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## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MENSTRUAL PRODUCTS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii has the 2 highest cost of living in the nation. Families in the State 3 struggle to remain economically secure due to a combination of 4 rising costs and stagnant wages. Particularly concerning are 5 the findings from a 2022 Aloha United Way report titled ALICE in Hawai'i: 2022 Facts and Figures. "ALICE" refers to households 6 7 that are characterized as "Asset Limited, Income Constrained, Employed". According to the report, the number of Hawaii 8 9 households that are struggling to make ends meet reached a new high in 2022, at forty-four per cent of households in the State. 10 Equally concerning, more than one in seven households, or 11 12 fifteen per cent of households in the State, have incomes below 13 the federal poverty level, which represents a sharp increase 14 from nine per cent in 2018.

15 The legislature also finds that persons who struggle to 16 meet their basic needs are likely to be impacted by "period 17 poverty", which refers to a systemic lack of access to menstrual

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1 products such as pads and tampons. Period poverty and the 2 broader issue of menstrual inequity are silent threats to 3 menstrual health, and thereby affect overall general health and 4 well-being. These threats have serious ramifications at the 5 individual and societal levels, including detrimental impacts on 6 public health, gender equality, mental health, access to 7 education and work, and the ability to provide for one's basic 8 needs.

9 The legislature further finds that period poverty and 10 menstrual inequity result directly from socioeconomic, gender, 11 and racial injustices, as recognized in the November 2021 report 12 co-authored by the Hawaii state commission on the status of 13 women and Mai Movement Hawaii. The report included survey data 14 revealing the extent of period poverty in the State. According 15 to the report, Hawaii's "exceptionally high cost of living and 16 wage gap for women specifically exacerbate period poverty in 17 Hawaii". Ninety per cent of survey respondents believed that 18 menstrual products are "expensive". Further, nearly thirty per 19 cent of respondents reported that they or a household member 20 experienced difficulty obtaining menstrual products, with cost 21 being the most cited reason.

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1 Moreover, data recently collected in Hawaii by the United 2 States Census Bureau for the Household Pulse Survey, which 3 examines the social and economic impacts of the pandemic on 4 households nationwide, is even more concerning. During one 5 recent data collection period, 43.8 per cent of Hawaii 6 households responding to the survey reported having difficulty 7 paying for usual household expenses in the last seven days. 8 Seventy per cent of these respondents were female. With respect 9 to households having an income of less than \$34,999, eighty-nine 10 per cent of responding households reported that it has been 11 "somewhat difficult" to pay for usual household expenses and 12 more specifically, thirty-seven per cent found it "very 13 difficult" to do so. Even at the higher income bracket of 14 \$100,000 to \$149,999, fifty-four per cent of responding 15 households reported having difficulty paying for usual household 16 expenses. Viewed within this context, the ongoing need to 17 purchase menstrual products, which lasts an average of forty 18 years for a menstruating person, consumes a disproportionate 19 amount of the menstruating person's financial resources relative 20 to a non-menstruating person with the same income. As a result, 21 menstrual products, a basic necessity akin to toilet paper, hand

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soap, and other personal hygiene products, are economically out
 of reach for a growing number of menstruating girls, women, and
 gender-diverse people.

4 The legislature recognizes the financial burden associated 5 with menstruation when the lack of economic relief or easily 6 accessible aid threatens the livelihood of menstruating persons. 7 The legislature believes that the provision of free menstrual 8 products in public buildings would reduce health risks, 9 alleviate the burden of period poverty, and protect the dignity 10 of all menstruating people. Further, the legislature believes 11 that establishing wider access to free menstrual products would 12 help to ensure more inclusive and equitable access to public facilities, reduce barriers faced by residents and visitors to 13 14 state buildings in meeting basic needs, and promote greater 15 menstrual equity in the State.

Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to ensure that members of the public, regardless of their gender or biology, have access to essential hygiene products that support public health, by requiring the department of accounting and general services to provide menstrual products at no cost in specified restrooms of public buildings maintained by the department.

