A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AGRICULTURAL TOURISM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- SECTION 1. Chapter 205, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
 designated and to read as follows:

 "S205- Agricultural tourism. (a) Agricultural tourism
 may be conducted on a farming operation, as defined in
- 6 section 165-2, for the enjoyment, education, or involvement of
- 7 visitors.
- 8 (b) Agricultural tourism activities:
- 9 (1) Shall be accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural use;
- 11 (2) Shall coexist with an agricultural activity conducted

 12 on a farming operation; and
- (3) Shall not interfere with surrounding farm operations.
- (c) Revenue from all agricultural tourism activities on a
- 15 farming operation shall not exceed revenue from the agricultural
- 16 activity conducted on the farming operation.

1	<u>(d)</u>	Agricultural tourism activities may include overnight		
2	accommoda	tions of twenty-one days or less; provided that no		
3	person sh	all stay in overnight accommodations included with		
4	agricultu	ral tourism activities for longer than twenty-one days		
5	in total	within one county during any one-year period.		
6	<u>(e)</u>	The commission shall adopt rules under chapter 91		
7	governing agricultural tourism and agricultural tourism			
8	activities. The purpose of the rules shall be to establish			
9	uniform requirements for agricultural tourism and agricultural			
10	tourism a	ctivities throughout the State, promote agriculture,		
11	and address community concerns. At a minimum, the rules shall			
12	establish	<u>:</u>		
13	(1)	Requirements for access to a farm, including road		
14		width, road surface, and parking;		
15	(2)	Requirements and restrictions for accessory facilities		
16		connected with the farming operation, such as gift		
17		shops and restaurants;		
18	<u>(3)</u>	Activities for visitors that may be offered by the		
19		farming operation;		
20	(4)	Days and hours of operation; and		

1	(5)	Automatic termination of authorization for
2		agricultural tourism activities at a farming operation
3		upon the cessation of the agricultural activity there.
4	<u>(f)</u>	Each county may require completion of an environmental
5	assessmen	t under chapter 343 before authorizing any agricultural
6	tourism a	ctivity at a farming operation."
7	SECT	ION 2. Section 205-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended b	y amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
9	"(d)	Agricultural districts shall include:
10	(1)	Activities or uses as characterized by the cultivation
11		of crops, crops for bioenergy, orchards, forage, and
12		forestry;
13	(2)	Farming activities or uses related to animal husbandry
14		and game and fish propagation;
15	(3)	Aquaculture, which means the production of aquatic
16		plant and animal life within ponds and other bodies of
17		water;
18	(4)	Wind-generated energy production for public, private,
19		and commercial use;

1	(5)	Biofuel production, as described in
2		section 205-4.5(a)(16), for public, private, and
3		commercial use;
4	(6)	Solar energy facilities; provided that:
5		(A) This paragraph shall apply only to land with soil
6		classified by the land study bureau's detailed
7		land classification as overall (master)
8		productivity rating class B, C, D, or E; and
9		(B) Solar energy facilities placed within land with
10		soil classified as overall productivity rating
11		class B or C shall not occupy more than ten per
12		cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
13		acres of land, whichever is lesser, unless a
14		special use permit is granted pursuant to section
15		205-6;
16	(7)	Bona fide agricultural services and uses that support
17		the agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold
18		owner of the property and accessory to any of the
19		above activities, regardless of whether conducted on
20		the same premises as the agricultural activities to
21		which they are accessory, including farm dwellings as

