibited.
10	After returning to work after a period of family leave, an
11	eligible employee shall be entitled to be restored to the
12	position of employment held by the employee when the leave
13	commenced, if that position still exists, without regard to
14	whether the employer filled the position with a replacement
15	worker during the period of leave. If the position held by the
16	employee at the time the leave commenced no longer exists, the
17	employee shall be entitled to be restored to any available
18	equivalent position with equivalent employment benefits, pay,
19	and other terms and conditions of employment.
20	§398- Family leave insurance fund; family leave
21	insurance benefits. (a) There is established an insurance fund

1	to be known as the family leave insurance fund. The family
2	leave insurance fund shall be used to provide a covered
3	individual with up to sixteen weeks per calendar year of paid
4	family leave.
5	(b) The family leave insurance fund shall consist of
6	employer and employee contributions based on the employee's
7	average weekly wage, interest earned, income, dividends,
8	refunds, rate credits, and other returns received by the fund.
9	The rate of the contribution shall be in accordance with the
10	contribution rate to the temporary disability insurance fund.
11	(c) The family leave insurance fund shall be under the
12	control of and administered by the department. All sums
13	contributed or paid from any source to the family leave
14	insurance fund, and all assets of the fund including all
15	interest and earnings, shall be held by the department for the
16	exclusive use and benefit of the employee-beneficiaries. The
17	fund shall be used to finance benefits, administration,
18	outreach, and education or study of family leave insurance. The
19	fund shall not be subject to appropriation for any other
20	purpose.

1	<u>§398-</u>	Eligibility for payment of benefits. Family
2	leave insuranc	ce benefits shall be payable to:
3	<u>(1)</u> An e	employed covered individual; or
4	(2) An ı	nemployed covered individual who meets one of the
5	<u>foll</u>	owing requirements:
6	<u>(A)</u>	Because of birth, adoption, or placement through
7		foster care, is caring for a new child during the
8		first year after the birth, adoption, or
9		<pre>placement;</pre>
10	<u>(B)</u>	Is caring for a family member having a serious
11		health condition;
12	<u>(C)</u>	Is caring for a qualifying service member who is
13		the employee's next of kin; or
14	<u>(D)</u>	Due to a qualifying exigency.
15	<u>§398-</u>	Report to the legislature. The department shall
16	submit a repor	t to the legislature no later than twenty days
17	prior to the c	onvening of each regular session, beginning with
18	the regular se	ssion of 2025, on any outreach efforts and
19	projected and	actual program participation, including the
20	percentage of	covered employees who received family leave
21	insurance bene	fits, premium rates, and fund balances under the

1	family leave insurance program established pursuant to this
2	chapter.
3	§398- Outreach and education. The department shall
4	conduct a public outreach and education campaign to inform
5	employees and employers of the availability of family leave
6	insurance benefits. The department may use a portion of the
7	funds collected in a given year for the family leave insurance
8	program to pay for the public outreach and education campaign;
9	provided that the department shall use no more than per
10	cent per year or \$ per year, whichever is greater, for
11	the public outreach and education campaign. Outreach
12	information shall be available in English and other languages
13	spoken within the State.
14	§398- Coverage of self-employed. (a) A self-employed
15	person, including a sole proprietor, partner, or joint venture
16	partner, may elect coverage under this chapter by filing a
17	notice of election in writing with the director, as required by
18	the department, as follows:
19	(1) For an initial period of no less than three years; and
20	(2) Following the initial coverage period, no less than
21	one additional year of coverage;

filing the notice.
(b) A self-employed person who has elected coverage may
withdraw from coverage within thirty days after the end of the
initial period of coverage, or at other times as the director
may prescribe by rule, by filing with the director a notice in
writing, as required by the department. The withdrawal shall
take effect no sooner than thirty days after filing the notice.
§398- Wage withholding. (a) An employer may deduct
and withhold contributions from each employee of up to one-half
of the cost of providing family leave insurance premiums, and
the employer shall provide for the remaining cost over the
amount of contributions of the employer's employees.
(b) If there is a dispute between the employee and the
employer relating to the withholding of wages as contributions
for family leave insurance benefits, either party may file with
the director a petition for determination of the amount to be
withheld. The matter shall be determined by an officer of the
department. If either an employer or employee is dissatisfied
with the department's determination, the aggrieved party may