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1	SECT	ION 2. Section 26-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended t	o read as follows:
3	"§26	-6 Department of accounting and general services. $(a)$
4	The depar	tment of accounting and general services shall be
5	headed by	a single executive to be known as the comptroller.
6	(b)	The department shall:
7	(1)	Preaudit and conduct after-the-fact audits of the
8		financial accounts of all state departments to
9		determine the legality of expenditures and the
10		accuracy of accounts;
11	(2)	Report to the governor and to each regular session of
12		the legislature as to the finances of each department
13		of the State;
14	(3)	Administer the state risk management program;
15	(4)	Establish and manage motor pools;
16	(5)	Manage the preservation and disposal of all records of
17		the State;
18	(6)	Undertake the program of centralized engineering and
19		office leasing services, including operation and
20		maintenance and lease buyback processing pursuant to

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1		subsection (d) of public buildings, for departments of
2		the State;
3	(7)	Undertake the functions of the state surveyor;
4	(8)	Establish accounting and internal control systems;
5	(9)	Under the direction of the chief information officer,
6		provide centralized computer information management
7		and processing services;
8	(10)	Establish a program to provide a means for public
9		access to public information and develop an
10		information network for state government;
11	(11)	Assume administrative responsibility for the office of
12		information practices; and
13	(12)	Approve state fleet acquisitions; provided that:
14		(A) Beginning January 1, 2022, all new light-duty
15		motor vehicles that are passenger cars purchased
16		for the State's fleet shall be zero-emission
17		vehicles;
18		(B) Beginning as soon as practicable but no later
19		than January 1, 2030, all new light-duty motor
20		vehicles that are multipurpose passenger vehicles

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1		and trucks for the State's fleet shall be
2		zero-emission vehicles; and
3	(C)	The comptroller may authorize an exemption for
4		new fleet vehicle purchases if zero-emission
5		vehicles are demonstrated to be cost-prohibitive
6		on a lifecycle basis or unsuitable for the
7		vehicles' planned purpose, or if funds are
8		unavailable.
9	For the p	urposes of this subsection:
10	"Light-du	ty motor vehicle" shall have the same meaning as
11	contained in t	itle 10 Code Federal Regulations part 490.
12	"Multipur	pose passenger vehicle" shall have the same
13	meaning as con	tained in title 49 Code of Federal Regulations
14	section 571.3.	
15	"Passenge	r car" shall have the same meaning as contained in
16	title 49 Code	of Federal Regulations section 571.3.
17	"Truck" sl	hall have the same meaning as contained in
18	title 49 Code o	of Federal Regulations section 571.3.
19	"Zero-emi	ssion vehicle" shall have the same meaning as
20	contained in t	itle 40 Code of Federal Regulations
21	section 88.102	-94.

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1	(C)	The state communication system shall be established
2	to:	
3	(1)	Facilitate implementation of the State's distributed
4		information processing and information resource
5		management plans;
6	(2)	Improve data, voice, and video communications in state
7		government;
8	(3)	Provide a means for connectivity among the state,
9		university, and county computer systems; and
10	(4)	Provide a long-term means for public access to public
11		information.
12	(d)	The department shall establish, coordinate, and manage
13	a program	to facilitate facility agreements between the State
14	and priva	te investors for the sale of facilities, excluding
15	facilitie	s managed or controlled by the department of
16	transport	ation, to private investors; provided that each
17	facility	agreement contains the following requirements:
18	(1)	The State shall sell the facility to the private
19		investor, who shall:
20		(A) Renovate, improve, or construct a facility for
21		the State and may maintain the facility; and



1		(B) Lease the facility to the State, pursuant to a
2		building lease;
3	(2)	The land upon which the facility rests shall not be
4		sold to the private investor; provided that the land
5		may be leased at a nominal rate to the private
6		investor for a term that would, at a minimum, allow
7		the private investor to recover the capital investment
8		that has been made to the facility, including
9		depreciation; and
10	(3)	The State shall have the option of purchasing the
11		facility from the private investor for the remaining
12		balance of the debt service costs incurred by the
13		private investor at any time.
14	For	purposes of this subsection:
15	"Bui	lding lease" means a contract between the department of
16	accountin	g and general services and a private investor in which
17	the priva	te investor leases an improved facility to the
18	departmen	t for a specified period of time.
19	"Fac	ility" means a building under the management and
20	control o	f any state department.

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"Facility agreement" means an agreement between the State and a private investor that, at a minimum, includes a description of the work to be done, the sale price for the facility, the duration of the agreement, the roles and responsibilities of the State and the private investor, and the terms and conditions for the lease.

7 "Private investor" means a nongovernmental entity.

8 (e) The department may adopt rules as may be necessary or 9 desirable for the operation and maintenance of public buildings; 10 for the operation and implementation of a program to provide a 11 means for public access to the State's information network 12 system and public information; and for the implementation of 13 facility agreements pursuant to subsection (d). The rules shall 14 be adopted pursuant to chapter 91.