1		defined in section 205-4.5(a)(4), employee housing,
2		farm buildings, mills, storage facilities, processing
3		facilities, photovoltaic, biogas, and other
4		small-scale renewable energy systems producing energy
5		solely for use in the agricultural activities of the
6		fee or leasehold owner of the property,
7		agricultural-energy facilities as defined in
8		section 205-4.5(a)(17), vehicle and equipment storage
9		areas, and plantation community subdivisions as
10		defined in section 205-4.5(a)(12);
11	(8)	Wind machines and wind farms;
12	(9)	Small-scale meteorological, air quality, noise, and
13		other scientific and environmental data collection and
14		monitoring facilities occupying less than one-half
15		acre of land; provided that these facilities shall not
16		be used as or equipped for use as living quarters or
17		dwellings;
18	(10)	Agricultural parks;
19	(11)	Agricultural tourism [conducted on a working farm, or
20		a farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for
21		the enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;

	provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
	accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
	use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
	operations; and provided further that this paragraph
	shall apply only to a county that has adopted
	ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
	section 205-5; pursuant to section 205- ;
(12)	Agricultural tourism activities[, including overnight
	accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
	stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
	shall apply only to a county that includes at least
	three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
	agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
	205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
	activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
	activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
	fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
	as defined in section 165-2; pursuant to
	section 205- ;
(13)	Open area recreational facilities;

	(14)	Geor	chermar resources exproraction and geochermar
2		resc	ources development, as defined under section 182-1;
3	(15)	Agri	cultural-based commercial operations registered in
4		Hawa	aii, including:
5		(A)	A roadside stand that is not an enclosed
6			structure, owned and operated by a producer for
7			the display and sale of agricultural products
8			grown in Hawaii and value-added products that
9			were produced using agricultural products grown
10			in Hawaii;
11		(B)	Retail activities in an enclosed structure owned
12			and operated by a producer for the display and
13			sale of agricultural products grown in Hawaii,
14			value-added products that were produced using
15			agricultural products grown in Hawaii, logo items
16			related to the producer's agricultural
17 ·			operations, and other food items;
18		(C)	A retail food establishment owned and operated by
19			a producer and permitted under chapter 11-50,
20			Hawaii administrative rules, that prepares and
21			serves food at retail using products grown in

1	Hawaii and value-added products that were
2	produced using agricultural products grown in
3	Hawaii;
4	(D) A farmers' market, which is an outdoor market
5	limited to producers selling agricultural
6	products grown in Hawaii and value-added products
7	that were produced using agricultural products
8	grown in Hawaii; and
9	(E) A food hub, which is a facility that may contain
10	a commercial kitchen and provides for the
11	storage, processing, distribution, and sale of
12	agricultural products grown in Hawaii and
13	value-added products that were produced using
14	agricultural products grown in Hawaii.
15	The owner of an agricultural-based commercial
16	operation shall certify, upon request of an officer or
17	agent charged with enforcement of this chapter under
18	section 205-12, that the agricultural products
19	displayed or sold by the operation meet the
20	requirements of this paragraph;

1	(16)	Hydroelectric facilities as described in
2		section 205-4.5(a)(23); and
3	(17)	Composting and co-composting operations; provided that
4		operations that process their own green waste and do
5		not require permits from the department of health
6		shall use the finished composting product only on the
7		operation's own premises to minimize the potential
8		spread of invasive species.
9	Agricultu	ral districts shall not include golf courses and golf
10	driving r	anges, except as provided in section 205-4.5(d).
11	Agricultu	ral districts include areas that are not used for, or
12	that are	not suited to, agricultural and ancillary activities by
13	reason of	topography, soils, and other related characteristics."
14	SECT	ION 3. Section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended b	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
16	"(a)	Within the agricultural district, all lands with soil
17	classifie	d by the land study bureau's detailed land
18	classific	ation as overall (master) productivity rating class A
19	or B and	for solar energy facilities, class B or C, shall be
20	restricte	d to the following permitted uses:

1	(+)	curervaction of crops, including crops for broenergy,
2		flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, and
3		timber;
4	(2)	Game and fish propagation;
5	(3)	Raising of livestock, including poultry, bees, fish,
6		or other animal or aquatic life that are propagated
7		for economic or personal use;
8	(4)	Farm dwellings, employee housing, farm buildings, or
9		activities or uses related to farming and animal
10		husbandry. "Farm dwelling", as used in this
11		paragraph, means a single-family dwelling located on
12		and accessory to a farm, including clusters of
13		single-family farm dwellings permitted within
14		agricultural parks developed by the State, or where
15		agricultural activity provides income to the family
16		occupying the dwelling;
17	(5)	Public institutions and buildings that are necessary
18		for agricultural practices;
19	(6)	Public and private open area types of recreational
20		uses, including day camps, picnic grounds, parks, and
21		riding stables, but not including dracstrips.