1	appeal th	e petition for redetermination pursuant to the
2	procedure	under part V of chapter 392.
3	<u>§</u> 398	- Weekly benefit amount. (a) The weekly benefit
4	amount sh	all be calculated as follows:
5	(1)	If the individual's average weekly wage is fifty per
6		cent or less of the state average weekly wage, the
7		individual's weekly benefit shall be ninety per cent
8		of the individual's average weekly wage;
9	(2)	If the individual's average weekly wage is more than
10		fifty per cent and less than one hundred per cent of
11		the state average weekly wage, the individual's weekly
12		benefit shall be seventy-five per cent of the
13		individual's average weekly wage; or
14	(3)	If the individual's average weekly wage is one hundred
15		per cent or more of the state average weekly wage, the
16		individual's weekly benefit shall be fifty per cent of
17	•	the individual's average weekly wage.
18	(b)	In no case shall the weekly benefit amount exceed the
19	state ave	rage weekly wage."
20	SECT	ION 3. Section 398-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	amended a	s follows:



1	1. By adding five new definitions to be appropriately
2	inserted and to read:
3	""Covered individual" means any person who:
4	(1) Is an employee or is currently unemployed but has been
5	an employee within the last twenty-six weeks;
6	(2) Meets the requirements set forth in section 392-25 and
7	the requirements in the rules implemented pursuant to
8	this chapter; and
9	(3) Submits an application for family leave insurance
10	benefits to the department.
11	"Designated person" means a family member designated by a
12	covered individual for whom the covered individual will provide
13	care under this chapter if the family member has a serious
14	health condition.
15	"Family leave insurance benefits" means the benefits
16	provided pursuant to this chapter.
17	"Family member" means a child; parent; person to whom the
18	covered individual is legally married under the laws of any
19	state; biological, foster, hanai, or adopted sibling; the spouse
20	or reciprocal beneficiary of a sibling; or a reciprocal
21	beneficiary.



1	"Qua	lifying exigency" means a circumstance arising from a
2	notice of	deployment of a service member received within seven
3	days of d	eployment, or mandatory attendance of military events
4	or relate	d activities by the covered individual or the covered
5	individua	l's family member that requires the covered individual
6	to:	
7	(1)	Provide child care or attend school activities, if due
8		directly or indirectly to the active duty call or
9		active duty status of a service member;
10	(2)	Make financial or legal arrangements for a service
11		member's absence or as a result of the service
12		<pre>member's absence;</pre>
13	<u>(3)</u>	Attend counseling provided by someone other than a
14		health care provider if the need for counseling arises
15		from the active duty call or active duty of a service
16		member; or
17	(4)	Spend up to five days with a service member for each
18		instance of short-term, temporary rest and
19		recuperation leave during a period of deployment."
20	2.	By amending the definition of "child" to read:

1 ""Child" means an individual who is a biological, adopted, 2 hanai, or foster son or daughter; a stepchild; [or] a legal ward 3 of [an employee.] a covered individual; a child of a reciprocal 4 beneficiary; a grandchild; or a child of a covered individual 5 who stands in loco parentis." 6 3. By amending the definition of "employer" to read: 7 ""Employer" means any individual or organization, including 8 the State, any of its political subdivisions, any 9 instrumentality of the State or its political subdivisions, any 10 partnership, association, trust, estate, joint stock company, 11 insurance company, or corporation, whether domestic or foreign, 12 or receiver or trustee in bankruptcy, or the legal 13 representative of a deceased person, who employs one [hundred] 14 or more employees for each working day during each of twenty or 15 more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year." 16 4. By amending the definition of "parent" to read: ""Parent" means a biological, foster, hanai or adoptive 17 18 parent, a parent-in-law, a stepparent, a legal guardian, a

grandparent, [or] a grandparent-in-law[-], a parent or

grandparent of a reciprocal beneficiary, or a person who stands

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in loco parentis for a minor child."

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1	SECTION 4. Section 398-3, Hawall Revised Statutes, is
2	amended as follows:
3	1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
4	"(a) [An employee] A covered individual shall be entitled
5	to a total of [four] sixteen weeks of family leave during any
6	calendar year:
7	[ <del>(1)</del> Upon the birth of a child of the employee or the
8	adoption of a child; or
9	(2) To care for the employee's child, spouse, reciprocal
10	beneficiary, sibling, grandchild, or parent with a
11	serious health condition.
12	(1) To care for the covered individual's child within
13	twelve months of the child's birth, foster placement
14	with the covered individual, or placement for adoption
15	with the covered individual;
16	(2) To care for a covered individual's family member with
17	a serious health condition;
18	(3) To care for a qualifying service member who is the
19	covered individual's next of kin; or
20	(4) Due to a qualifying exigency."
71	2 By amending subsection (a) to read:

1 "(e) Nothing in this chapter shall entitle [an employee] a 2 covered individual to more than a total of [four] sixteen weeks 3 of leave in any twelve-month period." 4 SECTION 5. Section 398-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 amended to read as follows: 6 "§398-4 Unpaid leave permitted; relationship to paid 7 leave; sick leave. (a) Pursuant to section 398-3, [an 8 employee] a covered individual shall be entitled to [four] 9 sixteen weeks of family leave. [The family leave shall consist 10 of unpaid leave, paid leave, or a combination of paid and unpaid 11 leave. If an employer provides paid family leave for fewer than 12 four weeks, the additional period of leave added to attain the 13 four-week total may be unpaid. An employer who provides paid 14 family leave beyond what is required by this chapter may require 15 that the leave run concurrently with the sixteen weeks required 16 under this chapter; provided that the employer shall not require 17 the leave to be applied against accrued sick or vacation hours. 18 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), [an 19 employee] a covered individual may elect to substitute any of 20 the [employee's] covered individual's accrued paid leaves, 21 including but not limited to vacation, personal, or family

2	subsection (a).
3	(c) [An employer who provides sick leave for employees
4	shall permit an employee to use the employee's accrued and
5	available sick leave for purposes of this chapter; provided that
6	an employee shall not use more than ten days per year for this
7	purpose, unless an express provision of a valid collective
8	bargaining agreement authorizes the use of more than ten days of
9	sick leave for family leave purposes. Nothing in this section
10	shall require an employer to diminish an employee's accrued and
11	available sick leave below the amount required pursuant to
12	section 392-41; provided that any sick leave in excess of the
13	minimum statutory equivalent for temporary disability benefits
14	as determined by the department may be used for purposes of this
15	chapter.] No assignment, pledge, or encumbrance of any right to
16	benefits that is or may become due or payable under this chapter
17	shall be valid; and any right to benefits shall be exempt from
18	levy, execution, attachment, garnishment, or any other remedy
19	whatsoever provided for the collection of debt. No waiver of
20	any exemption in this section shall be valid.

1 leave, for any part of the [four-week] sixteen-week period in

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2	mother who is receiving temporary disability benefits for
3	recovery from childbirth from applying for and receiving paid
4	family leave for the purpose of caregiving and bonding with her
5	child after the temporary disability time period has lapsed.
6	For family leave purposes, there shall be no waiting period for
7	benefits to begin.
8	(e) Benefits under the Family and Medical Leave Act of
9	1993 shall run concurrently with benefits under this chapter."
10	SECTION 6. Section 398-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
12	"(a) Any individual claiming to be aggrieved by an alleged
13	unlawful act under this chapter, including the denial of family
14	leave insurance benefits, may file with the department a
15	verified complaint in writing."
16	SECTION 7. Section 398-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
18	"(d) If the department determines after investigation that
19	this chapter has been violated[ $_{7}$ ] by an employer, the department
20	shall inform the employer and endeavor to remedy the violation
21	by informal methods, such as conference or conciliation. If the

(d) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent a biological

1	department	determines that family leave insurance benefits have
2	been wrong	fully withheld, the department shall order immediate
3	payment to	the covered individual found to be entitled to those
4	benefits."	
5	SECTI	ON 8. Section 398-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by	amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
7	"(a)	Upon appeal by a complainant or the employer, the
8	order issu	ed by the department shall be subject to a de novo
9	review by	a hearings officer appointed by the director."
10	SECTI	ON 9. Section 398-26, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by	amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
12	"(b)	Relief under this section may include:
13	(1)	The amount of any family leave insurance benefits,
14		wages, salary, employment benefits, or other
15		compensation denied or lost to the employee by reason
16		of the violation; or
17	(2)	In a case in which <u>family leave insurance benefits</u> ,
18		wages, salary, employment benefits, or other
19		compensation have not been denied or lost to the
20		employee, any actual monetary losses sustained by the
21		employee as a direct result of the violation, such as

1 the cost of providing care, up to a sum equal to four 2 weeks of wages or salary for the employee." 3 SECTION 10. Section 398-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 repealed. 5 ["[\$398-2] Inapplicability. The rights provided under 6 this chapter shall not apply to employees of an employer with 7 fewer-than one hundred employees."] 8 SECTION 11. The department of labor and industrial 9 relations shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii 10 Revised Statutes, to implement the purposes of this Act. 11 SECTION 12. There is appropriated out of the general 12 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so 13 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2023-2024 and the same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal 14 15 year 2024-2025 for the purpose of administering the family leave 16 insurance program, including the oversight of payroll 17 deductions, administrative processes, and payment to eligible 18 employees. 19 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department 20 of labor and industrial relations for the purposes of this Act.

- 1 SECTION 13. This Act does not affect rights and duties
- 2 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
- 3 were begun before its effective date.
- 4 SECTION 14. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 5 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 6 SECTION 15. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.

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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 1 9 2023

#### Report Title:

Family Leave Insurance Program; Family Leave Insurance Benefits; Appropriation

#### Description:

Requires the department of labor and industrial relations to establish and administer a family leave insurance program. Provides family leave insurance benefits and extends the period of family leave to 16 weeks for businesses that employ one or more employees who meet the hourly qualifications. Eliminates the previous threshold of 100 employees for employers to be subject to the family leave law. Appropriates funds.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

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