(f) The King Kamehameha celebration commission shall be placed within the department of accounting and general services for administrative purposes. The functions, duties, and powers, subject to the administrative control of the comptroller, and the composition of the commission shall be as heretofore provided by law.

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1 The functions and authority heretofore exercised by (q) 2 the comptroller, board of commissioners of public archives, the 3 archivist, the disposal committee, and the insurance management, 4 surplus property management, and central purchasing functions of 5 the bureau of the budget and the nonhighway functions of the 6 department of public works as heretofore constituted are 7 transferred to the department of accounting and general services 8 established by this chapter.

9 (h) The department of accounting and general services
10 shall preserve and protect Washington Place, including the
11 grounds and the historic residence situated on its premises at
12 Miller and Beretania Streets in Honolulu. The department shall
13 administer, manage, operate, and maintain Washington Place and
14 the trust fund created under subsection (i).

15 (i) There is established a trust fund in the state 16 treasury to be known as the Washington Place trust fund, into . 17 which shall be deposited:

18 (1) All rents and fees collected for the use of Washington
19 Place and from activities conducted on the premises;
20 (2) All other money received for the fund from any other
21 source; and

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1	(3)	All income and interest earned or accrued on moneys
2		deposited into the trust fund.
3	All r	moneys deposited into the trust fund shall be expended
4	by the dep	partment of accounting and general services and used
5	exclusive	ly to implement the provisions of subsection (h),
6	including	for staff salaries and fringe benefits, and shall not
7	be transfe	erred, nor subject to transfer, to the general fund or
8	any other	fund in the state treasury.
9	<u>(j)</u>	The department of accounting and general services
10	shall:	
11	(1)	Maintain a stock of menstrual products to be
12		distributed, free of charge, in each covered restroom;
13	(2)	Install in each covered restroom a dispenser or
14		similar device for the provision of free menstrual
15		products; and
16	(3)	Post signs in all restrooms in each covered public
17		building identifying the location of the free
18		menstrual products.
19	<u>To ensure</u>	access for all menstruating people, if a covered
20	public bui	lding has no gender-neutral restroom, the department
21	shall prov	ide free menstrual products in at least one men's



1	restroom in that covered public building and place signage in
2	the remaining men's restrooms in that covered public building to
3	indicate the location of free menstrual products.
4	For purposes of this subsection:
5	"Covered public building" means a state building under the
6	jurisdiction of the department of accounting and general
7	services that is open to the public and contains a public
8	restroom. "Covered public building" does not include state
9	parks.
10	"Covered restroom" means every women's restroom and
11	gender-neutral restroom in a covered public building.
12	"Menstrual products" means disposable menstrual pads and
13	tampons that conform to applicable industry standards."
14	SECTION 3. The department of accounting and general
15	services shall implement in the provision of free menstrual
16	products required by section 2 of this Act in phases, beginning
17	no later than December 31, 2024. The first phase shall focus on
18	covered restrooms having the greatest need for free menstrual
19	products, as determined by the comptroller, and shall include
20	covered restrooms located in public libraries. Subsequent

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phases of implementation in remaining covered public buildings
 shall begin no later than December 31, 2025.

3 SECTION 4. In accordance with section 9 of article VII, of 4 the Constitution of the State of Hawaii and sections 37-91 and 5 37-93, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the legislature has determined 6 that the appropriation contained in this Act will cause the 7 state general fund expenditure ceiling for fiscal year 2024-2025 8 to be exceeded by \$ per cent. The reasons , or 9 for exceeding the general fund expenditure ceiling are that the 10 appropriation made in this Act is necessary to serve the public interest and to meet the need provided for by this Act. 11

SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$600,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2024-2025 for the stocking of free menstrual products and installation of dispensers or other devices therefor in accordance with the requirements of section 2 of this Act.

18 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of 19 accounting and general services for the purposes of this Act. 20 SECTION 6. New statutory material is underscored.

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1 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 3000.



#### Report Title:

DAGS; Menstrual Equity; Menstrual Products; Public Buildings; Restrooms; Appropriation; Expenditure Ceiling

#### Description:

Requires the Department of Accounting and General Services to provide menstrual products at no cost in specified restrooms in public buildings maintained by the department. Requires the Department of Accounting and General Services to post signage in each restroom identifying the location of the free menstrual products. Appropriates funds. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

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