j		airports, drive-in theaters, golf courses, golf
2		driving ranges, country clubs, and overnight camps;
3	(7)	Public, private, and quasi-public utility lines and
4		roadways, transformer stations, communications
5		equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations,
6		major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small
7		buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not
8		including offices or yards for equipment, material,
9		vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment
10		plants, corporation yards, or other similar
11		structures;
12	(8)	Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or improvement
13		of buildings or sites of historic or scenic interest;
14	(9)	Agricultural-based commercial operations as described
15		in section 205-2(d)(15);
16	(10)	Buildings and uses, including mills, storage, and
17		processing facilities, maintenance facilities,
18		photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-scale renewable
19		energy systems producing energy solely for use in the
20		agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold owner
21		of the property, and vehicle and equipment storage

ı		areas that are normally considered directly accessory
2		to the above-mentioned uses and are permitted under
3		section 205-2(d);
4	(11)	Agricultural parks;
5	(12)	Plantation community subdivisions, which as used in
6		this chapter means an established subdivision or
7		cluster of employee housing, community buildings, and
8		agricultural support buildings on land currently or
9		formerly owned, leased, or operated by a sugar or
10		pineapple plantation; provided that the existing
11		structures may be used or rehabilitated for use, and
12		new employee housing and agricultural support
13		buildings may be allowed on land within the
14		subdivision as follows:
15		(A) The employee housing is occupied by employees or
16		former employees of the plantation who have a
17		property interest in the land;
18		(B) The employee housing units not owned by their
19		occupants shall be rented or leased at affordable
20		rates for agricultural workers; or

1		(C) The agricultural support buildings shall be
2		rented or leased to agricultural business
3		operators or agricultural support services;
4	(13)	Agricultural tourism [conducted on a working farm, or
5		a farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for
6		the enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
7		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
8		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
9		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
10		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
11		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
12		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
13		section 205-5;] pursuant to section 205- ;
14	(14)	Agricultural tourism activities[, including overnight
15		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
16		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
17		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
18		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
19		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
20		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
21		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural

1		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
2		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
3		as defined in section 165-2; pursuant to
4		section 205- ;
5	(15)	Wind energy facilities, including the appurtenances
6		associated with the production and transmission of
7		wind generated energy; provided that the wind energy
8		facilities and appurtenances are compatible with
9		agriculture uses and cause minimal adverse impact on
10		agricultural land;
11	(16)	Biofuel processing facilities, including the
12		appurtenances associated with the production and
13		refining of biofuels that is normally considered
14		directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the
15		energy feedstock; provided that biofuel processing
16		facilities and appurtenances do not adversely impact
17		agricultural land and other agricultural uses in the
18		vicinity.
19		For the purposes of this paragraph:
20		"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
21		of the appropriate type and scale for economic

	commercial scorage and discribation, and other similar
	handling of feedstock, fuels, and other products of
	biofuel processing facilities.
	"Biofuel processing facility" means a facility
	that produces liquid or gaseous fuels from organic
	sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues,
	and oil crops, including palm, canola, soybean, and
	waste cooking oils; grease; food wastes; and animal
	residues and wastes that can be used to generate
	energy;
7)	Agricultural-energy facilities, including
	appurtenances necessary for an agricultural-energy
	enterprise; provided that the primary activity of the
	agricultural-energy enterprise is agricultural
	activity. To be considered the primary activity of an
	agricultural-energy enterprise, the total acreage
	devoted to agricultural activity shall be not less
	than ninety per cent of the total acreage of the
	agricultural-energy enterprise. The
	agricultural-energy facility shall be limited to lands

