A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EQUITABLE GENDER REPRESENTATION ON CORPORATE BOARDS:

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the inclusion of
- 2 individuals of all genders on boards of directors of publicly
- 3 held corporations will boost the State's economy; improve
- 4 opportunities for all individuals in the workplace; protect
- 5 Hawaii taxpayers, shareholders, and retirees; and lead to other
- 6 societal benefits. The legislature recognizes that numerous
- 7 independent studies have concluded that publicly held
- 8 corporations generally perform better or, at the very least,
- 9 show no adverse effects when their boards of directors are
- 10 gender-diverse. A 2017 study by MSCI ESG Research found that
- 11 from 2011 to 2016, United States companies with three or more
- 12 female directors reported earnings per share that were thirty-
- 13 seven per cent higher than earnings for companies with no female
- 14 directors. A 2016 study in the Journal of Social Issues
- 15 acknowledged that while findings regarding the effects of gender
- 16 diversity of corporate boards are mixed, with no clear positive
- 17 or negative trend, there are no negative effects of such

- 1 diversity, particularly for companies' accounting outcomes. In
- 2 2014, the Credit Suisse Research Institute found that companies
- 3 with at least one woman on their boards since 2005 had an
- 4 average return on equity of 14.1 per cent, compared to 11.2 per
- 5 cent for companies with no female directors. The same report
- 6 found that companies with women on their boards had a
- 7 price-to-book value of 2.3 times the value in comparison to 1.8
- 8 times the value for companies without women on their boards.
- 9 Furthermore, a 2012 study from the University of California,
- 10 Berkeley, found that companies with more women on their boards
- 11 are more likely to "create a sustainable future" by, among other
- 12 matters, instituting strong governance structures with a high
- 13 level of transparency.
- 14 The legislature also recognizes, however, that studies
- 15 predict that it will take forty to fifty years to achieve gender
- 16 parity if proactive measures are not taken. The legislature
- 17 notes that economically thriving European nations, such as
- 18 Germany, France, Norway, and the Netherlands, have addressed the
- 19 lack of gender diversity on corporate boards by instituting
- 20 quotas mandating that thirty to forty per cent of seats be held
- 21 by female directors.

1	The	purpose of this Act is to require publicly held
2	domestic	corporations to include individuals of all genders
3	among the	directors of their corporate boards.
4	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 414, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended b	y adding a new section to part IX, subpart A, to be
6	appropria	tely designated and to read as follows:
7	" <u>§41</u>	4- Boards of publicly held corporations; equitable
8	gender re	presentation. (a) Each publicly held domestic
9	corporati	on whose principal executive office is located within
10	the State	shall comply with the following equitable gender
11	represent	ation requirements:
12	(1)	Beginning no later than December 31, 2025, have a
13		gender-diverse board; and
14	(2)	Beginning no later than December 31, 2027, have a
15		minimum of:
16		(A) Three male or non-binary directors on its board;
17		and
18		(B) Three female or non-binary directors on its
19		board;
20		provided that, if its number of directors is five, the
21		corporation shall have at least two male or non-binary

1	directors and at least two female or non-binary
2	directors; provided further that, if its number of
3	directors is four or fewer, the corporation shall have
4	at least one male or non-binary director and at least
5	one female or non-binary director.
6	A corporation may increase the number of directors on its
7	board to comply with this section.
8	(b) Each corporation subject to this section shall report
9	on its compliance to the department director in the form and
10	substance required by the department director.
11	(c) No later than July 1, 2028, the department director
12	shall publish a report on the department of commerce and
13	consumer affairs' internet website documenting the number of all
14	publicly held domestic corporations whose principal executive
15	office is located within the State that have at least one male
16	or non-binary director and one female or non-binary director.
17	(d) No later than March 1, 2029, and no later than each
18	March 1 thereafter, the department director shall publish an
19	annual report on the department of commerce and consumer
20	affairs' internet website that shall provide, at a minimum:

1	(1)	The number of corporations subject to this section
2		that complied with this section for any period of time
3		during the preceding calendar year;
4	(2)	The number of publicly held corporations that moved
5		their United States headquarters to the State from
6		outside of the State during the preceding calendar
7		year; and
8	<u>(3)</u>	The number of corporations that were subject to this
9		section at some point during the preceding calendar
10		year but subsequently ceased to be publicly held
11		corporations.
12	(e)	The department director shall adopt rules pursuant to
13	chapter 9	1 to implement this section.
14	<u>(f)</u>	In addition to any other applicable fine or penalty,
15	an adminis	strative fine shall be imposed upon a corporation
16	subject to	o this section for failure to timely file with the
17	department	t director information that is required by any rule
18	adopted by	y the department director. For a first violation, the
19	fine shall	l be \$500. For any second violation, or subsequent
20	violation	that occurs within ten years after the most recent
21	violation	, the fine shall be \$1,000.

1	(g) In addition to any other applicable fine or penalty,
2	an administrative fine shall be imposed upon a corporation
3	subject to this section for failure to comply with the equitable
4	gender representation requirements of subsection (a). For a
5	first violation, the fine shall be \$1,000. For any second
6	violation, or subsequent violation that occurs within ten years
7	after the most recent violation, the fine shall be \$5,000. For
8	the purposes of this subsection, each director's seat not in
9	compliance with this section shall count as a separate
10	violation.
11	(h) As used in this section:
12	"Principal executive office" means a corporation's
13	principal executive office, as listed on the corporation's most
14	recent United States Security and Exchange Commission FORM 10-K.
15	"Publicly held corporation" means a corporation with
16	outstanding shares listed on a major United States stock
17	exchange."
18	SECTION 3. Section 414-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
20	"(d) The department director's duty to file documents
21	under this section is ministerial $[-]$; provided that the

1	department shall perform its duties under section 414 The
2	department director's filing or refusing to file a document does
3	not:
4	(1) Affect the validity or invalidity of the document in
5	whole or part;
6	(2) Relate to the correctness or incorrectness of
7	information contained in the document; and
8	(3) Create a presumption that the document is valid or
9	invalid or that information contained in the document
10	is correct or incorrect."
11	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
12	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
13	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
14	INTRODUCED BY: JAN 2 2 2024
	JAN 2 2 2024

Report Title:

Gender Representation; Corporate Boards; Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs; Reports; Penalties

Description:

Requires publicly held domestic corporations to have gender-diverse boards of directors. Establishes reporting requirements for the Director of Commerce and Consumer Affairs. Establishes penalties.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

2024-0620 HB HMSO