i	owned, leased, licensed, or operated by the entity
2	conducting the agricultural activity.
3	As used in this paragraph:
4	"Agricultural activity" means any activity
5	described in paragraphs (1) to (3) of this subsection.
6	"Agricultural-energy enterprise" means an
7	enterprise that integrally incorporates an
8	agricultural activity with an agricultural-energy
9	facility.
10	"Agricultural-energy facility" means a facility
11	that generates, stores, or distributes renewable
12	energy as defined in section 269-91 or renewable fuel
13	including electrical or thermal energy or liquid or
14	gaseous fuels from products of agricultural activities
15	from agricultural lands located in the State.
16	"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
17	of the appropriate type and scale for the economic
18	commercial generation, storage, distribution, and
19	other similar handling of energy, including equipment,
20	feedstock, fuels, and other products of
21	agricultural-energy facilities;

1	(18)	Construction and operation of wireless communication
2		antennas, including small wireless facilities;
3		provided that, for the purposes of this paragraph,
4		"wireless communication antenna" means communications
5		equipment that is either freestanding or placed upon
6		or attached to an already existing structure and that
7		transmits and receives electromagnetic radio signals
8		used in the provision of all types of wireless
9		communications services; provided further that "small
10		wireless facilities" shall have the same meaning as in
11		section 206N-2; provided further that nothing in this
12		paragraph shall be construed to permit the
13		construction of any new structure that is not deemed a
14		permitted use under this subsection;
15	(19)	Agricultural education programs conducted on a farming
16		operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
17		education and participation of the general public;
18		provided that the agricultural education programs are
19		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
20		use of the parcels or lots on which the agricultural
21		education programs are to occur and do not interfere

1		with surrounding farm operations. For the purposes of
2		this paragraph, "agricultural education programs"
3		means activities or events designed to promote
4		knowledge and understanding of agricultural activities
5		and practices conducted on a farming operation as
6		defined in section 165-2;
7	(20)	Solar energy facilities that do not occupy more than
8		ten per cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
9		acres of land, whichever is lesser or for which a
10		special use permit is granted pursuant to
11		section 205-6; provided that this use shall not be
12		permitted on lands with soil classified by the land
13		study bureau's detailed land classification as overall
14		(master) productivity rating class A;
15	(21)	Solar energy facilities on lands with soil classified
16		by the land study bureau's detailed land
17		classification as overall (master) productivity rating
18		B or C for which a special use permit is granted
19		pursuant to section 205-6; provided that:
20		(A) The area occupied by the solar energy facilities
21		is also made available for compatible

I		agrı	cultural activities at a lease rate that is
2		at l	east fifty per cent below the fair market
3		rent	for comparable properties;
4	(B)	Proo	f of financial security to decommission the
5		faci	lity is provided to the satisfaction of the
6		appr	opriate county planning commission prior to
7		date	of commencement of commercial generation;
8		and	
9	(C)	Sola	r energy facilities shall be decommissioned
10		at t	he owner's expense according to the following
11		requ	irements:
12		(i)	Removal of all equipment related to the
13			solar energy facility within twelve months
14			of the conclusion of operation or useful
15			life; and
16		(ii)	Restoration of the disturbed earth to
17			substantially the same physical condition as
18			existed prior to the development of the
19			solar energy facility.

1		For the p	urposes of this paragraph, "agricultural
2		activitie	s" means the activities described in
3		paragraph	s (1) to (3);
4	(22)	Geotherma	l resources exploration and geothermal
5		resources	development, as defined under section 182-1;
6	(23)	Hydroelec	tric facilities, including the appurtenances
7		associate	d with the production and transmission of
8		hydroelec	tric energy, subject to section 205-2;
9		provided	that the hydroelectric facilities and their
10		appurtena	nces:
11		(A) Shal	l consist of a small hydropower facility as
12		defi	ned by the United States Department of
13		Ener	gy, including:
14		(i)	Impoundment facilities using a dam to store
15			water in a reservoir;
16		(ii)	A diversion or run-of-river facility that
17			channels a portion of a river through a
18			canal or channel; and
19		(iii)	Pumped storage facilities that store energy
20			by pumping water uphill to a reservoir at
21			higher elevation from a reservoir at a lower

1			elevation to be released to turn a turbine
2			to generate electricity;
3		(B)	Comply with the state water code, chapter 174C;
4		(C)	Shall, if over five hundred kilowatts in
5			hydroelectric generating capacity, have the
6			approval of the commission on water resource
7			management, including a new instream flow
8			standard established for any new hydroelectric
9			facility; and
10		(D)	Do not impact or impede the use of agricultural
11			land or the availability of surface or ground
12			water for all uses on all parcels that are served
13			by the ground water sources or streams for which
14			hydroelectric facilities are considered; or
15	(24)	Notw	ithstanding any other law to the contrary,
16		comp	osting and co-composting operations; provided that
17		oper	ations that process their own green waste and do
18		not	require permits from the department of health
19		shal	l use the finished composting product only on the
20		oper	ation's own premises to minimize the potential
21		spre	ad of invasive species."

1	SECTION 4	. Section 205-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by ame	nding subsection (b) to read as follows:
3	"(b) With	hin agricultural districts, uses compatible to the
4	activities desc	cribed in section 205-2 as determined by the
5	commission shall	ll be permitted; provided that accessory
6	agricultural us	ses and services described in sections 205-2 and
7	205-4.5 may be	further defined by each county by zoning
8	ordinance. [E a	ach county shall adopt ordinances setting forth
9	procedures and	requirements, including provisions for
10	enforcement, po	enalties, and administrative oversight, for the
11	review and perm	mitting of agricultural tourism uses and
12	activities as a	an accessory use on a working farm, or farming
13	operation as de	efined in section 165-2. Ordinances shall include
14	but not be limi	ited to:
15	(1) Requi	irements for access to a farm, including road
16	width	h, road surface, and parking;
17	(2) Requi	irements and restrictions for accessory facilities
18	conne	ected with the farming operation, including gift
19	shops	s and restaurants;
20	(3) Activ	vities that may be offered by the farming
21	opera	ation for visitors;

1	(4) Days and hours of operation; and
2	(5) Automatic termination of the accessory use upon the
3	cessation of the farming operation.
4	Each county may require an environmental assessment under
5	chapter 343 as a condition to any agricultural tourism use and
6	activity.] Other uses may be allowed by special permits issued
7	pursuant to this chapter. The minimum lot size in agricultural
8	districts shall be determined by each county by zoning
9	ordinance, subdivision ordinance, or other lawful means;
10	provided that the minimum lot size for any agricultural use
11	shall not be less than one acre, except as provided herein. If
12	the county finds that unreasonable economic hardship to the
13	owner or lessee of land cannot otherwise be prevented or where
14	land utilization is improved, the county may allow lot sizes of
15	less than the minimum lot size as specified by law for lots
16	created by a consolidation of existing lots within an
17	agricultural district and the resubdivision thereof; provided
18	that the consolidation and resubdivision do not result in an
19	increase in the number of lots over the number existing prior to
20	consolidation; and provided further that in no event shall a lot
21	which is equal to or exceeds the minimum lot size of one acre be

- 1 less than that minimum after the consolidation and resubdivision
- 2 action. The county may also allow lot sizes of less than the
- 3 minimum lot size as specified by law for lots created or used
- 4 for plantation community subdivisions as defined in section
- 5 205-4.5(a)(12), for public, private, and quasi-public utility
- 6 purposes, and for lots resulting from the subdivision of
- 7 abandoned roadways and railroad easements."
- 8 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 9 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 10 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.

Report Title:

Agricultural Tourism; Land Use Commission; Uniform Statewide Standards

Description:

Makes state agricultural tourism requirements applicable to all counties, instead of only counties that have adopted an agricultural tourism ordinance. Requires Land Use Commission to adopt rules that establish requirements applicable to all farms implementing agricultural tourism. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

2024-1307 HB2146 HD1 HMSO

